

PROJECT-3

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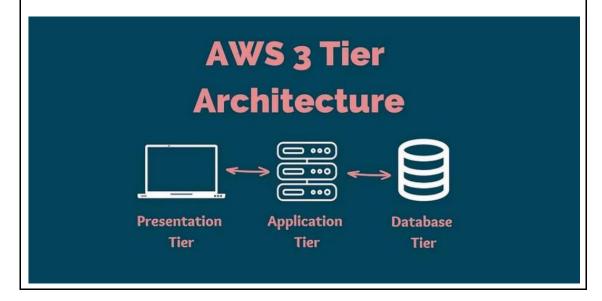
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TRAINER: V. MADHUKAR REDDY

PROJECT: AWS 3 TIER ARCHITECTURE

What is three tier architecture?

Three tier architecture is a well established software application architecture
that organizes applications into three logical and physical computing tiers.
The presentation tier or web tier, the application tier, and the database
tier, where application data is stored and managed.



Presentation tier: The presentation tier is the user interface and communication layer of the application, where the end user interacts with the application. Its main purpose is to display information and collect information from the user. Thus top level tier can run on web,desktop application, or a graphical user interface. Web tiers are developed by using HTML,CSS and javascript.

Application tier: The application tier is also known as the logic tier or middle tier, is the heart of the application. In application tier the data that is collect presentation tier is processed sometimes against other information in the data tier. The application tier can also add, delete, or modify data in the data tier.

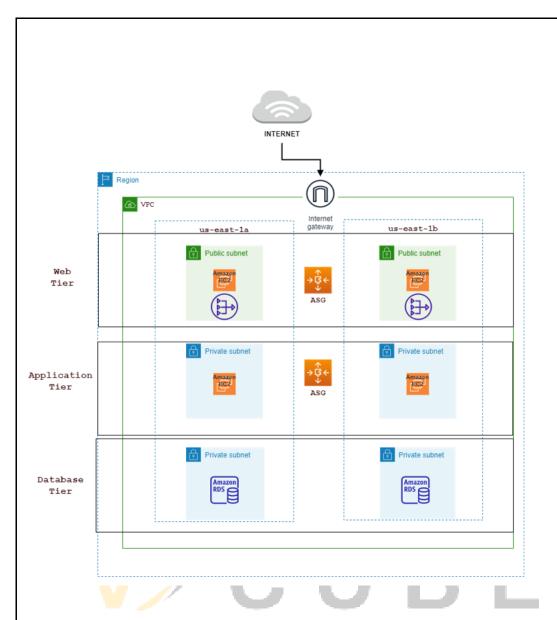
Database tier: The database tier is also known as data access tier or back-end, is where the information that is processed by the application is stored and managed. This can be a RDS management system such as PostgreSQL, MySQL, MariaDB, Oracle, DB2, Informix or Microsoft SQL Server, or in a NoSQL Database server such as Cassandra, CouchDB, or MongoDB.

In a three tier application, all communication goes through the application tier. The web tier and the database tier cannot communicate directly with one another.

Benefits of three tier architecture:

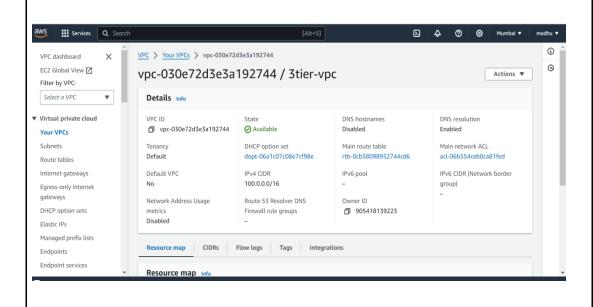
It's a logical and physical separation of functionality. Each tier can run on a separate OS and server platform-for example, web server, application server, database server. And each tier runs on atleast one dedicated server hardware or virtual server, so each services of each tier can be customized and optimized without impacting the other tiers. And also faster development, improved scalability, improved reliability, and improved security.

