

#### pointer

noun[C]

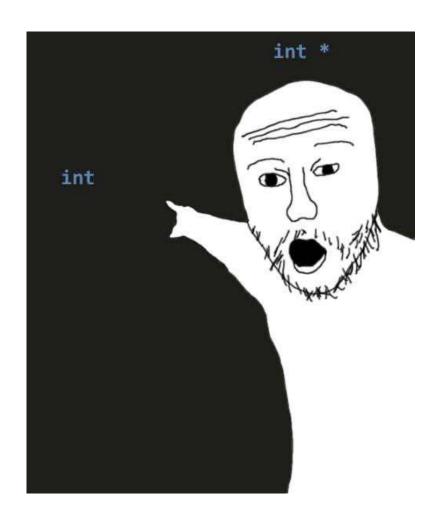
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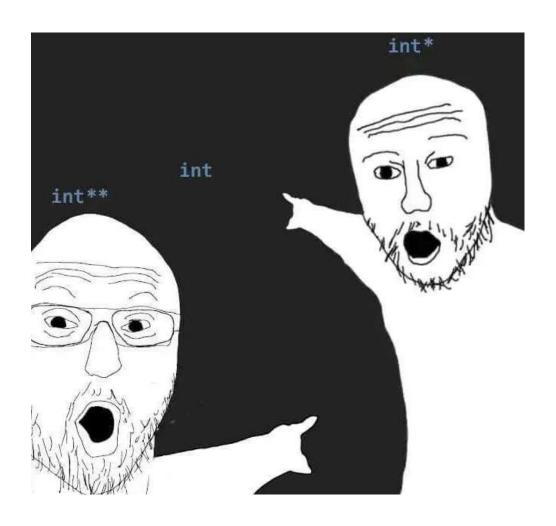
#### pointer noun [C] (STICK)

Add to word list !



Ljupco/iStock/Getty Images Plus/GettyImages something that is used for pointing at things, such as a long, thin stick that you hold to direct attention to a place on a map or words on a board, or a cursor





<Local Variables> 1 Byte

int x = ???; // 4 Byte char c = '?'; // 1 Byte int y = ???; // 4 Byte

Local variables are typically stored in stack memory.

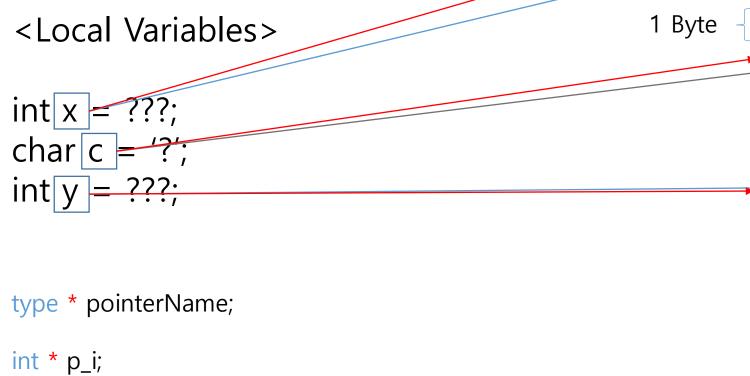
Each local variable's address is managed internally.

(Each local variable's address is determined at runtime using the stack pointer(ESP/RSP) and base pointer(EBP/RBP))

To check where local variable is stored, we use pointer to get its memory address

	Address	Memory
	0x10	01111010
_	0x11	11100010
	0x12	00000111
	0x13	01011101
	0x14	00000101
	0x15	
	0x16	
	0x17	
	0x18	11111110
	0x19	01100010
	0x1A	11100111
	0x1B	01011101
	0x1C	
	0x1D	
	0x1E	
	0x1F	
	0x20	
	0x21	
	0x22	

char \* p\_c;



