Laboratory 2

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Requirement analysis and data modelling

1. Introduction and Purpose of Experiment

The requirements analysis phase produce both data requirements and functional requirements. The data requirements are used as a source of database design and should be specified as detailed and complete form as possible. In data modelling, the designers first create a conceptual model of how data items relate to each other. By doing this lab, students will be able to perform data modelling of the application.

2. Aim and Objectives

Aim

- To analyse the given application and create a data model

Objectives

At the end of this lab, the student will be able to

- Identify functional and data requirements from problem statement
- Create a data model from the data requirements

3. Experimental Procedure

- Read the problem statement and identify requirements
- Perform data modelling
- Document the requirements and ER diagram

4. Question

Students have to choose one of the following problem statements and develop the software solution. The Course leader is the customer. Contact the Course leader for any clarificatpoions.

1. Hotel management system
2. Student information system
3. Restaurant management system
4. Bank management system

Perform the following based on the problem statement you have chosen

a. Analyse the given application and list the functional and data requirements

b. Perform data modelling based on the identified data requirements

5. Calculations/Computations/Algorithms

Bank Management System

Functional Requirements

1. The System should allow the Clients to open new Account
2. The Client must be abled to Login into Account in Online Mode
3. The Client should be able to get Account Balance details
4. The Client must be able to withdraw or deposit amount
5. The Client must be able to do Online Shopping using ATM card or Account number

Table 2.1. Functional Requirement 1

Requirement Tag	FR1
Requirement Description	The System should allow the Clients to open new Account.
Dependent on Requirements	None
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client

Table 2.2 Data Requirement 1

Requirement Tag	DR1
Item Name	Name , Address, Addhar_Card ID ,Phone number
Item Description	To Collect the details of Clients when Opening New Account
Item Type	String, String, Character, Integer
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client

Table 2.3. Functional Requirement 2

Requirement Tag	FR2
Requirement Description	The Client must be abled to Login into Account in Online Mode
Dependent on Requirements	FR1
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client

Table 2.4. Data Requirement 2

Requirement Tag	DR2
Item Name	Account_ID , Password
Item Description	The Bank Account must Provide Online User Interface so that Clients can Login using Assigned Account number and Password
Item Type	Integer,Character
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client

Table 2.5. Functional Requirement 3

Requirement Tag	FR3
Requirement Description	The Client should be able to get Account Balance details
Dependent on Requirements	FR1
User/System interacting with the requirement	User

Table 2.6. Data Requirement 3

Requirement Tag	DR3
Item Name	Account_ID (Account number)
Item Description	Here Client Manager(staff or Server) Should give details of Clients Account Balance Using Account_ID.
Item Type	Integer
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client Manager(Staff or Server)

Table 2.7. Functional Requirement 4

Requirement Tag	FR4
Requirement Description	The Client must be able to withdraw or deposit amount
Dependent on Requirements	FR1,FR2
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client

Table 2.8. Data Requirement 4

Requirement Tag	DR4
Item Name	Account_ID ,Client_Phonenumber
Item Description	The Client must be abled to Withdraw or deposit money by using Account_ID and with Client_Phonenumber Verification via Client Manager(Staff or server)
Item Type	Integer , Integer
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client Manager(Staff or Server)

Table 2.9. Functional Requirement 5

Requirement Tag	FR5
Requirement Description	Client must be able to do Online Shopping using ATM card or Account number
Dependent on Requirements	FR1,FR2
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client

Table 2.10. Data Requirement 5

Requirement Tag	DR5
Item Name	Account_ID (or ATM card number), Client_Phonenumber , CVV
Item Description	Here customer must be able to do online shopping by providing details of Account_ID (or ATM card number) CVV and with Phone number Verification
Item Type	Integer, Integer, Integer
User/System interacting with the requirement	Client Manager (Staff or Server)

