

Requirement				
exercise 1	scale is given for drawings			
	Force 1 drawn to scale on 1st set of axes			
	Force 2 drawn to scale on 2nd set of axes			
	component table	Force 1	Arithmetic	setting up the Force equation correctly for Force 1
				spiting r-hat into $\cos\theta\hat{x}+\sin\theta\hat{y}$
				multiplying mass times acceleration
				distributing (FOIL-ing) the force into the component vectors
			units	using correct units for mass and accelaration
				calculation finishes with units that have the correct order of magnitude
				calculation leads to correct units for a force.
				Force 1 x-component entered in table
		Force 1 y-component entered in table		
		Force 2	Arithmetic	setting up the Force equation correctly for Force 1
				spiting r-hat into $\cos\theta\hat{x}+\sin\theta\hat{y}$
				multiplying mass times acceleration
				distributing (FOIL-ing) the force into the component vectors
			units	using correct units for mass and accelaration
				calculation finishes with units that have the correct order of magnitude
				calculation leads to correct units for a force.
	Force 1 x-component entered in table			
	Force 1 y-component entered in table			
	x-components are summed correctly to yeild Resultant x-component			
	y-components are summed correctly to yeild Resultant y-component			
	F _R drawing	Force 2 has been drawn starting from the tip of Force 1 (or vice versa) on the lower set of axes and both are to scale.		
		The Resultant force has been drawn from the origin of the lower axes to the tip of the sum of the component axes .		
	ArcTangent	the angle of the reultant vector from the x-axis has been found using the arctan function		
		the operand of arctan is set up as y-component over x-component		
		units have been included and canceled correctly		
		the quadrent of the Resultant force has been accounted for and the actual angle of the resultant vector has been found		
	F _R calc	pythagorean theorem set up properly		
		units have been calculated correctly		
		Arithmetic has been performed correctly		
	F _E calc	F=ma used properly		
		units have been calculated correctly		
		Arithmetic has been performed correctly		
	% difs	the % difference has been found between the magnagues of the calculated and measured forces		
		difference in angle between the calculated and meaured angles is calculated		
	subtotal			

exercise 2				scale is given for drawings
				Force 1 drawn to scale on 1st set of axes
				Force 2 drawn to scale on 2nd set of axes
	component table	Force 1	Arithmetic	setting up the Force equation correctly for Force 1
				spiting r-hat into $\cos\theta\hat{x}+\sin\theta\hat{y}$
				multiplying mass times acceleration
				distributing (FOIL-ing) the force into the component vectors
			units	using correct units for mass and accelaration
				calculation finishes with units that have the correct order of magnitude
				calculation leads to correct units for a force.
			Force 1 x-component entered in table	
			Force 1 y-component entered in table	
		Force 2	Arithmetic	setting up the Force equation correctly for Force 1
				spiting r-hat into $\cos\theta\hat{x}+\sin\theta\hat{y}$
				multiplying mass times acceleration
				distributing (FOIL-ing) the force into the component vectors
			units	using correct units for mass and accelaration
				calculation finishes with units that have the correct order of magnitude
				calculation leads to correct units for a force.
			Force 1 x-component entered in table	
			Force 1 y-component entered in table	
		x-components are summed correctly to yeild Resultant x-component		
		y-components are summed correctly to yeild Resultant y-component		
	F _R drawing	Force 2 has been drawn starting from the tip of Force 1 (or vice versa) on the lower set of axes and both are to scale.		
		The Resultant force has been drawn from the origin of the lower axes to the tip of the sum of the component axes .		
	ArcTangent	the angle of the reultant vector from the x-axis has been found using the arctan function		
		the operand of arctan is set up as y-component over x-component		
		units have been included and canceled correctly		
		the quadrent of the Resultant force has been accounted for and the actual angle of the resultant vector has been found		
	F _R calc	pythagorean theorem set up properly		
		units have been calculated correctly		
		Arithmetic has been performed correctly		
	F _E calc	F=ma used properly		
		units have been calculated correctly		
		Arithmetic has been performed correctly		
	% difs	the % difference has been found between the magnagues of the calculated and measured forces		
		difference in angle between the calculated and meaured angles is calculated		
	subtotal			
	scale is given for drawings			
	Force 1 drawn to scale on 1st set of axes			

exercise 3

Force 2 drawn to scale on 2nd set of axes			
component table	Force 1	Arithmetic	setting up the Force equation correctly for Force 1
			spiting \hat{r} into $\cos\theta\hat{x}+\sin\theta\hat{y}$
			multiplying mass times acceleration
			distributing (FOIL-ing) the force into the component vectors
		units	using correct units for mass and accelaration
			calculation finishes with units that have the correct order of magnitude
			calculation leads to correct units for a force
		Force 1 x-component entered in table	
		Force 1 y-component entered in table	
	Force 2	Arithmetic	setting up the Force equation correctly for Force 1
			spiting \hat{r} into $\cos\theta\hat{x}+\sin\theta\hat{y}$
			multiplying mass times acceleration
			distributing (FOIL-ing) the force into the component vectors
		units	using correct units for mass and accelaration
			calculation finishes with units that have the correct order of magnitude
			calculation leads to correct units for a force.
		Force 2 x-component entered in table	
		Force 2 y-component entered in table	
	Force 3	Arithmetic	setting up the Force equation correctly for Force 1
			spiting \hat{r} into $\cos\theta\hat{x}+\sin\theta\hat{y}$
			multiplying mass times acceleration
			distributing (FOIL-ing) the force into the component vectors
		units	using correct units for mass and accelaration
			calculation finishes with units that have the correct order of magnitude
			calculation leads to correct units for a force.
		Force 3 x-component entered in table	
		Force 3y-component entered in table	
	x-components are summed correctly to yeild Resultant x-component		
	y-components are summed correctly to yeild Resultant y-component		
F_R drawing	Force 2 has been drawn starting from the tip of Force 1 (or vice versa) on the lower set of axes and both are to scale.		
	The Resultant force has been drawn from the origin of the lower axes to the tip of the sum of the component axes .		
ArcTangent	the angle of the reultant vector from the x-axis has been found using the arctan function		
	the operand of arctan is set up as y-component over x-component		
	units have been included and canceled correctly		
	the quadrent of the Resultant force has been accounted for and the actual angle of the resultant vector has been found		
F_R calc	pythagorean theorem set up properly		
	units have been calculated correctly		
	Arithmetic has been performed correctly		
F_E calc	$F=ma$ used properly		
	units have been calculated correctly		
	Arithmetic has been performed correctly		

	% difs	the % difference has been found between the magnagues of the calculated and measured forces
		difference in angle between the calculated and meaured angles is calculated
		subtotal
		total

Possible points
3
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2

	7
	5
	106
	286