

# Inequitable Access\*

## An Analysis of Licenced Child Care in Toronto's 25 Wards

Thomas Fox

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First sentence. Second sentence. Third sentence. Fourth sentence.

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\*Code and data are available at: [https://github.com/ThomasWilliamFox/child\\_care\\_access.git](https://github.com/ThomasWilliamFox/child_care_access.git).

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# 1 Introduction

Using R Core Team (2023) and Wickham et al. (2019).

The paper’s estimand is that average household income has a negative relationship with the number of children per child care space by ward.

The remainder of this paper is structured as follows. Section 2....

## 2 Data

### 2.1 Licensed Child Care Centres

Table 1: Sample of Cleaned Toronto Licensed Child Care Centre Data

Facility ID	Ward Number	Total Spaces	Type	Subsidy	SWELCC
1	3	164	Non Profit Agency	Y	Y
2	8	83	Non Profit Agency	Y	Y
3	25	102	Non Profit Agency	Y	Y
4	10	65	Non Profit Agency	Y	Y
5	20	26	Non Profit Agency	Y	Y
6	24	62	Non Profit Agency	Y	Y

### 2.2 Toronto Ward Profiles

Table 2: Sample of Cleaned Toronto Ward Data

Ward	Total Popula- tion	Children under 15	Average Household Income	Median Household Income	English spoken most often in household	Population identifying as racialized
1	115120	18500	95200	81000	67360	90130
2	117200	17300	146600	100000	85330	37210
3	139915	18460	127200	90000	105230	48675
4	104715	15015	127200	85000	85720	30445

Table 2: Sample of Cleaned Toronto Ward Data

Ward	Total Popula- tion	Children under 15	Average Household Income	Median Household Income	English spoken most often in household	Population identifying as racialized
5	115675	18465	88700	72000	76075	67120
6	107355	15555	107500	82000	63260	56405

### 3 Model

The goal of our modelling strategy is twofold. Firstly,...

Here we briefly describe the Bayesian analysis model used to investigate... Background details and diagnostics are included in Appendix B.

#### 3.1 Model set-up

Define  $y_i$  as the number of seconds that the plane remained aloft. Then  $\beta_i$  is the wing width and  $\gamma_i$  is the wing length, both measured in millimeters.

$$y_i | \mu_i, \sigma \sim \text{Normal}(\mu_i, \sigma) \quad (1)$$

$$\mu_i = \alpha + \beta_i + \gamma_i \quad (2)$$

$$\alpha \sim \text{Normal}(0, 2.5) \quad (3)$$

$$\beta \sim \text{Normal}(0, 2.5) \quad (4)$$

$$\gamma \sim \text{Normal}(0, 2.5) \quad (5)$$

$$\sigma \sim \text{Exponential}(1) \quad (6)$$

We run the model in R (R Core Team 2023) using the `rstanarm` package of Goodrich et al. (2022). We use the default priors from `rstanarm`.

##### 3.1.1 Model justification

We expect a negative relationship between average household income and the number of children per child care space by ward. In particular...

We can use maths by including latex between dollar signs, for instance  $\theta$ .