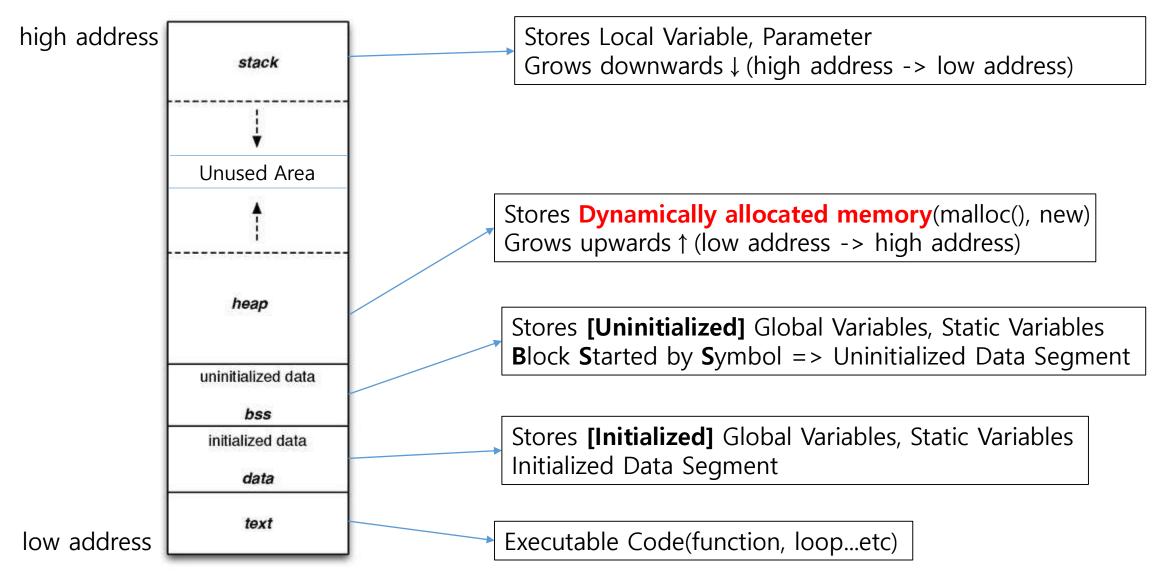
	Address	Memory
-	0x10	01111010
	0x11	11100010
	0x12	00000111
	0x13	01011101
•	0x14	00000101
	0x15	
	0x16	
	0x17	
	0x18	11111110
	0x19	01100010
	0x1A	11100111
	0x1B	01011101
	0x1C	
	0x1D	
	0x1E	
	0x1F	
	0x20	
	0x21	
	0x22	

## Why do we need pointer?

```
int MultiplyXY(int X, int Y)
  int result_func = X * Y;
  return result_func;
int main(void)
  int a = 9, b = 6;
  int result_main = MultiplyXY(a, b);
  //print
  return 0;
```

Address	Memory
0x10	00001001
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	
0x15	
0x16	
0x17	
0x18	00001001
<del>0</del> x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

### Why do we need pointer?



int 
$$x = 9$$
;
Pointer declaration

Returns address of the variable

\*p\_x = \begin{align\*} & Pointer dereference & Pointer dereferenc

```
int x = 9;
int *p_x = &x;
*p_x = 11936;
printf("%d\n", *p_x);
printf("%d\n", x);
```

Address	Memory
0x10	00001001
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	
0x15	
0x16	
0x17	
0x18	
0x19	
0x1A	
0x1B	
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

```
int *p_x = &x;

*p_x = 11936;

printf("%d\n", *p_x);

printf("%d\n", x);
```

	Address	Memory
•	0x10	00001001
_	0x11	00000000
	0x12	00000000
	0x13	00000000
	0x14	
	0x15	
	0x16	
	0x17	
	0x18	
	0x19	
	0x1A	
	0x1B	
	0x1C	
	0x1D	
	0x1E	
	0x1F	
	0x20	
	0x21	
	0x22	

X		9
	X	X =

int \*
$$p_x = &x$$

```
p_x = 11936;
```

printf("%d\n",  $*p_x$ );

printf("%d\n", x);

&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

Address	Memory
0x10	00001001
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	
0x15	
0x16	
0x17	
0x18	00010000
0x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	00000000
0x1D	00000000
0x1E	00000000
0x1F	00000000
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	
	0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21

$$int x = 9;$$

int \*
$$p_x = &x$$
;

