

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 2\_CY

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Rohith is a data analyst who needs to categorize countries based on their population growth rates. Each country is assigned a unique code. Rohith will receive a code and corresponding data based on the code. If the data falls within specific thresholds, he needs to classify the country's priority level.

Your task is to write a program that reads a country code and its associated data, and then determines if the priority is "High" or "Low."

Thresholds: France: Priority is "High" if the percentage < 50, else "Low". Japan: Priority is "High" if life expectancy > 80, else "Low". Brazil: Priority is "High" if the urban population > 80, else "Low".

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the country code (1 for France, 2 for Japan, 3 for Brazil).

If the country code is 1,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value N, representing the percentage of the English-speaking population.

If the country code is 2,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value A, representing the average life expectancy in years.

If the country code is 3,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value P, representing the percentage of the urban population.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output displays "Priority: High" or "Priority: Low" based on the input data.

If the country code is invalid, print "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

30.0

Output: Priority: High

### ***Answer***

```
country_code=int(input())
if country_code==1:
    N=float(input())
    if N<50:
        print("Priority: High")
    else:
        print("Priority: Low")
```

```
elif country_code==2:
    A=float(input())
    if A>80:
        print("Priority: High")
    else:
        print("Priority: Low")
elif country_code==3:
    P=float(input())
    if P>80:
        print("Priority: High")
    else:
        print("Priority: Low")
else:
    print("invalid")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

Nisha is a mathematics enthusiast, eager to explore the realm of twin prime numbers. The objective is to develop a program that enables the discovery and presentation of twin prime pairs.

The program should take an integer 'n' as input and generate 'n' pairs of twin primes, displaying the pairs with a difference of 2 between them.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, n.

### **Output Format**

The output displays the 'n' pairs of twin primes, the pairs with a difference of 2 between them.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 5

Output: 3 5

5 7

11 13

17 19

29 31

**Answer**

# You are using Python

```
n= int(input())
```

```
if n<1:
```

```
    print("Invalid input")
```

```
    exit()
```

```
def is_prime(num):
```

```
    if num<=1:
```

```
        return False
```

```
    if num==2:
```

```
        return True
```

```
    if num%2==0:
```

```
        return False
```

```
    for i in range(3,int(num**0.5)+1,2):
```

```
        if num%i==0:
```

```
            return False
```

```
    return True
```

```
count=0
```

```
num=2
```

```
while count<n:
```

```
    if is_prime(num) and is_prime(num+2):
```

```
        print(num,num+2)
```

```
        count+=1
```

```
    num+=1
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

Max is fascinated by prime numbers and the Fibonacci sequence. He wants to combine these two interests by creating a program that outputs the first n prime numbers within the Fibonacci sequence.

Your task is to help Max by writing a program that prints the first n prime numbers in the Fibonacci sequence using a while loop along with the break statement to achieve the desired functionality.

### ***Input Format***

The input consists of an integer n, representing the number of prime Fibonacci numbers to generate.

### ***Output Format***

The output displays space-separated first n prime numbers found in the Fibonacci sequence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 5

Output: 2 3 5 13 89

### ***Answer***

```
def is_prime(num):  
    if num<2:  
        return False  
    for i in range(2,int(num**0.5)+1):  
        if num%i==0:  
            return False  
    return True
```

```
def prime_fib(n):  
    fib1,fib2=0,1  
    prime_fibs=[]
```

```
    while True:  
        if is_prime(fib1):  
            prime_fibs.append(fib1)  
            if len(prime_fibs)==n:  
                break  
        fib1,fib2=fib2,fib1+fib2
```

```
print(" ".join(map(str,prime_fibs)))  
n=int(input())  
prime_fib(n)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Taylor is tasked with a mathematical challenge that requires finding the smallest positive number divisible by all integers from 1 to n.

Help Taylor to determine the smallest positive number that is divisible by all integers from 1 to n. Make sure to employ the break statement to ensure efficiency in the program.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a single integer, n.

##### ***Output Format***

The output displays the smallest positive number that is divisible by all integers from 1 to n.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

##### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 10

Output: 2520

##### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
n=int(input())
```

```
if n<1:
```

```
    print("Invalid input. Please enter an integer greater than or equal to 1.")
```

```
elif n==1:
```

```
    print(1)
```

```
else:  
    result=1  
    for i in range(2,n+1):  
        candidate=result  
        while True:  
            if candidate%i==0:  
                result=candidate  
                break  
            candidate+=result  
print(result)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10