## 16.317: Microprocessor Systems Design I

Fall 2015

## Lecture 32: Key Questions November 23, 2015

1. Complete this ISR so that if a timer interrupt has occurred, the LEDs will be updated to show the next value in the pattern stored in the array st[], going back to the first value (0b0001) after showing the eighth (0b1001). If a switch interrupt has occurred, clear all LEDs and reset to the initial state. Assume the LEDs are wired to Port C, as on the development board used in HW 6, and that "SWITCH" and "DOWN" are appropriately defined.

Assume the use of the following global variables—st[] holds the list of values to be displayed on the LEDs, while i is the current index into that array. Assume i initially holds the value 0:

```
unsigned char st[8] = \{0b0001, 0b0010, 0b0100, 0b0101,
                    0b1010, 0b0100, 0b1000, 0b1001};
unsigned char i;
void interrupt ISR(void) {
                                 // SW1 was pressed
   if (IOCAF) {
                                 // Clear flag in software
       delay ms(5);
                                 // Delay for debouncing
       if (SWITCH == DOWN) {
                                 // If switch still pressed
                                 // clear LEDs
                                  // and reset i
        i = 0;
       }
   }
   if (INTCONbits.TOIF) {
                                 // Timer 0 interrupt
                   // Clear flag in software
                              // Update LEDs to show
                                 // current st[] value
            _____// Increment i
       if ( ) // If i exceeds max index
                                 // reset i
   }
}
```

- 2. This function performs an analog to digital conversion and uses the least significant bits of the result, which are stored in ADRESL, to determine the program operation as follows:
  - If the lowest two bits are 01, toggle the lowest LED, which is wired to the least significant bit (bit 0) of Port C.
    - o That bit can be accessed either through the PORTC or LATC register; to access bit 0, use PORTCbits.PORTC0 or LATCbits.LATC0
  - If the lowest two bits are 10, toggle the second LED, which is wired to bit 1 of Port C.
  - If the lowest two bits are 11, turn both the first and second LEDs on.

Assume the ADC is configured to produce a right-justified result, so the lowest bits of ADRESL are the least significant bits of the conversion result.

```
void read adc(void) {
   unsigned char lobits;
                                  // Variable to hold lowest 2
                                  // bits of ADC result
                                  // Wait for ADC cap to settle
    delay us(5);
                                  // Start conversion
   while (GO) continue;
                                  // Wait until conversion done
                                  // lobits = lowest two bits
                                  //
                                       of ADC result
                                  // In this case, toggle
    if (lobits == 0b01) {
                                  //
                                       lowest LED (FILL IN
                                  //
                                       SPACE TO LEFT WITH
                                  //
                                       APPROPRIATE CODE, WHICH
                                       MAY USE MULTIPLE LINES)
                                  //
   else if (lobits == 0b10) {
                                  // In this case, toggle
                                  //
                                       second LED (FILL IN
                                  //
                                       SPACE TO LEFT WITH
                                  //
                                       APPROPRIATE CODE, WHICH
                                  //
                                       MAY USE MULTIPLE LINES)
                                  // In this case, turn first &
   else if (lobits == 0b11) {
                                  //
                                       second LEDs on (FILL IN
                                  //
                                       SPACE TO LEFT WITH
                                  //
                                       APPROPRIATE CODE, WHICH
                                  //
                                       MAY USE MULTIPLE LINES)
    }
}
```