### 1 Introduction

This appendix provides all the equations of the model. Note that there are two versions of the household block: (1) the standard version where a LES utility function is assumed for all commodities; (2) the hybrid version where transport, car, housing and energy consumption are modeled separately.

In this appendix, t is the time operator that may be omitted when no confusion arises, e.g.  $Z=Z_t$ . Variables in first difference are referred as:  $\Delta(Z_t)=Z_t-Z_{t-1}$ . Therefore the logarithm difference of a variable is approximatively its growth rate:  $\Delta(\log Z_t)\approx Z_t/Z_{t-1}-1$ . All parameters written in Greek letter are positive. n as an exponent refers to the notional value of a given variable that is the optimal value desired by the maximization agent: e.g.  $Z^n$  is the notional value of variable Z. Because of adjustment constraint, effective values adjust slowly to their notional value.

#### 1.1 Sets

### 1.2 Exogenous variables

## 2 Supply-Use equilibrium

This section provides the equations defining the supply use - equilibrium for the domestic and imported products and at the aggregate level. It also derives the GDP according to various definitions. All equations are therefore accounting identity.

Each identity is expressed in value and in volume. The value equation defines therefore a price index. By convention, the variable Z is always expressed in volume. PZ is its price. Therefore the quantity expressed in value is  $Z^{VAL} = PZ * Z$ . In most case, values are expressed as PZ \* Z. When there is a risk that a variable in volume is equal to zero in simulation, we shall defined value as  $Z^{VAL}$  to avoid a division by zero issue. A typical exemple would be the value-added of sector  $s: VA_s^{VAL} = PY_s Y_s - PCI_s CI_s$ .

#### 2.1 Use side

2.1.1 Domestic and foreign equilibrium for commodities c (value & volume):

Market price for the domestically produced commodity c

$$PQD_c QD_c = PMGRD_c MGRD_c + PCID_c CID_c + PCHD_c CHD_c + PGD_c GD_c + PID_c ID_c + PXD_c XD_c + PDSD_c DSD_c$$

$$(2.1)$$

Quantity of domestically produced commodity c expressed at market price

$$QD_c = MGRD_c + CID_c + CHD_c + GD_c + ID_c + XD_c + DSD_c$$
 (2.2)

Market price for imported commodity c

$$PQM_c QM_c = PMGRM_c MGRM_c + PCIM_c CIM_c + PCHM_c CHM_c + PGM_c GM_c + PIM_c IM_c + PXM_c XM_c + PDSM_c DSM_c$$

$$(2.3)$$

Quantity of imported commodity c expressed at market price

$$QM_c = MGRM_c + CIM_c + CHM_c + GM_c + IM_c + XM_c + DSM_c \quad (2.4)$$

#### 2.1.2 Margins received (value & volume):

The margins received by commodity cc corresponds to the margins supplied by this commodity. By definition, the margins received is the sum of the margins paid (or used) on the commodities c.

The margins paid on domestic and imported products  $(MGPD_{cc,c})$  and  $MGPM_{cc,c}$  are defined with behavorial equations in the producer block. They follow the domestic and imported production of commodity c  $(YQ_c)$  and  $M_c$ ) more or less proportionnally depending on the possibility of substitutions between margins. The margins paid are then aggregated to define the margins recieved,  $MGR_{cc}$ . The latter is then disagrated between the domestic and

imported margins recieved ( $MGRD_c$  and  $MGRM_c$ ). See specification in the producer block.

Market price of the margins received by commodity cc

$$PMGR_{cc} MGR_{cc} = \sum_{c} PMGP_{cc,c} MGP_{cc,c}$$
 (2.5)

Margins received by commodity cc, expressed at market price

$$MGR_{cc} = \sum_{c} MGP_{cc,c} \tag{2.6}$$

The margins received correspond to the sum of the margins paid to commodity cc over all the commodities c

Market price of the margins received by commodity cc (for verification)

$$PMGR_c^{bis} MGR_c^{bis} = PMGRD_c MGRD_c + PMGRM_c MGRM_c$$
 (2.7)

Same variable as  $PMGR_c$  above to check the accounting consistency.

Margins received by commodity cc, expressed at market price (for verification)

$$MGR_c^{bis} = MGRD_c + MGRM_c (2.8)$$

Same variable as  $MGR_c$  above to check the accounting consistency.

# 2.1.3 Aggregation of imports and domestic production for commodity c per use, expressed at market price (value & volume)

This subsection aggregates imports and domestic production for commodity c for various uses. It does not do it for Exports, Households and Government final consumption (X, CH and G) because these aggregates are already

defined in behaviour equations (see Trade international, Consumer and Governement blocks). Expressed on value, this subsection also defines the prices indexes at market price for commodity c per use as a weighted average of imported and domestic production per uses: i.e. for Q (production of commodities), CI (intermediary consumption), I (private investment) and DS (change in inventories).

Market price of the production of commodity c

$$PQ_c Q_c = PQD_c QD_c + PQM_c QM_c (2.9)$$

Production of commodity c, expressed at market price

$$Q_c = QD_c + QM_c (2.10)$$

Market price of the intermediate consumption of commodity c

$$PCI_c CI_c = PCID_c CID_c + PCIM_c CIM_c$$
 (2.11)

Intermediate consumption of commodity c, expressed at market price

$$CI_c = CID_c + CIM_c \tag{2.12}$$

Market price of the investment in commodity c

$$PI_c I_c = PID_c ID_c + PIM_c IM_c$$
 (2.13)

Investment in commodity c, expressed at market price

$$I_c = ID_c + IM_c \tag{2.14}$$

Market price of the change in inventories of commodity c

$$PDS_c DS_c = PDSD_c DSD_c + PDSM_c DSM_c$$
 (2.15)

Change in inventories of commodity c, expressed at market price

$$DS_c = DSD_c + DSM_c \tag{2.16}$$

# 2.1.4 Agregation on sectors: production of commodity c per use for domestic and imported products, expressed at market price (value & volume)

This subsection provides the aggregates for commodity c for various uses, for domestic and imported products. They are calculated through the aggregation of the corresponding sectoral data on the sector index.

Market price for the domestically produced commodity c used as intermediary consumption

$$PCID_{c} CID_{c} = \sum_{s} PCID_{c,s} CID_{c,s}$$
 (2.17)

Quantity of domestically produced commodity c used as intermediary consumption, expressed at market price

$$CID_c = \sum_{s} CID_{c,s} \tag{2.18}$$

Market price for imported commodity  $\boldsymbol{c}$  used as intermediary consumption

$$PCIM_c CIM_c = \sum_{s} PCIM_{c,s} CIM_{c,s}$$
 (2.19)

Quantity of imported commodity c used as intermediary consumption, expressed at market price

$$CIM_c = \sum_{s} CIM_{c,s} \tag{2.20}$$

Market price for domestically produced commodity c used as investment

$$PID_c ID_c = \sum_{s} PID_{c,s} ID_{c,s}$$
 (2.21)

Quantity of imported commodity c used as investment, expressed at market price

$$ID_c = \sum_{s} ID_{c,s} \tag{2.22}$$

Market price for imported commodity c used as investment

$$PIM_c IM_c = \sum_{s} PIM_{c,s} IM_{c,s}$$
 (2.23)

Quantity of imported commodity c used as investment, expressed at market price

$$IM_c = \sum_{s} IM_{c,s} \tag{2.24}$$

2.1.5 Agregation on commodities: imported, domestic and aggregate intermediate consumption and investment of sector s, expressed at market price (value & volume)

This subsection provides the intermediate consumption and investment of sector s (imported, domestically produced and aggregated). They are calculated through the aggregation of the corresponding sectoral data on the commodity index.

Market price of domestically produced intermediate consumption of sector s

$$PCID_{s} CID_{s} = \sum_{c} PCID_{c,s} CID_{c,s}$$
 (2.25)

Domestically produced intermediate consumption of sector s, expressed at basic price, expressed at market price

$$CID_s = \sum_{c} CID_{c,s} \tag{2.26}$$

Market price of imported intermediate consumption of sector s

$$PCIM_s CIM_s = \sum_{c} PCIM_{c,s} CIM_{c,s}$$
 (2.27)

Imported intermediate consumption of sector s, expressed at market price

$$CIM_s = \sum_c CIM_{c,s} \tag{2.28}$$

Market price of intermediate consumption of sector s

$$PCI_s CI_s = PCID_s CID_s + PCIM_s CIM_s$$
 (2.29)

Intermediate consumption of sector s, expressed at market price

$$CI_s = CID_s + CIM_s \tag{2.30}$$

Market price of intermediate consumption of sector s (for verification)

$$PCI^{bis}.CI^{bis} = \sum_{s} PCI_{s} CI_{s}$$
 (2.31)

Intermediate consumption of sector s, expressed at market price (for verification)

$$CI^{bis} = \sum_{s} CI_{s} \tag{2.32}$$

Market price of domestically produced investment of sector s

$$PID_s ID_s = \sum_{c} PID_{c,s} ID_{c,s}$$
 (2.33)

Domestically produced investment of sector s, expressed at market price

$$ID_s = \sum_{c} ID_{c,s} \tag{2.34}$$

Market price of imported investment of sector s

$$PIM_s IM_s = \sum_c PIM_{c,s} IM_{c,s}$$
 (2.35)

Imported investment of sector s, expressed at market price

$$IM_s = \sum_{c} IM_{c,s} \tag{2.36}$$

Market price of investment of sector s

$$PI_s I_s = PID_s ID_s + PIM_s IM_s (2.37)$$

Investment of sector s, expressed at market price

$$I_s = ID_s + IM_s \tag{2.38}$$

Market price of investment of sector s (for verification)

$$PI^{bis}.I^{bis} = \sum_{s} PI_s I_s \tag{2.39}$$

Investment of sector s, expressed at market price (for verification)

$$I^{bis} = \sum_{s} I_s \tag{2.40}$$

# 2.1.6 Aggregation on commodities: imports and domestic aggregate production per use, expressed at market price (value & volume)

This subsection provides the aggregate production for various uses, for domestic and imported products. They are calculated through the aggregation of commodity c production per use on the commodity index.

Aggregate market price for domestically produced commodities

$$PQD.QD = \sum_{c} PQD_c \ QD_c \tag{2.41}$$

Aggregate domestically produced commodities, expressed at market price

$$QD = \sum_{c} QD_{c} \tag{2.42}$$

Aggregate market price for imported commodities

$$PQM.QM = \sum_{c} PQM_c \ QM_c \tag{2.43}$$

Aggregate imported commodities, expressed at market price

$$QM = \sum_{c} QM_{c} \tag{2.44}$$

Aggregate market price for the margins received on domestically produced commodities

$$PMGRD.MGRD = \sum_{c} PMGRD_{c} MGRD_{c}$$
 (2.45)

Aggregate margins received on domestically produced commodities, expressed at market price

$$MGRD = \sum_{c} MGRD_{c} \tag{2.46}$$

Aggregate market price for the margins received on imported commodities

$$PMGRM.MGRM = \sum_{c} PMGRM_{c} MGRM_{c}$$
 (2.47)

Aggregate margins received on imported commodities, expressed at market price

$$MGRM = \sum_{c} MGRM_{c} \tag{2.48}$$

Aggregate market price for domestically produced intermediate consumption

$$PCID.CID = \sum_{c} PCID_{c} CID_{c}$$
 (2.49)

Aggregate domestically produced intermediate consumption, expressed at market price

$$CID = \sum_{c} CID_{c} \tag{2.50}$$

Aggregate market price for imported intermediate consumption

$$PCIM.CIM = \sum_{c} PCIM_{c} CIM_{c}$$
 (2.51)

Aggregate imported intermediate consumption, expressed at market price

$$CIM = \sum_{c} CIM_{c} \tag{2.52}$$

Aggregate market price for domestically produced households final consumption

$$PCHD.CHD = \sum_{c} PCHD_{c} CHD_{c}$$
 (2.53)

Aggregate domestically produced final consumption, expressed at market price

$$CHD = \sum_{c} CHD_{c} \tag{2.54}$$

Aggregate market price for imported households final consumption

$$PCHM.CHM = \sum_{c} PCHM_c CHM_c$$
 (2.55)

