16.216: ECE Application Programming

Fall 2013

Lecture 14: Key Questions October 7, 2013

1. Describe the basic use and syntax of functions, including return types and arguments.

2.	What is a function prototype? When and why is it necessary?

3. Explain the idea of scope and how it relates to functions. Also, explain what happens when function arguments are passed by value.

You may wish to refer to the following example:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
double hyp(double a, double b);
void main()
  double x,y,h;
  printf("Enter two legs of triangle: ");
  scanf("%lf %lf",&x,&y);
  h=hyp(x,y);
  printf("Trgle w legs %lf and %lf has hyp of %lf\n",
          x,y,h);
}
double hyp(double a, double b)
  double sum, result;
  sum = a*a + b*b;
  result = sqrt(sum);
  return result;
}
```

4. **Example:** What does the following program print?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int f(int a, int b);  // Function prototype
int main() {
    int x = 1;
    int y = 2;
    int result1, result2, result3;
    result1 = f(x, y);
    result2 = f(y, result1);
    result3 = f(result1, result2);
    printf("x = %d, y = %d\n", x, y);
    printf("Result 1: %d\n", result1);
    printf("Result 2: %d\n", result2);
    printf("Result 3: %d\n", result3);
    return 0;
}
int f(int a, int b) // Function definition
    for (i = 0; i < a; i++)
         r += b;
    return r;
}
```