 $p_x = 11936$ ; // same as x=11936

printf("%d\n", \* $p_x$ );

printf("%d\n", x);

&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Memory
*	0x10	00001001
_	0x11	00000000
	0x12	00000000
	0x13	00000000
	0x14	
	0x15	
	0x16	
	0x17	
	0x18	00010000
	0x19	00000000
	0x1A	00000000
	0x1B	00000000
	0x1C	00000000
	0x1D	00000000
	0x1E	00000000
	0x1F	00000000
	0x20	
	0x21	
	0x22	

dereferencing

$$int x = 9$$

int \*
$$p_x = &x$$

printf("%d\n", \*
$$p_x$$
);

&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Memory
7	0x10	00001001
	0x11	00000000
	0x12	00000000
	0x13	00000000
	0x14	
	0x15	
	0x16	
	0x17	
	0x18	00010000
	0x19	00000000
	0x1A	00000000
	0x1B	00000000
	0x1C	00000000
	0x1D	00000000
	0x1E	00000000
	0x1F	00000000
	0x20	
	0x21	
	0x22	

dereferencing

$$int x = 9$$

int \*
$$p_x = &x$$

$$*p_x = 11936$$
; // same as x=11936

printf("%d\n", 
$$*p_x$$
);

&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Momory
		Memory
7	0x10	10100000
_	0x11	00101110
	0x12	00000000
	0x13	00000000
	0x14	
	0x15	
	0x16	
	0x17	
	0x18	00010000
	0x19	00000000
	0x1A	00000000
	0x1B	00000000
	0x1C	00000000
	0x1D	00000000
	0x1E	00000000
	0x1F	00000000
	0x20	
	0x21	
	0x22	

#### Pointer - scanf

```
int x = 0;
scanf("%d", &x);
printf("%d", x);
```

#### LAB – PointerIntro

- Create a file named 'PointerIntro\_YourName.c'
- Declare three different types of variables (ex int, float, char)
- Declare pointers for each of these variables
- Assign values to the variables using pointers
- Print the values using pointers

```
int x = 9;
int *p_x = &x;
int **pp_x = &p_x;

**pp_x = 11936;
printf("%d\n", x);
```

Address	Memory
0x10	00001001
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	
0x15	
0x16	
0x17	
0x18	
0x19	
0x1A	
0x1B	
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

```
int x = 9;
int *p_x = &x;
int **pp_x = &p_x;

**pp_x = 11936;
printf("%d\n", x);
```

Address	Memory
0x10	00001001
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	00010000
0x15	00000000
0x16	00000000
0x17	00000000
0x18	00000000
0x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

int x = 9;
int * $p_x = &x$
int **pp_x = $&p_x$ ;
**pp_x = 11936;

printf("%d\n", x);

&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

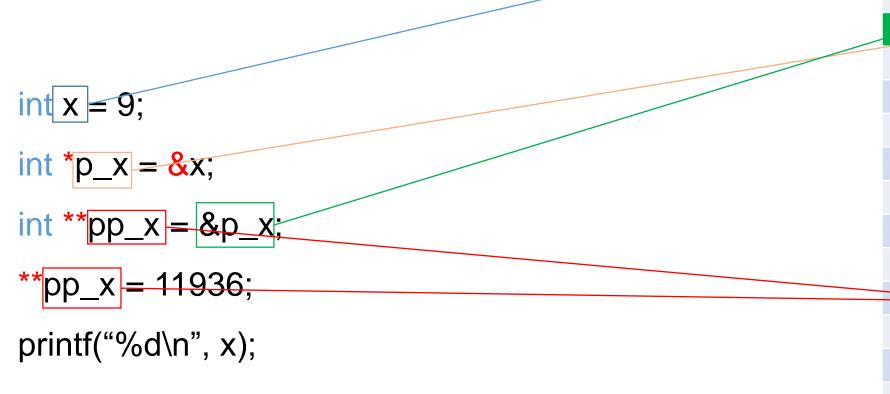
Address	Memory
0x10	00001001
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	00010000
0x15	00000000
0x16	00000000
0x17	00000000
0x18	00000000
0x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

