# Sudan



*	Population (000s)	37,964	Life expectancy at birth (years)	63
₹¥	GNI per capita (PPP Int \$)	2,370	Total health expenditure (% GDP)	6.5
15*	Physician density (per 10 000 population)	0.28	ICT Development Index rank	119
Col	Nurse & midwife density (per 10 000 population)	0.84	Mobile-cellular subscriptions (% population)	74.36
	Hospital bed density (per 10 000 population)	7	Internet users (% population)	21

### 1. eHealth foundations

National policies or strategies				
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted	
National universal health coverage policy or strategy	Yes	75%	2012	
National eHealth policy or strategy	Yes	58%	2005	
National health information system (HIS) policy or strategy	Yes	66%	2012	
National telehealth policy or strategy	No	22%	N/A	
Funding sources for eHealth				
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Funding source %**	
Public funding	Yes	77%	25-50%	
Private or commercial funding	Yes	40%	<25%	
Donor/non-public funding	Yes	63%	<25%	
Public-private partnerships	Yes	42%	<25%	
Multilingualism in eHealth				
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted	
Policy or strategy on multilingualism	N/A	28%	N/A	
Government-supported Internet sites in multiple languages	Yes	48%		
eHealth capacity building				
	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Proportion**	
Health sciences students – Pre-service training in eHealth	No	74%	N/A	
Health professionals – In-service training in eHealth	No	77%	N/A	

## 2. Legal frameworks for eHealth

Policy or legislation – purpose	Country response	Global "yes" response
Defines <b>medical jurisdiction</b> , <b>liability or reimbursement of eHealth services</b> such as telehealth	Yes	31%
Addresses <b>patient safety and quality of care</b> based on data quality, data transmission standards or clinical competency criteria	No	46%
Protects the <b>privacy of personally identifiable data</b> of individuals irrespective of whether it is in <b>paper or digital format</b>	Yes	78%
Protects the <b>privacy of individuals' health-related data</b> held in electronic format in an <b>EHR</b>	_	54%
Governs the sharing of digital data between health professionals in other health services in the same country through the use of an EHR	No	34%
Governs the <b>sharing of digital data between health professionals in health services</b> in other countries through the use of an <b>EHR</b>	No	22%
Governs the sharing of personal and health data between research entities	No	39%
Allows individuals electronic access to their own health-related data when held in an EHR	No	29%
Allows <b>individuals to demand their own health-related data be corrected</b> when held in an <b>EHR</b> if it is known to be inaccurate	No	32%
Allows individuals to demand the deletion of health-related data from their EHR	No	18%
Allows individuals to specify which health-related data from their EHR can be shared with health professionals of their choice	No	28%
Governs civil registration and vital statistics	Yes	76%
Governs national identification management systems	Yes	65%



### 3. Telehealth

Telehealth programmes country overview			
	Health system level**	Programme type**	
Teleradiology	National	Pilot	
Teledermatology	‡	‡	
Telepathology	‡	‡	
Telepsychiatry	‡	‡	
Remote patient monitoring	‡	‡	

### 4. Electronic Health Records (EHRs)

EHR country overview		
	Country response	Year introduced
National EHR system	No	N/A
Legislation governing the use of the national EHR system	‡	
Health facilities with EHR	Use EHR	Facilities with EHR %**
Primary care facilities (e.g. clinics and health care centres)	N/A	‡
Secondary care facilities (e.g. hospitals, emergency care)	N/A	‡
Tertiary care facilities (e.g. specialized care, referral from primary/secondary care)	N/A	‡
Other electronic systems	Country response	Global "yes" response§
Laboratory information systems	N/A	35%
Pathology information systems	N/A	18%
Pharmacy information systems	N/A	33%
PACS	N/A	26%
Automatic vaccination alerting system	N/A	10%
ICT-assisted functions	Country response	Global "yes" response§
Electronic medical billing systems	Yes	58%
Supply chain management information systems	Yes	58%
sopply chairmanagement information systems	100	/-

### 5. Use of eLearning in health sciences

eLearning programmes country overview			
Health sciences students – Pre-service	Country response	Global "yes" response§	
Medicine	N/A	58%	
Dentistry	N/A	39%	
Public health	N/A	50%	
Nursing & midwifery	N/A	47%	
Pharmacy	N/A	38%	
Biomedical/Life sciences	N/A	42%	
Health professionals – In-service	Country response	Global "yes" response§	
Medicine	No	58%	
Dentistry	No	30%	
Public health	Yes	47%	
Nursing & midwifery	No	46%	
Pharmacy	No	31%	
Biomedical/Life sciences	No	34%	

### 6. mHealth

mHealth programmes country overview				
Accessing/providing health services	Health system level**	Programme type**		
Toll-free emergency	National, Intermediate	Established		
Health call centres	National, Intermediate	Established		
Appointment reminders	‡	‡		
Mobile telehealth	Intermediate	Established		
Management of disasters and emergencies	National	Established		
Treatment adherence	‡	‡		
Accessing/providing health information	Health system level**	Programme type**		
Community mobilization	National	Established		
Access to information, databases and tools	‡	‡		
Patient records	‡	‡		
mLearning	‡	‡		
Decision support systems	Intermediate	Established		
Collecting health information	Health system level**	Programme type**		
Patient monitoring	‡	‡		
Health surveys	National	Established		
Disease surveillance	‡	‡		

### 7. Social media

Social media and health	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
National policy or strategy on the use of social media by government organizations	No	18%	N/A
Policy or strategy makes specific reference to its use in the health domain	‡	5%	
Health care organizations – use of social media		Country response	Global "yes" response§
Promote health messages as a part of health promotion can	mpaigns	Yes	78%
Help manage patient appointments		No	24%
Seek feedback on services	Seek feedback on services		56%
Make general health announcements		Yes	72%
Make emergency announcements		Yes	59%
Individuals and communities – use of social media		Country response	Global "yes" response§
Learn about health issues	Learn about health issues		79%
Help decide what health services to use		_	56%
Provide feedback to health facilities or health professionals		No	62%
Run community-based health campaigns		_	62%
Participate in community-based health forums		_	59%

### 8. Big data

Policy or strategy – purpose	Country response	Global "yes" response§	Year adopted
Governing the use of big data in the health sector	No	17%	N/A
Governing the use of big data by private companies	No	8%	N/A

### **LEGEND**

\* Country context indicators

ICT Development Index Rank. 2015 - https://www.itu.int/net4/ITU-D/idi/2015/All other country indicators, Global Health Observatory. 2012-2014 - http://www.who.int/gho

\*\* Glossary

Indicates the percentage of participating Member States responding "Yes"
 Don't know

N/A Not applicable

‡ Indicates question was unanswered

Question not asked

Zero No funding

International level: Health entities in different geographic regions

**Regional level:** Health entities in countries in the same geographic region **National level:** Referral hospitals, laboratories and health institutes (mainly

public, but also private)

Intermediate level: District or provincial facilities: public and private hospitals

and health centres

**Local or peripheral level:** Health posts, health centres providing basic level of care **Informal:** Use of ICT for health purposes in the absence of formal

processes and policies

 Pilot:
 Testing and evaluating a programme

 Established:
 An ongoing programme that has been conducted for a

minimum of 2 years and is planned to continue