Aggregate imported households final consumption, expressed at market price

$$CHM = \sum_{c} CHM_c \tag{2.56}$$

Aggregate market price for domestically produced Government final consumption

$$PGD.GD = \sum_{c} PGD_c GD_c \tag{2.57}$$

Aggregate domestically produced Government final consumption, expressed at market price

$$GD = \sum_{c} GD_{c} \tag{2.58}$$

Aggregate market price for imported Government final consumption

$$PGM.GM = \sum_{c} PGM_c \ GM_c \tag{2.59}$$

Aggregate imported Government final consumption, expressed at market price

$$GM = \sum_{c} GM_{c} \tag{2.60}$$

Aggregate market price for domestically produced investment

$$PID.ID = \sum_{c} PID_c ID_c$$
 (2.61)

Aggregate domestically produced investment, expressed at market price

$$ID = \sum_{c} ID_{c} \tag{2.62}$$

Aggregate market price for imported investment

$$PIM.IM = \sum_{c} PIM_c IM_c$$
 (2.63)

Aggregate imported investment, expressed at market price

$$IM = \sum_{c} IM_{c} \tag{2.64}$$

Aggregate market price for domestically produced exports

$$PXD.XD = \sum_{c} PXD_{c} XD_{c}$$
 (2.65)

Aggregate domestically produced exports, expressed at market price

$$XD = \sum_{c} XD_{c} \tag{2.66}$$

Aggregate market price for imported exports (re-exports)

$$PXM.XM = \sum_{c} PXM_c XM_c \tag{2.67}$$

Aggregate imported exports (re-exports), expressed at market price

$$XM = \sum_{c} XM_{c} \tag{2.68}$$

Aggregate market price for domestically produced change in inventories

$$PDSD.DSD = \sum_{c} PDSD_{c} DSD_{c}$$
 (2.69)

Aggregate domestically produced change in inventories, expressed at market price

$$DSD = \sum_{c} DSD_{c} \tag{2.70}$$

Aggregate market price for imported change in inventories

$$PDSM.DSM = \sum_{c} PDSM_{c} DSM_{c}$$
 (2.71)

Aggregate imported change in inventories, expressed at market price

$$DSM = \sum_{c} DSM_{c} \tag{2.72}$$

# 2.1.7 Aggregation of domestic and imported production per use, expressed at market price (value & volume)

This subsection provides the aggregate production for various uses by summing the corresponding domestic and imported aggregates.

Aggregate market price for production

$$PQ.Q = PQD.QD + PQM.QM (2.73)$$

Aggregate production, expressed at market price

$$Q = QD + QM (2.74)$$

Aggregate market price for recieved margins

$$PMGR.MGR = PMGRD.MGRD + PMGRM.MGRM$$
 (2.75)

Aggregate recieved margins

$$MGR = MGRD + MGRM (2.76)$$

Aggregate market price for intermediate consumption

$$PCI.CI = PCID.CID + PCIM.CIM$$
 (2.77)

Aggregate intermediate consumption, expressed at market price

$$CI = CID + CIM (2.78)$$

Aggregate market price for household final (consumer price index)

$$PCH.CH = PCHD.CHD + PCHM.CHM$$
 (2.79)

Aggregate household final consumption, expressed at market price

$$CH = CHD + CHM (2.80)$$

Aggregate market price for Government final consumption

$$PG.G = PGD.GD + PGM.GM (2.81)$$

Aggregate Government final consumption, expressed at market price

$$G = GD + GM (2.82)$$

Aggregate market price for investment

$$PI.I = PID.ID + PIM.IM (2.83)$$

Aggregate investment, expressed at market price

$$I = ID + IM \tag{2.84}$$

Aggregate market price for exports

$$PX.X = PXD.XD + PXM.XM (2.85)$$

Aggregate exports, expressed at market price

$$X = XD + XM \tag{2.86}$$

Aggregate market price for change in inventories

$$PDS.DS = PDSD.DSD + PDSM.DSM (2.87)$$

Aggregate change in inventories, expressed at market price

$$DS = DSD + DSM (2.88)$$

### 2.2 Supply side

# 2.2.1 Domestic and foreign equilibrium for commodities c (value & volume):

Production of commodity c, expressed at basic price

$$YQ_c PYQ_c + NTAXPD_c^{VAL} + PMGPD_c MGPD_c = PQD_c QD_c$$
 (2.89)

Basic price of the production of commodity c (for verification)

$$PYQ_c^{bis} YQ_c + NTAXPD_c^{VAL} + PMGPD_c MGPD_c = PQD_c QD_c \quad (2.90)$$

This price is already defined as a weighted average of the production price of the sectors producing commodity c in the price block:  $PYQ.YQ = \sum_{c} PYQ_{c} YQ_{c}$ . To verify accountancy consistancy, we define it here under an alias name.

Production of commodity c, expressed at basic price (for verification)

$$YQ_c^{bis} + NTAXPD_c + MGPD_c = QD_c (2.91)$$

Same variable as  $YQ_c$  above to check the accounting consistency.

Imports of commodity c, expressed at basic price

$$M_c PM_c + NTAXPM_c^{VAL} + PMGPM_c MGPM_c = PQM_c QM_c$$
 (2.92)

Basic price of imports of commodity c (for verification)

$$PM_c^{bis} M_c + NTAXPM_c^{VAL} + PMGPM_c MGPM_c = PQM_c QM_c \quad (2.93)$$

This price is already defined in the price block as  $PM_c = EXR.PWD_c$ . To verify accountancy consistancy, we define it here under an alias name.

Imports of commodity c, expressed at basic price (for verification)

$$M_c^{bis} + NTAXPM_c + MGPM_c = QM_c (2.94)$$

Same variable as  $M_c$  above to check the accounting consistency.

#### 2.2.2 Margins paid (value & volume)

Price of the margins paid on domestically produced commodity c

$$PMGPD_c MGPD_c = \sum_{cc} PMGPD_{cc,c} MGPD_{cc,c}$$
 (2.95)

Margins paid on the domestically produced commodity c

$$MGPD_c = \sum_{cc} MGPD_{cc,c}$$
 (2.96)

Price of the margins paid on imported commodity c

$$PMGPM_c MGPM_c = \sum_{cc} PMGPM_{cc,c} MGPM_{cc,c}$$
 (2.97)

Margins paid on imported commodity c

$$MGPM_c = \sum_{cc} MGPM_{cc,c}$$
 (2.98)

Price of the margins paid to commodity cc on commodity c

$$PMGP_{cc,c} MGP_{cc,c} = PMGPD_{cc,c} MGPD_{cc,c} + PMGPM_{cc,c} MGPM_{cc,c}$$
(2.99)

Margins paid to commodity cc on commodity c

$$MGP_{cc,c} = MGPD_{cc,c} + MGPM_{cc,c} (2.100)$$

2.2.3 Aggregation on commodities: supply side aggregates (value & volume)

Aggregate price of the margins paid on domestically produced commodity

$$PMGPD.MGPD = \sum_{c} PMGPD_{c} MGPD_{c}$$
 (2.101)

Margins paid on domestically produced commodities

$$MGPD = \sum_{c} MGPD_{c} \tag{2.102}$$

Aggregate price of the margins paid on imported commodities

$$PMGPM.MGPM = \sum_{c} PMGPM_{c} MGPM_{c}$$
 (2.103)

Margins paid on imported commodities

$$MGPM = \sum_{c} MGPM_{c} \tag{2.104}$$

Aggregate basic price of domestic production

$$PYQ.YQ = \sum_{c} PYQ_c YQ_c \tag{2.105}$$

Domestic production, expressed at basic price

$$YQ = \sum_{c} YQ_{c} \tag{2.106}$$

Aggregate basic price of imports

$$PM.M = \sum_{c} PM_c M_c \tag{2.107}$$

Imports, expressed at basic price

$$M = \sum_{c} M_c \tag{2.108}$$

#### 2.2.4 Supply indicators of sector s (value & volume):

Production of sector s, expressed at basic price

$$Y_s = \sum_{c} Y_{c,s} {2.109}$$

The production price of sector s is defined in the producer block as a behavour equation. It can not therefore be defined here as an index.

Value-added of sector s expressed in value

$$VA_s^{VAL} = PY_s Y_s - PCI_s CI_s (2.110)$$

Value-added of sector s

$$VA_s = Y_s - CI_s \tag{2.111}$$

Gross operating surplus of sector s expressed in value

$$\begin{aligned} GOS_s^{VAL} &= VA_s^{VAL} - PWAGES_s \ WAGES_s - PRSSC_s \ RSSC_s - NTAXI_s^{VAL} \end{aligned} \tag{2.112}$$

The standard definition of the Gross Operating Surplus (GOS) generally include tax on profits. For simplicity, we assume that  $NTAXI_s$  includes all net taxes on capital (i.e. tax on production and profits). In our definition, the tax on profit is therefore excluded from the GOS. This should be taken into account if one wants to use the GOS as a basis for the tax on profits.

Gross operating surplus of sector s

$$GOS_s = VA_s - WAGES_s - RSSC_s - NTAXI_s \tag{2.113}$$

Net operating surplus of sector s expressed in value

$$NOS_s^{VAL} = GOS_s^{VAL} - PK_{s,t-1} \delta_s F_{K,s,t-1}$$
 (2.114)

Net operating surplus of sector s

$$NOS_s = GOS_s - PK_{s,t_0-1} \delta_s F_{K,s,t-1}$$
 (2.115)

# 2.2.5 Aggregation on sectors: supply indicators of all sectors (value & volume)

Basic price of aggregate production

$$PY.Y = \sum_{s} PY_s Y_s \tag{2.116}$$

Aggregate production, expressed at basic price

$$Y = \sum_{s} Y_s \tag{2.117}$$

Value-added price

$$PVA.VA = \sum_{s} VA_s^{VAL} \tag{2.118}$$

Aggregate value-added

$$VA = \sum_{s} VA_{s} \tag{2.119}$$

Gross wage index paid by sectors

$$PWAGES.WAGES = \sum_{s} PWAGES_{s} WAGES_{s}$$
 (2.120)

The gross wage includes employees (but not employers)' social contribution

Aggregate gross wages paid by sectors

$$WAGES = \sum_{s} WAGES_{s} \tag{2.121}$$

Price of the aggregate gross operating surplus

$$PGOS.GOS = \sum_{s} GOS_{s}^{VAL}$$
 (2.122)

Aggregate gross operating surplus

$$GOS = \sum_{s} GOS_{s} \tag{2.123}$$

Price of the aggregate net operating surplus

$$PNOS.NOS = \sum_{s} NOS_{s}^{VAL}$$
 (2.124)

Aggregate net operating surplus

$$NOS = \sum_{s} NOS_{s} \tag{2.125}$$

## 2.3 Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

In this subsection, GDP is calculated according to different approaches. All approaches lead to same result.

#### 2.3.1 Expenditure approach

Price of GDP (expenditure definition)

$$PGDP.GDP = PCH.CH + PG.G + PI.I + PX.X + PDS.DS - PM.M$$
(2.126)

According to expenditure approach, GDP is calculated as the sum of the different components in the final uses of goods and services.

GDP (expenditure definition)

$$GDP = CH + G + I + X + DS - M$$
 (2.127)

Price of GDP of commodity c (expenditure definition)

$$PGDP_{c} GDP_{c} = PCH_{c} CH_{c} + PG_{c} G_{c} + PI_{c} I_{c} + PX_{c} X_{c} + PDS_{c} DS_{c} - PM_{c} M_{c}$$
 (2.128)

GDP of commodity c (expenditure definition)

$$GDP_c = CH_c + G_c + I_c + X_c + DS_c - M_c$$
 (2.129)

Price of GDP (expenditure definition, for verification)

$$PGDP^{bis}.GDP^{bis} = \sum_{c} PGDP_{c} GDP_{c}$$
 (2.130)

GDP (expenditure definition, for verification)

$$GDP^{bis} = \sum_{c} GDP_{c} \tag{2.131}$$

#### 2.3.2 Production approach

Price of GDP (production definition)

$$PGDP^{ter}.GDP^{ter} = PVA.VA + PNTAXP.NTAXP$$
 (2.132)

According to production approach, GDP is calculated as the sum of the value added plus the total net taxes on commodities.

GDP (production definition)

$$GDP^{ter} = VA + NTAXP (2.133)$$

#### 2.3.3 Income approach

Price of GDP (income definition)

$$PGDP4.GDP4 = PGOS.GOS + PWAGES.WAGES + PRSSC.RSSC + NTAXI^{VAL} + PNTAXP.NTAXP$$
 (2.134)

According to the income approach, GDP is calculated as the sum of all the economic incomes (from labor and capital) corrected by the social and taxes

transfers.

