



ANALYZING THE IMPACT OF CAR FEATURES ON PRICE AND PROFITABILITY

Project description:

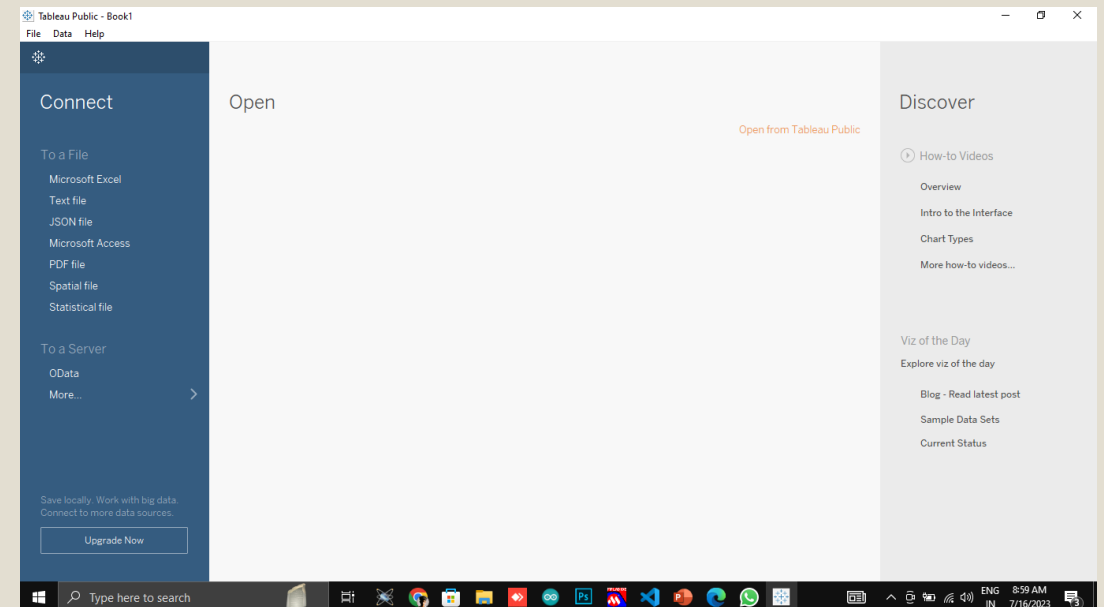
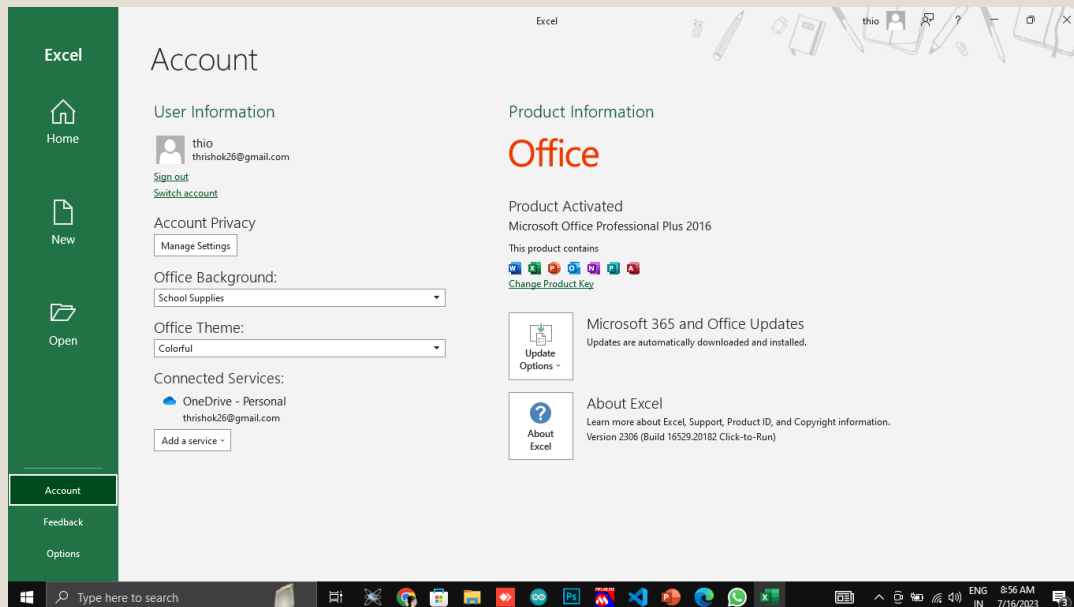
- The automotive industry has been rapidly evolving over the past few decades, with a growing focus on fuel efficiency, environmental sustainability, and technological innovation. With increasing competition among manufacturers and a changing consumer landscape, it has become more important than ever to understand the factors that drive consumer demand for cars.
- In recent years, there has been a growing trend towards electric and hybrid vehicles and increased interest in alternative fuel sources such as hydrogen and natural gas.
- At the same time, traditional gasoline-powered cars remain dominant in the market, with varying fuel types and grades available to consumers.

Approach:

- This problem could be approached by analyzing the relationship between a car's features, market category, and pricing, and identifying which features and categories are most popular among consumers and most profitable for the manufacturer.
- By using data analysis techniques such as regression analysis and market segmentation, the manufacturer could develop a pricing strategy that balances consumer demand with profitability, and identify which product features to focus on in future product development efforts.
- This could help the manufacturer improve its competitiveness in the market and increase its profitability over time.

TECH-STACK USED:

- For this project I have used MS Excel and Tableau.



Task 1 a:

Pivot table that shows the number of car models in each market category and their corresponding popularity scores.

The screenshot shows an Excel window with a PivotTable and the PivotTable Fields task pane. The PivotTable is located in the range A3:I25 and has the following data:

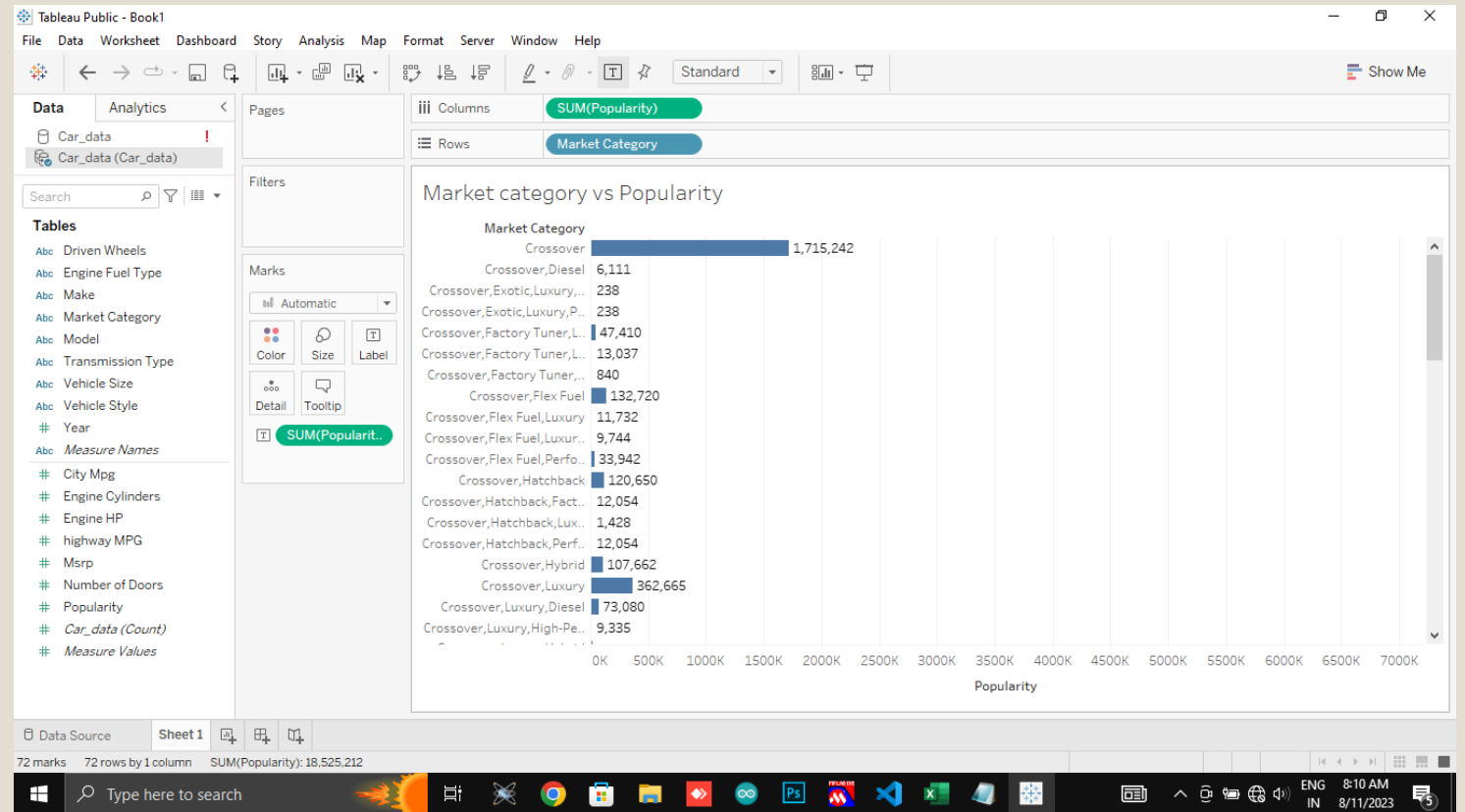
market category	Sum of Popularity	Count of Model
Crossover	1715242	1110
Crossover,Diesel	6111	7
Crossover,Exotic,Luxury,High-Performance	238	1
Crossover,Exotic,Luxury,Performance	238	1
Crossover,Factory Tuner,Luxury,High-Performance	47410	26
Crossover,Factory Tuner,Luxury,Performance	13037	5
Crossover,Factory Tuner,Performance	840	4
Crossover,Flex Fuel	132720	64
Crossover,Flex Fuel,Luxury	11732	10
Crossover,Flex Fuel,Luxury,Performance	9744	6
Crossover,Flex Fuel,Performance	33942	6
Crossover,Hatchback	120650	72
Crossover,Hatchback,Factory Tuner,Performance	12054	6
Crossover,Hatchback,Luxury	1428	7
Crossover,Hatchback,Performance	12054	6
Crossover,Hybrid	107662	42
Crossover,Luxury	362665	410
Crossover,Luxury,Diesel	73080	34
Crossover,Luxury,High-Performance	9335	9
Crossover,Luxury,Hybrid	15142	24
Crossover,Luxury,Performance	151968	113
Crossover,Luxury,Performance,Hybrid	7832	2

The PivotTable Fields task pane on the right shows the following configuration:

- Choose fields to add to report:** Market Category (checked)
- Drag fields between areas below:**
 - Filters:** (empty)
 - Columns:** Sum of Popularity
 - Rows:** Market Category
 - Values:** Count of Model
- Defer Layout Update:** (unchecked)

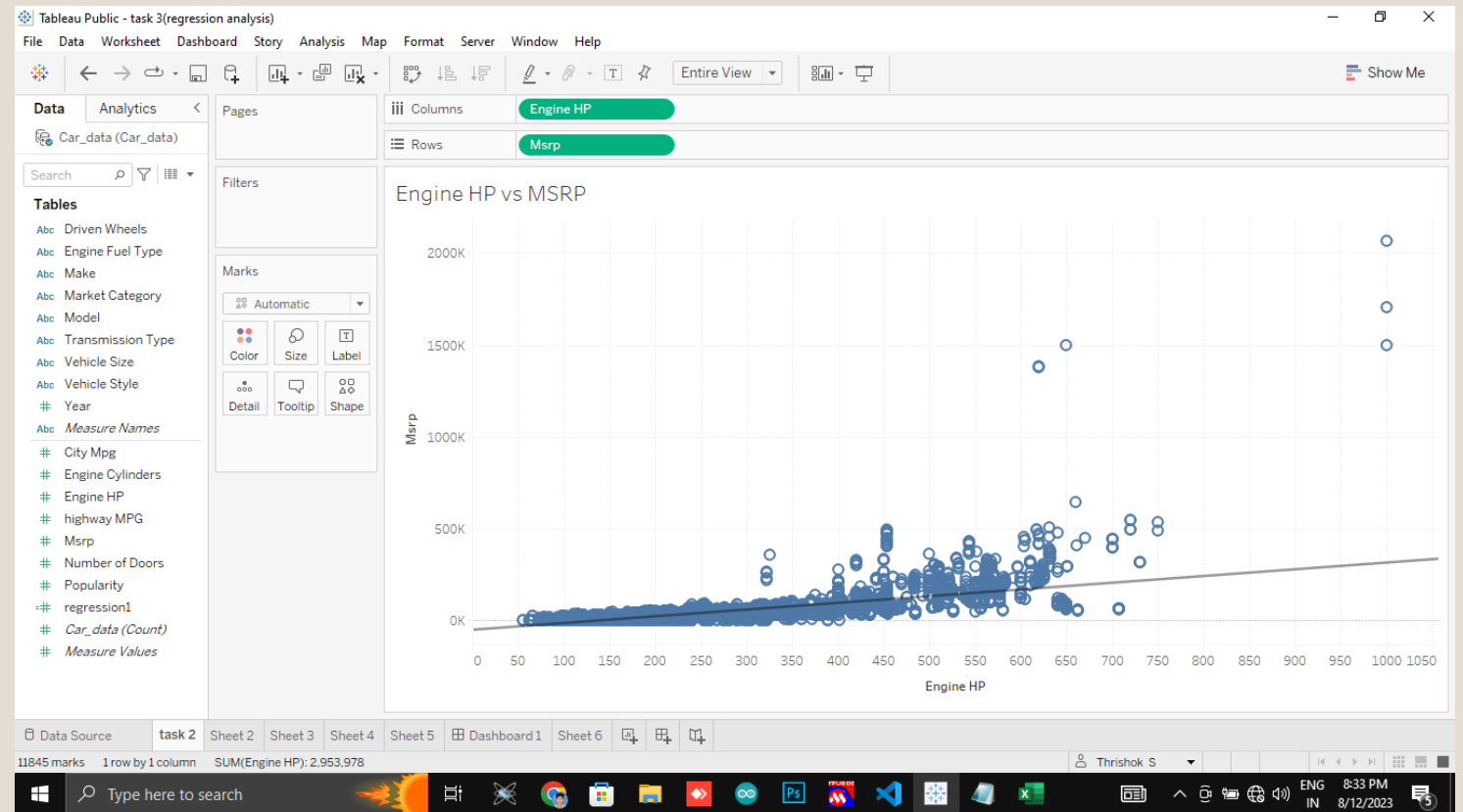
Task 1 b:

Combo chart that visualizes the relationship between market category and popularity.



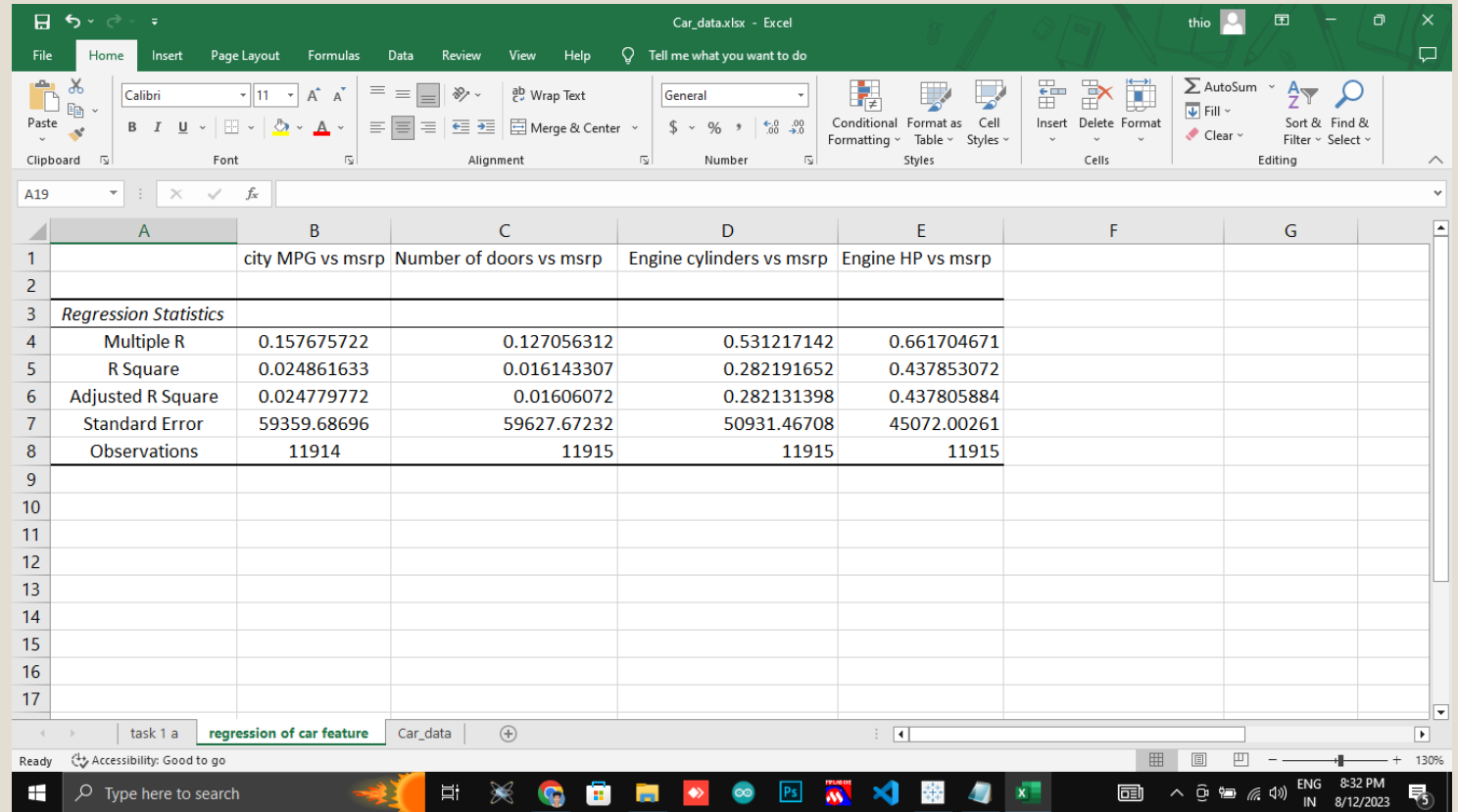
Task 2:

Scatter chart that plots engine power on the x-axis and price on the y-axis. A trendline is added to the chart to visualize the relationship between these variables.



