EX 8. Java program to create student report using applet, read the input using text boxes and display the output using buttons

Aim:

To write a program to create student report using applet, read the input using textbox and display the output using buttons.

Algorithm:

Step1: Start

Step2: Install jdk* and applet won't support from jdk9 and upper versions.

Step3: Now create a student info class and declare all the required labels, textboxes and buttons.

Step4: Create init function and create the labels, text fields and buttons declared in the above class.

Step5: Create the action performed for each text box, Label and button in try and catch blocks to avoid exceptions.

Step6: Stop.

Program:

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class classstudentreport extends Applet implements ActionListener{
Label
IblTitle,IblRegNo,IblName,IblJava,IblSE,IblCA,IblBI,IblSSPD;
TextField
txtRegNo,txtName,txtJava,txtSE,txtCA,txtBI,txtSSPD;
Button
cmdReport;
int total;
float avg;
public void init(){
setLayout(null);
lblTitle = new Label("Enter Student's Details");
lblRegNo = new Label("Reg.No : ");
```

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```

lblName = new Label("Name : "); lblJava = new Label("Java : "); lblSE = new Label("SE:"); lblCA = new Label("CA :"); lblBI = new Label("BI :"); lblSSPD = new Label("SSPD :"); txtRegNo = new TextField(10); txtName = new TextField(25); txtJava = new TextField(3); txtSE = new TextField(3); txtCA = new TextField(3); txtBI = new TextField(3); txtSSPD = new TextField(3); cmdReport = new Button("View Student Result"); IblTitle.setBounds(100,0,200,20); lblRegNo.setBounds(0,50,100,20); txtRegNo.setBounds(120,50,100,20); lblName.setBounds(0,70,100,20); txtName.setBounds(120,75,250,20); IblJava.setBounds(0,100,100,20); txtJava.setBounds(120,100,40,20); lblSE.setBounds(0,125,100,20); txtSE.setBounds(120,125,40,20); lblCA.setBounds(0,150,100,20); txtCA.setBounds(120,150,40,20); lblBI.setBounds(0,175,100,20); txtBI.setBounds(120,175,40,20); lblSSPD.setBounds(0,200,100,20); txtSSPD.setBounds(120,200,40,20); cmdReport.setBounds(100,225,150,30); add(lblTitle); add(lblRegNo); add(txtRegNo); add(lblName); add(txtName); add(lblJava); add(txtJava);

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add(IbISE);
add(txtSE);
add(lblCA);
add(txtCA);
add(lblBI);
add(txtBI);
add(lblSSPD);
add(txtSSPD);
add(cmdReport);
cmdReport.addActionListener(this);
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae){
try{
int java = Integer.parseInt(txtJava.getText());
int se = Integer.parseInt(txtSE.getText());
int ca = Integer.parseInt(txtCA.getText());
int bi = Integer.parseInt(txtBI.getText());
int sspd = Integer.parseInt(txtSSPD.getText());
total = (java + se + ca + bi + sspd);
avg = total/5;
catch(NumberFormatException e){
}
repaint();
}
public void paint(Graphics g){
g.drawString(" STUDENTREPORT ",100,275);
g.drawString("Reg. No = "+txtRegNo.getText(),0,300);
g.drawString("Name = "+txtName.getText(),0,325);
g.drawString("Java = "+txtJava.getText(),0,350);
g.drawString("Software Engineering = "+txtSE.getText(),0,375);
g.drawString("Computer Architecture = "+txtCA.getText(),0,400);
g.drawString("Banking & Insurance = "+txtBI.getText(),0,425);
g.drawString("SSPD = "+txtSSPD.getText(),0,450);
```

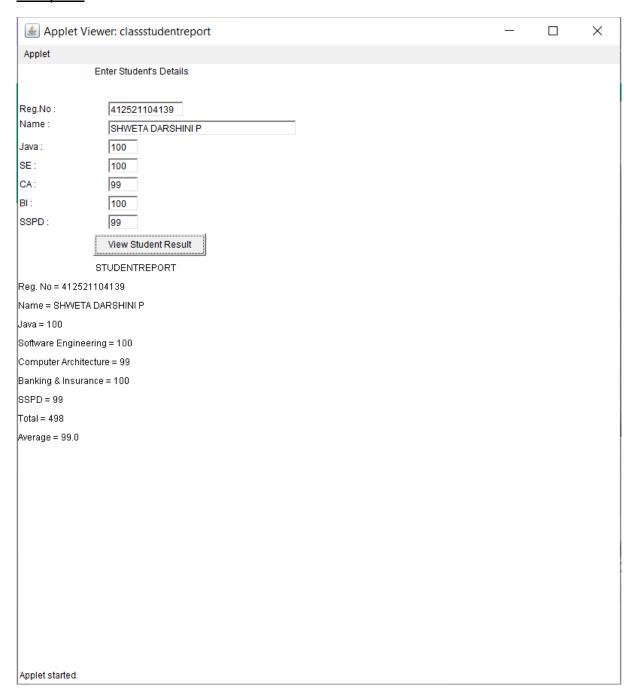
g.drawString("Total = "+total,0,475);
g.drawString("Average = "+avg,0,500);

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<pre>} /*<applet code="classstudentreport" h<="" pre=""></applet></pre>	neight=800 width=800>
*/	

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Output:



Result:

Thus, the java program to write a program to write a program to create student report using applet, read the input using text boxes and display the output using buttons is executed successfully and output is verified.

EX 10: Java program to Implement Thread, Applets Graphics Animate Ball Movement

Aim:

To write a program to implement thread, applets and graphics to animate ball movement.

Algorithm:

Step1: Start

Step2: Import the Necessary packages.

Step3: Set the Backgroundcolor (setBackground method) and the color of the ball (paint method) using methods.

Step4: Create thread and start running it(declare flag variable as true).

Step5: Using the dimensions from the html code, set boundaries within which the ball can move at a certain rate.

Step6: Repaint the scenario at every instance when while loop gets iterated every time.

Program:

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class movingball extends Applet implements Runnable {
  int x,y,dx,dy;
  Thread t;
  boolean flag;
  public void init()
  {
  setBackground(Color.black);
  x=100;
  y=10;
  dx=10;dy=10;
}
```

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```

```
public void start()
flag = true;
t = new Thread(this);
t.start();
}
public void paint(Graphics g)
g.setColor(Color.white);
g.fillOval(x,y,50,50);
}
public void run()
while(flag)
Rectangle r = getBounds();
if((x+dx \le 0) | | (x+dx \ge r.width))
{
dx=-dx;
if((y+dy<=0)||(y+dy>=r.height))
dy=-dy;
x+=dx;
y+=dy;
repaint();
try{
Thread.sleep(300);
}
catch(InterruptedException e){}
}
public void stop()
t = null;
flag = false;
}
```

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/*

<applet code = "movingball.class" height=100 width = 700></applet>
*/
```

Output:



Result:

Thus a program to implement thread, applets and graphics to animate ball movement has been successfully executed.