GDP (income definition)

$$GDP4 = GOS + WAGES + RSSC + NTAXI + NTAXP \quad (2.135)$$

#### 3 Producer

This file provides the equations defining the producer behaviour. Equation are behavioral. They are not used to calibrate the initial value of variables. They may be inverted to calibrate a parameter.

### 3.1 Margins

Margins paid to commodity cc on the domestic commodity c

$$\Delta \left(\log MGPD_{cc,c}\right) = \Delta \left(\log YQ_c\right) + \Delta \left(SUBST_{cc,c}^{MGPD}\right)$$
(3.1)

The growth in demand for margins follows the growth of aggregate demand for the commodity c and a substitution term

Notional substitution between margin-making sectors m for the domestically produced commodity c

$$SUBST_{m,c}^{n,MGPD} = \sum_{mm} -\sigma_{m,mm,c}^{MGPD} \varphi_{mm,c,t-1}^{MGPD} \Delta \left( \log PMGPD_{m,c} - \log PMGPD_{mm,c} \right)$$

$$(3.2)$$

Market share of the margin-making sector m for the commodity c

$$\varphi_{m,c}^{MGPD} = PMGPD_{m,c} \frac{MGPD_{m,c}}{\left(\sum_{mm} PMGPD_{mm,c} MGPD_{mm,c}\right)}$$
(3.3)

Margins paid to commodity m on the imported commodity c

$$\Delta \left(\log MGPM_{m,c}\right) = \Delta \left(\log M_c\right) + \Delta \left(SUBST_{m,c}^{MGPM}\right) \tag{3.4}$$

Notional substitution effect between the margin-making sector m and the over margin-makings sectors mm for the imported commodity c

$$SUBST_{m,c}^{n,MGPM} = \sum_{mm} -\sigma_{m,mm,c}^{MGPM} \varphi_{mm,c,t-1}^{MGPM} \Delta \left(\log PMGPM_{m,c} - \log PMGPM_{mm,c}\right)$$
(3.5)

share of the margin type m on total margins paid on the domestic commodity c

$$\varphi_{m,c}^{MGPM} = PMGPM_{m,c} \frac{MGPM_{m,c}}{\left(\sum_{mm} PMGPM_{mm,c} MGPM_{mm,c}\right)}$$
(3.6)

#### 3.2 Production factors

Production of commodity c by sector s

$$Y_{c,s} = PhiY_{c,s} YQ_c (3.7)$$

We assume that each activity s may produce more than one commodity c. Therefore the production Y of commodity c by the activity s depends on the parameter  $\varphi_{c,s}^Y$  which represents the share of sector s in the total production of commodity c.

Demand for production factor f of sector s

$$\Delta\left(\log F_{f,s}^n\right) = \Delta\left(\log Y_s\right) - \Delta\left(\log PROG_{f,s}\right) + \Delta\left(SUBST_{f,s}^F\right) \quad (3.8)$$

Notional substitution effect between the input f and the over inputs ff

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_{f,s}^{n,F} \right) = \sum_{ff} -ES_{f,ff,s} \, \varphi_{ff,s,t-1} \, \Delta \left( \log \frac{C_{f,s}}{PROG_{f,s}} - \log \frac{C_{ff,s}}{PROG_{ff,s}} \right)$$

$$(3.9)$$

Share of production factor f of sector s

$$\varphi_{f,s} = \frac{C_{f,s} F_{f,s}^n}{\sum_{ff} C_{ff,s} F_{ff,s}^n}$$
 (3.10)

# 3.2.1 Aggregate production factors for capital, labor, energy and material

Aggregate capital input

$$F_K = \sum_{s} F_{K,s} \tag{3.11}$$

Aggregate labor input

$$F_L = \sum_{s} F_{L,s} \tag{3.12}$$

Aggregate energy input

$$F_E = \sum_{s} F_{E,s} \tag{3.13}$$

Aggregate materials input

$$F_{MAT} = \sum_{s} F_{MAT,s} \tag{3.14}$$

Investment use of commodity c by sector s

$$\Delta(\log I_{c,s}) = \Delta(\log IA_s) \tag{3.15}$$

For a given sector, we assume that the investment structure is fixed over time. In other words, the investment good is a composite of several commodities in fixed proportion.

Energy input demand by type of energy ce by sector s

$$\Delta \left( \log C I_{ce,s} \right) = \Delta \left( \log F_{E,s} \right) + \Delta \left( S U B S T_{ce,s}^{CI} \right) \tag{3.16}$$

Notional substitution effect between the energy commodity ce and the over energy commodities cee for the sector s

$$\Delta \left(SUBST_{ce,s}^{n,CI}\right) = \sum_{cee} -\sigma_{ce,cee,s}^{NRJ} \varphi_{E,cee,s,t-1} \Delta \left(\log PCI_{ce,s} - \log PCI_{cee,s}\right)$$
(3.17)

Share of energy input ce on total energy use by sector s

$$\varphi_{E,ce,s} = \frac{PCI_{ce,s} \ CI_{ce,s}}{\sum_{cee} PCI_{cee,s} \ CI_{cee,s}}$$
(3.18)

Demand for material commodity cmo by sector s

$$\Delta \left( \log C I_{cmo,s} \right) = \Delta \left( \log F_{MAT,s} \right) \tag{3.19}$$

Intermediary consumption that are not transport or energy commodities are not substitutables (Leontief technology)

Demand for transport commodities by sector s

$$\Delta (\log TRSP_s) = \Delta (\log F_{MAT,s}) \tag{3.20}$$

Demand for transport commodity ct by sector s

$$\Delta \left(\log CI_{ct,s}\right) = \Delta \left(\log TRSP_s\right) + \Delta \left(SUBST_{ct,s}^{CI}\right)$$
 (3.21)

Notional substitution effect between the transport ct and the over transports cct for the sector s

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_{ct,s}^{n,CI} \right) = \sum_{ctt} -\sigma_{ct,ctt,s}^{TRSP} \, \varphi_{ctt,s,t-1}^{TRSP} \, \Delta \left( \log PCI_{ct,s} - \log PCI_{ctt,s} \right)$$
(3.22)

Share for transport ct use in total transport by sector s

$$\varphi_{ct,s}^{TRSP} = \frac{PCI_{ct,s} CI_{ct,s}}{\sum_{ctt} PCI_{ctt,s} CI_{ctt,s}}$$
(3.23)

Technical progress of the production factor f in the sector s

$$PROG_{f,s} = PROG_{f,s,t-1} \left(1 + GR_{f,s}^{PROG}\right)$$
(3.24)

Endogenous energy efficiency

$$GR_{E,s}^{PROG} = GR_{E,s,t_0}^{PROG} + \rho^{PROG,E,PE}. (\log PE_s - \log P)$$
  
> 0)  $\Delta (\log PE_s - \log P)$  (3.25)

This specification states that the productivity gain of energy input in the sector s for the energy type ce depends on a steady-state trend (exogenous) and a price-induced component. This component is equal to a  $\rho^{PROG,E,PE}$  share of the log-difference between the level of the general energy price index for the sector s to the general level of prices.

### 4 Consumer

#### 4.1 Households' Income

Disposable income before tax in value

$$DISPINC^{BT,VAL} = PWAGES.WAGES + PROP^{INC,H,VAL} + SOC^{BENF,VAL} + TRSF^{HH,VAL}$$
 (4.1)

The disposable income before tax is used as base for the income tax.

Disposable income after tax in value

$$DISPINC^{AT,VAL} = DISPINC^{BT,VAL} - INC^{SOC,TAX,VAL}$$
 (4.2)

The definition of the disposable income after tax corresponds to the definition of "gross disposable income" defined in the annual account by institutional sector of Eurostat (b.6.g).

#### Income & Social Taxes in value

$$INC^{SOC,TAX,VAL} = RINC^{SOC,TAX}.DISPINC^{BT,VAL}$$
 (4.3)

Property incomes in value

$$PROP^{INC,H,VAL,n} = \varphi^{PROP^{INC,H}}.PNOS.NOS$$
 (4.4)

Social benefits in value

$$SOC^{BENF,VAL} = RR^{POP}.W.PROG^{L}.P.POP + RR^{Un}.W.Un$$
 (4.5)

### 4.2 Households' Expenditure

Aggregate notional households final consumption in value

$$CH^{n,VAL} = DISPINC^{AT,VAL}.(1 - MPS^n)$$
(4.6)

Notional marginal propensity to save

$$\Delta (MPS^n) = \rho^{MPS,R} \cdot \Delta \left( R - \frac{\Delta (P)}{P_{t-1}} \right) + \rho^{MPS,UnR} \cdot \Delta (UnR)$$
 (4.7)

Households final consumption of commodity c

$$(CH_c^n - NCH_c) PCH_c = \varphi_c^{MCH} (CH^{n,VAL} - PNCH.NCH)$$
 (4.8)

Price of necessary households consumption of commodity c

$$PNCH.NCH = \sum_{c} PNCH_c NCH_c$$
 (4.9)

Necessary households final consumption of commodity c

$$NCH = \sum_{c} NCH_c \tag{4.10}$$

Share of commodity c in the marginal household consumption

$$\Delta \left( \log \varphi_c^{MCH} \right) = \left( 1 - \sigma^{LESCES} \right) \cdot \Delta \left( \log \frac{PCH_c}{PCH^{CES}} \right) \tag{4.11}$$

Share of commodity c in the household consumption

$$\varphi_c^{CH} = \frac{CH_c}{CH} \tag{4.12}$$

Consumption price

Households savings in value

$$SAV^{H,VAL} = DISPINC^{AT,VAL} - PCH.CH (4.13)$$

Households savings rate

$$RSAV^{H,VAL} = \frac{SAV^{H,VAL}}{DISPINC^{AT,VAL}}$$
(4.14)

Households savings stock

$$Stock^{SAV,H,VAL} = Stock_{t-1}^{SAV,H,VAL} + SAV^{H,VAL}$$
 (4.15)

## 5 Prices

This file provides the equations defining the prices.

Domestic production price of commodity c

$$PYQ_c YQ_c = \sum_s PY_s Y_{c,s}$$
 (5.1)

Notional production price of sector s

$$PY_s^n = CU_s^n \ (1 + \mu_s) \tag{5.2}$$

Notional mark-up of the sector s

$$\Delta (\log 1 + \mu_s^n) = \rho^{\mu, Y} \cdot \Delta (\log CUR_s) \tag{5.3}$$

Notional mark-up of the sector s (definition 2)

$$\Delta \left( \log 1 + \mu_s^{n2} \right) = \rho^{\mu, Y} \cdot \left( \Delta \left( \log Y_s \right) - \Delta \left( \log Y_{s, t-1} \right) \right) \tag{5.4}$$

Production capacity of the sector s

$$\Delta (\log YCAP_s) = \sum_{f} \varphi_{f,s,t-1} \Delta (\log F_{f,s} PROG_{f,s}) 
+ \alpha_s^{YCAP,Y} (\log Y_{s,t-1} - \log YCAP_{s,t-1} CUR_{s,t_0})$$
(5.5)

Capacity Utilisation ratio of the sector s

$$CUR_s = \frac{Y_s}{YCAP_s} \tag{5.6}$$

Average mark-up on commodity c

$$(1 + \mu_c) = PYQ_c \frac{YQ_c}{\left(\sum_s CU_s Y_{c,s}\right)}$$

$$(5.7)$$

Notional unit cost of production in sector s

$$CU_s^n Y_s = \sum_f C_{f,s} F_{f,s}^n + NTAXI_s^{VAL}$$

$$(5.8)$$

To define the notional price, it is preferable to use the notional unit cost of production instead of the effective one. This lead to a more stable dynamic

and gives a better representation of anticipation.

Unit cost of production in sector s

$$CU_s Y_s = \sum_f C_{f,s} F_{f,s} + NTAXI_s^{VAL}$$
(5.9)

Labor cost in sector s

$$C_{L,s} = W_s \ (1 + RRSSC_s) \tag{5.10}$$

Capital cost in sector s

$$C_{K,s} = PK_s \ (\delta_s + r_s) \tag{5.11}$$

It is preferable to calculate the user cost of capital based on the price of capital rather than on the price of investment. Indeed the price of the average capital installed is lower than the one of investment because of inflation. Using the price of investment tend to over estimate the cost of capital because it assumes that the debt contracted to finance past investments is indexed on inflation which is not the case in reality.