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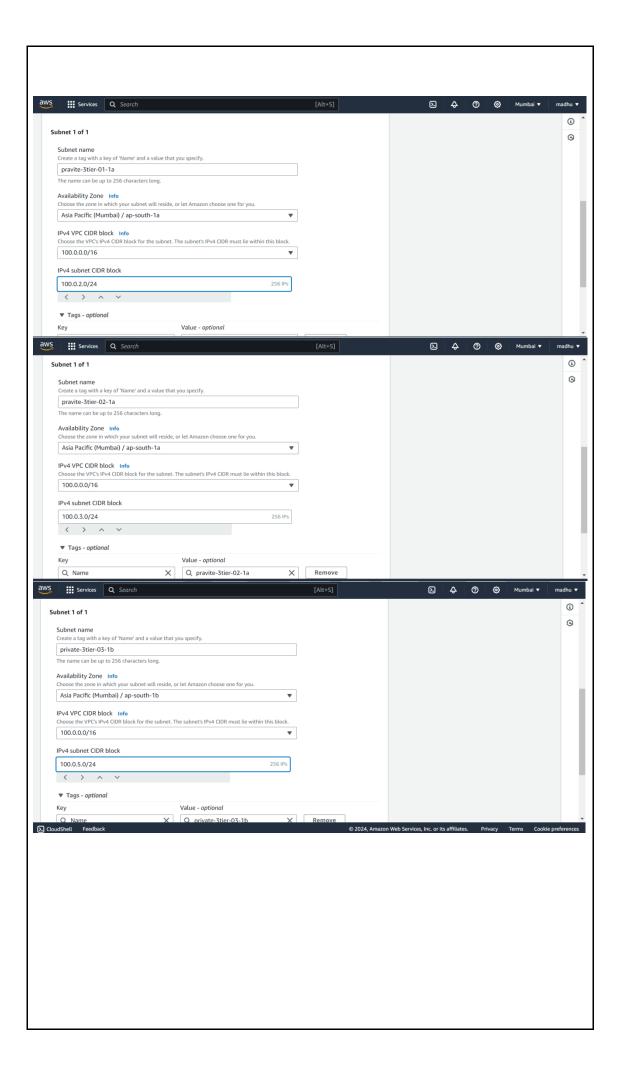


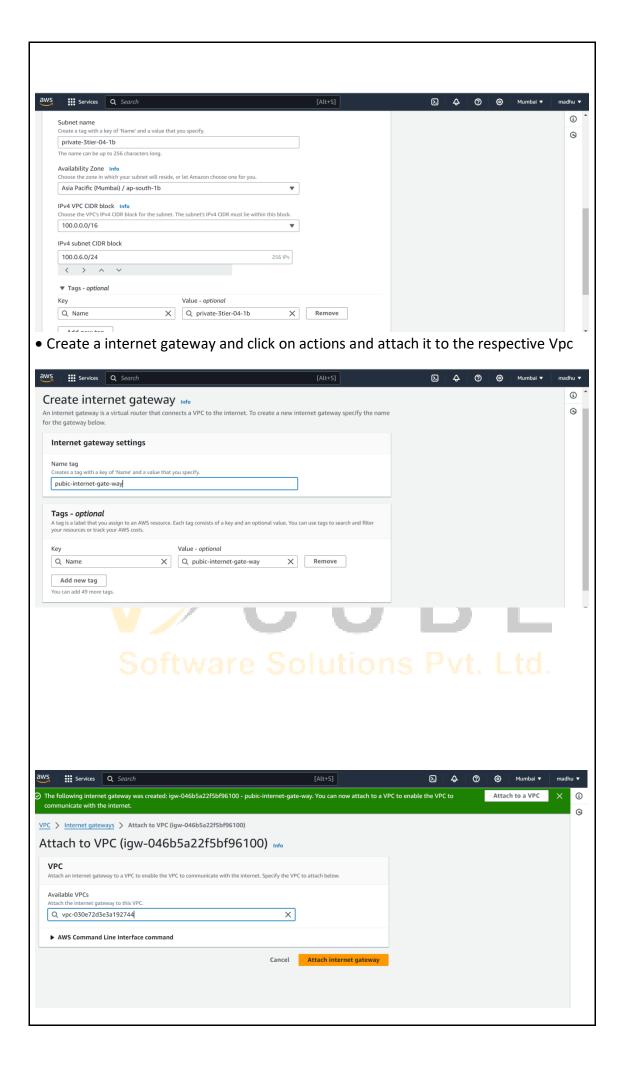
VPC:

• Create a VPC with specific name [my-vpc] in a region Mumbai.

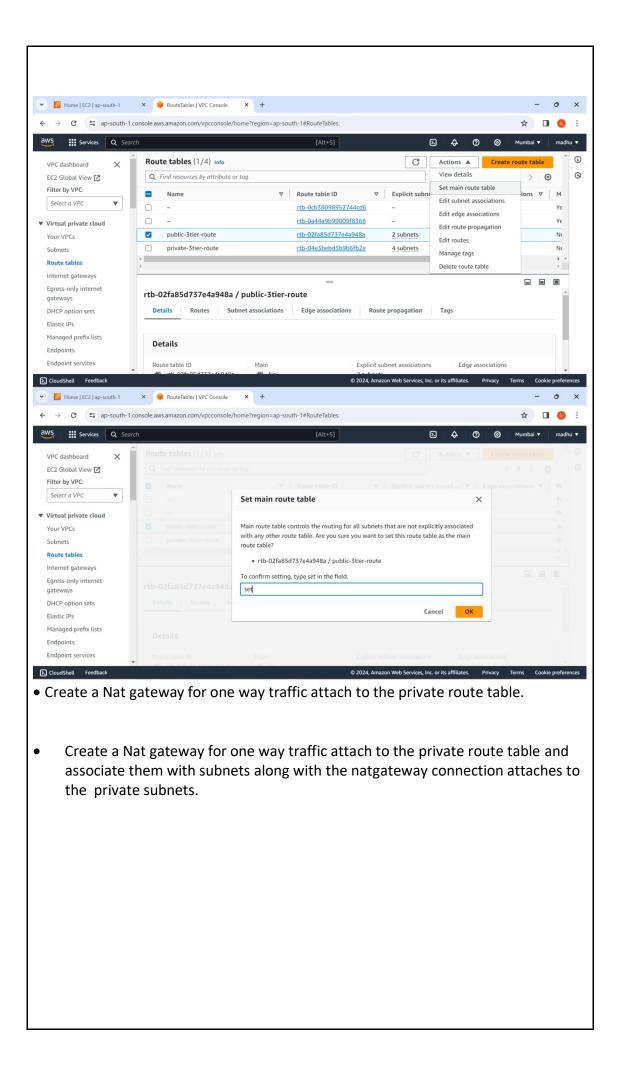


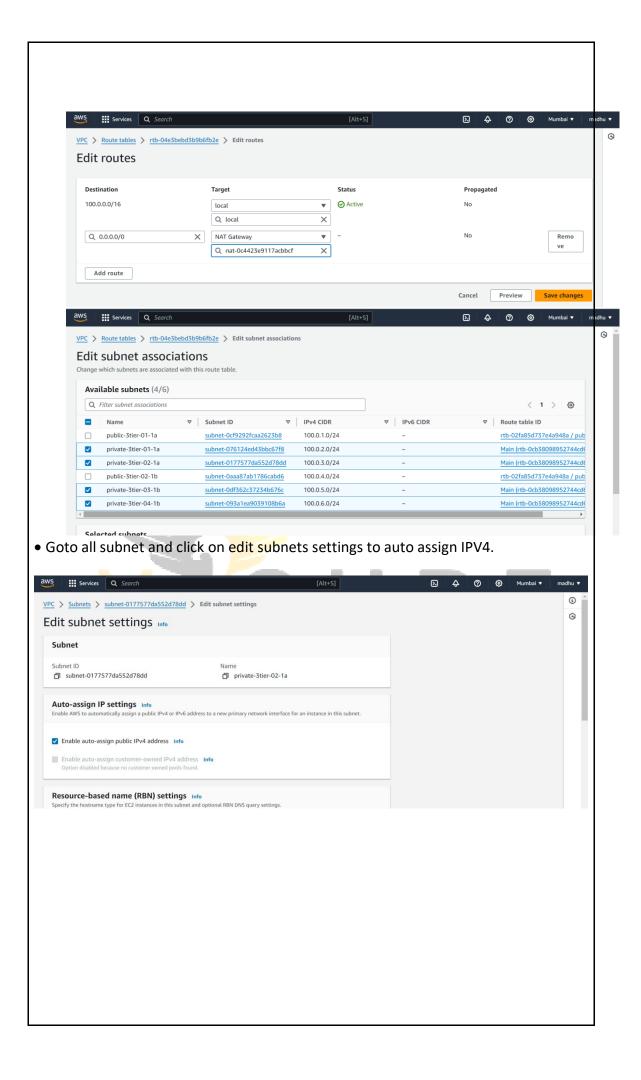
• Now create 6 subnets [1 public, 2 private subnets in one availability zone and same for the other subnets but in different availability zone] with in the same VPC. Services Q Search (i) 0 Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify. public-3tier-01-la The name can be up to 256 characters long. Availability Zone Info IPv4 VPC CIDR block Info the VPC's IPv4 CIDR block for the subnet. The subnet's IPv4 CIDR must lie within this block. IPv4 subnet CIDR block 256 IPs 100.0.1.0/24 Value - optional
 Q Name
 X
 Q public-3tier-01-la
 X
 Remove
 (i) (3) Subnet name
Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify. Availability Zone Info
Choose the zone in which your subnet will reside, or let Amazon choose one for you. Asia Pacific (Mumbai) / ap-south-1b Choose the VPC's IPv4 CIDR block for the subnet. The subnet's IPv4 CIDR must lie within this block. 256 IPs 100.0.4.0/24 < > ^ ×





• And create route tables 1(public) and associate them with subnets along with the internet connection attaches to the [1a & 2a] public subnets. Route table settings **(i)** (3) Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify. public-3tier-01-route The VPC to use for this route