# Unidata Science Gateway on the XSEDE Jetstream Cloud

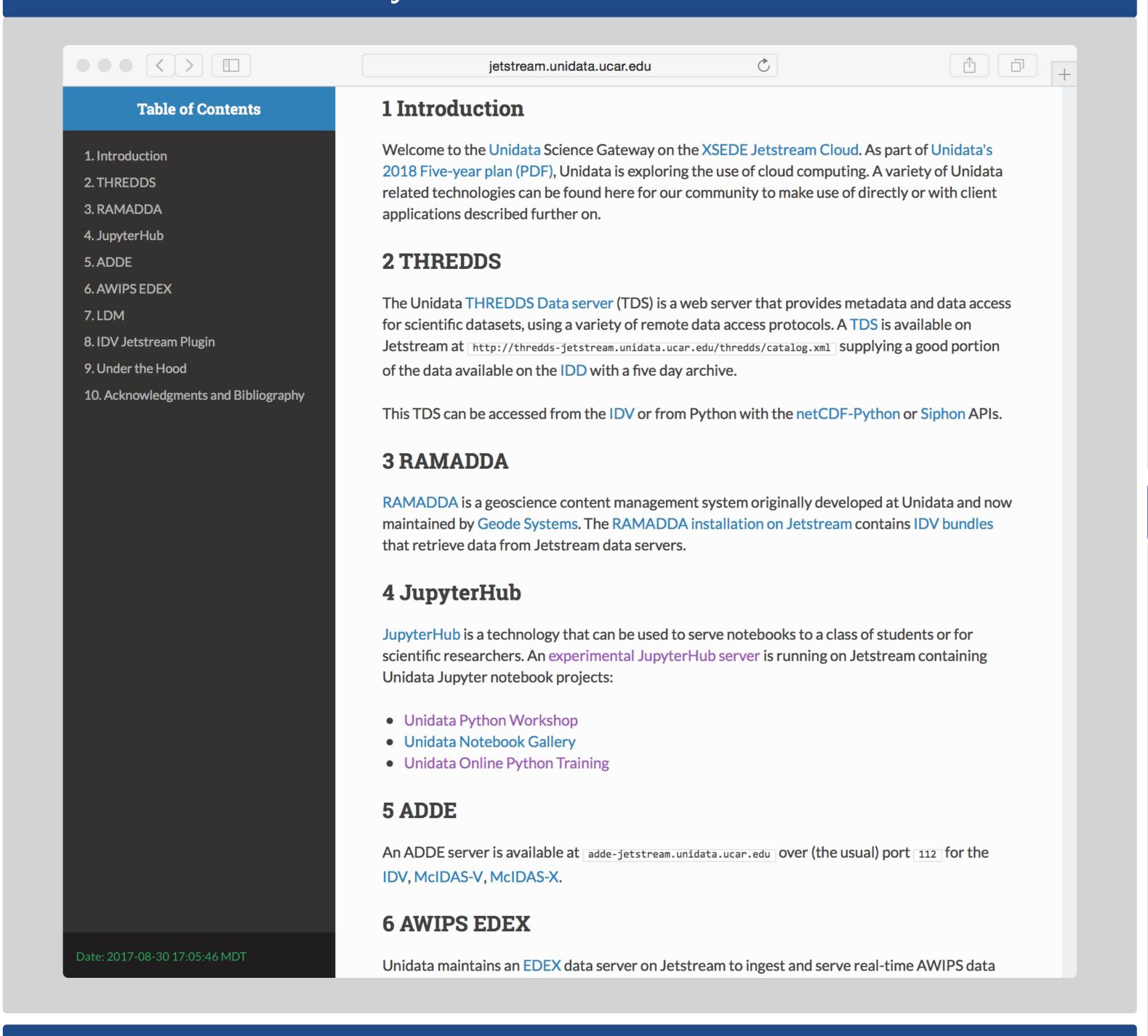
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### **Abstract**

Cloud computing can accelerate scientific workflows, discoveries, and collaborations by reducing research and data friction. We aim to improve "time to science" by taking advantage of the NSF-funded XSEDE Jetstream cloud. We describe a Unidata science gateway on Jetstream. With the aid of several open-source, cloud computing projects including OpenStack and Docker on Linux VMs, we deploy a variety of scientific computing resources on Jetstream for our scientific community. These systems can be leveraged with data-proximate Jupyter notebooks, and remote visualization clients such as the Unidata Integrated Data Viewer (IDV) and AWIPS CAVE. This gateway will enable students and scientists to spend less time managing their software and more time doing science.

