



MYSQL PROJECT

BY
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SQL

- SQL stands for Structured Query Language.
- SQL is a standard language for accessing and manipulating databases.
- SQL is used to perform operations on the records stored in the database, such as updating records, inserting records, deleting records, creating and modifying database tables, views, etc.

DBMS

- Database management system is a software which is used to manage the database. For example: MySQL, Oracle, etc, are a very popular commercial database which is used in different applications.
- DBMS provides an interface to perform various operations like database creation, storing data in it, updating data, creating a table in the database and a lot more.

DATABASE

- A **database** is an organized collection of data, so that it can be easily accessed and managed.
- The **main purpose** of the database is to operate a large amount of information by storing, retrieving, and managing data.
- There are many **databases available** like MySQL, Sybase, Oracle, MongoDB, Informix, PostgreSQL, SQL Server, etc.

My SQL Main Commands

- Create database (Create a New Database)
- Show Database (View Databases)
- Drop Database
- Alter Database (Modify Database)
- Create Tables
- Show tables
- Insert Values
- Drop Table
- Alter table (For New Column Creation)
- Alter Table Modify
- Alter table Drop (Drop the Column)
- Alter table Rename (Rename the Table)
- Update Table (To change the Values)
- Delete Statement

Create database

The create database statement is used to create a new SQL database.

Commands: Create database thiru06;

Output				
Action Output				
#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
✓ 1	11:12:21	create database thiru06	1 row(s) affected	0.047 sec

Show Database

Commands:

- Create database thiru06;
- Use thiru06;
- Show databases:

Result Grid				
Database				
thiru01				
thiru02				
thiru03				
thiru04				
thiru05				
thiru06				
thiru1				
thiru2				
Result 1				
Output				
Action Output				
#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
✓ 1	11:12:21	create database thiru06	1 row(s) affected	0.047 sec
✓ 2	11:15:21	use thiru06	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
✓ 3	11:15:24	show databases	18 row(s) returned	0.000 sec / 0.000 sec

CREATE TABLE

The **CREATE TABLE** statement is used to create a new table in a database

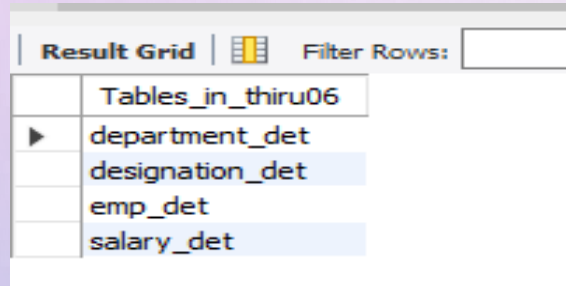
Commands:

1. `create table Emp_det(Emp_id int, Emp_name varchar(20), Designation_id int, Dep_no int, Date_of_Joining date, primary key (Emp_id));`
2. `create table Salary_det(Salary_id int,Emp_id int,Salary_Date Date,Branch_id int,Amount int);`
3. `create table Designation_det(Designation_id int,Designation varchar(20));`
4. `create table Department_det(Dep_no int,Dep_name varchar(20),Branch_id int,Branch_name varchar(20));`

Show table

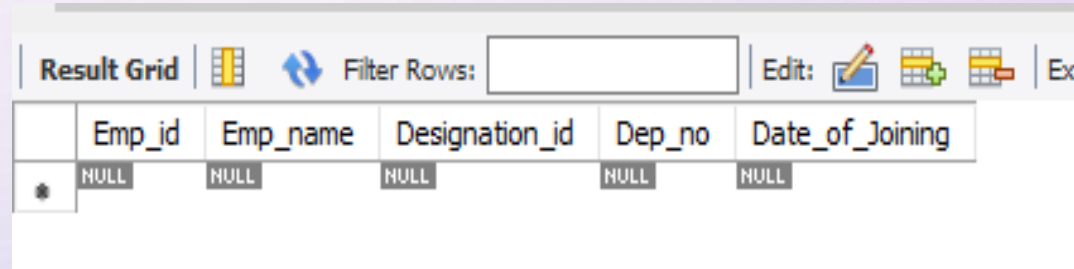
Commands:

- Show tables;
- Select * from Emp_det;



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a 'Filter Rows' input field. Below the header, a list of tables is displayed: 'Tables_in_thiru06', 'department_det', 'designation_det', 'emp_det', and 'salary_det'. The 'emp_det' table is currently selected.

