## 16.317: Microprocessor Systems Design I

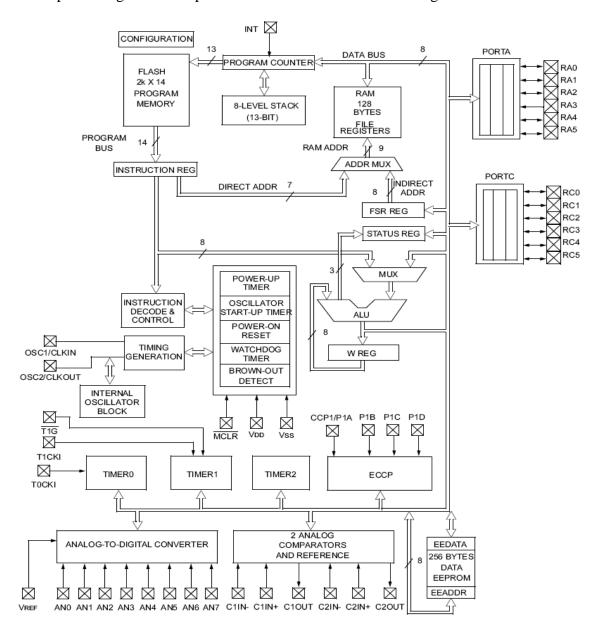
Summer 2012

Lecture 8: Key Questions August 3, 2012

1.	Explain the major differences between a microprocessor and a microcontroller
	including the typical features of a microcontroller.

2. Explain the major benefits and limitations of using a microcontroller.

3. Explain the general components of the PIC 16F684 block diagram shown below.



4. Briefly explain why the PIC 16F684 has so few pins and how they can be used to access all of the components shown above.

5. What is the difference between Harvard and von Neumann memory architectures?

7. Explain the purpose of the PCL and PCLATH registers.

8. Briefly describe the contents of the STATUS register.

9. Explain the basic organization of the PIC stack.

10. Explain how different memory banks are accessed in PIC microcontrollers, and what the general function of each bank is.

11. Explain direct addressing on the PIC microcontrollers.

- $\overline{\text{STATUS}} = 60\text{h}$ , instruction = 031Fh?
- STATUS = 40h, instruction = 1F02h?
- STATUS = 13h, instruction = 0793h?
- STATUS = EEh, instruction = 03F1h?

13. Explain indirect addressing on the PIC microcontrollers.

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14. Explain how I/O ports are managed through special function registers. In the example below, what bits of PORTA are inputs? What bits are outputs?

```
bcf
            STATUS, RPO
                          ; bank0
bcf
            STATUS, RP1
clrf
                          ; initializing PORTA by
            PORTA
                          ; clearing output data latches
           STATUS, RP0
                          ; select bank1
bsf
                          ; value used to initialize
movlw
            0xCF
                          ; data direction
            TRISA
movwf
```

15. Describe the instruction formats of the PIC 16F684.

16. Describe how variables can be declared in PIC assembly language.

17. Describe the PIC instructions for clearing or moving registers.

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18. Describe the PIC instructions for manipulating a single bit.

19. **Example:** Show the values of all changed registers after the following sequence

```
cblock
          0x30
     Х
     У
endc
clrw
movwf
          x
          0xFE
movlw
movwf
          У
          y, F
swapf
bcf
          у, 3
          x, 3
bsf
movf
          y, W
```

20. Describe the PIC instructions for increment, decrement, and complement operations.

21. Describe the PIC instructions for addition and subtraction.

## 22. **Example**: Show the values of all changed registers after the following sequence

cblock	0x20		C	Ü		Ì
varA						
varB						
varC						
endc						
clrf	varA					
clrf	varC					
incf	varA,	W				
sublw	0x0F					
addwf	varB,	F				
decf	varB,	F				
comf	varB,	W				
subwf	varC,	F				