Price of capital in sector s

$$PK_s F_{K,s} = (1 - \delta_s) PK_{s,t-1} F_{K,s,t-1} + PI_s I_s$$
 (5.12)

The price of capital is calibrated by rewriting this equation in the long run. It is always smaller than 1 because it is calibrated as follows:

$$PK_s = \frac{PI_s*(Rdep_s + GR^{REAL})*(1 + GR^{PRICES})}{(Rdep_s - 1 + (1 + GR^{REAL})*(1 + GR^{PRICES}))}$$

Energy costs in sector s

$$C_{E,s} = PE_s \tag{5.13}$$

In first approximation the cost of energy correspond to the energy price. However if the producer is forward looking, she will integrate the anticipation of price increase in it definition of the user cost of energy. In this case the specification becomes TO BE INTEGRATED

Materials costs in sector s

$$C_{MAT,s} = PMAT_s (5.14)$$

# 5.0.1 Aggregate costs for capital, labor, energy and material Aggregate cost of capital

$$C_K F_K = \sum_{s} C_{K,s} F_{K,s}$$
 (5.15)

Aggregate cost of labor

$$C_L F_L = \sum_{s} C_{L,s} F_{L,s}$$
 (5.16)

Aggregate cost of energy

$$C_E F_E = \sum_s C_{E,s} F_{E,s}$$
 (5.17)

Aggregate cost of materials

$$C_{MAT} F_{MAT} = \sum_{s} C_{MAT,s} F_{MAT,s}$$
 (5.18)

Gross wages paid by sector s including employees (but not employers)' social contribution

$$WAGES_s PWAGES_s = W_s F_{L,s} (5.19)$$

To derive the volume, we assume that the price is the consumer price.

Price Index for gross wages

$$PWAGES_s = P (5.20)$$

# 5.0.2 Prices of commodity c according to the different demand source

Price of commodity c for household final consumption expenditure

$$PCH_c CH_c = PCHD_c CHD_c + PCHM_c CHM_c$$
 (5.21)

Price of commodity c for government final consumption expenditure

$$PG_c G_c = PGD_c GD_c + PGM_c GM_c (5.22)$$

Price of commodity c for exports use

$$PX_c X_c = PXD_c XD_c + PXM_c XM_c (5.23)$$

Price of commodity c for sector s for intermediary consumption use

$$PCI_{c,s} CI_{c,s} = PCID_{c,s} CID_{c,s} + PCIM_{c,s} CIM_{c,s}$$
 (5.24)

Materials price for sector s

$$PMAT_s F_{MAT,s} = \sum_{cm} PCI_{cm,s} CI_{cm,s}$$
 (5.25)

Energy price for sector s

$$PE_s F_{E,s} = \sum_{ce} PCI_{ce,s} CI_{ce,s}$$
 (5.26)

Selling price of commodity c

$$PYQS_c YQS_c = PYQ_c YQ_c + PMGPD_c MGPD_c + NTAXPD_c^{VAL}$$
 (5.27)

 $YQS_c$  is the volume of the production expressed at market price. It should not be seen as a composite of several "goods": production at base price, margins and taxes. Its does not increase when the volume of the margins

and taxes increase. The price does instead. This is equivalent to assuming that  $YQS_c$  is always proportional to and  $YQ_c$  since the volume of margins and taxes depends on the latter. Writing it following the specification composite of several goods,  $YQS_c = YQ_c + MGPD_c + NTAXPD_c$ , would lead to inacurate results since a decrease in the quantity of margins used per unit of production would not lead to a decrease of the selling price.

Quantity of domestically produced commodity c expressed at selling price

$$\Delta (\log Y Q S_c) = \Delta (\log Y Q_c) \tag{5.28}$$

Selling price for imported commodity c

$$PMS_c MS_c = PM_c M_c + NTAXPM_c^{VAL} + PMGPM_c MGPM_c$$
 (5.29)

Quantity of imported commodity c expressed at selling price

$$\Delta (\log MS_c) = \Delta (\log M_c) \tag{5.30}$$

Price of the margins paid to commodity cc on domestically produced commodity c

$$PMGPD_{cc,c}MGR_{cc} = PMGRD_{cc}MGRD_{cc} + PMGRM_{cc}MGRM_{cc}$$
 (5.31)

We assume that the margins paid on domestic and imported commodities can be produced by domestic and foreign (using the import share of the margin received). The price of the margins paid to commodity cc is assumed commun to all commodity c.

Price of the margins paid to commodity cc on imported commodity c

$$PMGPM_{cc,c} = PMGPD_{cc,c} (5.32)$$

This price is the same as the one paid on domestic commodity because of the assumption given in the previous equation. Price of margins received on domestically produced commodity c

$$PMGRD_c = PYQS_c (5.33)$$

Price of margins received on imported commodity c

$$PMGRM_c = PMS_c (5.34)$$

5.0.3 Price of intermediary raw material consumption domestically produced c of sector s

Price of domestically produced commodity c for sector s for intermediate consumption use

$$PCID_{c,s} = PYQS_c (5.35)$$

Price of imported commodity c for sector s for intermediate consumption use

$$PCIM_{c,s} = PMS_c (5.36)$$

Price of domestically produced commodity c for households final consumption expenditure

$$PCHD_c = PYQS_c (5.37)$$

Price of imported commodity c for households final consumption expenditure

$$PCHM_c = PMS_c (5.38)$$

Price of domestically produced commodity c for government final consumption expenditure

$$PGD_c = PYQS_c (5.39)$$

Price of imported commodity c for government final consumption expenditure

$$PGM_c = PMS_c (5.40)$$

Price of domestically produced commodity c for investment use

$$PID_{c,s} = PYQS_c (5.41)$$

Price of imported commodity c for investment use

$$PIM_{c,s} = PMS_c (5.42)$$

Price of domestically produced commodity c for export use

$$PXD_c = PYQS_c (5.43)$$

Price of imported commodity c for export use

$$PXM_c = PMS_c (5.44)$$

Price of domestically produced commodity c for change in inventories use

$$PDSD_c = PYQS_c (5.45)$$

Price of imported commodity c for change in inventories use

$$PDSM_c = PMS_c (5.46)$$

Price of imported commodity c

$$PM_c = EXR.PWD_c (5.47)$$

Notional wage in sector s

$$\Delta (\log W_s^n) = \rho_s^{W,Cons} + \rho_s^{W,P} \Delta (\log P) + \rho_s^{W,Pe} \Delta (\log P^e) + \rho_s^{W,PROG} \Delta (\log PROG_s^L) - \rho_s^{W,U} (UnR - DNAIRU) - \rho_s^{W,DU} \Delta (UnR) + \rho_s^{W,L} \Delta (\log F_{L,s} - \log F_L)$$
(5.48)

In order to have a NAIRU that is not predetermined, we have to assume that the constant is a function of the unemployment rate:

$$d(\rho_s^{W,Cons}) = 0.9 * \rho_s^{W,U} * d(UnR)$$

Average wage

$$W.F_L = \left(\sum_s W_s \ F_{L,s}\right) \tag{5.49}$$

Consumer Price Index

$$P = PCH \tag{5.50}$$

### "Original" Taylor rule

Notional interest rate of the Central Bank (Taylor rule)

$$\Delta\left(R^{n}\right) = \rho^{Rdir,Cons} + \rho^{Rdir,P}.\Delta\left(\frac{\Delta\left(P\right)}{P_{t-1}}\right) - \rho^{Rdir,UnR}.\Delta\left(UnR\right) \quad (5.51)$$

This general specification combines various wage equation found in the literature: the Phillips curve and the WS curve. The WS curve à la Layard et al. (2005) requires the following constraints :  $\rho_s^{W_P}=\rho_s^{W,PROG}=1, \rho_s^{W,U}=\rho_s^{W,Cons}=0$ 

$$\rho_s^{W_P} = \rho_s^{W,PROG} = 1, \rho_s^{W,U} = \rho_s^{W,Cons} = 0$$

Interest rate paid on capital by sector s

$$\Delta\left(R_{s}\right) = \Delta\left(R\right) \tag{5.52}$$

We assume a constant premiun on the interest rate of the Central Bank

Interest rate paid by the Government on its debt

$$\Delta\left(r^{DEBT,G}\right) = \Delta\left(r\right) \tag{5.53}$$

We assume a constant premiun on the interest rate of the Central Bank

# 6 Government

### 6.1 Taxes

We assume that the volume of the tax varies only when the volume of the taxe bases (e.g. production, consumption) varies. Hence an increase in the tax rate does not increase the volume of the tax but increases its price. This is coherent with the specification of the price of the tax bases: increasing the tax rate on production increases the production price but not production.

Net taxes on domestically produced commodity c in value

$$NTAXPD_c^{VAL} = RNTAXPD_c PYQ_c YQ_c$$
 (6.1)

Net taxes on domestically produced commodity c in volume

$$NTAXPD_c = RNTAXPD_{c,t_0} YQ_c (6.2)$$

Net taxes on imported commodity c in value

$$NTAXPM_c^{VAL} = RNTAXPM_c PM_c M_c$$
 (6.3)

Net taxes on imported commodity c in volume

$$NTAXPM_c = RNTAXPM_{c,t_0} M_c (6.4)$$

Net taxes on commodity c in value

$$NTAXP_c^{VAL} = NTAXPD_c^{VAL} + NTAXPM_c^{VAL}$$
 (6.5)

Net taxes on commodity c in volume

$$NTAXP_c = NTAXPD_c + NTAXPM_c \tag{6.6}$$

Aggregate net taxes on commodity c in value

$$PNTAXP.NTAXP = \sum_{c} NTAXP_{c}^{VAL}$$
 (6.7)

Aggregate net taxes on commodity c in volume

$$NTAXP = \sum_{c} NTAXP_{c} \tag{6.8}$$

Net taxes on production of sector s in value

$$NTAXI_s^{VAL} = RNTAXI_s PY_s Y_s (6.9)$$

Net taxes on production of sector s in volume

$$NTAXI_s = RNTAXI_{s,t_0} Y_s (6.10)$$

Aggregate net taxes on production (value & volume)

Net taxes on production in value

$$NTAXI^{VAL} = \sum_{s} NTAXI_{s}^{VAL}$$
 (6.11)

Net taxes on production in volume

$$NTAXI = \sum_{s} NTAXI_{s} \tag{6.12}$$

Employers' social security contribution paid by sector s expressed in consumer price

$$RSSC_s PRSSC_s = W_s F_{L,s} RRSSC_s \tag{6.13}$$

RSSC stands for employers' Social Security Contribution

Price of RSSC for sector s

$$PRSSC_s = P (6.14)$$

Total employers' social security contribution expressed in consumer price

$$PRSSC.RSSC = \sum_{s} PRSSC_{s} RSSC_{s}$$
 (6.15)

Price of RSSC

$$RSSC = \sum_{s} RSSC_{s} \tag{6.16}$$

Average employers' social security contribution rate

$$RRSSC = PRSSC. \frac{RSSC}{(W.F_L)}$$
(6.17)

Government final consumption expenditure of commodity c

$$\Delta (\log G_c) = \Delta (\log EXPG) \tag{6.18}$$

Notional Property incomes of the Government in value

$$PROP^{INC,G,VAL,n} = \varphi^{PROP^{INC,G}}.PNOS.NOS$$
 (6.19)

Incomes of the Government in value

$$INC^{G,VAL} = PNTAXP.NTAXP + NTAXI^{VAL} + INC^{SOC,TAX,VAL} + PRSSC.RSSC + PROP^{INC,G,VAL}$$

$$(6.20)$$

Spendings of the Government in value

$$SPEND^{G,VAL} = PG.G + SOC^{BENF,VAL} + DEBT_{t-1}^{G,VAL} \left( \varphi_{t-1}^{RD^G} + r_{t-1}^{DEBT,G} \right)$$
 (6.21)

Savings of the Government in value (Net lending/borrowing: published deficit/savings of the Government)

$$SAV^{G,VAL} = INC^{G,VAL} - SPEND^{G,VAL}$$
(6.22)

Primary balance of the Government in value (deficit).

$$Bal^{G,Prim,VAL} = SAV^{G,VAL} + DEBT_{t-1}^{G,VAL} \left( \varphi_{t-1}^{RD^G} + r_{t-1}^{DEBT,G} \right)$$
 (6.23)

It corresponds to the savings excluding the reimbursement and the interest on the debt.