Tables_in_thiru06
department_det
designation_det
emp_det
salary_det



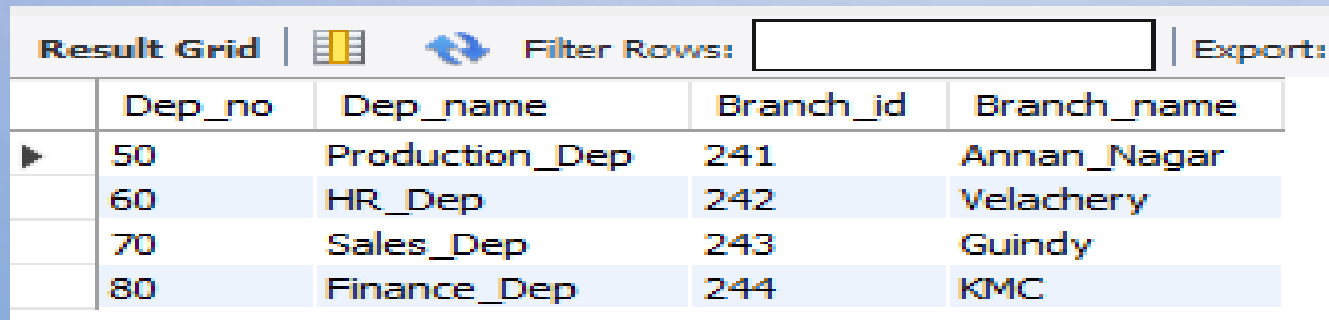
The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a 'Filter Rows' input field and an 'Edit' button. Below the header, a table is displayed with columns: 'Emp_id', 'Emp_name', 'Designation_id', 'Dep_no', and 'Date_of_Joining'. The first row contains all null values.

Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Insert Values

Commands:

- insert into Department_det values
- (50, 'Production_Dep', 241, 'Annan_Nagar'),(60, 'HR_Dep', 242, 'Velachery'),(70, 'Sales_Dep', 243, 'Guindy'),(80, 'Finance_Dep', 244, 'KMC');
- select * from Department_det;



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a 'Filter Rows' input field and an 'Export' button. Below the header, a table is displayed with columns: 'Dep_no', 'Dep_name', 'Branch_id', and 'Branch_name'. The table contains four rows of data.

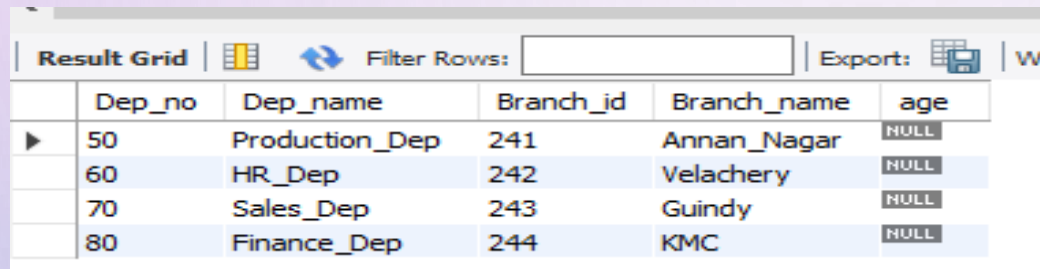
Dep_no	Dep_name	Branch_id	Branch_name
50	Production_Dep	241	Annan_Nagar
60	HR_Dep	242	Velachery
70	Sales_Dep	243	Guindy
80	Finance_Dep	244	KMC

Drop Table

Commands: drop table Department_det;

Alter table

Command : alter table Department_det add age varchar(20);



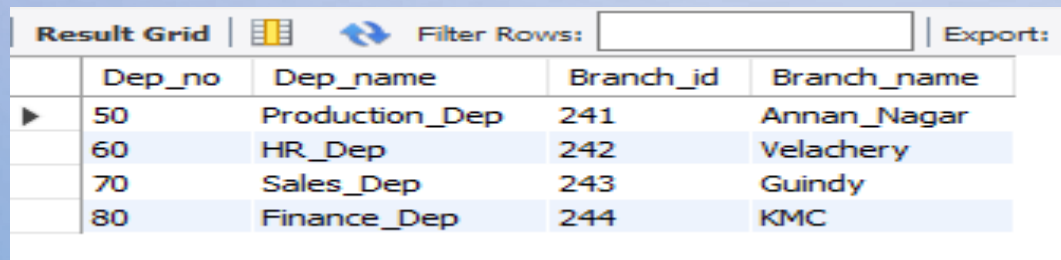
	Dep_no	Dep_name	Branch_id	Branch_name	age
▶	50	Production_Dep	241	Annan_Nagar	NULL
	60	HR_Dep	242	Velachery	NULL
	70	Sales_Dep	243	Guindy	NULL
	80	Finance_Dep	244	KMC	NULL

Alter Table Modify:

Command: alter table Department_det modify age varchar(5);

Alter table Drop

Command: alter table Department_det drop column age;



	Dep_no	Dep_name	Branch_id	Branch_name
▶	50	Production_Dep	241	Annan_Nagar
	60	HR_Dep	242	Velachery
	70	Sales_Dep	243	Guindy
	80	Finance_Dep	244	KMC

Alter table Rename (Rename the Table)

Command:- alter table Department_det Rename Dep_det;

Update Table (To change the Values)

Command:- update Dep_det set Branch_id = 245 where Dep_no = 50;

	Dep_no	Dep_name	Branch_id	Branch_name
▶	50	Production Department	245	Anna Nagar
	60	HR Department	242	Velachery
	70	Sales Department	243	Guindy
	80	Finance Department	244	KMC
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Delete Statement

Command: Delete from Dep_det where Branch_id = 245;

