16.216: ECE Application Programming

Fall 2012

Lecture 10: Key Questions September 26, 2012

1. Explain the usage and basic structure of a while loop.

2. **Example:** What does each of the following short programs print?

```
a. x = 7;
  while ( x < 10 )
  {
    printf("%d ",x);
    x = x + 1;
}</pre>
```

```
b. x = 7;
  while ( x < 3 )
  {
    printf("%d ",x);
    x = x + 1;
}</pre>
```

3. **Example:** Finish the following program as directed

```
return 0;
}
```

- 4. Explain how while loops can be used:
- a. When number of iterations is dependent on a variable (flexible limit) (while2.c)

b. When you want to repeat an operation until a given value (sentinel) is entered (while3.c) 5. What is the difference between a while loop and a do-while loop?

6. Show the difference between the outputs of the loops below

```
x = 7;
do {
    printf("%d",x);
    x = x + 1;
} while ( x < 3 );
    x = x + 1;
} printf("%d",x);
    x = x + 1;
}</pre>
```

7. Recall the example for using a while loop with a sentinel value in the grade average program and show that loop written as a do-while loop.

8. **Example:** What does each of the following print?

```
a. int i = 0;
  while (i < 30) {
    if ((i % 3) == 0)
        printf("%d\n", i);
    i = i + 2;
}</pre>
```

```
b. Assume input is: 3 8 -4 -7 0 5 2
   do {
      scanf("%d\n",&x);
      printf("x = %d, x/2 = %d\n", x, x/2);
   } while ((x > 2) || (x < 0));</pre>
```

```
c. Assume input is: b c d e f g h
  char c = 'a';
  while (c != 'h') {
    printf("%c", c);
    scanf("%c", &c);
}
```