Primary balance of the Government in value (deficit) from an alternative expression

$$Bal^{G,Prim,VAL,bis} = INC^{G,VAL} - (PG.G + SOC^{BENF,VAL})$$
 (6.24)

It corresponds to the saving excluding the reimbursement but not the interest on the debt.

Total balance of the Government in value (deficit)

$$Bal^{G,Tot,VAL} = Bal^{G,Prim,VAL} - DEBT_{t-1}^{G,VAL} r_{t-1}^{DEBT,G}$$
 (6.25)

Government's debt in value

$$DEBT^{G,VAL} = DEBT^{G,VAL}_{t-1} \left(1 - \varphi^{RD^G}_{t-1}\right) - SAV^{G,VAL}$$
 (6.26)

It corresponds to the previous year debt minus the reimbursement of the debt and the government savings.

Government's savings rate in value (in percent of GDP)

$$RSAV^{G,VAL} = \frac{SAV^{G,VAL}}{(PGDP.GDP)}$$
 (6.27)

Primary balance of the Government in value (in percent of GDP)

$$RBal^{G,Prim,VAL} = \frac{Bal^{G,Prim,VAL}}{(PGDP.GDP)}$$
(6.28)

Total balance of the Government in value (in percent of GDP)

$$RBal^{G,Tot,VAL} = \frac{Bal^{G,Tot,VAL}}{(PGDP.GDP)}$$
(6.29)

Ratio of the Government's debt in value (in percent of GDP)

$$RDEBT^{G,VAL} = \frac{DEBT^{G,VAL}}{(PGDP,GDP)}$$
(6.30)

### 7 International Trade

This file provides the equations defining the allocation between domestic and imported goods per use. The differentiation per use allows for distinguishing import share per use and therefore a more realistic representation of the economy than model that assume a common import share. Indeed, the import share of export is generally smaller than for consumption.

### 7.1 Domestic demand

Received margins on domestically produced commodity c

$$MGRD_c = \left(1 - \varphi_c^{MGRM}\right) MGR_c \tag{7.1}$$

Private final consumption of domestically produced commodity c

$$CHD_c = \left(1 - \varphi_c^{CHM}\right) CH_c \tag{7.2}$$

Public final consumption of domestically produced commodity c

$$GD_c = \left(1 - \varphi_c^{GM}\right) G_c \tag{7.3}$$

Margins received from imported commodity c

$$MGRM_c = \varphi_c^{MGRM} MGR_c \tag{7.4}$$

Private final consumption of imported commodity c

$$CHM_c = \varphi_c^{CHM} CH_c \tag{7.5}$$

Public final consumption of imported commodity c

$$GM_c = \varphi_c^{GM} G_c \tag{7.6}$$

Import share of commodity c on received margins

$$\varphi_c^{MGRM} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{MGRD_c}{MGRM_c, t_0} \exp SUBST_c^{MGRM}\right)}$$
(7.7)

Import share of commodity c for household final consumption

$$\varphi_c^{CHM} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{CHD_c}{CHM_c, t_0} \exp SUBST_c^{CHM}\right)}$$
 (7.8)

Import share  $\varphi_c$  of commodity c on the government final consumption

$$\varphi_c^{GM} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{GD_c}{GM_c, t_0} \exp SUBST_c^{GM}\right)}$$
 (7.9)

Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestically produced commodity c for margins received

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_c^{n,MGRM} \right) = -\sigma_c^{MGRM} \ \Delta \left( \log PMGRD_c - \log PMGRM_c \right) \quad (7.10)$$

Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestically produced commodity c

for households final consumption

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_c^{n,CHM} \right) = -\sigma_c^{CHM} \ \Delta \left( \log PCHD_c - \log PCHM_c \right) \quad (7.11)$$

Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestically produced commodity c for government final consumption

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_c^{n,GM} \right) = -\sigma_c^{GM} \ \Delta \left( \log PGD_c - \log PGM_c \right) \tag{7.12}$$

Intermediary consumption from sector s in domestically produced commodity c

$$CID_{c,s} = \left(1 - \varphi_{c,s}^{CIM}\right) CI_{c,s} \tag{7.13}$$

Investment from sector s in domestically produced commodity c

$$ID_{c,s} = \left(1 - \varphi_{c,s}^{IM}\right) I_{c,s} \tag{7.14}$$

Intermediary consumption from sector s in imported commodity c

$$CIM_{c,s} = \varphi_{c,s}^{CIM} CI_{c,s} \tag{7.15}$$

Investment from sector s in imported commodity c

$$IM_{c,s} = \varphi_{c,s}^{IM} I_{c,s} \tag{7.16}$$

Import share of intermediary consumption from sector s in domestically produced commodity c

$$\varphi_{c,s}^{CIM} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{CID_{c,s}}{CIM_{c,s},t_0} \exp SUBST_{c,s}^{CIM}\right)}$$
(7.17)

Import share of intermediary consumption from sector s in imported commodity c

$$\varphi_{c,s}^{IM} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{ID_{c,s}}{IM_{c,s},t_0} \exp SUBST_{c,s}^{IM}\right)}$$
(7.18)

Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestic intermediary consumption in commodity c from the sector s

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_{c,s}^{n,CIM} \right) = -\sigma_{c,s}^{CIM} \ \Delta \left( \log PCID_{c,s} - \log PCIM_{c,s} \right) \quad (7.19)$$

Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestic investment in commodity c from the sector s

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_{c,s}^{n,IM} \right) = -\sigma_{c,s}^{IM} \ \Delta \left( \log PID_{c,s} - \log PIM_{c,s} \right)$$
 (7.20)

# 7.2 Exports

Exports of domestically produced commodity c

$$XD_c = (1 - \varphi_c^{XM}) X_c \tag{7.21}$$

Exports of imported commodity c

$$XM_c = \varphi_c^{XM} X_c \tag{7.22}$$

Import share of commodity c exports

$$\varphi_c^{XM} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{XD_c}{XM_c, t_0} \exp SUBST_c^{XM}\right)}$$
 (7.23)

Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestic products c for exports

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_c^{n,XM} \right) = -\sigma_c^{XM} \ \Delta \left( \log PXD_c - \log PXM_c \right) \tag{7.24}$$

Foreign demand for exports of commmodity c

$$\Delta (\log X_c) = \Delta (\log W D_c) + \Delta (SUBST_c^X)$$
 (7.25)

Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between export prices and (converted in domestic currency) international prices for the commodity c

$$\Delta \left( SUBST_c^{n,X} \right) = -\sigma_c^X \Delta \left( \log PX_c - \log EXR.PWD_c \right)$$
 (7.26)

Balance of trade of commodity c

$$Bal_c^{Trade,VAL} = PX_c X_c - PM_c M_c (7.27)$$

Aggregate balance of trade

$$Bal^{Trade,VAL} = \sum_{c} Bal_{c}^{Trade,VAL}$$
 (7.28)

Balance of trade (in percent of GDP)

$$RBal^{Trade,VAL} = \frac{Bal^{Trade,VAL}}{(PGDP.GDP)}$$
 (7.29)

# 8 Demography

Working-age population

$$\Delta (\log WAPop) = \Delta (\log POP) \tag{8.1}$$

The working age population linearly grows with the total population.

Labor force

$$LF = PARTR.WAPop (8.2)$$

The Labor force depends on a participation rate of the working-age population.

### Labor force participation ratio

$$\Delta \left( PARTR^{n} \right) = \Delta \left( PARTR^{trend} \right) - \rho^{PART,UnR} \cdot \Delta \left( UnR \right) \tag{8.3}$$

Because of discouraged worker effect, the participation ratio depends generally negatively on the unemployment rate.

### Employment (ILO definition)

$$\Delta (\log empl) = \Delta (\log F_L) \tag{8.4}$$

In general, labor according to the national account differs from the employment according to the ILO definition. One reason is that labor is expressed in FTE (full time equivalent). To calculate the unemployment rate, one needs to use the employment according to the ILO definition. We assume that the average work duration is constant over time, implying stability of the employment to labor ratio.

### Unemployment

$$Un = LF - Empl (8.5)$$

Unemployment is determined as the difference between the total active population with the one which is employed.

### Unemployment rate

$$UnR = \frac{Un}{LF} \tag{8.6}$$

The Unemployment rate is defined as the ratio between the total unemployment and the active population.

# 9 Greenhouse gases emissions

This file provides the equations defining the path of GreenHouse Gases (GHG) emissions. All emission types are expressed in CO2-equivalent to

facilitate aggregation. For the same emission type (e.g. CO2), several equation are defined depending on the emission basis: intermediary consumption, household consumption or production.

Emissions ghg related to the intermediary consumption of commodity c by sector s

$$\Delta \left( \log EMS_{qhq,c,s}^{CI} \right) = \Delta \left( \log CI_{c,s} IEMS_{qhq,c,s}^{CI} \right)$$
 (9.1)

In practice only a few intermediaries generate emissions (e.g. coal, gas, petrol). IEMS CI[ghg,c,s] is the corresponding emission intensity calibrated to 1 in the baseyear. It may change over time because of the increase of the share of biofuels.

Emissions ghg related to the materials consumption of sector s

$$\Delta \left( \log EMS_{qhq,s}^{MAT} \right) = \Delta \left( \log F_{MAT,s} IEMS_{qhq,s}^{MAT} \right)$$
 (9.2)

This mainly corresponds to the CO2 emissions from decarbonation.

Emissions ghg related to the final production of sector s

$$\Delta \left( \log EMS_{ghg,s}^{Y} \right) = \Delta \left( \log Y_{s} \ IEMS_{ghg,s}^{Y} \right) \tag{9.3}$$

This mainly correspond to the emissions from agriculture.

Emissions ghg related to the household consumption c

$$\Delta \left( \log EMS_{ghg,c}^{CH} \right) = \Delta \left( \log CH_c \ IEMS_{ghg,c}^{CH} \right) \tag{9.4}$$

Emissions ghg related to the intermediary consumption of commodity  $\boldsymbol{c}$ 

$$EMS_{ghg,c}^{CI} = \sum_{s} EMS_{ghg,c,s}^{CI}$$

$$\tag{9.5}$$

Emissions ghg related to the intermediary consumption by sector s

$$EMS_{ghg,s}^{CI} = \sum_{c} EMS_{ghg,c,s}^{CI}$$

$$\tag{9.6}$$

Emissions of the greehouse gas ghg related to the intermediary consumption

$$EMS_{ghg}^{CI} = \sum_{s} EMS_{ghg,s}^{CI}$$

$$\tag{9.7}$$

Aggregation by sector s.

Emissions of the greehouse gas ghg related to the intermediary consumption

$$EMS_{ghg}^{CI,bis} = \sum_{c} EMS_{ghg,c}^{CI}$$
(9.8)

Aggregation by commodity c.

Emissions of the greehouse gas ghg related to the total material consumption

$$EMS_{ghg}^{MAT} = \sum_{s} EMS_{ghg,s}^{MAT} \tag{9.9}$$

Emissions of the greehouse gas ghg related to the final production

$$EMS_{ghg}^{Y} = \sum_{s} EMS_{ghg,s}^{Y} \tag{9.10}$$

Emissions of the greehouse gas ghg related to the household final consumption

$$EMS_{ghg}^{CH} = \sum_{c} EMS_{ghg,c}^{CH}$$
(9.11)

Aggregate emissions of the greehouse gas ghg

$$EMS_{ghg} = EMS_{ghg}^{CI} + EMS_{ghg}^{MAT} + EMS_{ghg}^{Y} + EMS_{ghg}^{CH}$$
 (9.12)

Aggregate emissions related to the intermediary consumption

$$EMS^{CI} = \sum_{ghg} EMS^{CI}_{ghg} \tag{9.13}$$

Aggregate emissions related to the material consumption

$$EMS^{MAT} = \sum_{ghg} EMS_{ghg}^{MAT} \tag{9.14}$$

Aggregate emissions related to the final production

$$EMS^Y = \sum_{qhq} EMS^Y_{ghg} \tag{9.15}$$

Aggregate emissions related to the households final consumption

$$EMS^{CH} = \sum_{ghq} EMS_{ghg}^{CH} \tag{9.16}$$

Aggregate emissions

$$EMS = EMS^{CI} + EMS^{MAT} + EMS^{Y} + EMS^{CH}$$
 (9.17)

Aggregate emissions by type of substance

$$EMS^{bis} = \sum_{ghq} EMS_{ghg} \tag{9.18}$$

# 10 Other equations

# 10.1 Adjustment equations and anticipation

Mark-up in the sector s

$$\mu_s = \alpha_s^{\mu} \,\mu_s^n + (1 - \alpha_s^{\mu}) \,\mu_{s,t-1} \tag{10.1}$$

Expected inflation.

$$\Delta \left(\log P^{e}\right) = \alpha^{Pe,P1} \cdot \Delta \left(\log P_{t-1}\right) + \left(1 - \alpha^{Pe,P1}\right) \cdot \Delta \left(\log P_{t-1}^{e}\right) \quad (10.2)$$

This equation defines the expected inflation and not the expected price.  $P^e$  does not necessary converge to P. If the wage equation is a WS curve, even in the very long term it may not converge.