0x10

int x = 9;
int * $p_x = &x$ ;
int ** $pp_x = &p_x$ ,
**pp_x = 11936;
printf("%d\n", x);

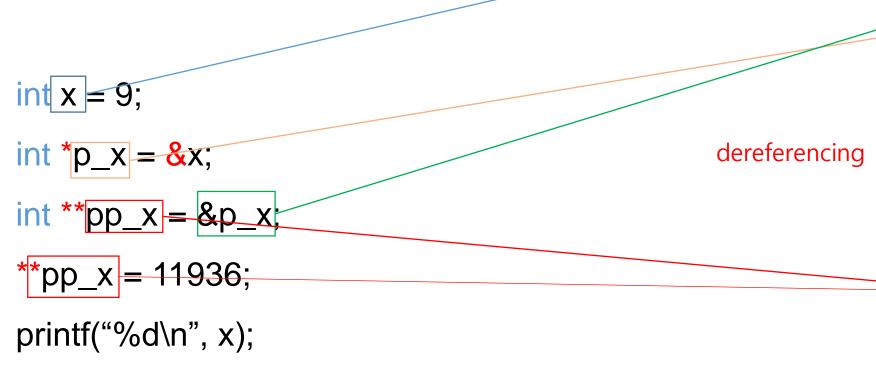
&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Memory	
	0x10	00001001	
_	0x11	00000000	
	0x12	00000000	
	0x13	00000000	
_	0x14	00010000	
	0x15	00000000	
	0x16	00000000	
	0x17	00000000	- 0x10
	0x18	00000000	UXTU
	0x19	00000000	
	0x1A	00000000	
	0x1B	00000000	
	0x1C	00011100	
	0x1D	00000000	
	0x1E	00000000	
	0x1F	00000000	
	0x20	00000000	- 0x14
	0x21	00000000	
	0x22	00000000	



&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Memory	
	0x10	00001001	
_	0x11	00000000	
	0x12	00000000	
	0x13	00000000	
_	0x14	00010000	
	0x15	00000000	
	0x16	00000000	
	0x17	00000000	- 0x10
	0x18	00000000	UXTU
	0x19	00000000	
	0x1A	00000000	
	0x1B	00000000	
	0x1C	00011100	
	0x1D	00000000	
	0x1E	00000000	
	0x1F	00000000	
	0x20	00000000	- 0x14
	0x21	00000000	
	0x22	00000000	
		L	



&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Memory	
	0x10	00001001	
_	0x11	00000000	
	0x12	00000000	
	0x13	00000000	
	0x14	00010000	
	0x15	00000000	
	0x16	00000000	
	0x17	00000000	0.10
	0x18	00000000	- 0x10
	0x19	00000000	
	0x1A	00000000	
	0x1B	00000000	
	0x1C	00011100	
	0x1D	00000000	
	0x1E	00000000	
	0x1F	00000000	0.44
	0x20	00000000	- 0x14
	0x21	00000000	
	0x22	00000000	

int 
$$x = 9$$
;

int \*
$$p_x = &x$$

int \*\*
$$pp_x = &p_x$$
;

$$**pp_x = 11936;$$

printf("%d\n", x);

&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Memory	
	0x10	00001001	
	0x11	00000000	
	0x12	00000000	
dereferencing -	0x13	00000000	
	0x14	00010000	
	0x15	00000000	
	0x16	00000000	
	0x17	00000000	0,40
dereferencing	0x18	00000000	- 0x10
	0x19	00000000	
	0x1A	00000000	
	0x1B	00000000	
	0x1C	00011100	
	0x1D	00000000	
ne variable dereference	0x1E	00000000	
	0x1F	00000000	
	0x20	00000000	0x14
	0x21	00000000	
	0x22	00000000	

int 
$$x = 9$$
;

int \*
$$p_x = &x$$

int \*\*
$$pp_x = &p_x$$

$$**pp_x = 11936;$$

printf("%d\n", x);

