## **EECE.2160: ECE Application Programming**

Summer 2017

Lecture 8: Key Questions June 5, 2017

1. Explain the use of arrays: what an array represents, how to define an array, and how to access values within the array.

2. Explain how the following example works:

```
int main(void)
{
  int x[8];
  int i;

  // get 8 values into x[]
  for (i=0; i<8; i++)
  {
     printf("Enter test %d:",i+1);
     scanf("%d",&x[i]);
  }
}</pre>
```

3. What happens if we change the loop condition to i <= 8? How can we avoid the resulting problem?

## 4. **Example:** What does the following program print?

```
int main() {
    int arr[10];
    int i;

    printf("First loop:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        arr[i] = i * 2;
        printf("arr[%d] = %d\n", i, arr[i]);
    }

    printf("\nSecond loop:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        arr[i] = arr[i] + arr[i + 1];
        printf("arr[%d] = %d\n", i, arr[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

5. Describe how to declare, initialize, and access two-dimensional arrays.

## 6. **Example:** Complete the following program:

M. Geiger Lecture 8: Key Questions

7. Explain how to pass arrays to functions.

Lecture 8: Key Questions

M. Geiger

8. **Example:** Write a function for each of the following:

• Given an array of doubles (arr) and the # of elements in the array (n), find the average of all array elements

EECE.2160: ECE Application Programming

M. Geiger
Summer 2017

Lecture 8: Key Questions

8 (cont.) **Example:** Write a function for each of the following:

Given an array of ints and the # of elements, find the largest element in the array

9. Explain the relationship between pointers and arrays.

10. Explain how 2-D arrays are passed to functions.