jQuery Mobile

Lesson o8: The jQuery Mobile API



Lesson Objectives

- In this lesson, you will learn:
 - Configuring defaults
 - Utility methods





Configuring defaults

- The mobileinit event is triggered on document object when jQuery Mobile starts.
- To override default settings, bind to mobileinit.

```
$(document).bind("mobileinit", function(){
  //apply overrides here
});
```

- You can now override default settings by using object property notation.
- Example:

```
$(document).bind("mobileinit", function(evt) {
    alert("Mobile initialization event fired");
    // Change some settings
        $.mobile.defaultPageTransition = "flip";
        $.mobile.defaultDialogTransition = "fade";
        $.mobile.pageLoadErrorMessage = "Custom Error";
    });
```



Methods

- jQuery Mobile exposes several methods and properties on the \$.mobile object. Some of them are:
- changePage: changes from one page to another.
 - This method is used internally for the page loading and transitioning that occurs as a result of clicking a link or submitting a form

```
$('#btn1').bind('tap',function(){
      $.mobile.changePage('#secondpage', { transition: "flip" } );
```

- loadPage: Loads an external page, enhances its content & insert it into the DOM.
 - This method is called internally by the changePage() function when its first argument is a URL.

```
//load the "about us" page into the DOM
  $.mobile.loadPage( "about/us.html" );
```



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Methods

- pageLoading: shows and hides the jQuery Mobile loading dialog.
- silentScroll: scrolls to a particular Y position without triggering scroll event listeners.
 - The method takes an integer argument which corresponds to the y-position to scroll

```
<script>
  // Scroll down to the desired location
  $.mobile.silentScroll(500);
</script>
```



Summary

- In this lesson, you learnt:
 - Configuring defaults
 - Utility methods





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