

# Homework 7

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CS331 Algorithms and Complexity

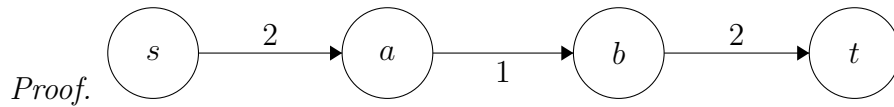
**Problem Q1(a). Prove or disprove**

Claim: Consider an implementation of Ford-Fulkerson algorithm which does not create any backward edges in the residual graph. It is claimed that, there exists a constant  $\alpha > 0$ , such that for any flow network  $G$ , this modified implementation is guaranteed to find a flow of value at least  $\alpha$  times the maximum-flow value in  $G$

**Problem Q1(b).** Consider a network  $G = (V, E)$  with a source  $s$ , a sink  $t$ , and a capacity  $c_e$  on every edge  $e \in E$ .

Claim: if  $f$  is a maximum  $s - t$  flow in  $G$ , then  $f$  either saturates every edge out of  $s$  or saturates every edge into  $t$ .

**False**



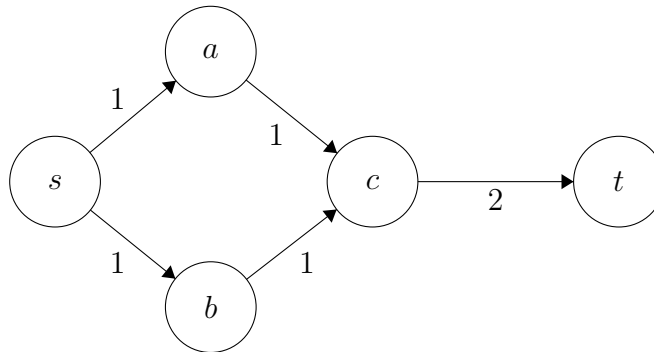
The min cut is  $A = \{s, a\}$ ,  $B = \{b, t\}$ . The value of this cut is 1, which implies the max flow  $f = 1$ . This does not saturate the edge leaving  $s$  or the edge entering  $t$ . □

**Problem Q1(c).** Consider a network  $G = (V, E)$  with a source  $s$ , a sink  $t$ , and a capacity  $c_e$  on every edge  $e \in E$ . Let  $A, B$  be a minimum  $s - t$  cut with respect to the capacities  $c_e$ .

Claim: If we add 1 to every capacity, namely  $\forall e \in E, c'_e = c_e + 1 \implies A, B$  is still a minimum  $s - t$  cut with respect to  $c'_e$

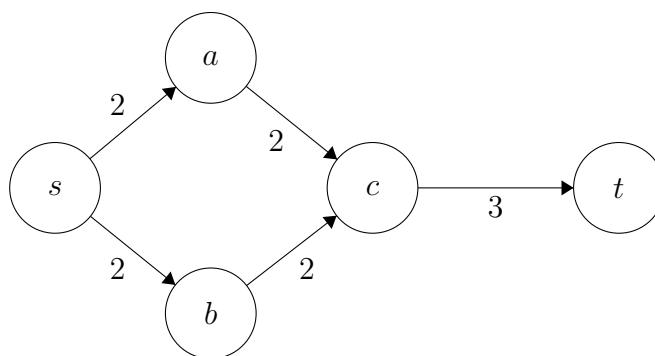
**False**

*Proof.* Let  $G$  be the graph as pictured below:



Note that a min cut in  $G$  is  $A = \{s, a, b\}$ ,  $B = \{c, t\}$  with a value of 2

Now consider  $G'$



Note that the cut  $A = \{s, a, b\}, B = \{c, t\}$  now has a value of 4, whereas the cut  $A' = \{s, a, b, c\}, B' = \{t\}$  has a value of 3

□

**Problem Q2(a).**

**Problem Q2(b).**