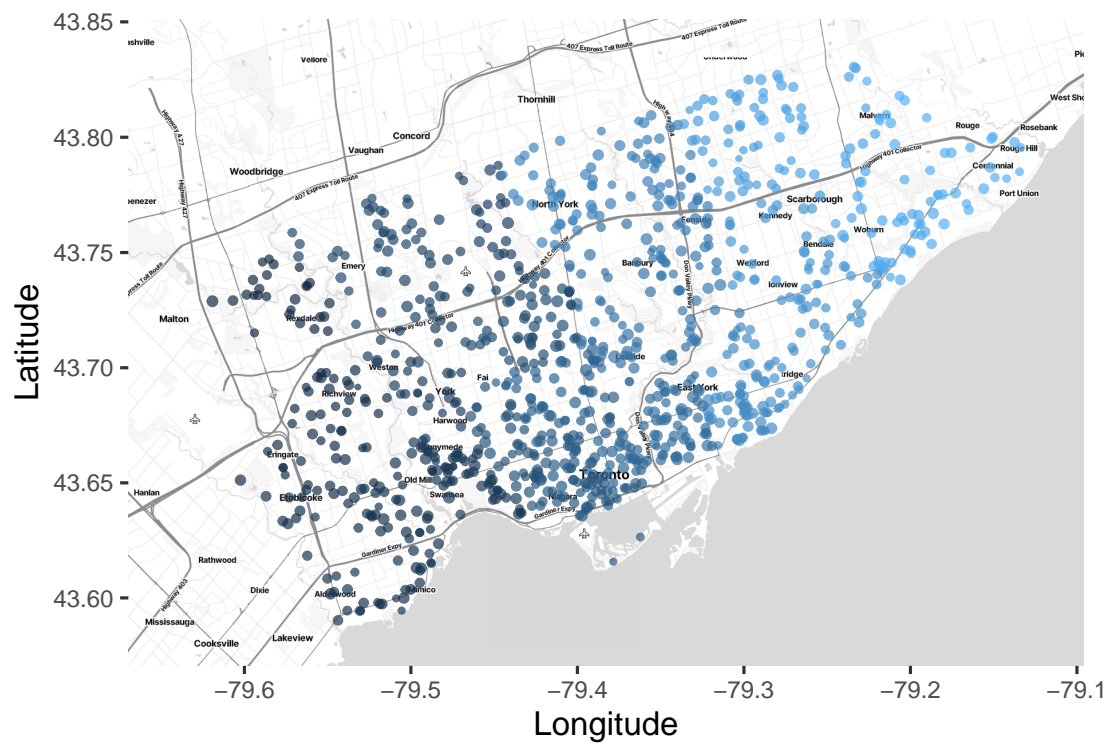


Figure 1: Child care centres in Toronto

## 4 Results

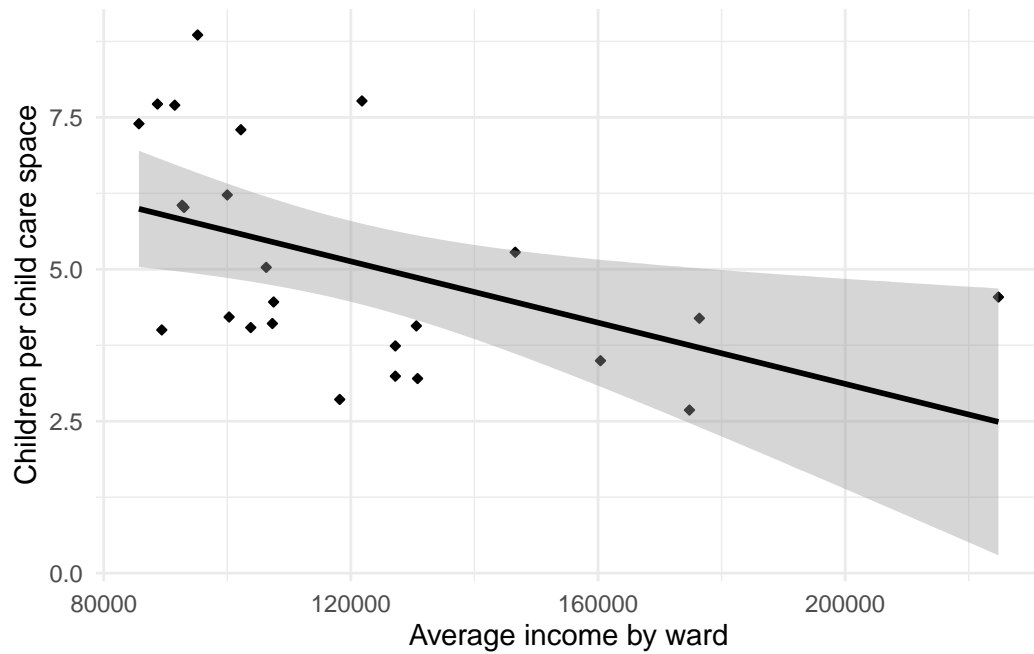


Figure 2: Relationship between income and child care spaces

Our results are summarized in `?@tbl-modelresults`.

## 5 Discussion

### 5.1 First discussion point

The discussion is a chance to show off what you know and what you learnt from all this.

