

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### REC\_2028\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_MCQ

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 15  
Marks Obtained : 15

#### **Section 1 : MCQ**

1. What will be the output for the following code?

```
class InvalidVotingAgeException extends Exception {  
    public InvalidVotingAgeException(String message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
  
    class Test {  
        public static void main(String[] args) {  
            try {  
                int age = 15;  
                if (age < 18) {  
                    throw new InvalidVotingAgeException("You are not eligible to  
vote");  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
        System.out.println("Eligible to vote");
    } catch (InvalidVotingAgeException e) {
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    }
}
```

**Answer**

You are not eligible to vote

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

2. What will be the output for the following code?

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
class NegativeAgeException extends Exception {
    public NegativeAgeException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}
```

```
class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            int age = -5;
            if (age < 0) {
                throw new NegativeAgeException("Age cannot be negative");
            }
        } catch (NegativeAgeException e) {
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

**Answer**

Age cannot be negative

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

3. What is the purpose of a custom exception in Java?

**Answer**

To create user-defined exceptions for specific scenarios

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

4. what is the output of the following code?

```
class MyException extends Exception {  
    public MyException(String message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
  
    class Test {  
        static void check() throws MyException {  
            throw new MyException("Custom Exception Occurred");  
        }  
  
        public static void main(String[] args) {  
            try {  
                check();  
            } catch (Exception e) {  
                System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

Custom Exception Occurred

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

5. What will be the output for the following code?

```
class InvalidUsernameException extends Exception {  
    public InvalidUsernameException(String message) {
```

```
super(message);
}

class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            String username = "abc";
            if (username.length() < 5) {
                throw new InvalidUsernameException("Username must be at
least 5 characters long");
            }
        } catch (InvalidUsernameException e) {
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

**Answer**

Username must be at least 5 characters long

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

6. Which of the following is true about custom exceptions?

**Answer**

Custom exceptions must extend either Exception or RuntimeException

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

7. What will be the output for the following code?

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
class UnderageException extends Exception {
    public UnderageException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}
```

```
}

class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            int age = 17;
            if (age < 18) {
                throw new UnderageException("Underage, cannot proceed");
            }
        } catch (UnderageException e) {
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

**Answer**

Underage, cannot proceed

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

8. What will be the output for the following code?

```
class NegativeBalanceException extends Exception {
    public NegativeBalanceException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}

class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            double balance = -500;
            if (balance < 0) {
                throw new NegativeBalanceException("Balance cannot be
negative");
            }
        } catch (NegativeBalanceException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

```
}
```

**Answer**

Error: Balance cannot be negative

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

9. How do you create an unchecked custom exception?

**Answer**

By extending RuntimeException

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

10. What will be the output for the following code?

```
import java.io.*;  
  
class TemperatureTooHighException extends Exception {  
    public TemperatureTooHighException(String message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
}  
  
class Test {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            int temperature = 110;  
            if (temperature > 100) {  
                throw new TemperatureTooHighException("Temperature too  
high");  
            }  
        } catch (TemperatureTooHighException e) {  
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

Temperature too high

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

11. what is the output of the following code?

```
class MyException extends Exception {  
    public MyException(String message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
}  
  
class Test {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            throw new MyException("Error occurred");  
        } catch (MyException e) {  
            System.out.println(e);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

MyException: Error occurred

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

12. Which keyword is used to explicitly throw a custom exception?

**Answer**

throw

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

13. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class MyException extends Exception {
```

```
public MyException() {  
    super("Default Exception Message");  
}  
}  
  
class Test {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            throw new MyException();  
        } catch (MyException e) {  
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Answer**

Default Exception Message

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

14. What will be the output for the following code?

```
import java.io.*;  
  
class OutOfStockException extends Exception {  
    public OutOfStockException(String message) {  
        super(message);  
    }  
}  
  