### **Expected production**

$$\Delta \left(\log Y_s^e\right) = \alpha_s^{Ye,Y} \ \Delta \left(\log Y_s\right) + \left(1 - \alpha_s^{Ye,Y}\right) \ \Delta \left(\log Y_{s,t-1}^e\right)$$
 (10.3)

Quantity of Labor, Energy and Material inputs in sector s

$$\log F_{f,s} = \alpha_{f,s}^{0,F} \log F_{f,s}^{n} + \left(1 - \alpha_{f,s}^{0,F}\right) \left(\log F_{f,s,t-1} + \Delta\left(\log F_{f,s}^{e}\right)\right)$$
(10.4)

Expected quantity of Labor, Energy and Material inputs in sector s

$$\Delta\left(\log F_{f,s}^{e}\right) = \alpha_{f,s}^{1,F} \Delta\left(\log F_{f,s,t-1}^{e}\right) + \alpha_{f,s}^{2,F} \Delta\left(\log F_{f,s,t-1}\right) + \alpha_{f,s}^{3,F} \Delta\left(\log F_{f,s}^{n}\right)$$

$$(10.5)$$

Capital stock of sector s

$$F_{K,s} = (1 - \delta_s) \ F_{K,s,t-1} + IA_s \tag{10.6}$$

Investment in sector s

$$\Delta (\log IA_s) = \alpha_s^{IA,Ye} \Delta (\log Y_s^e) + \alpha_s^{IA,IA1} \Delta (\log IA_{s,t-1}) 
+ \alpha_s^{IA,SUBST} \Delta (SUBST_{K,s}^F) 
+ \alpha_s^{IA,Kn} (\log F_{K,s,t-1}^n - \log F_{K,s,t-1})$$
(10.7)

Households final consumption of commodity c

$$\log CH_c = \alpha_c^{0,CH} \log CH_c^n + (1 - \alpha_c^{0,CH}) (\log CH_{c,t-1} + \Delta (\log CH_c^e))$$
 (10.8)

Expected households final consumption of commodity c

$$\Delta \left(\log CH_c^e\right) = \alpha_c^{1,CH} \Delta \left(\log CH_{c,t-1}^e\right) + \alpha_c^{2,CH} \Delta \left(\log CH_{c,t-1}\right) + \alpha_c^{3,CH} \Delta \left(\log CH_c^n\right)$$

$$+ \alpha_c^{3,CH} \Delta \left(\log CH_c^n\right)$$

$$(10.9)$$

Production price of sector s

$$\log PY_s = \alpha_s^{0,PY} \log PY_s^n + \left(1 - \alpha_s^{0,PY}\right) \left(\log PY_{s,t-1} + \Delta \left(\log PY_s^e\right)\right) (10.10)$$

Expected production price of sector s

$$\Delta \left(\log PY_s^e\right) = \alpha_s^{1,PY} \Delta \left(\log PY_{s,t-1}^e\right) + \alpha_s^{2,PY} \Delta \left(\log PY_{s,t-1}\right) + \alpha_s^{3,PY} \Delta \left(\log PY_s^n\right)$$

$$+ \alpha_s^{3,PY} \Delta \left(\log PY_s^n\right)$$

$$(10.11)$$

Wages of the sector s

$$\Delta \left(\log W_{s}\right) = \alpha_{s}^{W,Wn} \Delta \left(\log W_{s}^{n}\right) + \alpha_{s}^{W,W1} \Delta \left(\log W_{s,t-1}\right) - \alpha_{s}^{W,W1Wn1} \log \frac{W_{s,t-1}}{W_{s,t-1}^{n}}$$

$$(10.12)$$

Labor participation ratio

$$PARTR = \alpha^{0,PARTR}.PARTR^{n} + (1 - \alpha^{0,PARTR}).PARTR_{t-1} \quad (10.13)$$

#### Interest rate

$$R = \alpha^{0,R} R^n + (1 - \alpha^{0,R}) R_{t-1}$$
(10.14)

### Households property income in value

$$\begin{split} \log PROP^{INC,H,VAL} &= \alpha^{0,PROP,INC,H,VAL}. \log PROP^{INC,H,VAL,n} \\ &+ \left(1 - \alpha^{0,PROP,INC,H,VAL}\right). \left(\log PROP^{INC,H,VAL}\right) \\ &+ \Delta \left(\log PROP^{INC,H,VAL,e}\right) \right) \end{split}$$
 (10.15)

### Expected Households property income in value

$$\Delta \left(\log PROP^{INC,H,VAL,e}\right) = \alpha^{1,PROP,INC,H,VAL}.\Delta \left(\log PROP_{t-1}^{INC,H,VAL,e}\right) + \alpha^{2,PROP,INC,H,VAL}.\Delta \left(\log PROP_{t-1}^{INC,H,VAL}\right) + \alpha^{3,PROP,INC,H,VAL}.\Delta \left(\log PROP^{INC,H,VAL,n}\right)$$

$$(10.16)$$

### Government property incomes in value

$$\log PROP^{INC,G,VAL} = \alpha^{0,PROP,INC,G,VAL} \cdot \log PROP^{INC,G,VAL,n} + \left(1 - \alpha^{0,PROP,INC,G,VAL}\right) \cdot \left(\log PROP^{INC,G,VAL} + \Delta \left(\log PROP^{INC,G,VAL,e}\right)\right)$$

$$(10.17)$$

### Expected Government property incomes in value

$$\Delta \left(\log PROP^{INC,G,VAL,e}\right) = \alpha^{1,PROP,INC,G,VAL}.\Delta \left(\log PROP_{t-1}^{INC,G,VAL,e}\right) + \alpha^{2,PROP,INC,G,VAL}.\Delta \left(\log PROP_{t-1}^{INC,G,VAL}\right) + \alpha^{3,PROP,INC,G,VAL}.\Delta \left(\log PROP^{INC,G,VAL,n}\right)$$

$$(10.18)$$

### 10.2 Substitutions

Substitution effect of the production factor f in the sector s

$$SUBST_{f,s}^{F} = \alpha_{f,s}^{6,F} \ SUBST_{f,s}^{n,F} + \left(1 - \alpha_{f,s}^{6,F}\right) \ SUBST_{f,s,t-1}^{F}$$
 (10.19)

Substitution effect of the domestic margin paid cc for the commodity c

$$SUBST_{cc,c}^{MGPD} = \alpha_{cc,c}^{6,MGPD} \ SUBST_{cc,c}^{n,MGPD} + \left(1 - \alpha_{cc,c}^{6,MGPD}\right) \ SUBST_{cc,c,t-1}^{MGPD}$$
(10.20)

Substitution effect on the imported margin paid cc for the commodity c

$$SUBST_{cc,c}^{MGPM} = \alpha_{cc,c}^{6,MGPM} SUBST_{cc,c}^{n,MGPM} + \left(1 - \alpha_{cc,c}^{6,MGPM}\right) SUBST_{cc,c,t-1}^{MGPM}$$

$$(10.21)$$

Substitution effect on the energy intermediate consumption ce in the sector s

$$SUBST_{ce,s}^{CI} = \alpha_{ce,s}^{6,CI} \ SUBST_{ce,s}^{n,CI} + \left(1 - \alpha_{ce,s}^{6,CI}\right) \ SUBST_{ce,s,t-1}^{CI} \quad (10.22)$$

Substitution effect on the transportation intermediate consumption ce in the sector s

$$SUBST_{ct,s}^{CI} = \alpha_{ct,s}^{6,CI} \ SUBST_{ct,s}^{n,CI} + \left(1 - \alpha_{ct,s}^{6,CI}\right) \ SUBST_{ct,s,t-1}^{CI} \quad (10.23)$$

Substitution effect on the imported margin received for the commodity c

$$SUBST_{c}^{MGRM} = \alpha_{c}^{6,MGRM} \ SUBST_{c}^{n,MGRM} + \left(1 - \alpha_{c}^{6,MGRM}\right) \ SUBST_{c,t-1}^{MGRM} \ (10.24)$$

Substitution effect on the imported households final consumption for the commodity c

$$SUBST_c^{CHM} = \alpha_c^{6,CHM} \ SUBST_c^{n,CHM} + \left(1 - \alpha_c^{6,CHM}\right) \ SUBST_{c,t-1}^{CHM} \quad (10.25)$$

Substitution effect on the imported government final consumption for the commodity c

$$SUBST_{c}^{GM} = \alpha_{c}^{6,GM} \ SUBST_{c}^{n,GM} + (1 - \alpha_{c}^{6,GM}) \ SUBST_{c,t-1}^{GM}$$
 (10.26)

Substitution effect on the government final consumption for the imported commodity c

$$SUBST_c^{XM} = \alpha_c^{6,XM} \ SUBST_c^{n,XM} + (1 - \alpha_c^{6,XM}) \ SUBST_{c,t-1}^{XM} \ (10.27)$$

Substitution effect on the intermediate consumption for the imported commodity c in the sector s

$$SUBST_{c,s}^{CIM} = \alpha_{c,s}^{6,CIM} \ SUBST_{c,s}^{n,CIM} + \left(1 - \alpha_{c,s}^{6,CIM}\right) \ SUBST_{c,s,t-1}^{CIM}$$
 (10.28)

Substitution effect on the investment for the imported commodity c in the sector s

$$SUBST_{c,s}^{IM} = \alpha_{c,s}^{6,IM} \ SUBST_{c,s}^{n,IM} + (1 - \alpha_{c,s}^{6,IM}) \ SUBST_{c,s,t-1}^{IM} \ (10.29)$$

Substitution effect on the exports of the commodity c

$$SUBST_c^X = \alpha_c^{6,X} \ SUBST_c^{n,X} + \left(1 - \alpha_c^{6,X}\right) \ SUBST_{c,t-1}^X \quad \ (10.30)$$

# 11 Glossary

$Bal^{G,Prim,VAL}$	Primary balance of the Government in value (deficit).
$Bal^{G,Prim,VAL,bis}$	Primary balance of the Government in value (deficit) from an alternative expression
$\overline{Bal^{G,Tot,VAL}}$	Total balance of the Government in value (deficit)
$\overline{Bal^{Trae,VAL}}$	Aggregate balance of trade
$Bal_c^{Trae,VAL}$	Balance of trade of commodity $c$
$C_{E,s}$	Energy costs in sector $s$
$C_E$	Aggregate cost of energy
$C_{K,s}$	Capital cost in sector $s$
$C_K$	Aggregate cost of capital
$C_{L,s}$	Labor cost in sector $s$
$C_L$	Aggregate cost of labor
$C_{MAT,s}$	Materials costs in sector $s$
$C_{MAT}$	Aggregate cost of materials
CH	Aggregate household final consumption, expressed at market price
$CH_c^e$	Expected households final consumption of commodity $c$
$\overline{CH^{n,VAL}}$	Aggregate notional households final consumption in value
$\overline{CH_c^n}$	Households final consumption of commodity $c$
$\overline{CH_c}$	Households final consumption of commodity $c$
$\overline{CHD}$	Aggregate domestically produced final consumption, expressed at market price
$CHD_c$	Private final consumption of domestically produced commodity $\boldsymbol{c}$