&(Ampersand): Used in front of the variable, returns address of the variable \*(Asterisk): Can be used for both pointer declaration and pointer dereference

	Address	Memory
	0x10	10100000
	0x11	00101110
	0x12	00000000
dereferencing -	0x13	00000000
	0x14	00010000
	0x15	00000000
	0x16	00000000
	0x17	00000000
dereferencing	0x18	00000000
	0x19	00000000
	0x1A	00000000
	0x1B	00000000
	0x1C	00011100
	0x1D	00000000
	0x1E	00000000
	0x1F	00000000
ne variable	0x20	00000000
dereference	0x21	00000000
	0x22	00000000
		L

0x10

0x14

#### LAB – DoublePointer

- Create a file named 'DoublePointer\_YourName.c'
- Declare an int type variable and a pointer to that variable
- Declare a double pointer that stores the address of the first pointer
- Assign values to the int type variable using both single and double pointers
- Print the int type variable's value using the
  - Variable
  - single pointer
  - double pointer

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

Address	Memory
0x10	00000010
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	00000000
0x15	00000000
0x16	00000000
0x17	00000000
0x18	00011001
0x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

Address	Memory
0x10	00000010
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	00000000
0x15	00000000
0x16	00000000
0x17	00000000
0x18	00011001
0x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

Address	Memory
0x10	00000010
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	00000000
0x15	00000000
0x16	00000000
0x17	00000000
0x18	00011001
0x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

4 Byte

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

+1 to a pointer type :
Add size of the variable type

In this case, arr type is int (4 Byte)

Address	Memory
0x10	00000010
0x11	00000000
0x12	00000000
0x13	00000000
0x14	00000000
0x15	00000000
0x16	00000000
0x17	00000000
0x18	00011001
0x19	00000000
0x1A	00000000
0x1B	00000000
0x1C	
0x1D	
0x1E	
0x1F	
0x20	
0x21	
0x22	

4 Byte

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

+1 to a pointer type :
Add size of the variable type

In this case, arr type is int (4 Byte)

Address	Memory					
0x10	00000010					
0x11	00000000					
0x12	00000000					
0x13	00000000					
0x14	00000000					
0x15	00000000					
0x16	00000000					
0x17	00000000					
0x18	00011001					
0x19	00000000					
0x1A	00000000					
0x1B	00000000					
0x1C						
0x1D						
0x1E						
0x1F						
0x20						
0x21						
0x22						

4 Byte

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

+1 to a pointer type :
Add size of the variable type

In this case, arr type is int (4 Byte)

Address	Memory					
0x10	00000010					
0x11	00000000					
0x12	00000000					
0x13	00000000					
0x14						
0x15	00000000					
0x16	00000000					
0x17	00000000					
0x18	00011001					
0x19	00000000					
0x1A	00000000					
0x1B						
0x1C						
0x1D						
0x1E						
0x1F						
0x20						
0x21						
0x22						

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

	Address	Memory				
,	0x10	00000010				
	0x11	00000000				
	0x12	00000000				
	0x13	00000000				
	0x14	00000000				
	0x15	00000000				
	0x16	00000000				
	0x17	00000000				
	0x18	00011001				
	0x19	00000000				
	0x1A	00000000				
	0x1B					
	0x1C					
	0x1D					
	0x1E					
	0x1F					
	0x20					
	0x21					
	0x22					

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

Address	Memory					
0x10	00000010					
0x11	00000000					
0x12	00000000					
0x13	00000000					
0x14	00000000					
0x15	00000000					
0x16	00000000					
0x17	00000000					
0x18	00011001					
0x19	00000000 00000000 00000000					
0x1A						
0x1B						
0x1C						
0x1D						
0x1E						
0x1F						
0x20						
0x21						
0x22						

