

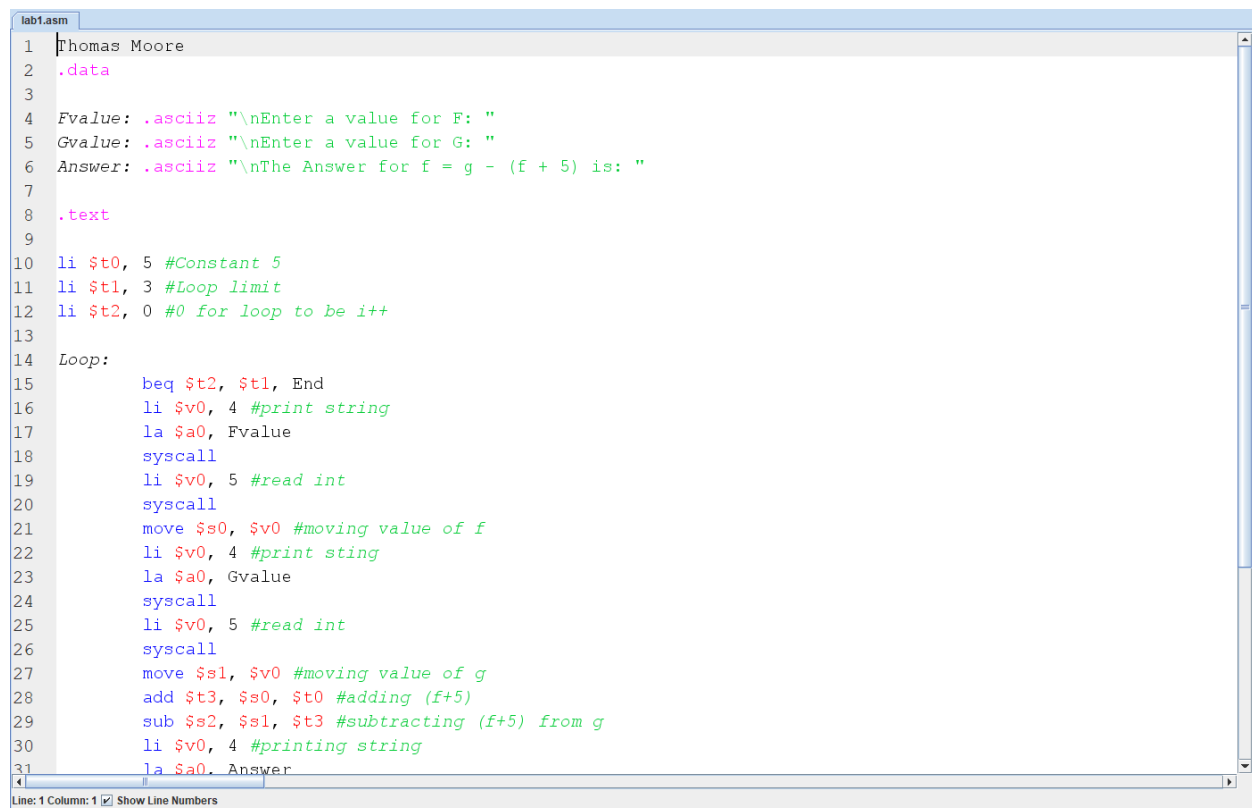
CS-35101  
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2/20/22

### Summary:

I implemented the project using a single loop using several registers to store temporary and constant data. I kept track of which registers held what data in the code using comments and using saved registers for holding final values while using temporary registers for mathematical operations. I would then move those values into the registers meant for holding values and results to print the final computation and appropriate string.

### Conclusion:

The main problem I faced was figuring out how to properly use system calls and understanding that the services are separated for printing and reading as well as by types such as int, string, or float. I think the most important lesson I learned is that the argument registers can have specific rules such as \$a0 being used to print integers. The second lesson I learned is the importance of the “move” function and its properties.



```
1 Thomas Moore
2 .data
3
4 Fvalue: .ascii "\nEnter a value for F: "
5 Gvalue: .ascii "\nEnter a value for G: "
6 Answer: .ascii "\nThe Answer for f = g - (f + 5) is: "
7
8 .text
9
10 li $t0, 5 #Constant 5
11 li $t1, 3 #Loop limit
12 li $t2, 0 #0 for loop to be i++
13
14 Loop:
15     beq $t2, $t1, End
16     li $v0, 4 #print string
17     la $a0, Fvalue
18     syscall
19     li $v0, 5 #read int
20     syscall
21     move $s0, $v0 #moving value of f
22     li $v0, 4 #print sting
23     la $a0, Gvalue
24     syscall
25     li $v0, 5 #read int
26     syscall
27     move $s1, $v0 #moving value of g
28     add $t3, $s0, $t0 #adding (f+5)
29     sub $s2, $s1, $t3 #subtracting (f+5) from g
30     li $v0, 4 #printing string
31     la $a0, Answer
```

Line: 1 Column: 1 ☒ Show Line Numbers

```

31      la $a0, Answer
32      syscall
33      move $a0, $s2 #moving answer to $a0
34      li $v0, 1 #print int
35      syscall
36      add $t2, $t2, 1
37      j Loop #jump to top of the Loop
38 End:
39      li $v0, 10 #terminate
40      syscall
41

```

Line: 1 Column: 1 ☒ Show Line Numbers

## Mars Messages

## Run I/O

```

Enter a value for F: 2

Enter a value for G: 10

The Answer for f = g - (f + 5) is: 3
Enter a value for F: 10

Enter a value for G: 20

The Answer for f = g - (f + 5) is: 5
Enter a value for F: 10

Enter a value for G: 10

The Answer for f = g - (f + 5) is: -5
-- program is finished running --

```