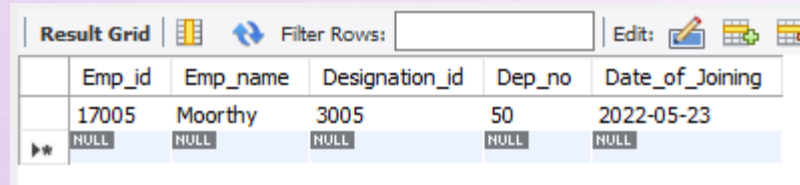
Result Grid Filter Rows: Edit:				
	Dep_no	Dep_name	Branch_id	Branch_name
▶	60	HR Department	242	Velachery
	70	Sales Department	243	Guindy
	80	Finance Department	244	KMC
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

My SQL General Functions

- Where
- Or
- In
- >
- <
- >=
- <=
- Not in
- !
- Count
- Distinct
- Count with distinct
- Order by desc
- Order by asc
- Group by
- Limit
- Desc limit
- Like
- Not like
- Between

Where

Command: Select * from Emp_det where Emp_id= 17005;

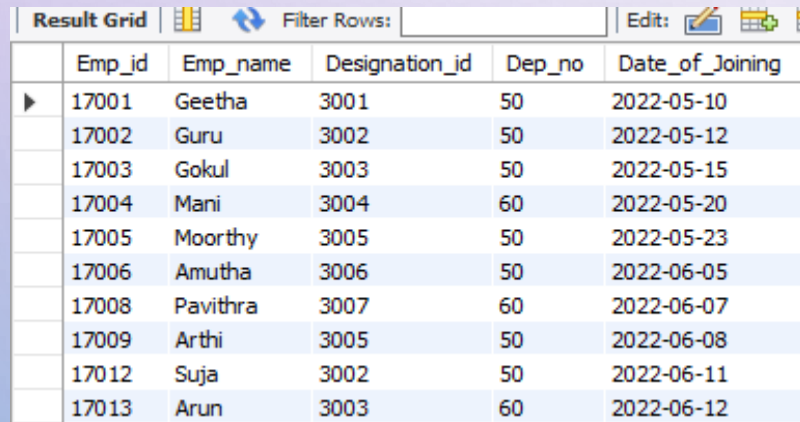


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a search bar and an 'Edit' button. The table contains one row of data for employee 17005.

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
▶*	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23

Or

Command: Select * from Emp_det where Dep_no = 50 or Dep_no = 60;










The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a search bar and an 'Edit' button. The table contains 13 rows of data for employees in departments 50 and 60.

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05
	17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07
	17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08
	17012	Suja	3002	50	2022-06-11
	17013	Arun	3003	60	2022-06-12

And

Command: Select * from Emp_det where Dep_no = 50 and Designation_id = 3005;

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	<input type="text"/>	Edit:			
	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining				
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23				
	17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08				
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL				

In

Command: select * from Emp_det where Emp_name in('Mani','Arthi');

Result Grid

Filter Rows:



Edit:

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20
	17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL




Not in

Command: select * from Emp_det where Emp_name Not in ('Mani','Arthi');

Result Grid

  Filter Rows:

Edit:


Export

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05
	17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06
	17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07
	17010	Kabilan	3006	70	2022-06-09
	17011	Manasi	3001	70	2022-06-10

>

Command: select * from Salary_det where Amount > 20000 ;

Result Grid





Filter Rows:

Export:

	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000
	18011	17011	2022-07-11	243	35000


<

Command: select * from Salary_det where Amount < 30000;

Result Grid				Filter Rows:		Export:
	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount	
▶	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	
	18004	18003	2022-06-20	242	18000	
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	
	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000	
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000	




>= and <=

Command: select * from Salary_det where Amount >= 20000 and Amount <=30000;

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	<input type="text"/>	Export:
	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount
▶	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000
	18013	17013	2022-07-13	242	28000

!

Command: Select * from Salary_det where Amount != 18000;

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	<input type="text"/>	Export:	
	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount		
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000		
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000		
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000		
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000		
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000		
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000		
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000		

Count

Command: select Branch_id, Count(Amount) as another_salary from Salary_det group by Branch_id;

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
Branch_id	another_salary
241	8
242	7
243	10
244	8

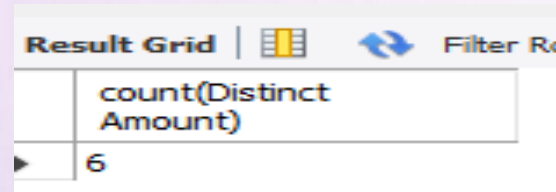
Distinct

Command: Select Distinct Amount from Salary_det;

Result Grid
Amount
35000
14000
28000
18000
30000
23000

Count With Distinct

Command: Select count(Distinct Amount) from Salary_det;



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar containing icons for grid view, refresh, and filter. The grid has one column with the header 'count(Distinct Amount)' and one row with the value '6'.

