

From Monocular Depth Estimation to Monocular Metric Depth Estimation

Extending Efficient Depth Perception towards
Physically Meaningful 3D Understanding

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Motivation

Depth estimation is fundamental for robotics, autonomous systems, AR/VR, and industrial inspection.

Traditional sensors are expensive; monocular vision offers scalability.

Monocular Depth Estimation (MDE)

Predicts relative depth from a single RGB image.
Depth is scale-ambiguous.

Previous Work Summary

CNN-based U-Net architectures with SE blocks.
U-ResNet50 achieved 94.62% SSIM.
Quantized and deployed for edge intelligence.

Limitations of MDE

Relative depth cannot provide real-world distance measurements.
Not suitable for safety-critical systems.

Why Relative Depth is Insufficient

Industry requires metric distance guarantees, not normalized depth maps.

Monocular Metric Depth Estimation (MMDE)

Predicts absolute depth in meters from a single RGB image.
Removes scale ambiguity.

MDE vs MMDE Comparison

MDE: Relative, scale-ambiguous

MMDE: Absolute, metric, physically meaningful

Why MMDE is a Natural Extension

Builds on existing architectures.

Adds scale recovery and geometric consistency.

Research Scope of MMDE

Scale generalization, camera intrinsics, zero-shot depth, robustness.

Industrial Importance

Autonomous driving, robotics, AR, drones, smart manufacturing.

Investment Perspective

MMDE reduces hardware costs and enables scalable deployment.

Comparative Methods

Supervised, self-supervised, and hybrid MMDE approaches.

State-of-the-Art MMDE

Metric3Dv2, UniDepth, HybridDepth, Depth Anything, ECoDepth.

Research Gap

Lack of efficient, edge-deployable MMDE systems.

Proposed Research Direction

Scale-aware U-ResNet50-based MMDE framework.

Evaluation Strategy

Metric RMSE, scale consistency, cross-dataset testing.

Expected Contributions

Scalable MMDE, industrial relevance, journal-level contribution.

Conclusion

MMDE transforms depth estimation into physically meaningful perception.

Questions & Discussion