table vpc-030e72d3e3a192744 (3tier-vpc) At ag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs. Key Value - optional X Q public-3tier-01-route X Remove Q Name Add new tag You can add 49 more tags Cancel Create route table VPC > Route tables > rtb-02fa85d737e4a948a > Edit routes **Edit routes** Destination Target Status Propagated 100.0.0.0/16 local No X Q local Q 0.0.0.0/0 Internet Gateway Q igw-046b5a22f5bf96100 Add route **4** 0 0 aws Services Q Search 0 Edit subnet associations Change which subnets are associated with this route table. Available subnets (2/6) Q Filter subnet associations < 1 > ② ▼ Subnet ID ▼ IPv4 CIDR ▼ IPv6 CIDR ▼ Route table ID public-3tier-01-1a subnet-0cf9292fcaa2623b8 100.0.1.0/24 Main (rtb-0cb38098952744cd6 private-3tier-01-1a <u>subnet-076124ed43bbc67f8</u> 100.0.2.0/24 Main (rtb-0cb38098952744cd6 private-3tier-02-1a subnet-0177577da552d78dd 100.0.3.0/24 Main (rtb-0cb38098952744cd6 Main (rtb-0cb38098952744cd6 public-3tier-02-1b <u>subnet-0aaa87ab1786cabd6</u> 100.0.4.0/24 private-3tier-03-1b <u>subnet-0df362c37234b676c</u> Main (rtb-0cb38098952744cd6 private-3tier-04-1b subnet-093a1ea9039108b6a 100 0 6 0/24 Main (rtb-0cb38098952744cd6 subnet-0cf9292fcaa2623b8 / public-3tier-01-1a X subnet-0aaa87ab1786cabd6 / public-3tier-02-1b X • And also set the public route tables as main route tables.