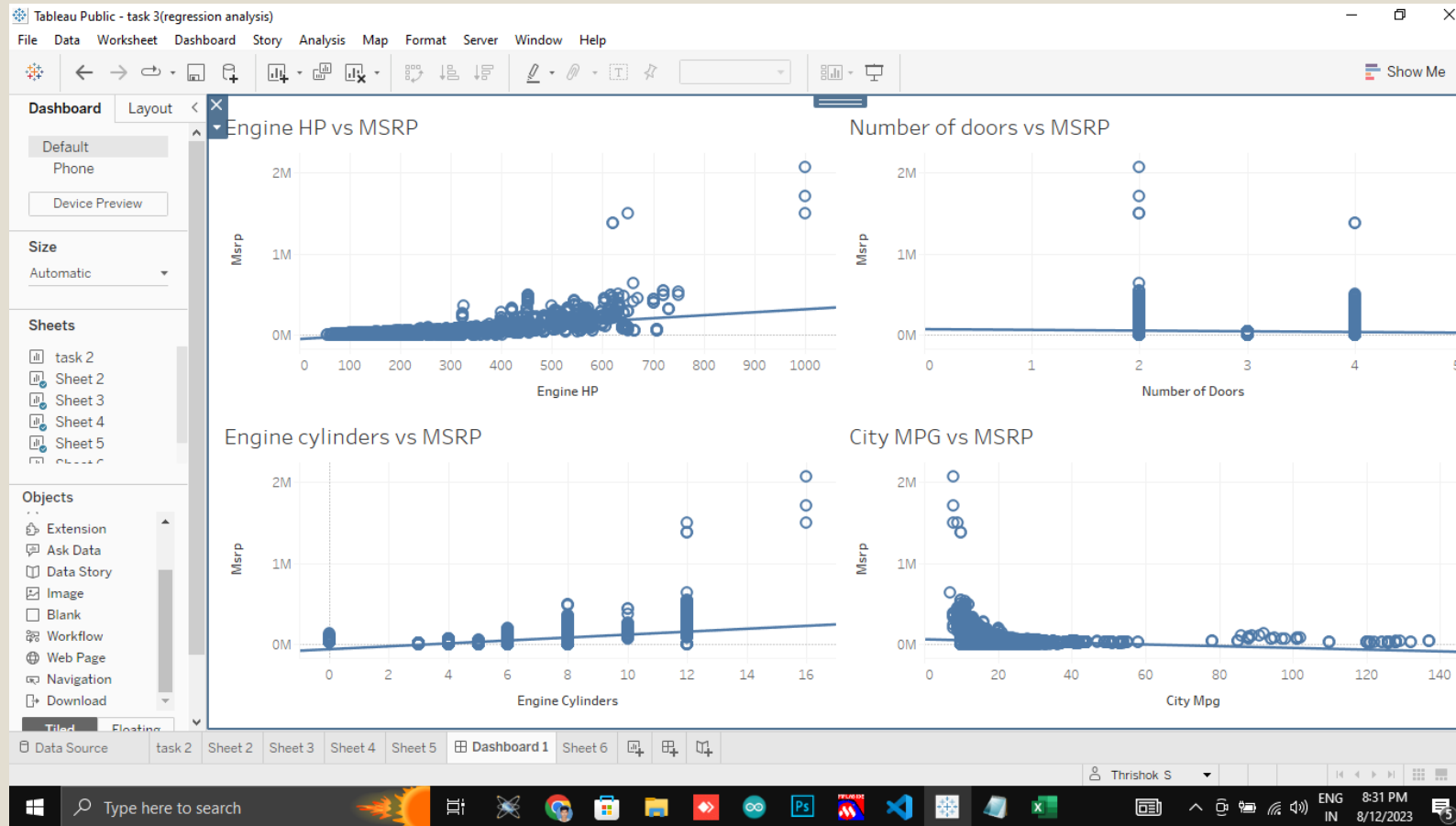
Task 3:

Regression analysis to identify the variables that have the strongest relationship with a car's price. Then a bar chart is created that shows the “R” values for each variable to visualize their relative importance.



The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet titled "Car_data.xlsx" with a green ribbon. The worksheet contains a table of regression statistics for five variables: city MPG vs msrp, Number of doors vs msrp, Engine cylinders vs msrp, and Engine HP vs msrp. The table includes columns for Multiple R, R Square, Adjusted R Square, Standard Error, and Observations. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Ready" and "Accessibility: Good to go".

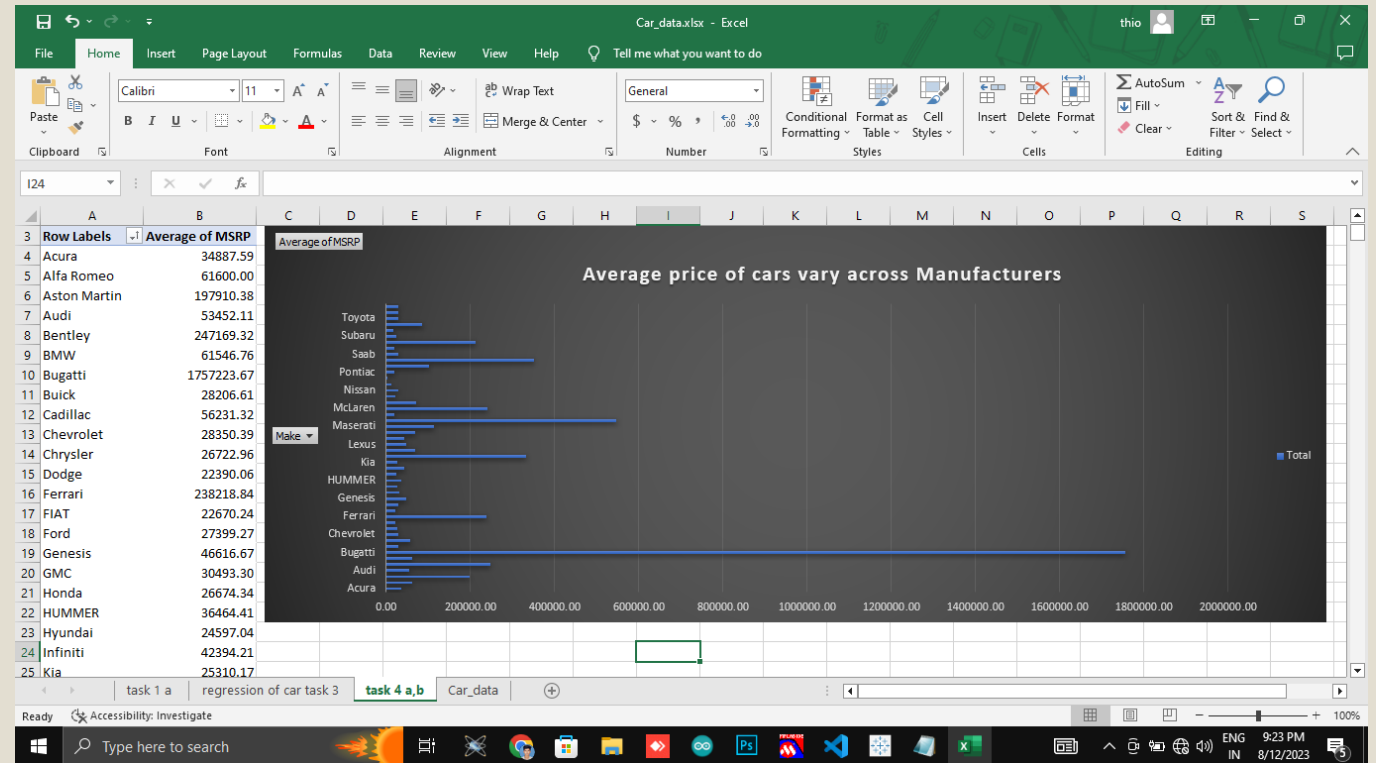
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1		city MPG vs msrp	Number of doors vs msrp	Engine cylinders vs msrp	Engine HP vs msrp		
2							
3							
4	Regression Statistics						
5	Multiple R	0.157675722	0.127056312	0.531217142	0.661704671		
6	R Square	0.024861633	0.016143307	0.282191652	0.437853072		
7	Adjusted R Square	0.024779772	0.01606072	0.282131398	0.437805884		
8	Standard Error	59359.68696	59627.67232	50931.46708	45072.00261		
9	Observations	11914	11915	11915	11915		
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							