Presentation of ER diagram

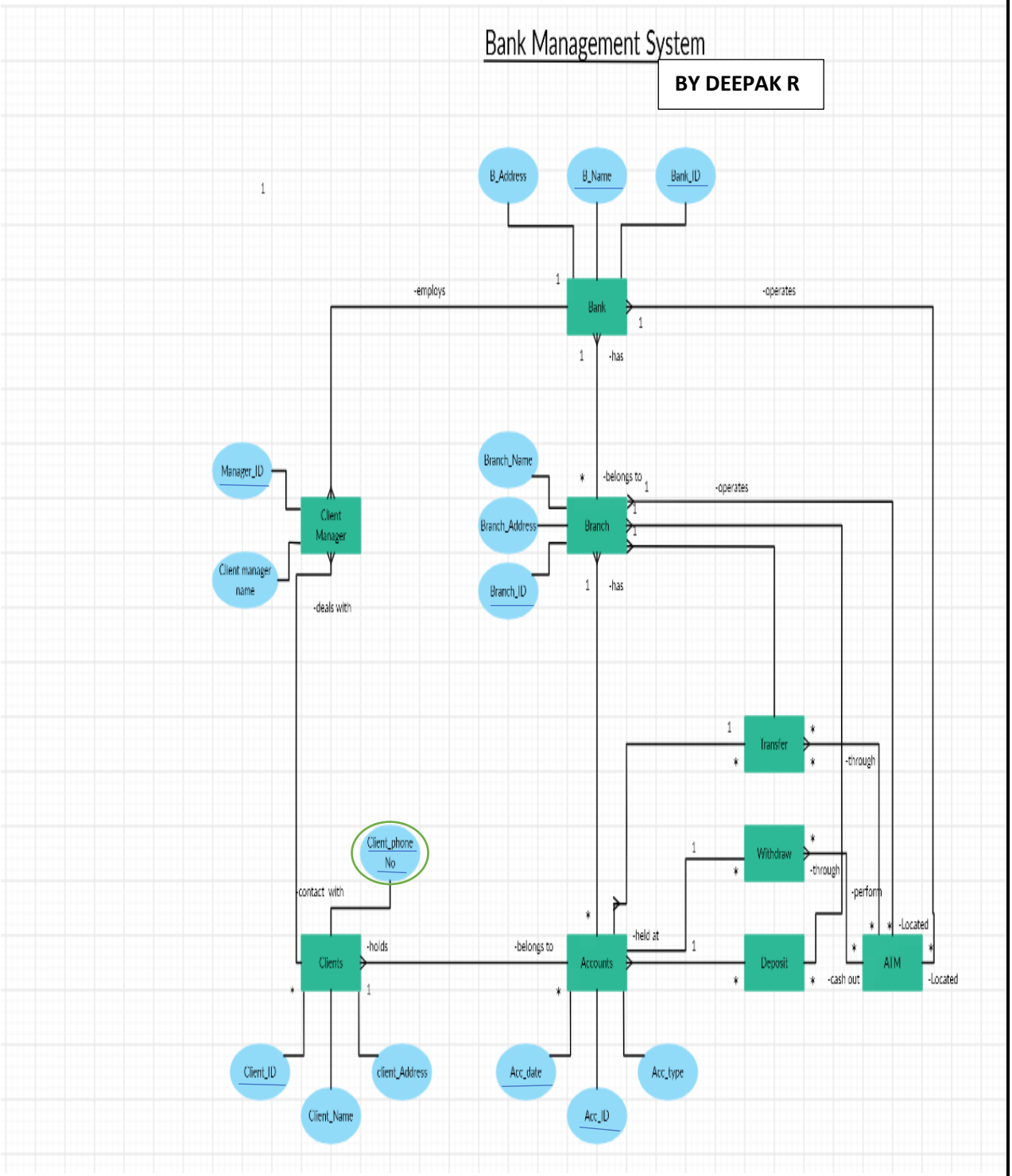

Fig 2.1 Representation of Bank Management System in ER Diagram

Here Client Manager can be Staff and Online Server

Assumed * as N (n th term) while observing Entity Relationship

6. Conclusions

An Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD) is a visual representation of different data using conventions that describe how these data are related to each other.

ER diagrams constitute a very useful framework for creating and manipulating databases. First, ER diagrams are easy to understand and do not require a person to undergo extensive training to be able to work with it efficiently and accurately. This means that designers can use ER diagrams to easily communicate with developers, customers, and end users, regardless of their IT proficiency. Second, ER diagrams are readily translatable into relational tables which can be used to quickly build databases. In addition, ER diagrams can directly be used by database developers as the blueprint for implementing data in specific software applications. Lastly, ER diagrams may be applied in other contexts such as describing the different relationships and operations within an organization.

7. Comments

1. Limitations of Experiments

- Limited expressiveness
- Not concise
- Can be ambiguous
- Mostly for relational database only.

2. Limitations of Results

- Loss of information content: Some information be lost or hidden in ER model
- Limited relationship representation: ER model represents limited relationship as compared to another data models like relational model etc.
- No representation of data manipulation: It is difficult to show data manipulation in ER model.
- Popular for high level design: ER model is very popular for designing high level design
- No industry standard for notation

3. **Learning happened**

- Conceptually it is very simple: ER model is very simple because if we know relationship between entities and attributes, then we can easily draw an ER diagram.
- Better visual representation: ER model is a diagrammatic representation of any logical structure of database. By seeing ER diagram, we can easily understand relationship among entities and relationship.
- Effective communication tool: It is an effective communication tool for database designer.
- Highly integrated with relational model: ER model can be easily converted into relational model by simply converting ER model into tables
- Easy conversion to any data model: ER model can be easily converted into another data model like hierarchical data model, network data model and so on.

5. Recommendations

- Try to make unambiguous ER diagrams
- Make it more concise
- Try to be more expressive in the diagram