### 5.2 Second discussion point

### 5.3 Third discussion point

### 5.4 Weaknesses and next steps

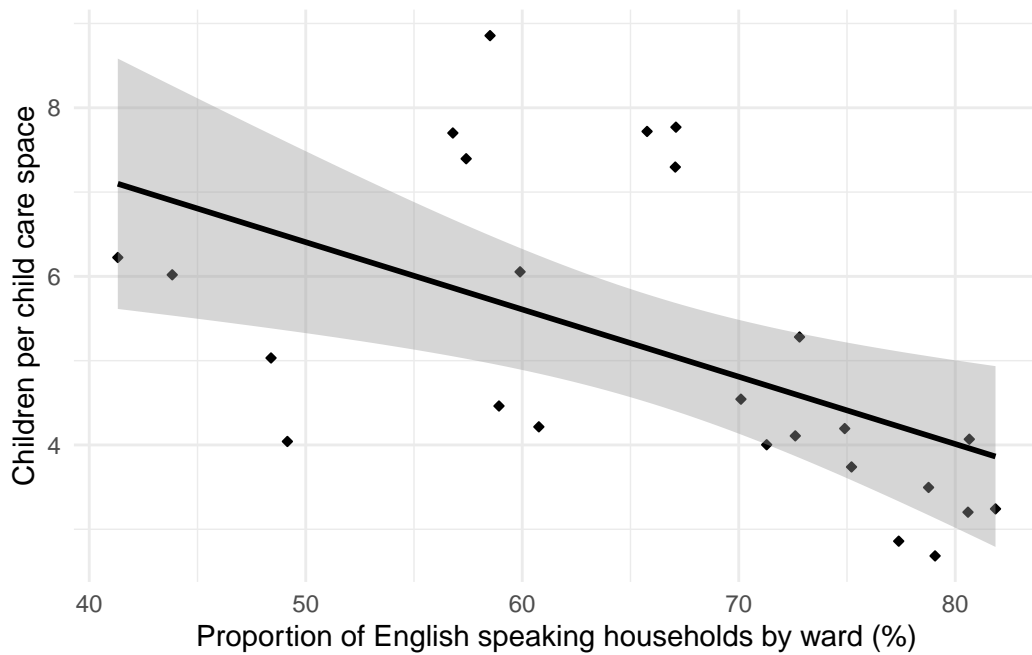


Figure 3: Relationship between language and child care spaces

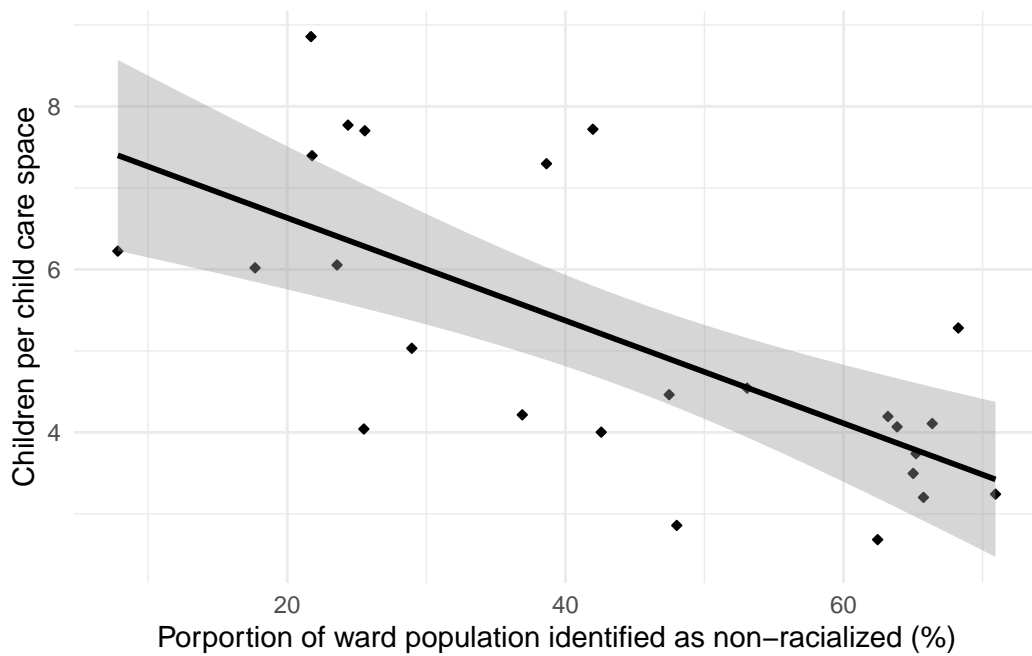


Figure 4: Relationship between non-racialized population by ward and child care spaces

## Appendix

### A Additional data details

### B Model details

#### B.1 Posterior predictive check

In `?@fig-ppcheckandposteriorvsprior-1` we implement a posterior predictive check. This shows...

In `?@fig-ppcheckandposteriorvsprior-2` we compare the posterior with the prior. This shows...

#### B.2 Diagnostics

`?@fig-stanareyouokay-1` is a trace plot. It shows... This suggests...

`?@fig-stanareyouokay-2` is a Rhat plot. It shows... This suggests...

## References

- Goodrich, Ben, Jonah Gabry, Imad Ali, and Sam Brilleman. 2022. “Rstanarm: Bayesian Applied Regression Modeling via Stan.” <https://mc-stan.org/rstanarm/>.
- R Core Team. 2023. *R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing*. Vienna, Austria: R Foundation for Statistical Computing. <https://www.R-project.org/>.
- Wickham, Hadley, Mara Averick, Jennifer Bryan, Winston Chang, Lucy D’Agostino McGowan, Romain François, Garrett Grommund, et al. 2019. “Welcome to the tidyverse.” *Journal of Open Source Software* 4 (43): 1686. <https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.01686>.