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

	Address	Memory				
	0x10	00000010				
	0x11	00000000				
	0x12	00000000				
	0x13	00000000				
•	0x14	00000000				
	0x15	00000000				
	0x16	00000000				
	0x17	00000000				
	0x18	00011001				
	0x19	00000000				
	0x1A	00000000				
	0x1B					
	0x1C					
	0x1D					
	0x1E					
	0x1F					
	0x20					
	0x21					
	0x22					
		l				

```
int arr[3] = \{2,0,25\};
printf("%p", (void*)arr);
printf("%d", *arr);
printf("%p", (void*)(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr+1));
printf("%d", *(arr)+1);
printf("%d", *(arr+1)+1);
```

Address	Memory					
0x10	00000010					
0x11	00000000					
0x12	00000000					
0x13	00000000					
0x14	00000000					
0x15	00000000					
0x16	00000000					
0x17	00000000					
0x18	00011001					
0x19	00000000					
0x1A	00000000					
0x1B	00000000					
0x1C						
0x1D						
0x1E						
0x1F						
0x20						
0x21						
0x22						
	I					

```
int i = 2;

int arr_1D[3] = \{2,0,25\};
```

```
int i = 2; type \ of \ arr_1D = int \ * \ -> int = 4 \ Byte int \ arr_1D[3] = \{2,0,25\}; arr_1D = address \ of \ arr_1D[0] => 2 arr_1D+1 = address \ of \ arr_1D[1] => 0
```

```
int i = 2; 

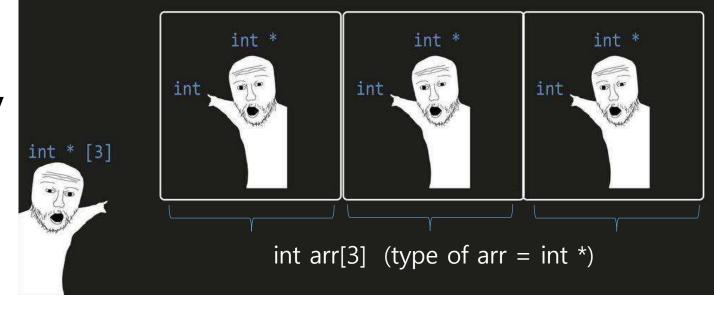
int arr_1D[3] = \{2,0,25\}; 

*(arr_1D) = value of arr_1D[0] => 2 

*(arr_1D)+1 = value of arr_1D[0]+1 => 3
```

```
int i = 2;
```

```
int arr_1D[3] = \{2,0,25\};
```



type of arr\_2D = int \* 
$$[3]$$
 -> int $[3]$  = 12 Byte

```
int arr_2D[2][3] = \{\{2,0,25\},\{1,3,5\}\};

arr_2D = address of arr_2D[0][0] => 2

arr_2D+1 = address of arr_2D[1][0] => 1
```

```
int i = 2; 

int arr_1D[3] = \{2,0,25\}; 

int arr_2D[2][3] = \{\{2,0,25\},\{1,3,5\}\}; 

**(arr_2D) = value of arr_2D[0][0] => 2 

**(arr_2D)+1 = value of arr_2D[0][0]+1 => 3
```

```
int i = 2;
int arr_1D[3] = \{2,0,25\};
int arr_2D[2][3] = \{\{2,0,25\},\{1,3,5\}\};
                                                      type of arr_3D = int * [2][3] -> int[2][3] = 24 Byte
int arr_3D[2][2][3] = \{\{\{2,0,25\},\{1,3,5\}\},\{2,0,24\},\{9,8,7\}\}\};
                                       \rightarrow arr_3D = address of arr_3D[0][0] => 2
                                            arr_3D+1 = address of arr_3D[?][?]+1 => ???
```

### LAB – Pointer2DArray

- Create a file named 'Pointer2DArray\_YourName.c'
- Declare a 2D integer array of size 10 x 5 (int arr[5][10])
- Declare a pointer to the first element of the 2D array
- Use only pointer arithmetic to access and print all elements in row-major order
- Print the values in a formatted matrix style

m	atrix	[i]	[j]								
	-	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
o [		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ı [		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 [		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 [		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0