invar count
$$\theta < 0$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$VA : T_2 X - T_4 f \Rightarrow (x-x_0) \frac{T_2}{2}$$

time of collision : point passes throng 2 = 0.

$$\frac{2}{T_2} \quad \frac{10}{1} = \boxed{10}$$

A = \[\frac{20}{40} \]

$$b^{\circ} = \begin{bmatrix} t \\ t & \vdots \\ t & \ddots \\ t & \lambda^{1/2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} t \\ \lambda^{1/2} \\ \zeta^{1/2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

point of contraction

3 40 people X 10 Images = 400 images - no compressión. 400 images · 92.112 pixels = 4, 121, 600 X= X1 X2 Y400 total = e + mean + coeff. e=10304x1 = 4,121,600 N=400 man = [x.] coeff = nimmues x n coeffininge 4002 = 160,000 1 all eigen vectors = 4791,904 40 vectors > 10304 x 40 = 4/2/60 (eigen vecto. s) 10304 X 1 (mean) =10304 (10e#) 400 140 = 16000 438464 (40 vectors) unine.see (Individual 10304 × 10 10304 × 10 10 × 10 = 103040 (eigen rectoi) = 10504 (mean) (coeff) 113444 #/person people 10364×3 = 80912 (Keeping all rectors, Keeping 10 rectors, 10304 = 10304 4,537760 10 x3 : 30 41246 #/peron Individual 1649840 #3 G 3 eigen vectors

a [1 2 3]
$$\rightarrow 6/3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) drectors are orthogonalifting and perpendicular > dot product of vectors are a

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2}/2 \\ \sqrt{2}/2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -\sqrt{2}/2 \\ \sqrt{2}/2 \end{bmatrix} = (\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}/2) + (\sqrt{2}/2 \cdot \sqrt{2}/2) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases}
\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2}/2 \\ \sqrt{2}/2 \end{bmatrix} = -\sqrt{2} \\
\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2}/2 \\ \sqrt{2}/2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} = \sqrt{2}$$

e)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2}/2 \\ \sqrt{12}/2 \end{bmatrix} = 0 + \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$$