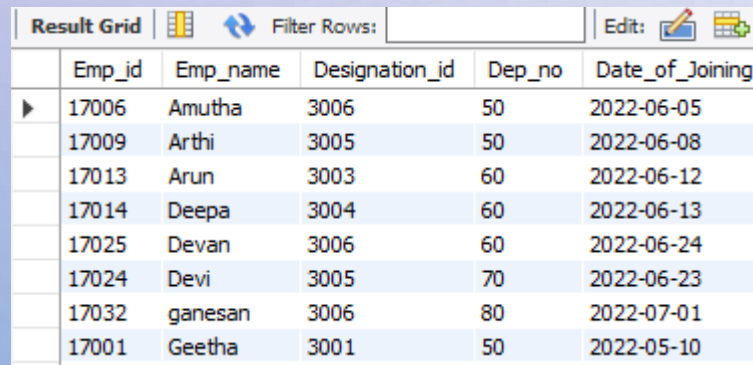
count(Distinct Amount)
6

Order by asc

Command: select * from Emp_det order by Emp_name asc;

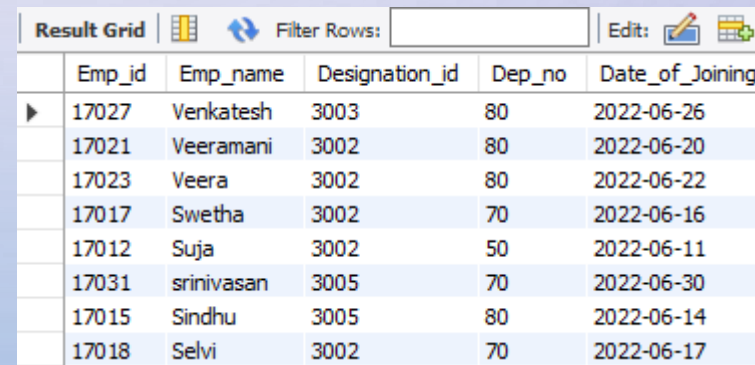
Order by desc

Command: select * from Emp_det order by Emp_name desc;



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar containing icons for grid view, refresh, filter, and edit. The grid displays employee data ordered by name in ascending order.

Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05
17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08
17013	Arun	3003	60	2022-06-12
17014	Deepa	3004	60	2022-06-13
17025	Devan	3006	60	2022-06-24
17024	Devi	3005	70	2022-06-23
17032	ganesan	3006	80	2022-07-01
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar containing icons for grid view, refresh, filter, and edit. The grid displays employee data ordered by name in descending order.

Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
17027	Venkatesh	3003	80	2022-06-26
17021	Veeramani	3002	80	2022-06-20
17023	Veera	3002	80	2022-06-22
17017	Swetha	3002	70	2022-06-16
17012	Suja	3002	50	2022-06-11
17031	srinivasan	3005	70	2022-06-30
17015	Sindhu	3005	80	2022-06-14
17018	Selvi	3002	70	2022-06-17

Group By

Command: Select Designation_id, count(Dep_no) as No_of_Dep from Emp_det group by Designation_id;

	Designation_id	No_of_Dep
▶	3001	4
	3002	10
	3003	4
	3004	3
	3005	6
	3006	5
	3007	1







Limit

Command: select * from Emp_det limit 0,5;

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Desc Limit

Command: select * from Emp_det order by Dep_no Desc limit 0,5;

Result Grid			 Filter Rows:	<input type="text"/>	Edit:		
	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining		
	17033	Praveen	3001	80	2022-07-02		
	17015	Sindhu	3005	80	2022-06-14		
	17022	Pandian	3002	80	2022-06-21		
	17021	Veeramani	3002	80	2022-06-20		
	17027	Venkatesh	3003	80	2022-06-26		
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL		

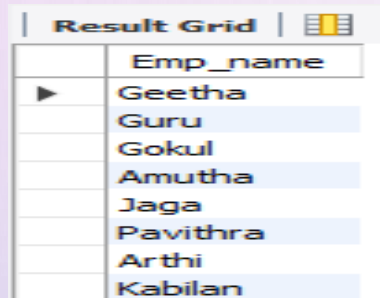
Like (_%)

Command: select Emp_name from Emp_det where Emp_name like 'm%';

Result Grid
Emp_name
Mani
Moorthy
Manasi
Madhavi
mariya

Not like

Command: select Emp_name from Emp_det where Emp_name not like 'm%';

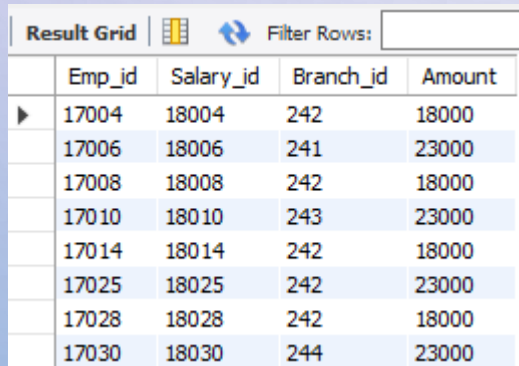


A screenshot of a 'Result Grid' window. It contains a single column titled 'Emp_name' with the following entries: Geetha, Guru, Gokul, Amutha, Jaga, Pavithra, Arthi, and Kabilan. The first row is highlighted with a mouse cursor.

