Log-streaming system

Documentation

Introduction

This application is designed for processing sdp transaction logs in near real-time, using Big data and Hadoop technologies. In here we have used cloudera cdh distribution and Knowage, for implementation purpose.

Features

Near real time data processing Fault tolerance with checkpoints Interactive Reports and dashboards

Requirements

Cloudera CDH version 5.12.x

Or

A Set-up with following components

Hadoop with Yarn and Map-reduce

Apache zookeeper

Apache Spark

Apache Hive

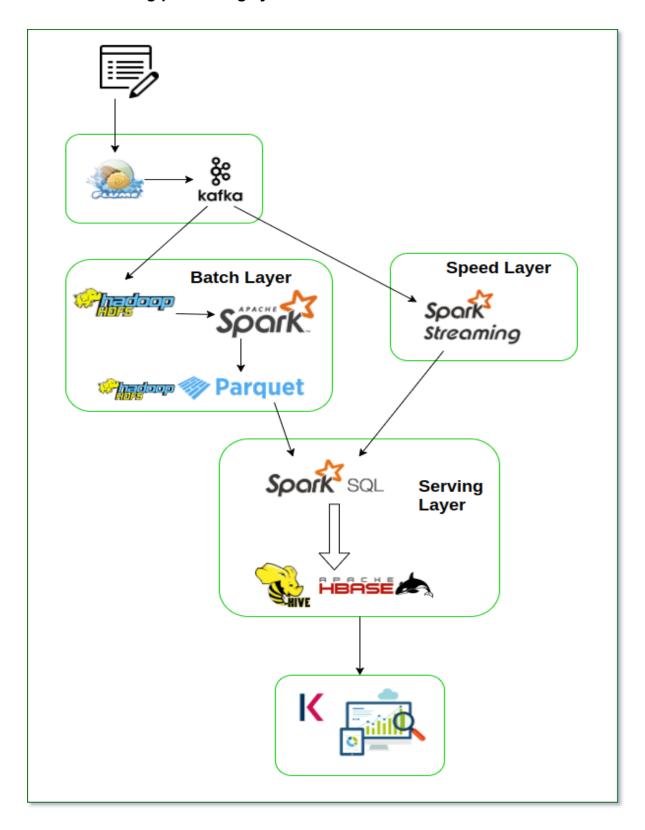
Apache Impala

Apache Flume

Apache Parquet

- Apache Kafka
- Java 8
- Mysql server 5.5 or above
- Knowage Server (CE) 6.1.1
- Knowage Report Designer 6.1.0

Architecture of log-processing system



Cloudera quickstart CDH installation

- 1. Download Vmware player or Virtualbox and install it.
- Download Cloudera Quickstart VM from https://www.cloudera.com/downloads/quickstart vms/5-12.html
- 3. Create a VM using downloaded cloudera quickstart VM, in Virtualbox.

Cloudera installation

Note: requires Java 1.7 or above

Install using apt-get

- 1. First add the repository
 - Run the following command sudo vi /etc/apt/sources.list.d/cloudera.list
 - Add the below lines to the file deb [arch=amd64] http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/ubuntu/xenial/amd64/cdh xenial-cdh5 contrib

deb-src http://archive.cloudera.com/cdh5/ubuntu/xenial/amd64/cdh xenial-cdh5 contrib

- Run the below command sudo vi /etc/apt/preferences.d/cloudera.pref
 - Add the following lines to the opened file

Package: *

Pin: release o=Cloudera, I=Cloudera

Pin-Priority: 501

2. Install hadoop-yarn-resourcemanager, hadoop-hdfs-namenode, hadoop-mapreduce-historyserver, hadoop-yarn-proxyserver and hadoop-client

sudo apt-get install hadoop-yarn-resourcemanager sudo apt-get install hadoop-hdfs-namenode

sudo apt-get install hadoop-mapreduce-historyserver hadoop-yarn-proxyserver sudo apt-get install hadoop-client

3. Install the following to build the data node in the same node which has installed the name node.

sudo apt-get install hadoop-hdfs-secondarynamenode sudo apt-get install hadoop-yarn-nodemanager hadoop-hdfs-datanode hadoop-mapreduce

4. Create a separate directory to add the configurations for hadoop

sudo cp -r /etc/hadoop/conf.empty /etc/hadoop/<directory-name>

5. Make the new directory as the currently using configurations

sudo update-alternatives --install /etc/hadoop/conf hadoop-conf /etc/hadoop/<directory-name> 50 sudo update-alternatives --set hadoop-conf /etc/hadoop/<directory-name>

6. Change the core-site.xml file in the /etc/hadoop/<directory-name>

```
cproperty>
  <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
  <value>hdfs://<ip-address>:8020</value> <!-- localhost or ip address</pre>
-->
 property>
   <name>io.compression.codecs</name>
<value>org.apache.hadoop.io.compress.DefaultCodec,org.apache.hadoo
p.io.compress.GzipCodec,org.apache.hadoop.io.compress.BZip2Codec,or
g.apache.hadoop.io.compress.SnappyCodec</value>
 </property>
 property>
  <name>hadoop.proxyuser.mapred.groups</name>
  <value>*</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
```

```
<name>hadoop.proxyuser.mapred.hosts</name>
<value>*</value>
```

