16.317: Microprocessor Systems Design I

Fall 2012

Lecture 27: Key Questions November 19, 2012

1.	Translate these x86 operations to PIC code. Assume that there are registers defined for each x86 register (e.g. AL, AH, BL, BH, etc.). 16-bit values (e.g., AX) must be dealt with as individual bytes
•	MOVZX AX, BL

• MOVSX AX, BL

• INC AX

• SUB BX, AX

• RCL AX, 5

1. Describe the operation of the given subroutine, which implements a 10 ms delay loop.

```
.**************************
; TenMs subroutine and its call inserts a delay of exactly ten milliseconds
; into the execution of code.
; It assumes a 4 MHz crystal clock. One instruction cycle = 4 * Tosc.
           equ 13
                       ; Initial value of TenMs Subroutine's counter
; TenMsH
; TenMsL
           equ 250
; COUNTH and COUNTL are two variables
TenMs
                             ; one cycle
     nop
                 TenMsH
     movlw
                             ; Initialize COUNT
                 COUNTH
     movwf
     movlw
                 TenMsL
     movwf
                 COUNTL
Ten_1
     decfsz
                 COUNTL,F ; Inner loop
     goto
                 Ten_1
                 COUNTH,F ; Outer loop
     decfsz
     goto
                 Ten_1
     return
```

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2. Describe the operation of the given subroutine, which toggles a series of 3 LEDs in sequence, assuming those LEDs are attached to bits 0-2 of Port D.

BlinkTable

```
; Copy present state of LEDs into W
movf
        PORTD, W
andlw B'00000111'
                           ; and keep only LED bits
                           ; Change PC with PCLATH and offset in W
addwf PCL,F
retlw
       B'00000001'
                           ; (000 -> 001) reinitialize to green
       B'00000011'
retlw
                           ; (001 -> 010) green to yellow
       B'00000110'
retlw
                          ; (010 -> 100) yellow to red
                          ; (011 -> 001) reinitialize to green
       B'00000010'
retlw
                           ; (100 -> 001) red to green
retlw
       B'00000101'
                          ; (101 -> 001) reinitialize to green
       B'00000100'
retlw
retlw
       B'00000111'
                          ; (110 -> 001) reinitialize to green
                          ; (111 -> 001) reinitialize to green
retlw
       B'00000110'
```

In calling program

call BlinkTable ; get bits to change into W xorwf PORTD, F ; toggle them into PORTD