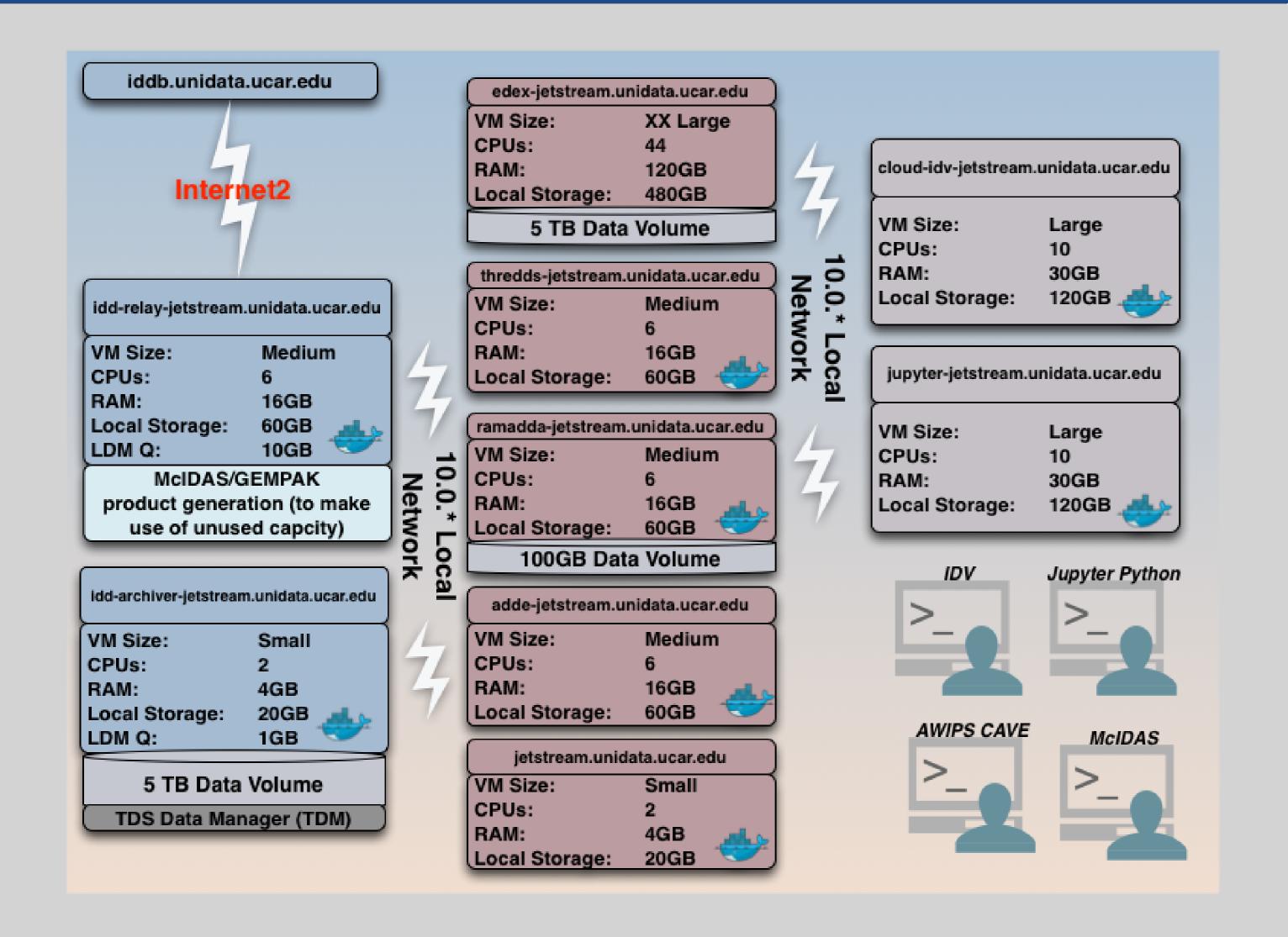
## Unidata Science Gateway on Jetstream



## Background

With the goal of better serving our community and in fulfillment of objectives articulated in "Unidata 2018: Transforming Geoscience through Innovative Data Services,"[3] Unidata is investigating how its technologies can best take advantage of cloud computing. The observation that science students and professionals are spending too much time distracted by software that is difficult to access, install, and use, motivates Unidata's investigation. In addition, by taking advantage of the cloud's ability to scale and its capacity to store large quantities of data, cloud computing can tackle a class of problems that cannot be approached by traditional, local computing methods.