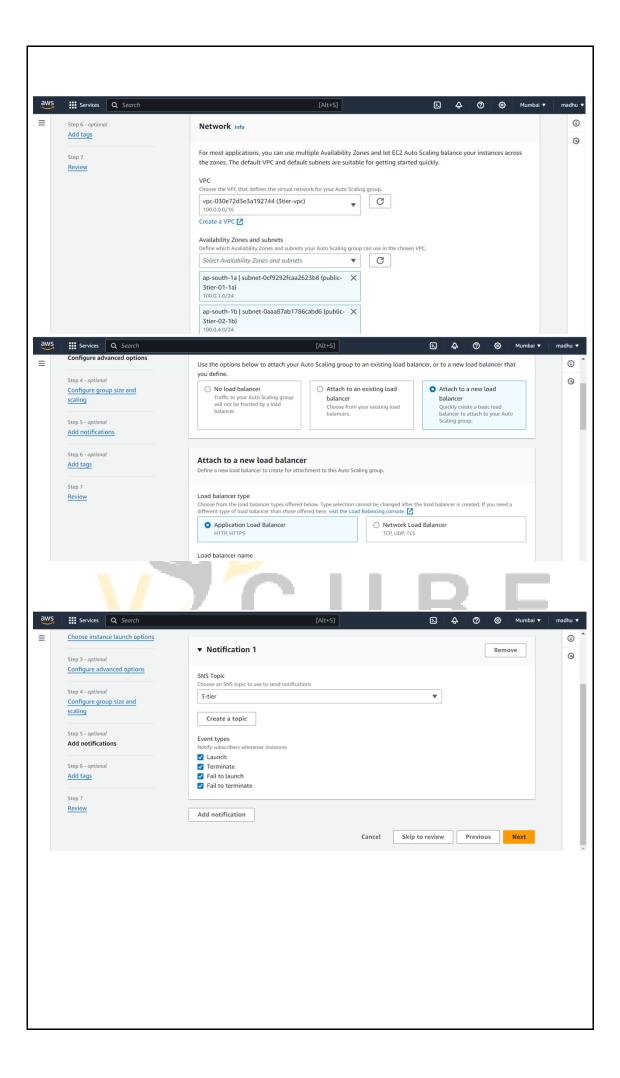


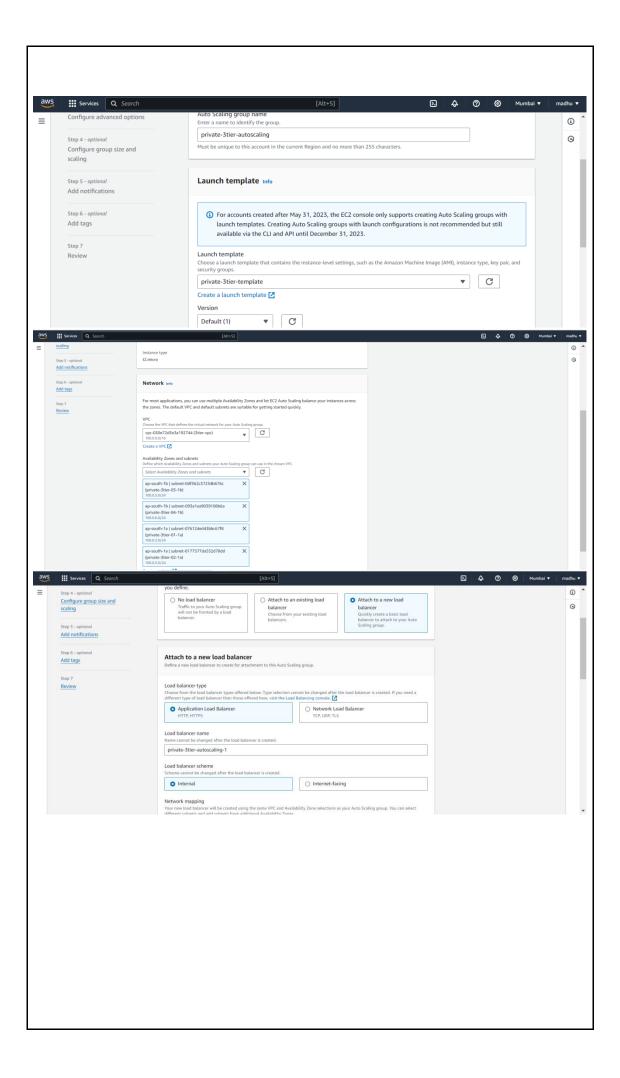
• After all connections established in VPC. Your VPCs (1/2) Info Q Search EC2 Global View 🖸 EC2 Global view
Filter by VPC:

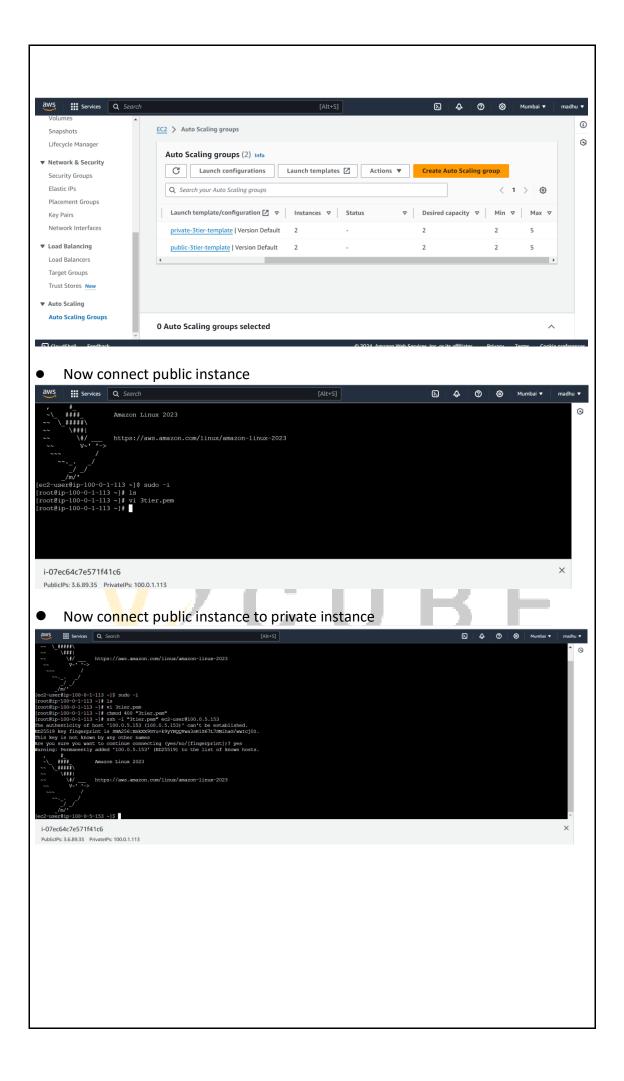
Select a VPC

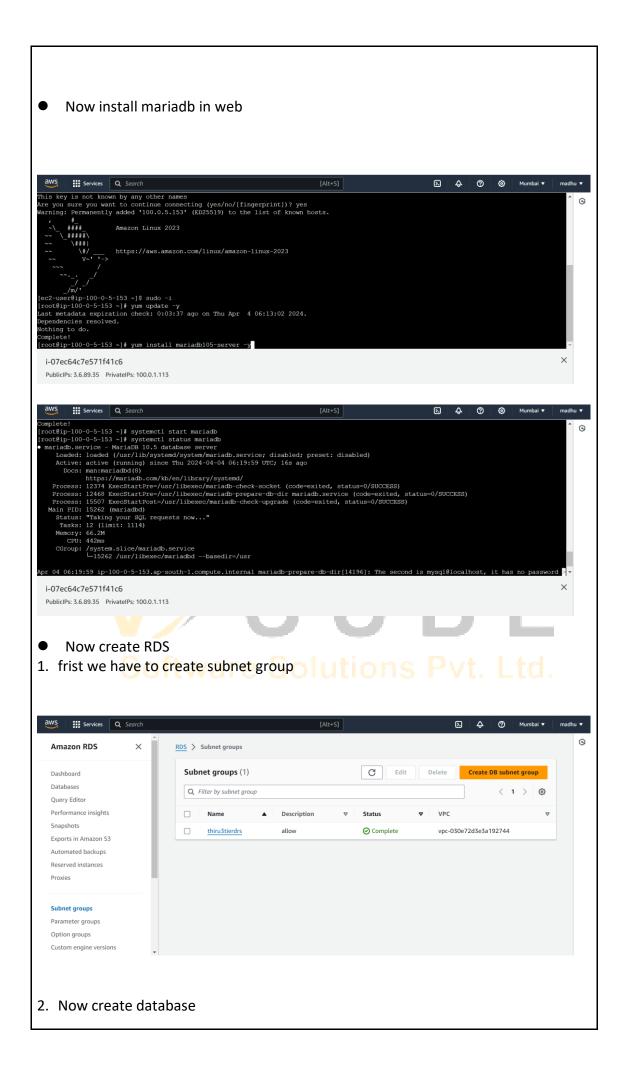
▼ ▼ VPC ID ■ Name ▼ Virtual private cloud Subnets
Route tables
Internet gateways
Egress-only internet
gateways
DHCP option sets Details Resource map CIDRs Flow logs Tags Integrations Resource map Info Elastic IPs
Managed prefix lists
Endpoints VPC Show details Your AWS virtual network Route tables (3) Endpoint services
NAT gateways
Peering connection rtb-0cb38098952744cd6 O public-3tier-01-1a public-3tier-route A private-3tier-02-1a Network ACLs Security groups private-3tier-01-1a ▼ DNS firewall nublic-3tier-02-1b B private-3tier-04-1b Web tier: create a web tier launch template 1. Give a specific name public-3tier-autoscaling and private-3tier-autoscaling create autosacling it will create load blancer and target groups