Emp_name
Geetha
Guru
Gokul
Amutha
Jaga
Pavithra
Arthi
Kabilan

Between

Command: select Emp_id, Salary_id, Branch_id, Amount from Salary_det where Amount between 15000 and 25000;



A screenshot of a 'Result Grid' window. It contains a table with four columns: Emp_id, Salary_id, Branch_id, and Amount. The table has 9 rows of data. The first row is highlighted with a mouse cursor.

Emp_id	Salary_id	Branch_id	Amount
17004	18004	242	18000
17006	18006	241	23000
17008	18008	242	18000
17010	18010	243	23000
17014	18014	242	18000
17025	18025	242	23000
17028	18028	242	18000
17030	18030	244	23000

My SQL calculate functions

- Sum
- Average
- Min
- Max
- Count

Sum

Command: select sum(amount) from salary_det;

Result Grid	
	sum(amount)
▶	759000

Average

Command: select avg(amount) from salary_det;

Result Grid	
	avg(amount)
▶	23000.0000

Min

Command: select min(amount) from salary_det;

Result Grid	
	min(amount)
▶	14000

Max

Command: select max(amount) from salary_det;

Result Grid	
	max(amount)
▶	35000

Count

Command: select count(amount) from salary_det;

Result Grid	
	count(amount)
▶	33

My SQL String Functions

- Lcase
- Ucase
- Left
- Right
- Concat
- Trim
- Char_Length
- Mid
- Length

Lower

Command: select Lower(Emp_name) from Emp_det;

Result Grid	
	Lower(Emp_name)
▶	geetha
	guru
	gokul
	mani
	moorthy
	amutha
	jaga

Upper

Command: select Upper(Emp_name) from Emp_det;

Result Grid	
	Upper(Emp_name)
▶	GEETHA
	GURU
	GOKUL
	MANI
	MOORTHY
	AMUTHA
	JAGA

Left

Command: select Left(Emp_name, 2) as String_Left from Emp_det;

Result Grid	
	String_Left
▶	Ge
	Gu
	Go
	Ma
	Mo
	Am
	Ja
	Pa

Right

Command: select Right(Emp_name, 4) as String_Right from Emp_det;

Result Grid	
	String_Right
▶	etha
	Guru
	okul
	Mani
	rthy
	utha
	Jaga

Concat

Command: select concat(Emp_id,"-", Emp_name,"-", Dep_no,"-",Designation_id) as Concatenation from Emp_det;

Result Grid	
	Concatenation
▶	17001-Geetha-50-3001
	17002-Guru-50-3002
	17003-Gokul-50-3003
	17004-Mani-60-3004
	17005-Moorthy-50-3005
	17006-Amutha-50-3006
	17007-Jaga-70-3003
	17008-Pavithra-60-3007

Trim

Command: select trim(Branch_id) as Trimmed from Salary_det;

Result Grid	
	Trimmed
▶	241
	241
	241
	242
	241
	241
	243
	242

Char_lenght

Command: select char_length(Emp_name) as Charlength from Emp_det;

Result Grid	
	Charlength
▶	6
	4
	5
	4
	7
	6
	4

Mid

Command: select mid(Emp_name,1, 4) as MIDSTRING from Emp_det;

Result Grid	
	MIDSTRING
▶	Geet
	Guru
	Goku
	Mani
	Moor
	Amut
	Jaga

Lenght

Command: select length(Emp_name) as Lengthofstring from Emp_det;








Result Grid	
	Lengthofstring
▶	6
	4
	5
	4
	7
	6
	4

My SQL Date Functions

- Date ADD
- Date diff
- Timestamp Diff
- Date Format
- Year
- Day
- Month
- Now

Date add

Command: select * from Emp_det where(Date_of_joining)='2022/05/12';

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	<input type="text"/>	Edit:			
	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining				
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12				
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL				

Month

Command: select * from Emp_det where month(Date_of_joining)='5';



Result Grid


Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL


Year

Command: select * , date_add(date_of_joining,interval 2 year) as add_year from emp_det;

Result Grid

  Filter Rows:

Export: 

Wrap Cell Content: 

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining	add_year
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	2024-05-10
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	2024-05-12
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	2024-05-15
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	2024-05-20
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	2024-05-23
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	2024-06-05
	17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	2024-06-06

Now

Command: select *, now() from emp_det;

Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining	now()
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	2024-01-21 23:27:46
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	2024-01-21 23:27:46
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	2024-01-21 23:27:46
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	2024-01-21 23:27:46
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	2024-01-21 23:27:46
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	2024-01-21 23:27:46
17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	2024-01-21 23:27:46
17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07	2024-01-21 23:27:46

datediff

Command: select *, datediff(curdate(), date_of_join)/365 as emp_exp from emp_det;

Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining	Emp_exp
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	1.7041
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	1.6986
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	1.6904
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	1.6767
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	1.6685
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	1.6329
17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	1.6301

Timestampdiff

Command: select *, timestampdiff(year, Date_of_joining, sysdate()) as Emp_exp from Emp_det;




Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining	Emp_exp
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	1
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	1
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	1
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	1
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	1
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	1
17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	1

Logical Functions

- IF
- If with and conditons
- If with or conditions
- Count If

If



Command: select *, if(amount>=35000,'high_salary','low_salary') as result from Salary_det;

