

# 16.317: Microprocessor Systems Design I

Fall 2013

## Lecture 16: Key Questions

October 11, 2013

1. Describe the operation of the following program.

What is the final value of SI if the 15 bytes between 0A001 and 0A00F have the following values?

00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E

```
MOV DL, 05
MOV AX, 0A00
MOV DS, AX
MOV SI, 0000
MOV CX, 000F
AGAIN: INC SI
      CMP [SI], DL
      LOOPNE AGAIN
```

2. Describe the general structure and purpose of a subroutine.

3. Describe the basics of subroutines specific to the 80386.

4. Describe the operation of the CALL instruction.

5. Describe the operation of the RET instruction.

6. **Example:** Assuming  $AX = 2$  and  $BX = 4$ , show the results of the following sequence. Assume the addresses of the first three instructions are CS:0005, CS:0008, and CS:0009, respectively:

```
CALL SUM
RET                ; End main function
SUM PROC NEAR
    MOV  DX, AX
    ADD  DX, BX
    RET
SUM ENDP
```

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9. **Example:** Assuming the initial state below, what is the resulting stack state of each of the following sequences?

EAX: 12345678H  
EBX: 0000000AH  
ECX: FF0000FFH  
EDX: 00000000H  
ESI: 00000008H  
EDI: FFFF0000H  
EBP: 00000400H  
ESP: 00002000H  
DS: 2110H  
SS: 1000H

- a. PUSH BX  
PUSH AX

- b. PUSH EBX  
PUSH EAX

- c. PUSH A