7. Change the hdfs-site.xml file

```
property>
   <name>dfs.permissions.superusergroup</name>
   <value>hadoop</value>
</property>
property>
   <name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name>
  <value>file:///data/1/dfs/nn</value>
</property>
property>
   <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name>
   <value>file:///data/1/dfs/dn</value>
</property>
property>
   <name>dfs.namenode.http-address</name>
   <value><ip-address>:50070</value> <!-- localhost or ip address -->
   <description>
      The address and the base port on which the dfs NameNode Web
UI will listen.
    </description>
</property>
property>
   <name>dfs.webhdfs.enabled</name>
   <value>true</value>
</property>
```

8. Add new configurations to mapred-site.xml

```
<value><ip-address>:10020</value>
</property>

<name>mapreduce.jobhistory.webapp.address</name>
<value><ip-address>:19888</value>
</property>

<name>yarn.app.mapreduce.am.staging-dir</name>
<value>/user</value>
</property>
```

9. Change the yarn-site.xml file accordingly

```
property>
     <name>yarn.resourcemanager.hostname</name>
     <value><ip-address></value>
 property>
     <name>yarn.resourcemanager.resource-tracker.address</name>
     <value><ip-address>:8031</value>
 property>
     <name>yarn.resourcemanager.address</name>
     <value><ip-address>:8032</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
     <name>yarn.resourcemanager.scheduler.address</name>
     <value><ip-address>:8030</value>
 property>
     <name>yarn.resourcemanager.admin.address</name>
     <value><ip-address>:8033</value>
 property>
     <name>yarn.resourcemanager.webapp.address</name>
     <value><ip-address>:8088</value>
 </property>
 property>
```

```
<description>Classpath for typical applications.</description>
     <name>yarn.application.classpath</name>
     <value>
     $HADOOP CONF DIR,
$HADOOP COMMON HOME/*,$HADOOP COMMON HOME/lib/*,
     $HADOOP HDFS HOME/*,$HADOOP HDFS HOME/lib/*,
     $HADOOP MAPRED HOME/*,$HADOOP MAPRED HOME/lib/*,
     $HADOOP YARN HOME/*,$HADOOP YARN HOME/lib/*
     </value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
     <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services</name>
     <value>mapreduce shuffle</value>
cproperty>
<name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services.mapreduce.shuffle.class</name>
     <value>org.apache.hadoop.mapred.ShuffleHandler</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
     <name>yarn.nodemanager.local-dirs</name>
     <value>file:///data/1/yarn/local</value>
 cproperty>
     <name>yarn.nodemanager.log-dirs</name>
     <value>file:///data/1/yarn/logs</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
     <name>yarn.log.aggregation.enable</name>
     <value>true</value>
 </property>
 property>
     <description>Where to aggregate logs</description>
     <name>yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir</name>
     <value>hdfs://var/log/hadoop-yarn/apps</value>
 </property>
```

- 10. Add the ip of the node where namenode has been installed in the masters file sudo vi /etc/hadoop/<directory-name>/masters
- 11. Create the data directory and give relevant permissions

sudo mkdir -p /data/1/dfs/nn sudo chown -R hdfs:hdfs /data/1/dfs/nn sudo chmod 700 /data/1/dfs/nn

12. Format the namenode

sudo -u hdfs hdfs namenode -format

13. Add the ip address to the slaves file

sudo vi /etc/hadoop/<directory-name>

- 14. Start the HDFS and other necessary services by running the following command
 - for x in `cd /etc/init.d ; Is hadoop-hdfs-*` ; do sudo service \$x start ; done
- 15. Create /tmp dir on hdfs

sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -mkdir /tmp sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -chmod -R 1777 /tmp

16. Create user directories on hdfs.

sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -mkdir /user sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -mkdir /user/<user> sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -chown <user>:ubuntu /user/<user>

17. Directory for Job History on hdfs

sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -mkdir -p /user/history sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -chmod -R 1777 /user/history sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -chown mapred:hadoop /user/history

18. Directory for YARN log files on hdfs

sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -mkdir -p /var/log/hadoop-yarn sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -chown yarn:mapred /var/log/hadoop-yarn

19. Create local directories and give relevant permissions

sudo mkdir -p /data/1/yarn/local sudo mkdir -p /data/1/yarn/logs sudo chown -R yarn:yarn /data/1/yarn/local sudo chown -R yarn:yarn /data/1/yarn/logs

20. Install zookeeper

Base package sudo apt-get install zookeeper

Zookeeper server sudo apt-get install zookeeper-server

Note: Change the permissions of the data directory

For more details:

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/5-5-x/topics/cdh_ig_zookee per_package_install.html

21. Install spark (cloudera version)

sudo apt-get install spark-core spark-master spark-worker spark-history-server spark-python

For more details:

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/5-14-x/topics/cdh_ig_spark_install.html#spark_install_upgrade

22. Install hive

sudo apt-get install <pkg1> <pkg2>

Packages:

• hive – base package that provides the complete language and runtime

- hive-metastore provides scripts for running the metastore as a standalone service (optional)
- hive-server2 provides scripts for running HiveServer2
- hive-hbase optional; install this package if you want to use Hive with HBase
 For more details:

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/latest/topics/cdh_ig_hive_install.ht ml#topic_18_3

23. Configure hive metastore to MySQL, PostgreSQL, and Oracle For more details refer the following link:

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/5-14-x/topics/cdh_ig_hive_metastore_configure.html

24. Install Flume

sudo apt-get install <pkg>

Packages

- flume-ng Everything you need to run Flume
- flume-ng-agent Handles starting and stopping the Flume agent as a service
- flume-ng-doc Flume documentation

For more details:

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/5-14-x/topics/cdh_ig_flume_package_install.html

25. Install apache kafka

Download the apache kafka using the following link http://kafka.apache.org/downloads.html

Extract the package and move to the /usr/lib directory

Change the server.properties file in the config/ directory

26. Install impala

sudo apt-get install impala sudo apt-get install impala-server sudo apt-get install impala-state-store sudo apt-get install impala-catalog

For more details:

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/5-14-x/topics/impala_noncm_install ation.html

27. Installing hue

sudo apt-get install hue

For more details:

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/5-9-x/topics/cdh_ig_hue_install.htm |

28. Configure cdh components to connect to hue

Follow the below link

https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/5-14-x/topics/cdh_ig_cdh_hue_con_figure.html

Installation in other environments

On RHEL-compatible Systems

• Use the above installed packages using the **yum** package manager

On SLES systems

• Use the **zypper** instead of apt-get from the above installation

Cluster installation

- Install java 1.7 or above in each node
- Install the namenode and other services required in a one node
- Install the required services for a datanode in separate nodes
- Add the datanodes ip addresses in the slaves file which is in the namenode configuration directory (/etc/hadoop/<directory-name>)

- Configure a secondary namenode in a one node
 - o sudo apt-get install hadoop-hdfs-secondarynamenode
- Configure the directories needed in each node
- Start the services in each node

Note:

- Log file directory /var/log/
- Consider the permissions of data directories and log directories
- If the datanode does not work on single node installation refer the log files in /var/log/hadoop-hdfs
- If hive did not worked in hue add the following to the hue.ini file
 - In the database section add
 - option= '{timeout=30}'
- For more details follow the below links
 - https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/latest/topics/cdh_ig_c dh5_install.html
 - https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/latest/topics/quickstar
 https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/latest/topics/quickstar
 https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/latest/topics/quickstar
 https://www.cloudera.com/documentation/enterprise/latest/topics/quickstar

Apache Kafka installation for cloudera quickstart

- 1 . Install Kafka using following commands.
- \$ sudo yum clean all
- \$ sudo yum install kafka
- \$ sudo yum install kafka-server
- 2. Start the Kafka server with the following command:
- \$ sudo service kafka-server start
- 3. Verify all nodes are correctly registered to the same ZooKeeper, connect to ZooKeeper using zookeeper-client.
- \$ zookeeper-client
- \$ Is /brokers/ids
- 4. Start Zoo-keeper server
- \$ sudo service zookeeper-server start (most of time it is already starts)
- 5. Create a topic named 'test'

\$ kafka-topics --create --zookeeper localhost:2181 --replication-factor 1 --partitions 1 --topic test

More information:

https://kafka.apache.org/quickstart

Installation

- 1. Copy system into cloudera quickstart file system.
- 2. Create a kafka topic as above.
- 3. Create a flume agent with spooldir source and kafka sink.
- 4. Build the project using \$ mvn package.
- 5. Create Knowage birt report template and export it to Knowage server.

Configuration changes

If you need to do configurations, all the configurations are available in TypesafeConf.conf file. You can change them as per your requirement.

Note: After every change, build the project using \$ mvn package.

Execution

1. First run flume agent

\$ flume-ng agent -c pathToAgent -f agentConfigurationFile -n agentName

Example:

\$ flume-ng agent -c /opt/examples/flume/conf -f /opt/examples/flume/conf/flumeWithSpool.conf -n agent

2. Check mysql and hive server is executing

\$ sudo service mysqld status

\$ sudo service hive-server2 status

\$ sudo service hive-metastore status

If one of them is not running, run that service.

\$ sudo service mysqld start

\$ sudo service hive-server2 start

\$ sudo service hive-metastore start

When log files have been created copy them to HDFS continuously.

Note: Here we had to copy log files into HDFS manually because, when we transport log files to HDFS using flume HDFS sink, program did not read log records correctly.

- 3. Batch Process Execution
- \$ cd Documents/tap_system/batch-layer/target/appassembler/bin
- \$./batch-layer
 - 4. Speed Layer Execution
- \$ cd Documents/tap_system/batch-layer/target/appassembler/bin
- \$./speed-layer

Then add log files continuously to the directory which is pointed by flume.

- 5. Serving Layer Execution
- \$ cd Documents/tap_system/batch-layer/target/appassembler/bin
- \$./serving-layer

Start Knowage server and access <u>localhost:8080/knowage</u> in browser. Login as admin using user name - biadmin and password - biadmin.