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export:  Wrap						
	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount	result
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	high_salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	low_salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	low_salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	low_salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	low_salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	low_salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	low_salary

If with and condition


Command: Salary_det;select *, if((amount>=25000) and (Branch_id>=241), 'high_salary','low_salary') as result from Salary_det;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap C

	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount	result
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	high_salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	low_salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	high_salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	low_salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	high_salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	low_salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	high_salary

If with or condition

Command: select *, if((amount>=25000) or (Branch_id>=241),'high_salary','low_salary') as result from Salary_det;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap

	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount	result
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	high_salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	high_salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	high_salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	high_salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	high_salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	high_salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	high_salary

RDBMS System

- RDBMS stands for Relational Database Management System.
- RDBMS is a program used to maintain a relational database.
- RDBMS is the basis for all modern database systems such as MySQL, Microsoft SQL Server, Oracle, and Microsoft Access.
- RDBMS uses SQL queries to access the data in the database.
 - Two table connection
 - Three table connection

Two table connection

Command: select Emp_det.Emp_id, Emp_det.emp_name, Salary_det.Salary_id, salary_det.salary_date from Emp_det inner join Salary_det on Emp_det.Emp_id = Salary_det.Emp_id;

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	
Emp_id	emp_name	Salary_id	salary_date
17001	Geetha	18001	2022-06-10
17002	Guru	18002	2022-06-12
17003	Gokul	18003	2022-06-15
17004	Mani	18004	2022-06-20
17005	Moorthy	18005	2022-06-23
17006	Amutha	18006	2022-07-06
17007	Jaga	18007	2022-07-07

Three table connection

Command: Select Emp_det.Emp_id,Emp_det.Emp_name,Emp_det.Designation_id,Emp_det.Date_Of_Joining,Salary_det.Salary_id,Salary_det.Salary_Date,Salary_det.Branch_id,Salary_det.Amount,Dep_det.Dep_no,Dep_det.Dep_name,Dep_det.Branch_name from Emp_det inner join Salary_det on Emp_det.Emp_id = Salary_det.Emp_id inner join Dep_det on Emp_det.Dep_no = Dep_det.Dep_no;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Date_Of_Joining	Salary_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount	Dep_no	Dep_name	Branch_name
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	2022-05-10	18001	2022-06-10	241	35000	50	Production_Dep	Annan_Nagar
	17002	Guru	3002	2022-05-12	18002	2022-06-12	241	14000	50	Production_Dep	Annan_Nagar
	17003	Gokul	3003	2022-05-15	18003	2022-06-15	241	28000	50	Production_Dep	Annan_Nagar
	17004	Mani	3004	2022-05-20	18004	2022-06-20	242	18000	60	HR_Dep	Velachery
	17005	Moorthy	3005	2022-05-23	18005	2022-06-23	241	30000	50	Production_Dep	Annan_Nagar
	17006	Amutha	3006	2022-06-05	18006	2022-07-06	241	23000	50	Production_Dep	Annan_Nagar
	17007	Jaga	3003	2022-06-06	18007	2022-07-07	243	28000	70	Sales_Dep	Guindy

Join Queries

- Inner Join
- Left Join
- Right Join
- Cross join
- Full Outer Join
- Case and end
- when
- Then
- double case with end statement
- case with and statement
- case with or statement
- RDBMS with subqueries
- having clause
- basic joins Trigger (Create table after connections)

Inner join

Command: select * from Emp_det inner join Salary_det on Emp_det.Emp_id = Salary_det.Emp_id;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:






Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000




Left join

Command: select * from Emp_det left join Salary_det on Emp_det.Emp_id = Salary_det.Emp_id;

Result Grid		  Filter Rows:		Export: 		Wrap Cell Content: 				
	emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	salary_id	emp_id	salary_date	branch_id	amount
	17025	Devan	3006	60	2022-06-24	18025	17025	2022-07-25	242	23000
	17026	Keerthi	3001	60	2022-06-25	18026	17026	2022-07-26	242	35000
	17027	Venkatesh	3003	80	2022-06-26	18027	17027	2022-07-27	244	28000
	17028	Raja	3004	60	2022-06-27	18028	17028	2022-07-28	242	18000
	17029	Priya	3005	70	2022-06-28	18029	17029	2022-07-29	243	30000
	17030	mariya	3006	80	2022-06-29	18030	17030	2022-07-30	244	23000
	17031	priniyasan	3005	70	2022-06-30	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Right join

Command: select * from Emp_det right join Salary_det on Emp_det.Emp_id = Salary_det.Emp_id;

Result Grid		 Filter Rows:		Export: 		Wrap Cell Content: 				
	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000

Full outer join

Command: (select * from Emp_det left join Salary_det on Emp_det.Emp_id = Salary_det.Emp_id)
union(select * from Emp_det right join Salary_det on Emp_det.Emp_id = Salary_det.Emp_id);

Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:										
	Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_Joining	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000



Procedures concepts



- Procedure creation
- Begins & end
- call Procedures
- Alter procedures
- Declering variables
- Store variables



