

# Smart-Building Report

Simon Remington

January 25, 2019

# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Setting-up Raspberry Pi</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	Obtaining the Raspberry Pi Operating System . . . . .	3
2.2	Windows flashing . . . . .	3
2.3	Linux flashing . . . . .	3
<b>3</b>	<b>New Paragraph</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>this is section</b>	<b>5</b>
4.1	this is sub . . . . .	5

# **1 Introduction**

This is the report to my project. It covers the procedures I have taken so far

## **2 Setting-up Raspberry Pi**

### **2.1 Obtaining the Raspberry Pi Operating System**

The RPI image can be obtained from:

<https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian/>

The image is: Raspbian Stretch Lite, a minimal image based on Debian Stretch. The lite image is for a headless install. All communication to the RPI is made via ssh.

Version: November 2018

Release date: 2018-11-13

Kernel version: 4.14

Download and unpack the image.

I have used both Windows and Linux Debian to create the bootable operating system so that I get a greater knowledge and understanding of completing the flash process.

### **2.2 Windows flashing**

Check the hash, SHA-256 of the image.

Use Windows built-in certUtil -hashfile Path/To/File/file.img SHA256 to compute hash Insert SD card into Windows machine. Use Etcher to flash image obtained from: <https://www.balena.io/etcher/> Download Etcher and install.

from Etcher, select source (Stretch-lite img), Destination (SD card) Flash the card

### **2.3 Linux flashing**

now go to debian machine

### **3   New Paragraph**

well hello there

## 4 this is section

### 4.1 this is sub