Introduction to Database Systems Olympic Games



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"The most important motivation for the research work that resulted in the relational model was the objective of providing a sharp and clear boundary between the logical and physical aspects of database management."

— Edgar F. Codd, February 1982

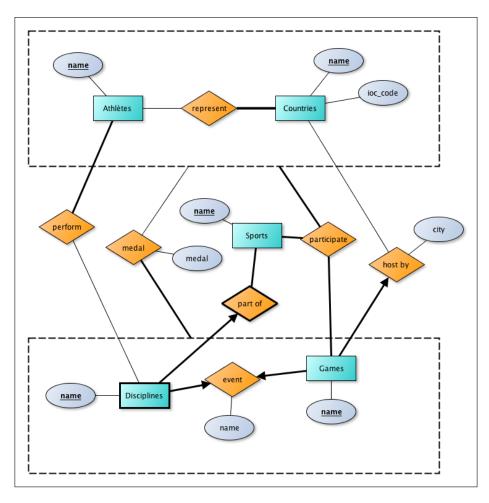
Contents

| 1 | Introduction | 1 |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | Entityrelationship model | 2 |
| 3 | Relational schema and constraints | 3 |
| 4 | SOL Data definition language statements | 4 |

1

Introduction

Entityrelationship model



3

Relational schema and constraints

SQL Data definition language statements

```
## Sorry for the names guys. We surely will change them
                                                            when
      ⇒implementing the DB.
   3
4
5
   # Note : Could not force the participation constraint to
      ⇒Disciplines.
6
   CREATE TABLE Athletes (
7
                             char (20),
8
      PRIMARY KEY (name)
9
10
11
   # Note : Could not force the participation constraint to Athletes.
12 | CREATE TABLE Countries (
13
                             char (20),
     name
14
      ioc_code
                             char(6),
15
      PRIMARY KEY (name)
16
17
18
   # Note : Could not force the participation
                                               constraint to
      ⇒Disciplines.
19
   CREATE TABLE Sports (
20
                             char (20),
21
      PRIMARY KEY (name)
22
23
24
25
   CREATE TABLE Games (
26
     name
                            char (20),
27
      host_country
                            char (20) NOT NULL,
                            char (20) NOT NULL,
28
     host_city
29
      number_of_countries
                            integer(6),
30
      number of athletes
                            integer (6),
31
      number of events
                            integer(6),
      PRIMARY KEY (name),
32
33
      FOREIGN KEY (host_country) REFERENCES Countries (name)
34
35
36 | CREATE TABLE Disciplines (
37
           char (20),
```

```
38 |
       sport
                               char (20),
       PRIMARY KEY (sport, name),
39
40
       FOREIGN KEY (sport) REFERENCES Sports (name)
41
          ON DELETE CASCADE
42
43
44
    ############## RELATIONS ####################
45
46
   CREATE TABLE Athletes_represent_Countries (
47
       athlete_name
                               char (20),
48
                               char (20),
       country_name
49
       PRIMARY KEY (athlete_name, country_name),
50
       FOREIGN KEY (athlete_name) REFERENCES Athletes (name),
51
       FOREIGN KEY (country_name) REFERENCES Countries (name)
52
53
54
   CREATE TABLE Athletes_performs_Discipline (
55
       athlete name
                              char (20),
56
       discipline name
                               char (20),
57
      PRIMARY KEY (athlete name, discipline name),
58
       FOREIGN KEY (athlete_name) REFERENCES Athletes (name),
59
       FOREIGN KEY (discipline_name) REFERENCES Disciplines (name)
60
61
62
   CREATE TABLE Disciplines_event_Games (
63
      name
                               char (20),
64
       discipline
                               char (20),
65
       games
                               char (20),
       PRIMARY KEY (discipline, games),
66
       FOREIGN KEY (discipline) REFERENCES Disciplines (name),
67
68
       FOREIGN KEY (games) REFERENCES Games (name)
69
   )
70
71
   # Ternary relationship
72
   CREATE TABLE Representant_participates_Sports_and_Games (
73
      athlete
                              char (20),
74
       country
                               char (20),
75
       sport
                              char (20),
76
                               char (20),
       olympics
77
       PRIMARY KEY (athlete, country_name, sport, olympics),
78
       FOREIGN KEY (athlete_name, country_name) REFERENCES
           →Athletes_represent_Countries (athlete_name, country_name),
79
       FOREIGN KEY (olympics) REFERENCES Games (name),
80
       FOREIGN KEY (sport) REFERENCES Sports (name)
81
82
83
   # Here event is a shortcut to
                                    table Disciplines_event_Games
   # Note : There is no "event" field here.
84
85
   CREATE TABLE Representant_medal_Event (
86
      medalist
                              char (20),
87
      country
                              char (20),
88
       medal
                              char (20),
89
       discipline_name
                              char (20),
90
                               char (20),
       olympics
91
       PRIMARY KEY (medalist, country, discipline_name, olympics),
92
       FOREIGN KEY (medalist, country) REFERENCES
           → Athletes_represent_Countries (athlete_name, country_name),
93
       FOREIGN KEY (discipline_name, olympics) REFERENCES
```

```
Disciplines_event_Games (discipline, games)

94 )
```

Listing 4.1: Salut