Procedures concepts

Command:

```
delimiter //  
create procedure Store_data2()  
Begin  
select *,case  
when amount >= 35000 then 'High salary'  
when amount >= 25000 then 'Average salary'  
when amount >= 15000 then 'low salary'  
when amount >= 1000 then 'Very Low salary'  
end as Salary_gradefrom Salary_det;  
select * from Salary_det where amount = 30000;  
select * from Salary_det where amount <= 15000;  
end //  
delimiter ;  
call Store_data2;
```

Result Grid  Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export:  Wrap Cell Content:						
	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount	Salary_grade
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	High salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	Very Low salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	Average salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	low salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	Average salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	low salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	Average salary

Result Grid  Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: 					
	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount
▶	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000
	18015	17015	2022-07-15	244	30000
	18024	17024	2022-07-24	243	30000
	18029	17029	2022-07-29	243	30000
	18031	17031	2022-07-31	243	30000

Result Grid  Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: 					
	Salary_id	Emp_id	Salary_Date	Branch_id	Amount
▶	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000
	18016	17016	2022-07-16	241	14000
	18017	17017	2022-07-17	243	14000
	18018	17018	2022-07-18	243	14000
	18019	17019	2022-07-19	243	14000
	18020	17020	2022-07-20	243	14000

Triggers

What is trigger

A database trigger is a stored program which is automatically fired or executed when *some events occur*.

Types of Trigger

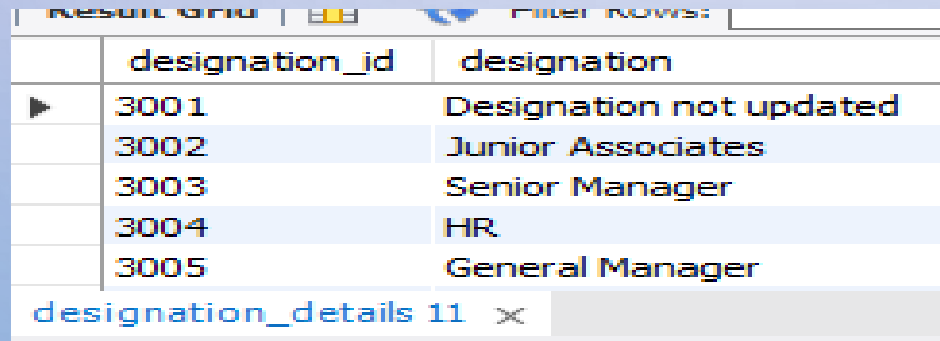
- Row level Trigger - A event is triggered at row level for each row updated, inserted or deleted.
- Statement Level trigger - An event is triggered at table Level for each sql statement executed

Triggers Timing

- before insert
- after insert
- before update
- after update
- before delete
- after delete

Before insert

```
Command: delimiter //  
create trigger Emp_det  
  before insert on Designation_det  
for each row  
  if new.Designation is null then set new.Designation= "Designation not updated";  
end if //  
delimiter ;  
delete from Designation_det where Designation_id (3001,3002);  
insert into Designation_det values (3001, null),(3002,null);  
select * from Designation_det;  
drop trigger Emp_det;
```



	designation_id	designation
▶	3001	Designation not updated
	3002	Junior Associates
	3003	Senior Manager
	3004	HR
	3005	General Manager

designation_details 11 x

After insert

```
Command: delete from des_det where designation_id in(3003,3004,3005);
create table Comment_info(Comment_ID int, Comment_update varchar(100));
delimiter //
create trigger designation_update after insert on des_det for each row
begin
if new.designation is null then insert into Comment_info (Comment_id,Comment_update) values
(new.designation_id,concat('Hi','kindly update your designation'));
end if;
end //
delimiter ;
insert into des_det values (3003,'Senior Manager'),(3004, null),(3005,'General Manager');
select * from des_det;
select * from comment_info;
```

	Comment_ID	Comment_update
▶	3004	kindly update your designation
	3004	Hikindly update your designation

comment_info2 36 x

Before update

Command: drop table sal_det;

select * from sal_det;

delimiter //

create trigger Update_sal before update on sal_det for each row

Begin

if new.amount >= 35000 then set new.amount = "High_salary";

elseif new.amount >= 20000 then set new.amount = "good_salary";

elseif new.amount >= 10000 then set new.amount = "average_salary";

elseif new.amount >= 0 then set new.amount = "low_salary";

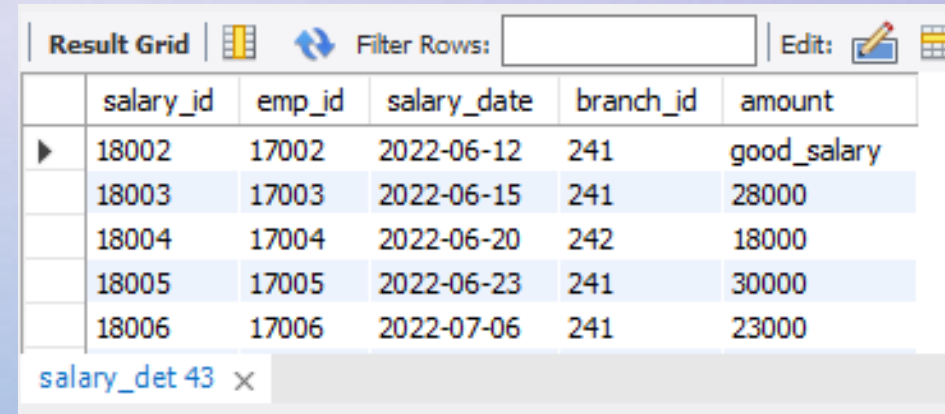
end if;