From the previous slide and the above chart we are able to observe that Engine Horse power Has strongest relationship with Price.
Since range of R varies from -1 to +1 .
+1 means strong relation.
-1 means weak relation.

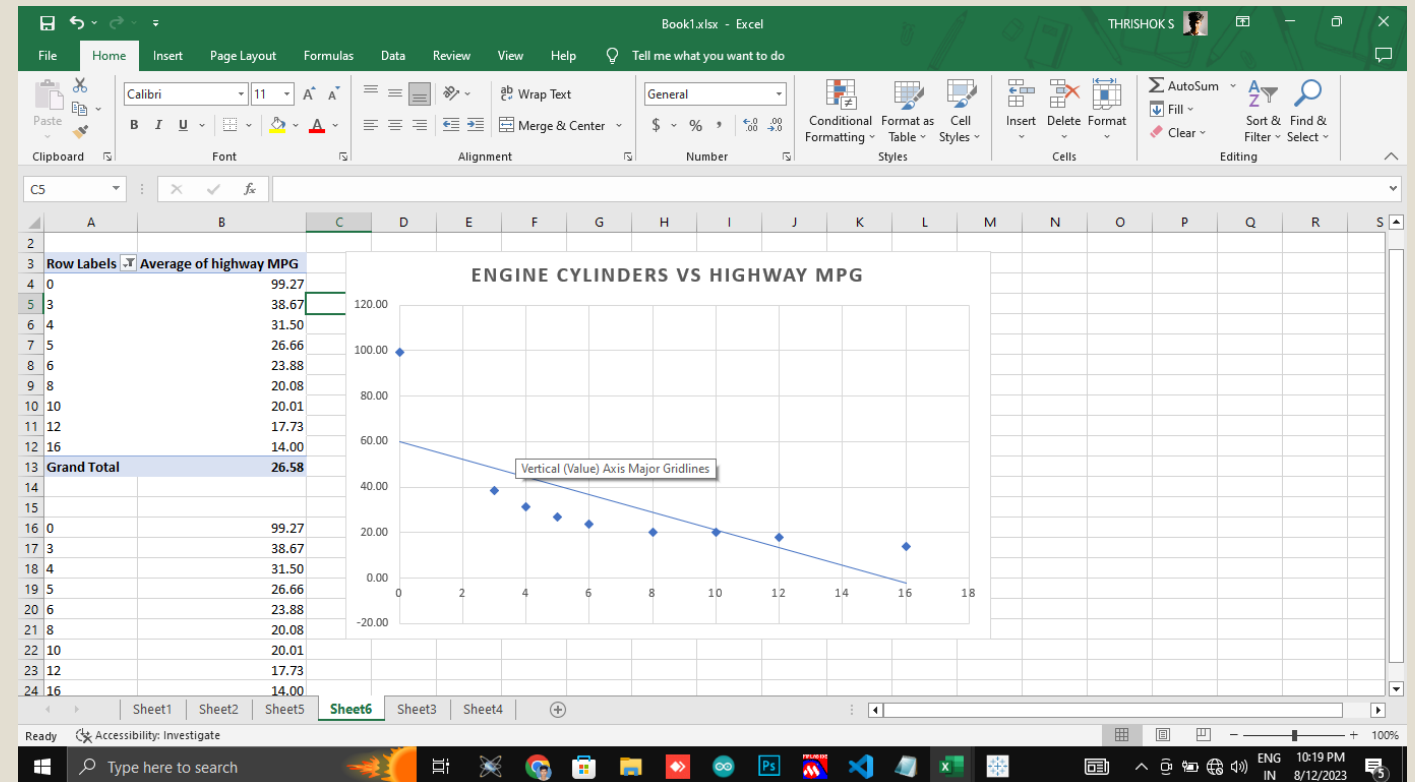
Task 4:

- Pivot table that shows the average price of cars for each manufacturer.
- Bar chart or a horizontal stacked bar chart that visualizes the relationship between manufacturer and average price.



