16.216: ECE Application Programming

Spring 2014

Lecture 31: Key Questions April 18, 2014

2.	(Review) Explain how structures are passed to and returned from functions.

1. (Review) Explain how pointers are used to access structure variables.

- 3. **Example:** Write the following functions that use the StudentInfo structure
- Given a pointer to a single StudentInfo variable, print all of the student info to the screen using the following format:
 - o Michael J. Geiger
 - o ID #12345678
 - o GPA: 1.23

• Given an array of StudentInfo variables, compute and return the average GPA of all students in the list

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- Prompt the user to enter 3 lines of input (using the format below), read the appropriate values into StudentInfo elements, and return a value of type StudentInfo
 - o Format (user input <u>underlined</u>)

o Enter name: Michael J. Geiger o Enter ID #: 12345678

o Enter GPA: 1.23

5. Explain the malloc() function.

6. Explain the use of type casting, and why it is necessary with the allocation functions.

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7. Explain the calloc() function.

8. Explain the realloc() function.

2. Explain how to use dynamic memory allocation with strings.

3. Explain how to use dynamic memory allocation with two-dimensional arrays.

- 4. **Example:** Write each of the following functions:
- a. **char *readLine():** Read a line of data from the standard input, store that data in a dynamically allocated string, and return the string (as a **char ***)

 Hint: Read the data one character at a time and repeatedly reallocate space in string

b. int **make2DArray(int total, int nR): Given the total number of values and number of rows to be stored in a two-dimensional array, determine the appropriate number of columns, allocate the array, and return its starting address Note: if nR does not divide evenly into total, round up. In other words, an array with 30 values and 4 rows should have 8 columns, even though 30 / 4 = 7.5