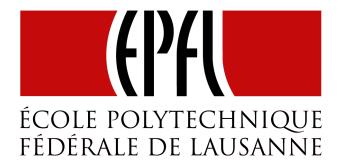
Introduction to Database Systems Olympic Games



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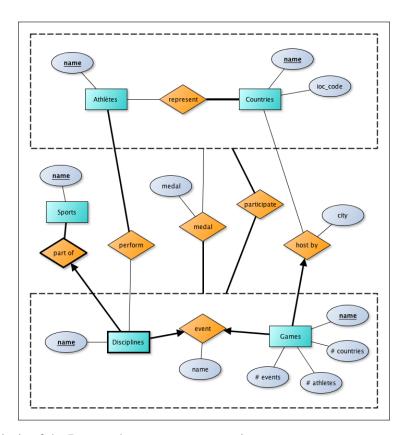




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Entityrelationship model



From the analysis of the Dataset, here are our assumptions:

- o An Athlete is always performing a Discipline instead of just a Sport.
- An **Athlete** can represent only a **Country** for a **Game**. However, he can represent another **Country** for another **Game**.
- A Game can only be hosted by one and only one Country, but this Country can host several Games.
- Each **Discipline** is defined by its **Sport**.
- o An *Event* is characterized by only a **Game** and only a **Discipline**.
- o A Medal is obtained for a Representant during an Event.
- o A Participant is formed by both a Representant and an Event.

Relational schema and constraints

2.1 Relational schema

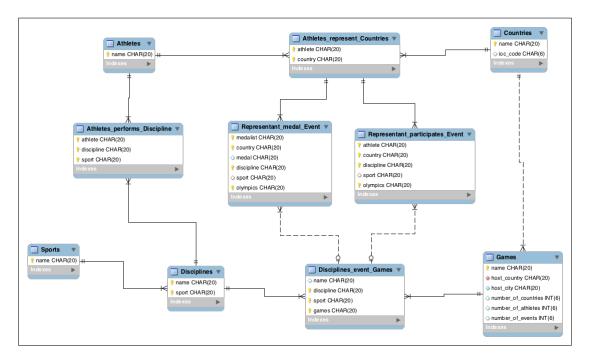


Figure 2.1: Generated EER Model from MySQL Workbench.

After implementing the DDL from Section 2.2, we generated the scheme in Figure 2.1 using MySQL Workbench.

2.2 SQL Data definition language statements

We decided to implement our project, using the Oracle MySQL database management system. Following is the listing of our entities and relations.

```
7
    -- Note : Could not force the participation constraint to Athletes.
8
   CREATE TABLE Countries (
9
     name
                               char (20),
10
      ioc code
                               char (6),
11
      PRIMARY KEY (name)
12
13
14
    -- Note : Could not force the participation constraint to
       ⇒Disciplines.
15
   CREATE TABLE Sports (
16
                               char (20),
      name
17
      PRIMARY KEY (name)
18
19
   );
20
21
   CREATE TABLE Games (
22
      name
                               char (20),
23
                               char (20) NOT NULL,
      host_country
24
                               char (20) NOT NULL,
     host city
25
     number_of_countries
                              integer(6),
26
      number_of_athletes
                               integer(6),
27
      number_of_events
                               integer(6),
28
      PRIMARY KEY (name),
29
      FOREIGN KEY (host_country) REFERENCES Countries (name)
30
   );
31
32
   CREATE TABLE Disciplines (
33
      name
                               char (20),
34
                               char (20),
       sport
35
      PRIMARY KEY (name, sport),
36
      FOREIGN KEY (sport) REFERENCES Sports (name)
37
          ON DELETE CASCADE
38
```

Listing 2.1: DDL Entities

```
CREATE TABLE Athletes_represent_Countries (
2
      athlete
                             char (20),
3
                              char (20),
      country
      PRIMARY KEY (athlete, country),
4
      FOREIGN KEY (athlete) REFERENCES Athletes (name),
5
6
      FOREIGN KEY (country) REFERENCES Countries (name)
7
   );
8
9
   CREATE TABLE Athletes_performs_Discipline (
10
                              char (20),
      athlete
11
      discipline
                              char (20),
12
                              char (20),
      PRIMARY KEY (athlete, discipline, sport),
13
14
      FOREIGN KEY (athlete) REFERENCES Athletes (name),
      FOREIGN KEY (discipline, sport) REFERENCES Disciplines (name,
15
          ⇒sport)
16
   );
17
   CREATE TABLE Disciplines_event_Games (
18
19 |
                 char (20),
```

```
20
       discipline
                               char (20),
21
       sport
                               char (20),
22
       games
                               char (20),
23
       PRIMARY KEY (discipline, sport, games),
       FOREIGN KEY (discipline, sport) REFERENCES Disciplines (name,
           ⇒sport),
25
       FOREIGN KEY (games) REFERENCES Games (name)
26
   );
27
28
    -- Here Event is a shortcut to table Disciplines_event_Games
29
30
   CREATE TABLE Representant_participates_Event (
31
      athlete
                               char (20),
32
                               char (20),
       country
33
       discipline
                               char (20),
34
       sport
                               char (20),
35
                               char (20),
       olympics
36
       PRIMARY KEY (athlete, country, discipline, olympics),
37
       FOREIGN KEY (athlete, country) REFERENCES
          ➡Athletes represent Countries (athlete, country),
38
       FOREIGN KEY (discipline, sport, olympics) REFERENCES
           ➡Disciplines_event_Games (discipline, sport, games)
39
   );
40
41
   CREATE TABLE Representant_medal_Event (
42
       medalist
                               char (20),
43
       country
                               char (20),
44
       medal
                               char (20),
45
                               char (20),
       discipline
46
                               char (20),
       sport
47
       olympics
                               char (20),
       PRIMARY KEY (medalist, country, discipline, olympics),
48
49
       FOREIGN KEY (medalist, country) REFERENCES
          ➡Athletes_represent_Countries (athlete, country),
50
       FOREIGN KEY (discipline, sport, olympics) REFERENCES
           ➡Disciplines_event_Games (discipline, sport, games)
51
```

Listing 2.2: DDL Relations