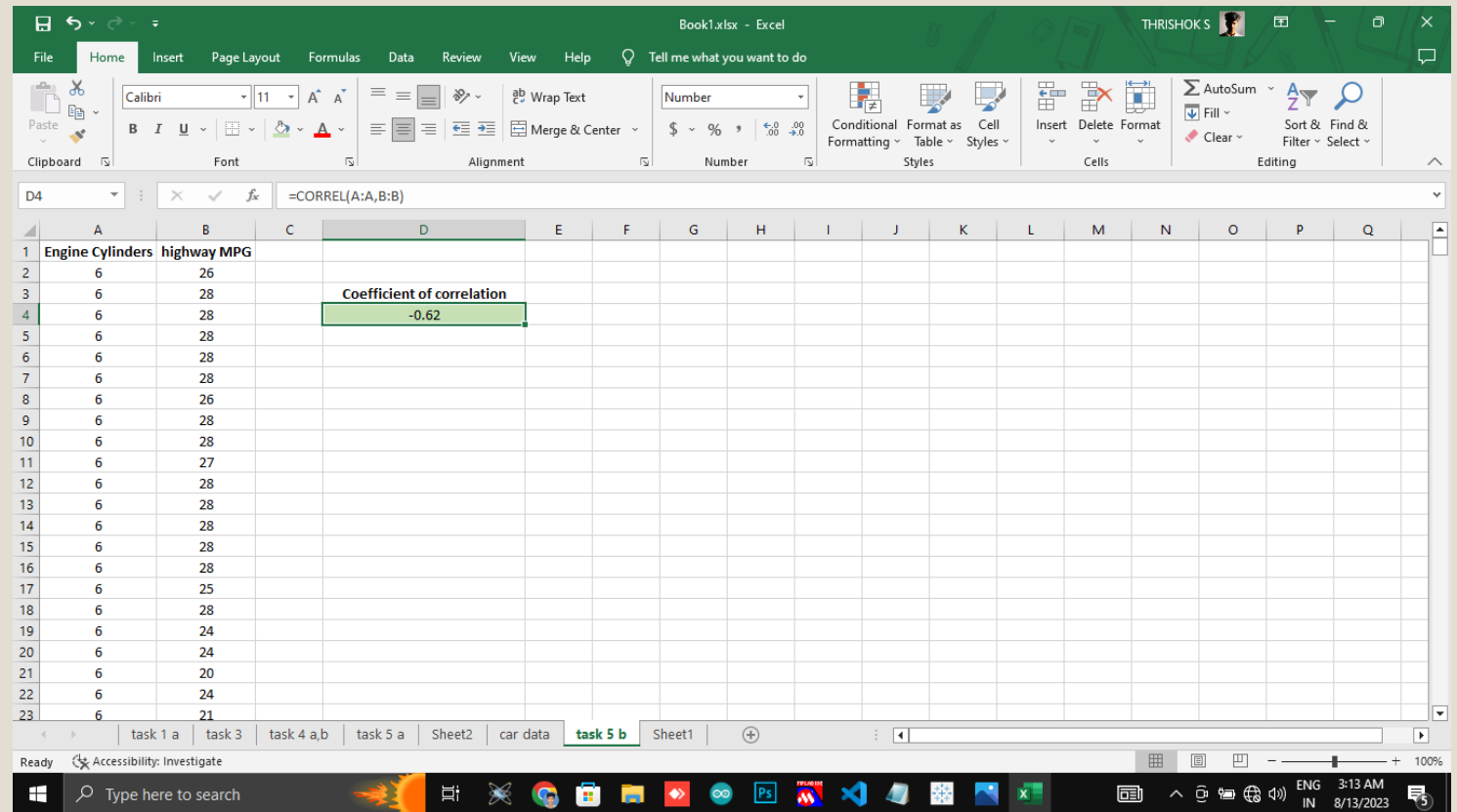
Task 5 a:

- Scatter plot with the number of cylinders on the x-axis and highway MPG on the y-axis. Then a trendline is created on the scatter plot to visually estimate the slope of the relationship and assess its significance.



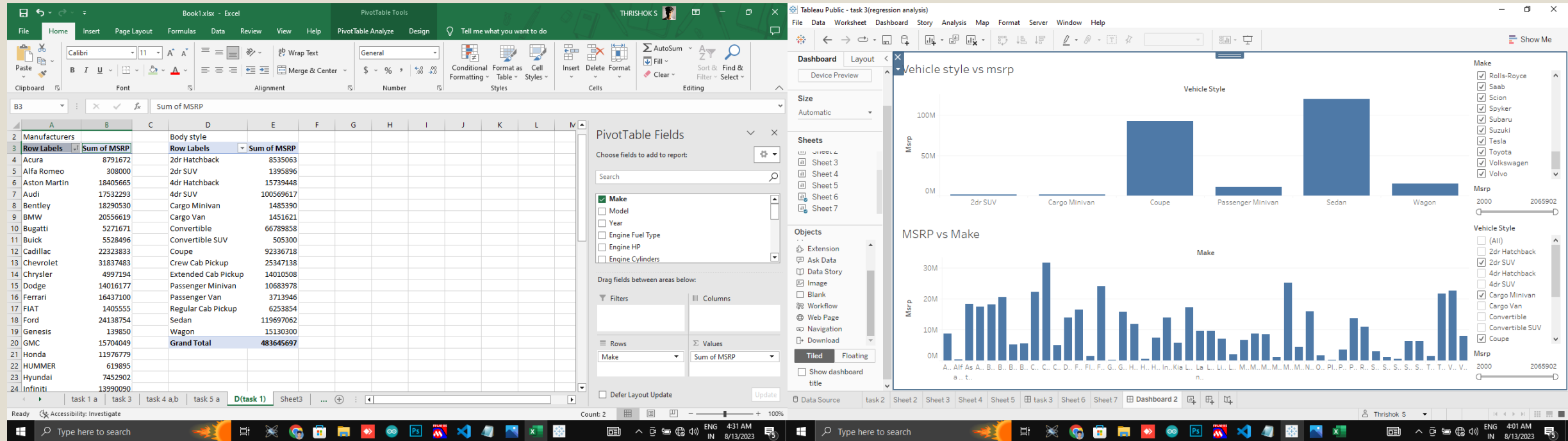
Task 5 b:

- correlation coefficient ranges between -1 to +1.
- From the obtained result -0.62 we came to know that as the Number of Engine cylinder increases Miles per gallon decreases.