CHM	Aggregate imported households final consumption, expressed at market price
$\overline{CHM_c}$	Private final consumption of imported commodity $c$
CI	Aggregate intermediate consumption, expressed at market price
$CI_c$	Intermediate consumption of commodity $c$ , expressed at market price
$CI_{ce,s}$	Energy input demand by type of energy $ce$ by sector $s$
$\overline{CI_{cmo,s}}$	Demand for material commodity $cmo$ by sector $s$
$\overline{CI_{ct,s}}$	Demand for transport commodity $ct$ by sector $s$
$CI_s$	Intermediate consumption of sector $s$ , expressed at market price
$CI^{bis}$	Intermediate consumption of sector $s$ , expressed at market price (for verification)
$\overline{CID}$	Aggregate domestically produced intermediate consumption, expressed at market price
$CID_{c,s}$	Intermediary consumption from sector $s$ in domestically produced commodity $c$
$\overline{CID_c}$	Quantity of domestically produced commodity $c$ used as intermediary consumption, expressed at market price
$CID_s$	Domestically produced intermediate consumption of sector $s$ , expressed at basic price, expressed at market price
$\overline{CIM}$	Aggregate imported intermediate consumption, expressed at market price
$CIM_{c,s}$	Intermediary consumption from sector $s$ in imported commodity $c$

Quantity of imported commodity $c$ used as intermediary consumption, expressed at market price
Imported intermediate consumption of sector $s$ , expressed at market price
Notional unit cost of production in sector $s$
Unit cost of production in sector $s$
Capacity Utilisation ratio of the sector $s$
Government's debt in value
Disposable income after tax in value
Disposable income before tax in value
Aggregate change in inventories, expressed at market price
Change in inventories of commodity $c$ , expressed at market price
Aggregate domestically produced change in inventories, expressed at market price
Aggregate imported change in inventories, expressed at market price
Employment (ILO definition)
Aggregate emissions
Aggregate emissions related to the households final consumption
Emissions ghg related to the household consumption $c$
Emissions of the greehouse gas $ghg$ related to the household final consumption
Aggregate emissions related to the intermediary consumption
Emissions ghg related to the intermediary consumption of of commodity $c$ by sector $s$

$EMS_{ghg,c}^{CI}$	Emissions ghg related to the intermediary consumption of commodity $\boldsymbol{c}$
$\overline{EMS^{CI}_{ghg,s}}$	Emissions ghg related to the intermediary consumption by sector $s$
$\overline{EMS_{ghg}^{CI}}$	Emissions of the greehouse gas $ghg$ related to the intermediary consumption
$\overline{EMS_{ghg}^{CI,bis}}$	Emissions of the greehouse gas $ghg$ related to the intermediary consumption
$\overline{EMS^{MAT}}$	Aggregate emissions related to the material consumption
$\overline{EMS_{ghg,s}^{MAT}}$	Emissions ghg related to the materials consumption of sector $s$
$\overline{EMS_{ghg}^{MAT}}$	Emissions of the greehouse gas $ghg$ related to the total material consumption
$\overline{EMS^Y}$	Aggregate emissions related to the final production
$\overline{EMS^{Y}_{ghg,s}}$	Emissions ghg related to the final production of sector $s$
$\overline{EMS^{Y}_{ghg}}$	Emissions of the greehouse gas $ghg$ related to the final production
$\overline{EMS_{ghg}}$	Aggregate emissions of the greehouse gas $ghg$
$\overline{EMS^{bis}}$	Aggregate emissions by type of substance
$\overline{F_{f,s}^e}$	Expected quantity of Labor, Energy and Material inputs in sector $s$
$\overline{F_{f,s}^n}$	Demand for production factor $f$ of sector $s$
$\overline{F_E}$	Aggregate energy input
$\overline{F_{f,s}}$	Quantity of Labor, Energy and Material inputs in sector $s$
$\overline{F_{K,s}}$	Capital stock of sector $s$
$\overline{F_K}$	Aggregate capital input

$F_L$	Aggregate labor input
$\overline{F_{MAT}}$	Aggregate materials input
$\overline{G}$	Aggregate Government final consumption, expressed at market price
$\overline{G_c}$	Government final consumption expenditure of commodity $c$
$\overline{GD}$	Aggregate domestically produced Government fi- nal consumption, expressed at market price
$\overline{GD_c}$	Public final consumption of domestically produced commodity $c$
$\overline{GDP}$	GDP (expenditure definition)
$\overline{GDP_c}$	GDP of commodity $c$ (expenditure definition)
$\overline{GDP4}$	GDP (income definition)
$\overline{GDP^{bis}}$	GDP (expenditure definition, for verification)
$\overline{GDP^{ter}}$	GDP (production definition)
$\overline{GM}$	Aggregate imported Government final consumption, expressed at market price
$\overline{GM_c}$	Public final consumption of imported commodity $c$
$\overline{GOS}$	Aggregate gross operating surplus
$\overline{GOS^{VAL}_s}$	Gross operating surplus of sector $s$ expressed in value
$\overline{GOS_s}$	Gross operating surplus of sector $s$
$\overline{GR_{E,s}^{PROG}}$	Endogenous energy efficiency
$\overline{I}$	Aggregate investment, expressed at market price
$\overline{I_{c,s}}$	Investment use of commodity $c$ by sector $s$
$\overline{I_c}$	Investment in commodity $c$ , expressed at market price
$\overline{I_s}$	Investment of sector $s$ , expressed at market price

$IA_s$	Investment in sector $s$
$\overline{I^{bis}}$	Investment of sector $s$ , expressed at market price (for verification)
ID	Aggregate domestically produced investment, expressed at market price
$\overline{ID_{c,s}}$	Investment from sector $s$ in domestically produced commodity $c$
$\overline{ID_c}$	Quantity of imported commodity $c$ used as investment, expressed at market price
$\overline{ID_s}$	Domestically produced investment of sector $s$ , expressed at market price
$\overline{IM}$	Aggregate imported investment, expressed at market price
$\overline{IM_{c,s}}$	Investment from sector $s$ in imported commodity $c$
$\overline{IM_c}$	Quantity of imported commodity $c$ used as investment, expressed at market price
$\overline{IM_s}$	Imported investment of sector $s$ , expressed at market price
$\overline{INC^{G,VAL}}$	Incomes of the Government in value
$\overline{INC^{SOC,TAX,VAL}}$	Income & Social Taxes in value
$\overline{LF}$	Labor force
$\overline{M}$	Imports, expressed at basic price
$\overline{M_c}$	Imports of commodity $c$ , expressed at basic price
$\overline{\mu^n_s}$	Notional mark-up of the sector $s$
$\mu_s^{n2}$	Notional mark-up of the sector $s$ (definition 2)
$\mu_c$	Average mark-up on commodity $c$
$\mu_s$	Mark-up in the sector $s$

$M_c^{bis}$	Imports of commodity $c$ , expressed at basic price (for verification)
$MGP_{cc,c}$	Margins paid to commodity $cc$ on commodity $c$
MGPD	Margins paid on domestically produced commodities
$MGPD_c$	Margins paid on the domestically produced commodity $c$
$MGPD_{cc,c}$	Margins paid to commodity $cc$ on the domestic commodity $c$
MGPM	Margins paid on imported commodities
$\overline{MGPM_c}$	Margins paid on imported commodity $c$
$MGPM_{m,c}$	Margins paid to commodity $m$ on the imported commodity $c$
MGR	Aggregate recieved margins
$\overline{MGR_{cc}}$	Margins received by commodity $cc$ , expressed at market price
$MGR_c^{bis}$	Margins received by commodity $cc$ , expressed at market price (for verification)
MGRD	Aggregate margins received on domestically produced commodities, expressed at market price
$MGRD_c$	Received margins on domestically produced commodity $c$
MGRM	Aggregate margins received on imported commodities, expressed at market price
$\overline{MGRM_c}$	Margins received from imported commodity $c$
$MPS^n$	Notional marginal propensity to save
$MS_c$	Quantity of imported commodity $c$ expressed at selling price
NCH	Necessary households final consumption of commodity $c$

NOS	Aggregate net operating surplus
$\overline{NOS_s^{VAL}}$	Net operating surplus of sector $s$ expressed in value
$NOS_s$	Net operating surplus of sector $s$
NTAXI	Net taxes on production in volume
$NTAXI^{VAL}$	Net taxes on production in value
$NTAXI_{s}^{VAL}$	Net taxes on production of sector $s$ in value
$NTAXI_s$	Net taxes on production of sector $s$ in volume
NTAXP	Aggregate net taxes on commodity $c$ in volume
$NTAXP_{c}^{VAL}$	Net taxes on commodity $c$ in value
$NTAXP_c$	Net taxes on commodity $c$ in volume
$\overline{NTAXPD_{c}^{VAL}}$	Net taxes on domestically produced commodity $c$ in value
$\overline{NTAXPD_c}$	Net taxes on domestically produced commodity $c$ in volume
$\overline{NTAXPM_{c}^{VAL}}$	Net taxes on imported commodity $c$ in value
$\overline{NTAXPM_c}$	Net taxes on imported commodity $c$ in volume
$\overline{P}$	Consumer Price Index
$\overline{P^e}$	Expected inflation.
$\overline{PARTR}$	Labor participation ratio
$\overline{PARTR^n}$	Labor force participation ratio
PCH	Aggregate market price for household final (consumer price index)
$PCH^{CES}$	Consumption price
$\overline{PCH_c}$	Price of commodity $c$ for household final consumption expenditure
PCHD	Aggregate market price for domestically produced households final consumption

$PCHD_c$	Price of domestically produced commodity $c$ for households final consumption expenditure
$\overline{PCHM}$	Aggregate market price for imported households final consumption
$\overline{PCHM_c}$	Price of imported commodity $c$ for households final consumption expenditure
PCI	Aggregate market price for intermediate consumption
$\overline{PCI_{c,s}}$	Price of commodity $c$ for sector $s$ for intermediary consumption use
$\overline{PCI_c}$	Market price of the intermediate consumption of commodity $c$
$\overline{PCI_s}$	Market price of intermediate consumption of sector $s$
$\overline{PCI^{bis}}$	Market price of intermediate consumption of sector $s$ (for verification)
PCID	Aggregate market price for domestically produced intermediate consumption
$\overline{PCID_{c,s}}$	Price of domestically produced commodity $c$ for sector $s$ for intermediate consumption use
$\overline{PCID_c}$	Market price for the domestically produced commodity $c$ used as intermediary consumption
$\overline{PCID_s}$	Market price of domestically produced intermediate consumption of sector $s$
PCIM	Aggregate market price for imported intermediate consumption
$\overline{PCIM_{c,s}}$	Price of imported commodity $c$ for sector $s$ for intermediate consumption use
$\overline{PCIM_c}$	Market price for imported commodity $c$ used as intermediary consumption

$PCIM_s$	Market price of imported intermediate consumption of sector $\boldsymbol{s}$
$\overline{PDS}$	Aggregate market price for change in inventories
$\overline{PDS_c}$	Market price of the change in inventories of commodity $c$
$\overline{PDSD}$	Aggregate market price for domestically produced change in inventories
$\overline{PDSD_c}$	Price of domestically produced commodity $c$ for change in inventories use
$\overline{PDSM}$	Aggregate market price for imported change in inventories
$\overline{PDSM_c}$	Price of imported commodity $c$ for change in inventories use
$\overline{PE_s}$	Energy price for sector $s$
$\overline{PG}$	Aggregate market price for Government final consumption
$\overline{PG_c}$	Price of commodity $c$ for government final consumption expenditure
$\overline{PGD}$	Aggregate market price for domestically produced Government final consumption
$\overline{PGD_c}$	Price of domestically produced commodity $c$ for government final consumption expenditure
$\overline{PGDP}$	Price of GDP (expenditure definition)
$\overline{PGDP_c}$	Price of GDP of commodity $c$ (expenditure definition)
$\overline{PGDP4}$	Price of GDP (income definition)
$\overline{PGDP^{bis}}$	Price of GDP (expenditure definition, for verification)
$PGDP^{ter}$	Price of GDP (production definition)