end//

delimiter ;

update sal_det set amount = 20000 where salary_id = 18002;

select * from sal_det;



	salary_id	emp_id	salary_date	branch_id	amount
▶	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	good_salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000

salary_det 43 ×

After update

Command: create table Salary_grade1 (sal_id int, grade varchar(100));

delimiter //

create trigger Update_salary1 after update on sal_det for each row

Begin

if new.amount >=40000 then insert into salary_grade1 (sal_id, grade) values(new.emp_id,"High_salary");

elseif new.amount >=35000 then insert into salary_grade1 (sal_id, grade)

values(new.emp_id,"Good_salary");

elseif new.amount >=15000 then insert into salary_grade1 (sal_id,

grade)values(new.emp_id,"avg_salary");

elseif new.amount >= 0 then insert into salary_grade1(sal_id, grade)values(new.emp_id,"Low_salary");

end if;

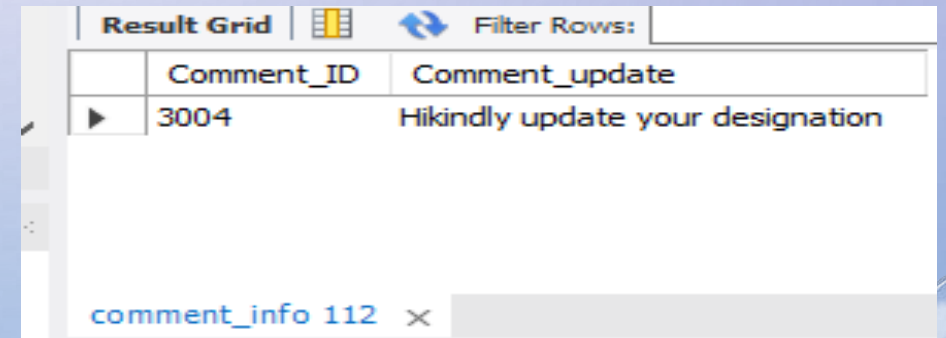
end //

delimiter ;

update sal_det set amount = 45000 where emp_id = 17004;

select * from sal_det;

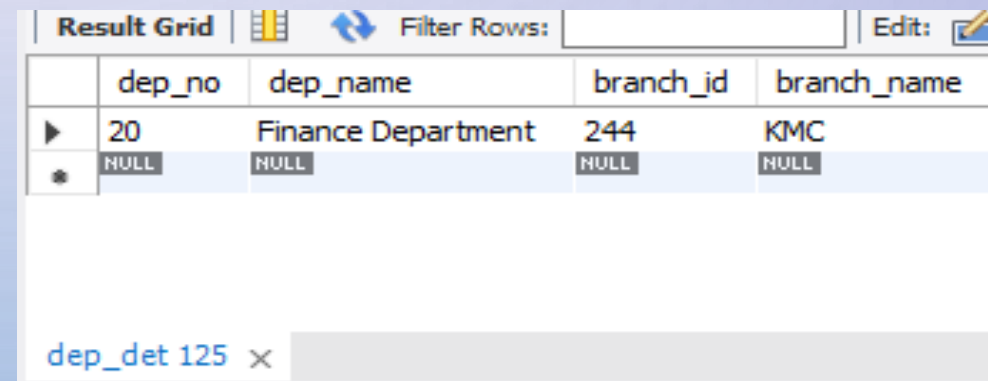
select * from salary_grade1;



Comment_ID	Comment_update
3004	Hikindly update your designation

Before delete

```
Command: create table dep_det1(dep_no int,dep_name varchar(20),branch_id int,branch_name
varchar(20),primary key(dep_no));
alter table dep_det modify dep_name varchar(40);
delimiter //
create trigger del_department3 before delete on dep_det for each row
BEGIN
insert into
dep_det1(dep_no,dep_name,branch_id,branch_name)values(old.dep_no,old.dep_name,old.branch_id,old.b
ranch_name);
end //
delimiter ;
select * from dep_det;
select * from dep_det1;
delete from dep_det where dep_no = 60;
```



	dep_no	dep_name	branch_id	branch_name
▶	20	Finance Department	244	KMC
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

After delete

```
Command: create table dep_det2(dep_no int,dep_name varchar(20),branch_id int,branch_name
varchar(20),primary key(dep_no));
delimiter //
create trigger del_dept1 after delete on dep_det for each row
BEGIN
insert into
dep_det2(dep_no,dep_name,branch_id,branch_name)values(old.dep_no,old.dep_name,old.branch_id,old.b
ranch_name);
end //
delimiter ;
select * from dep_det;
select * from dep_det2;
delete from dep_det where dep_no = 70;
```



THANK YOU