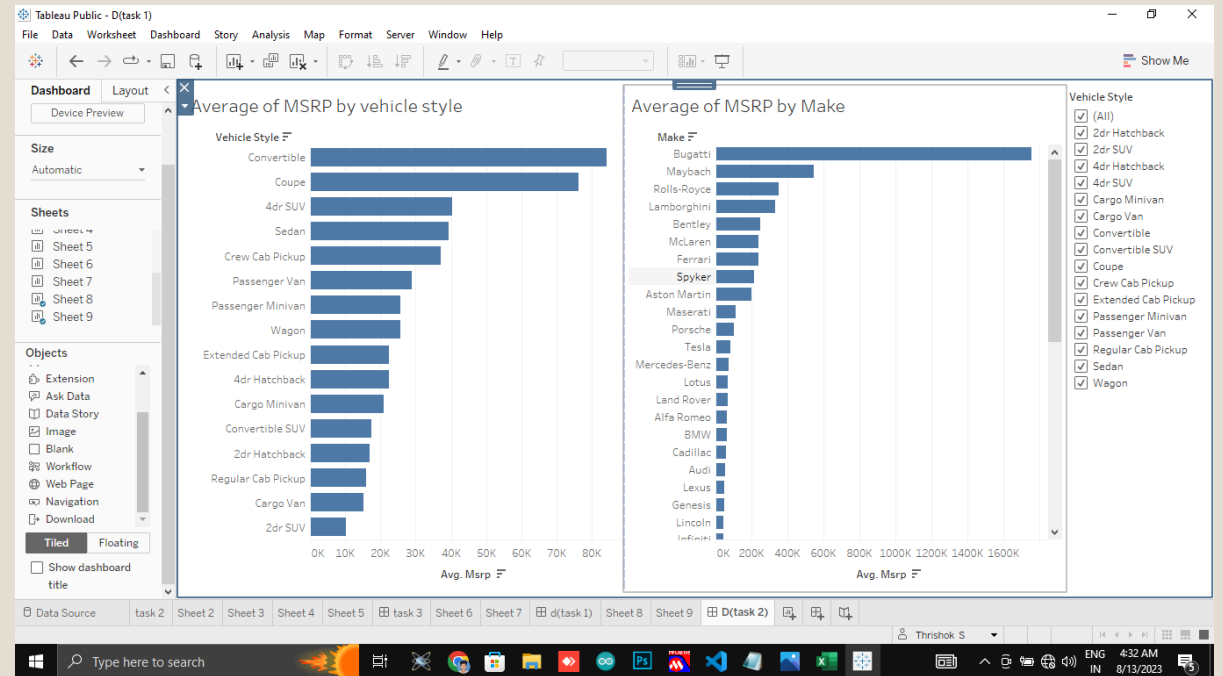


Building the Dashboard : Task 1

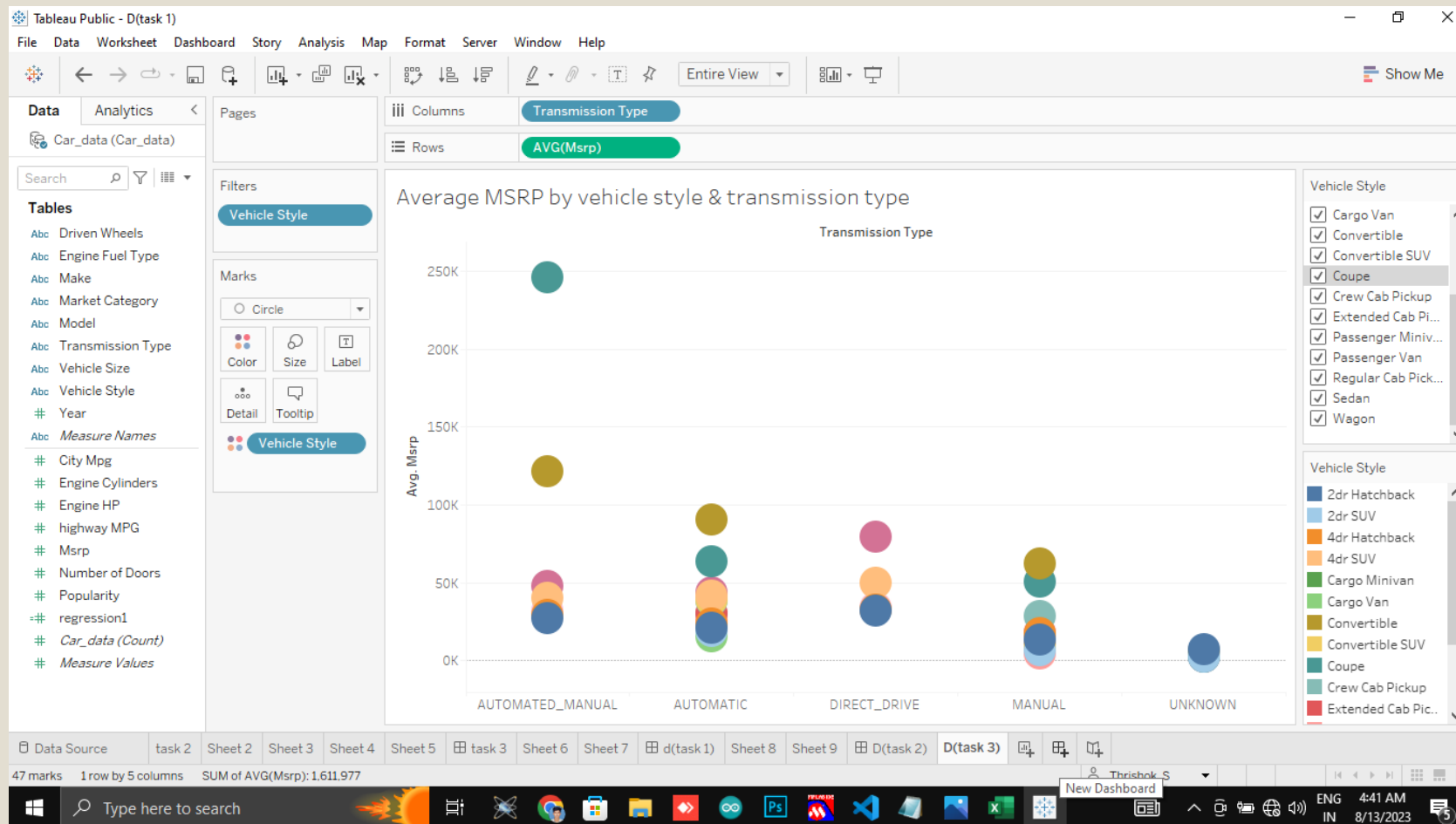
- The distribution of car prices vary by brand and body style.