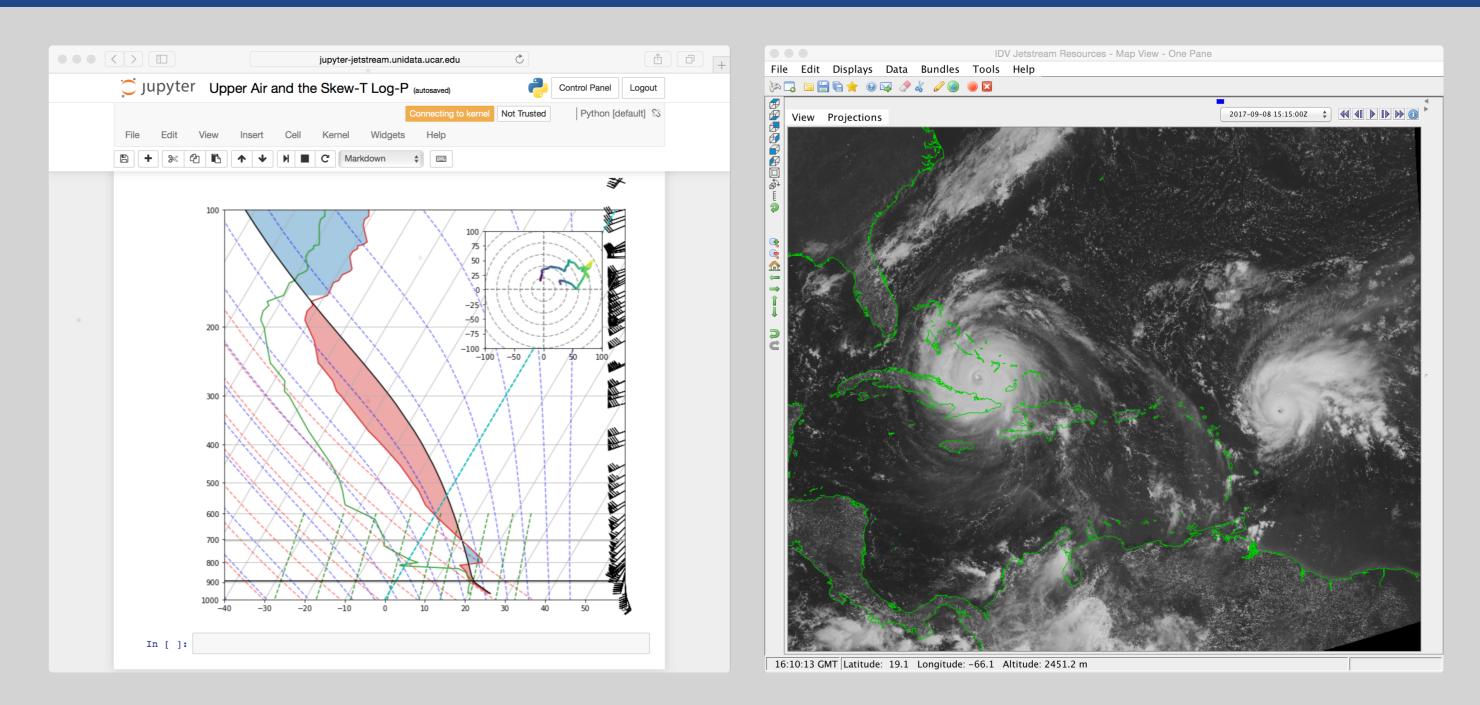
## Architecture of VMs, Data Storage and Networking



#### Methods

To build the Unidata Science Gateway, we employed open-source and cloud computing technologies. We created several Docker containers for Unidata technology offerings and reused other open-source containers[2]. We developed containers for the Unidata LDM and TDS, RAMADDA, and ADDE. In addition, we make use of Apache Tomcat and JupyterHub containers maintained by open-source groups. With the Jetstream OpenStack API, we deployed a collection of Linux virtual machines (VMs) attached with disk storage to run these containers. Containers are orchestrated with docker-compose. The AWIPS EDEX server does not make use of Docker, but we are able to allocate a very large VM as this server requires significant computing resources. In addition, we setup an internal subnetwork with OpenStack for fast inter-VM communication via TCP ports and NFS mounts. With the LDM and Unidata Internet Data Distribution (IDD) network, we can deliver large quantities of geoscience data to Jetstream in a timely manner because of the Internet2 network accessible on Jetstream. All the work presented here is developed in an open-source manner using git and github version control technology[1] and employing software carpentry best-practices.

#### Data Analysis and Visualization



Jupyter Python data-proximate analysis and visualization and remote client visualization with the IDV coupled with the Jetstream plugin.

## **Conclusions**

By leveraging the Jetstream cloud and a variety of open-source technologies, we can quickly deploy a fully capable Unidata data center. These resources can be used directly via Jupyter notebooks, or with remote visualization client application such as the IDV and AWIPS CAVE. Future work will involve taking better advantage of the horizontal scalability of the cloud, in a classroom setting for example, where students may be running many Jupyter notebooks at once.

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## References

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