PGM	Aggregate market price for imported Government final consumption
$PGM_c$	Price of imported commodity $c$ for government final consumption expenditure
$\overline{PGOS}$	Price of the aggregate gross operating surplus
$\varphi_c^{CH}$	Share of commodity $c$ in the household consumption
$\varphi_c^{CHM}$	Import share of commodity $c$ for household final consumption
$\varphi_{c,s}^{CIM}$	Import share of intermediary consumption from sector $s$ in domestically produced commodity $c$
$arphi_c^{GM}$	Import share $\varphi_c$ of commodity $c$ on the governement final consumption
$\varphi_{c,s}^{IM}$	Import share of intermediary consumption from sector $s$ in imported commodity $c$
$\varphi_c^{MCH}$	Share of commodity $c$ in the marginal household consumption
$\varphi_{m,c}^{MGPD}$	Market share of the margin-making sector $m$ for the commodity $c$
$\varphi_{m,c}^{MGPM}$	share of the margin type $m$ on total margins paid on the domestic commodity $c$
$\varphi_c^{MGRM}$	Import share of commodity $c$ on received margins
$\varphi_{ct,s}^{TRSP}$	Share for transport $ct$ use in total transport by sector $s$
$\varphi_c^{XM}$	Import share of commodity $c$ exports
$arphi_{E,ce,s}$	Share of energy input $ce$ on total energy use by sector $s$
$\overline{arphi_{f,s}}$	Share of production factor $f$ of sector $s$
$\overline{PI}$	Aggregate market price for investment
$PI_c$	Market price of the investment in commodity $c$

$PI_s$	Market price of investment of sector $s$
$\overline{PI^{bis}}$	Market price of investment of sector $s$ (for verification)
PID	Aggregate market price for domestically produced investment
$\overline{PID_{c,s}}$	Price of domestically produced commodity $c$ for investment use
$\overline{PID_c}$	Market price for domestically produced commodity $c$ used as investment
$\overline{PID_s}$	Market price of domestically produced investment of sector $s$
$\overline{PIM}$	Aggregate market price for imported investment
$\overline{PIM_{c,s}}$	Price of imported commodity $c$ for investment use
$\overline{PIM_c}$	Market price for imported commodity $c$ used as investment
$\overline{PIM_s}$	Market price of imported investment of sector $s$
$\overline{PK_s}$	Price of capital in sector $s$
$\overline{PM}$	Aggregate basic price of imports
$\overline{PM_c}$	Price of imported commodity $c$
$\overline{PMAT_s}$	Materials price for sector $s$
$\overline{PM_c^{bis}}$	Basic price of imports of commodity $c$ (for verification)
$\overline{PMGP_{cc,c}}$	Price of the margins paid to commodity $cc$ on commodity $c$
$\overline{PMGPD}$	Aggregate price of the margins paid on domestically produced commodity
$\overline{PMGPD_c}$	Price of the margins paid on domestically produced commodity $c$
$\overline{PMGPD_{cc,c}}$	Price of the margins paid to commodity $cc$ on domestically produced commodity $c$

PMGPM	Aggregate price of the margins paid on imported commodities
$\overline{PMGPM_c}$	Price of the margins paid on imported commodity $c$
$\overline{PMGPM_{cc,c}}$	Price of the margins paid to commodity $cc$ on imported commodity $c$
$\overline{PMGR}$	Aggregate market price for recieved margins
$\overline{PMGR_{cc}}$	Market price of the margins received by commodity $cc$
$\overline{PMGR_c^{bis}}$	Market price of the margins received by commodity $cc$ (for verification)
$\overline{PMGRD}$	Aggregate market price for the margins received on domestically produced commodities
$\overline{PMGRD_c}$	Price of margins received on domestically produced commodity $c$
$\overline{PMGRM}$	Aggregate market price for the margins received on imported commodities
$\overline{PMGRM_c}$	Price of margins received on imported commodity $c$
$\overline{PMS_c}$	Selling price for imported commodity $c$
PNCH	Price of necessary households consumption of commodity $c$
$\overline{PNOS}$	Price of the aggregate net operating surplus
$\overline{PNTAXP}$	Aggregate net taxes on commodity $c$ in value
$\overline{PQ}$	Aggregate market price for production
$\overline{PQ_c}$	Market price of the production of commodity $c$
$\overline{PQD}$	Aggregate market price for domestically produced commodities
$\overline{PQD_c}$	Market price for the domestically produced commodity $c$

PQM	Aggregate market price for imported commodities
$\overline{PQM_c}$	Market price for imported commodity $c$
$\overline{PROG_{f,s}}$	Technical progress of the production factor $f$ in the sector $s$
$\overline{PROP^{INC,G,VAL}}$	Government property incomes in value
$\overline{PROP^{INC,G,VAL,e}}$	Expected Government property incomes in value
$\overline{PROP^{INC,G,VAL,n}}$	Notional Property incomes of the Government in value
$\overline{PROP^{INC,H,VAL}}$	Households property income in value
$\overline{PROP^{INC,H,VAL,e}}$	Expected Households property income in value
$\overline{PROP^{INC,H,VAL,n}}$	Property incomes in value
$\overline{PRSSC}$	Total employers' social security contribution expressed in consumer price
$\overline{PRSSC_s}$	Price of RSSC for sector $s$
$\overline{PVA}$	Value-added price
$\overline{PWAGES}$	Gross wage index paid by sectors
$\overline{PWAGES_s}$	Price Index for gross wages
$\overline{PX}$	Aggregate market price for exports
$\overline{PX_c}$	Price of commodity $c$ for exports use
$\overline{PXD}$	Aggregate market price for domestically produced exports
$\overline{PXD_c}$	Price of domestically produced commodity $c$ for export use
$\overline{PXM}$	Aggregate market price for imported exports (reexports)
$\overline{PXM_c}$	Price of imported commodity $c$ for export use
$\overline{PY}$	Basic price of aggregate production
$\overline{PY^e_s}$	Expected production price $s$

$PY_s^n$	Notional production price of sector $s$
$\overline{PY_s}$	Production price of sector $s$
$\overline{PYQ}$	Aggregate basic price of domestic production
$\overline{PYQ_c}$	Domestic production price of commodity $c$
$\overline{PYQ_c^{bis}}$	Basic price of the production of commodity $c$ (for verification)
$\overline{PYQS_c}$	Selling price of commodity $c$
$\overline{Q}$	Aggregate production, expressed at market price
$\overline{Q_c}$	Production of commodity $c$ , expressed at market price
$\overline{QD}$	Aggregate domestically produced commodities, expressed at market price
$\overline{QD_c}$	Quantity of domestically produced commodity $c$ expressed at market price
$\overline{QM}$	Aggregate imported commodities, expressed at market price
$\overline{QM_c}$	Quantity of imported commodity $c$ expressed at market price
$\overline{R}$	Interest rate
$r^{DEBT,G}$	Interest rate paid by the Government on its debt
$\overline{R^n}$	Notional interest rate of the Central Bank (Taylor rule)
$R_s$	Interest rate paid on capital by sector $s$
$\overline{RBal^{G,Prim,VAL}}$	Primary balance of the Government in value (in percent of GDP)
$\overline{RBal^{G,Tot,VAL}}$	Total balance of the Government in value (in percent of GDP)
$RBal^{Trae,VAL}$	Balance of trade (in percent of GDP)

$RDEBT^{G,VAL}$	Ratio of the Government's debt in value (in percent of GDP)
RRSSC	Average employers' social security contribution rate
$\overline{RSAV^{G,VAL}}$	Government's savings rate in value (in percent of GDP)
$\overline{RSAV^{H,VAL}}$	Households savings rate
$\overline{RSSC}$	Price of RSSC
$\overline{RSSC_s}$	Employers' social security contribution paid by sector $s$ expressed in consumer price
$\overline{SAV^{G,VAL}}$	Savings of the Government in value (Net lending/borrowing: published deficit/savings of the Government)
$\overline{SAV^{H,VAL}}$	Households savings in value
$SOC^{BENF,VAL}$	Social benefits in value
$\overline{SPEND^{G,VAL}}$	Spendings of the Government in value
$Stock^{SAV,H,VAL}$	Households savings stock
$\overline{SUBST_c^{CHM}}$	Substitution effect on the imported households final consumption for the commodity $c$
$\overline{SUBST^{CI}_{ce,s}}$	Substitution effect on the energy intermediate consumption $ce$ in the sector $s$
$\overline{SUBST^{CI}_{ct,s}}$	Substitution effect on the transportation in termediate consumption $ce$ in the sector s
$\overline{SUBST^{CIM}_{c,s}}$	Substitution effect on the intermediate consumption for the imported commodity $c$ in the sector $s$
$\overline{SUBST^F_{f,s}}$	Substitution effect of the production factor $f$ in the sector $s$
$\overline{SUBST_c^{GM}}$	Substitution effect on the imported government final consumption for the commodity $c$

$SUBST_{c,s}^{IM}$	Substitution effect on the investment for the imported commodity $c$ in the sector $s$
$\overline{SUBST^{MGPD}_{cc,c}}$	Substitution effect of the domestic margin paid $cc$ for the commodity $c$
$SUBST_{cc,c}^{MGPM}$	Substitution effect on the imported margin paid $cc$ for the commodity $c$
$\overline{SUBST_c^{MGRM}}$	Substitution effect on the imported margin received for the commodity $c$
$\overline{SUBST_c^{n,CHM}}$	Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestically produced commodity $c$ for households final consumption
$\overline{SUBST^{n,CI}_{ce,s}}$	Notional substitution effect between the energy commodity $ce$ and the over energy commodities $cee$ for the sector $s$
$\overline{SUBST^{n,CI}_{ct,s}}$	Notional substitution effect between the transport $ct$ and the over transports $cct$ for the sector $s$
$\overline{SUBST^{n,CIM}_{c,s}}$	Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestic intermediary consumption in commodity $c$ from the sector $s$
$\overline{SUBST_{f,s}^{n,F}}$	Notional substitution effect between the input $f$ and the over inputs $ff$
$\overline{SUBST_c^{n,GM}}$	Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestically produced commodity $c$ for government final consumption
$SUBST_{c,s}^{n,IM}$	Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestic investment in commodity $c$ from the sector $s$

$SUBST_{m,c}^{n,MGPD}$	Notional substitution between margin-making sectors $m$ for the domestically produced commodity $c$
$\overline{SUBST_{m,c}^{n,MGPM}}$	Notional substitution effect between the margin- making sector $m$ and the over margin-makings sec- tors $mm$ for the imported commodity $c$
$\overline{SUBST_c^{n,MGRM}}$	Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestically produced commodity $c$ for margins received
$\overline{SUBST_c^{n,X}}$	Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between export prices and (converted in domestic currency) international prices for the commodity $c$
$\overline{SUBST_c^{n,XM}}$	Notional substitution effect induced by a change in the relative price between imported and domestic products $c$ for exports
$\overline{SUBST_c^X}$	Substitution effect on the exports of the commodity $c$
$\overline{SUBST_c^{XM}}$	Substitution effect on the government final consumption for the imported commodity $c$
$\overline{TRSP_s}$	Demand for transport commodities by sector $s$
$\overline{Un}$	Unemployment
$\overline{UnR}$	Unemployment rate
$\overline{VA}$	Aggregate value-added
$\overline{VA_s^{VAL}}$	Value-added of sector $s$ expressed in value
$\overline{VA_s}$	Value-added of sector $s$
$\overline{W}$	Average wage
$\overline{W_s^n}$	Notional wage in sector $s$
$\overline{W_s}$	Wages of the sector $s$
WAGES	Aggregate gross wages paid by sectors

$WAGES_s$	Gross wages paid by sector $s$ including employees (but not employers)' social contribution
$\overline{WAPop}$	Working-age population
$\overline{X}$	Aggregate exports, expressed at market price
$\overline{X_c}$	Foreign demand for exports of commmodity $c$
$\overline{XD}$	Aggregate domestically produced exports, expressed at market price
$\overline{XD_c}$	Exports of domestically produced commodity $c$
XM	Aggregate imported exports (re-exports), expressed at market price
$\overline{XM_c}$	Exports of imported commodity $c$
$\overline{Y}$	Aggregate production, expressed at basic price
$\overline{Y_s^e}$	Expected production
$\overline{Y_{c,s}}$	Production of commodity $c$ by sector $s$
$\overline{Y_s}$	Production of sector $s$ , expressed at basic price
$\overline{YCAP_s}$	Production capacity of the sector $s$
$\overline{YQ}$	Domestic production, expressed at basic price
$\overline{YQ_c}$	Production of commodity $c$ , expressed at basic price
$YQ_c^{bis}$	Production of commodity $c$ , expressed at basic price (for verification)
$\overline{YQS_c}$	Quantity of domestically produced commodity $c$ expressed at selling price