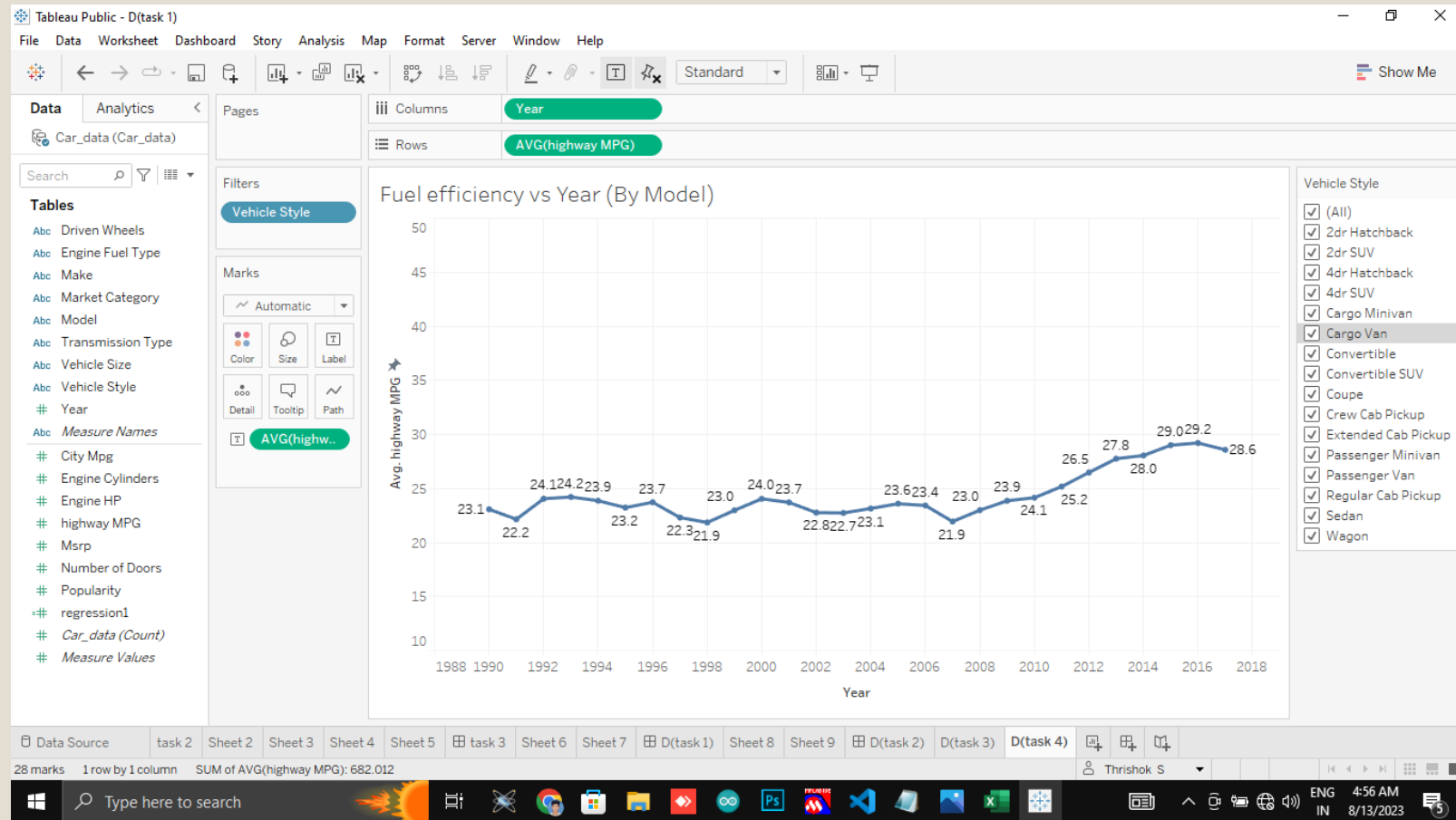
Car brands have the highest and lowest average MSRPs, and how does this varied by body style



Task 3:



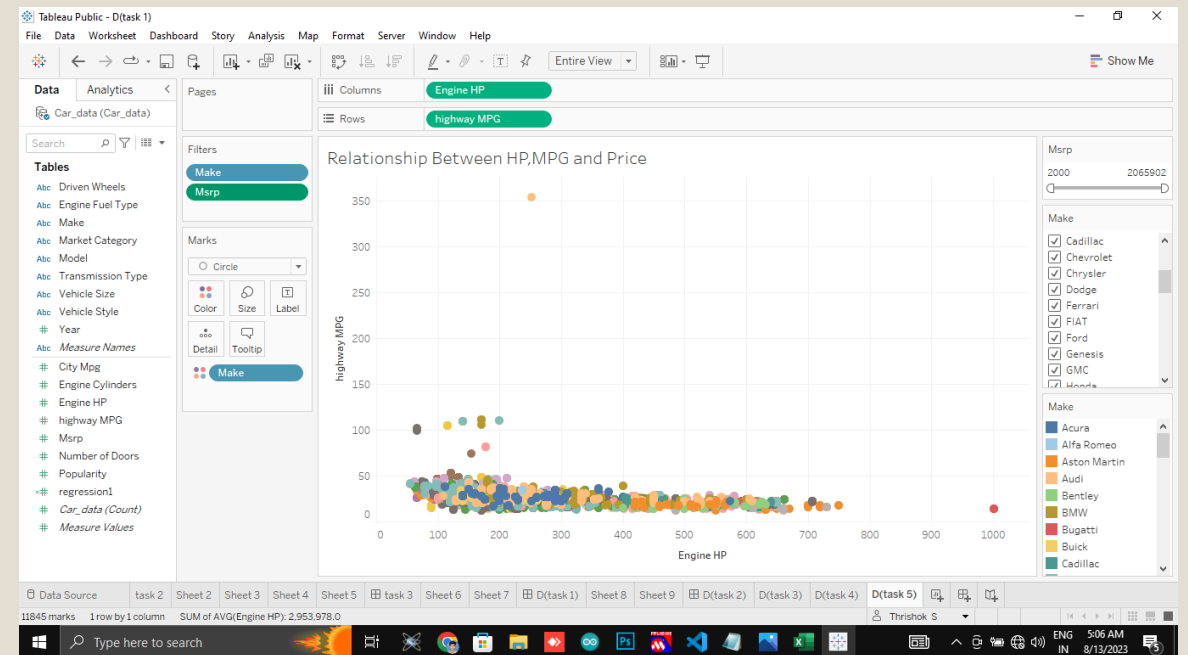
Task 4:



Task 5:

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with a PivotTable. The PivotTable has four columns: 'Make', 'Average of Engine HP', 'Average of highway MPG', and 'Average of MSRP'. The data is sorted by 'Make' in ascending order. The table includes data for 24 car makes, with the last row showing 'Infiniti' with an average engine HP of 24.78, average highway MPG of 24.78, and average MSRP of 42394.21.

Make	Average of Engine HP	Average of highway MPG	Average of MSRP
Acura	244.80	28.11	34887.59
Alfa Romeo	237.00	34.00	61600.00
Aston Martin	484.32	18.89	197910.38
Audi	277.70	28.82	53452.11
Bentley	533.85	18.91	247169.32
BMW	326.91	29.25	61546.76
Bugatti	1001.00	14.00	1757223.67
Buick	219.24	26.95	28206.61
Cadillac	332.31	25.24	56231.32
Chevrolet	246.97	25.82	28350.39
Chrysler	229.14	26.37	26722.96
Dodge	244.42	22.35	22390.06
Ferrari	511.96	15.72	238218.84
FIAT	143.56	37.34	22670.24
Ford	243.10	24.01	27399.27
Genesis	347.33	25.33	46616.67
GMC	259.84	21.40	30493.30
Honda	195.75	32.57	26674.34
HUMMER	261.24	17.29	36464.41
Hyundai	201.92	30.39	24597.04
Infiniti	310.07	24.78	42394.21



Result:

- I have completed this project, By using data analysis techniques such as regression analysis and market segmentation, the manufacturer could develop a pricing strategy that balances consumer demand with profitability, and identify which product features to focus on in future product development efforts.

Excel fille link -

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1jKf5snfWZuavN8RwH9ked0iAvRVa-CuN/edit?usp=sharing&oid=101181995113560202220&rtpof=true&sd=true>

Click the Tableau visualization to open in your web browser.

Thank you