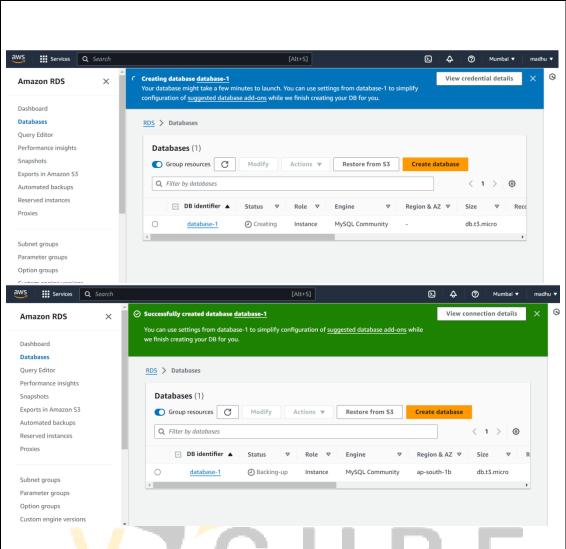












- Connect to the database.
- 1. Connect to the server
- 2. Install MySQL
- 3. And enter command MySQL -h YOUR_DB_ENDPOINT -P 3306 -u YOUR_DB_USERNAME -p in this command instead of your_dB_endpoint we should enter our database endpoint and also edit username as well after that enter password that you have given while creating a relational database.

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-156-224 ~]$ mysql -h brainiac-webapp-db.cgwzuzkgdaxy.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com -P 3306 -u admin -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 115
Server version: 8.0.28 Source distribution

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MvSQL [(none)]>
```