class Test {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            int stock = 0;  
            if (stock == 0) {  
                throw new OutOfStockException("Item is out of stock");  
            }  
        } catch (OutOfStockException e) {  
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
241901118  
}{
```

**Answer**

Item is out of stock

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

15. What will happen if a checked custom exception is thrown inside a method without being caught or declared?

**Answer**

Compilation Error

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### **2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_Q1**

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

Write a program to validate the email address and display suitable exceptions if there is any mistake.

Create 3 custom exception classes as below

DotExceptionAtTheRateExceptionDomainException

A typical email address should have a ". " character, and a "@" character, and also the domain name should be valid. Valid domain names for practice be 'in', 'com', 'net', or 'biz'.

Display Invalid Dot usage, Invalid @ usage, or Invalid Domain message based on email id.

Get the email address from the user, validate the email by checking the

above-mentioned criteria, and print the validity status of the input email address.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains the email to be validated.

#### ***Output Format***

The output prints a Valid email address or an Invalid email address along with the suitable exception

If email ends with . or contains not exactly one . after @, it throws:

DotException: Invalid Dot usage

Invalid email address

If @ appears not exactly once, it throws:

AtTheRateException: Invalid @ usage

Invalid email address

If the part after the last dot is not among accepted domains:

DomainException: Invalid Domain

Invalid email address

If all conditions satisfied then print:

Valid email address

Refer to the sample input and output for format specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: sample@gmail.com

Output: Valid email address

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class DotException extends Exception{
    public DotException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
class AtTheRateException extends Exception{
    public AtTheRateException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
class DomainException extends Exception{
    public DomainException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void validateEmail(String email) throws DotException,
AtTheRateException, DomainException{
        int atCount = email.length() - email.replace("@", "").length();
        if (atCount != 1){
            throw new AtTheRateException("Invalid @ usage");
        }
        int lastDotIndex = email.lastIndexOf(".");
        int atIndex = email.indexOf("@");
        if (lastDotIndex < atIndex || lastDotIndex == email.length() - 1){
            throw new DotException("Invalid Dot usage");
        }
        String domain = email.substring(lastDotIndex + 1).toLowerCase();
        if (!(domain.equals("in") || domain.equals("com") || domain.equals("net") ||
domain.equals("biz"))){
            throw new DomainException("Invalid Domain");
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args){
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    String email = scanner.nextLine();
    try{
        validateEmail(email);
        System.out.println("Valid email address");
    }
    catch (DotException e){
        System.out.println("DotException: " + e.getMessage());
        System.out.println("Invalid email address");
    }
    catch (AtTheRateException e){
        System.out.println("AtTheRateException: " + e.getMessage());
        System.out.println("Invalid email address");
    }
    catch (DomainException e){
        System.out.println("DomainException: " + e.getMessage());
        System.out.println("Invalid email address");
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

Marks : 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_Q2

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

Elsa, a busy professional, is using a scheduling application to plan her meetings efficiently. The application requires users to input meeting durations in minutes, ensuring that the duration is a positive integer and does not exceed 240 minutes (4 hours). Elsa needs a program to assist her in scheduling meetings securely with proper exception handling.

Create a Java class named ElsaMeetingScheduler. Implement a custom exception: InvalidDurationException for invalid meeting duration entries. Implement the main method to interactively take user input for a meeting duration. Implement the validateMeetingDuration method to validate the meeting duration based on the specified rules and throw a custom exception if the validation fails. Print appropriate success or error messages based on the meeting duration.

Implement a custom exception, `InvalidDurationException`, to handle cases where the entered meeting duration does not meet the specified criteria.

### ***Input Format***

The input consists of an integer value '`n`', representing the meeting duration.

### ***Output Format***

The output is displayed in the following format:

If the entered meeting duration meets the specified criteria, the program outputs  
"Meeting scheduled successfully!"

If the entered meeting duration is invalid, the program outputs an error message indicating the issue.

"Error: Invalid meeting duration. Please enter a positive integer not exceeding 240 minutes (4 hours)."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 120

Output: Meeting scheduled successfully!

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidDurationException extends Exception{
    public InvalidDurationException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void validateMeetingDuration(int duration) throws
    InvalidDurationException{
        if (duration <= 0 || duration > 240){
            throw new InvalidDurationException("Error: Invalid meeting duration.
Please enter a positive integer not exceeding 240 minutes (4 hours).");
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args){
    Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
    int duration = s.nextInt();
    try{
        validateMeetingDuration(duration);
        System.out.println("Meeting scheduled successfully!");
    }
    catch (InvalidDurationException e){
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    }
    finally{
        s.close();
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_Q3

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

In a user registration system, there is a requirement to implement a username validation module. Users attempting to register must adhere to specific criteria for their usernames to be considered valid.

Your task is to develop a program that takes user input for a desired username and validates it according to the following rules:

The username must not contain any spaces. The username must be at least 5 characters long.

Implement a custom exception, InvalidUsernameException, to handle cases where the entered username does not meet the specified criteria.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a string S, representing the desired username.

### ***Output Format***

If the username is valid, print "Username is valid: [S]" .

If the username is invalid:

1. If the username is short, print "Invalid Username: Username must be at least 5 characters long"
2. If the username contains spaces, print "Invalid Username: Username cannot contain spaces"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: John

Output: Invalid Username: Username must be at least 5 characters long

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidUsernameException extends Exception{
    public InvalidUsernameException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void validateUsername(String username) throws
    InvalidUsernameException{
        if (username.contains(" ")){
            throw new InvalidUsernameException("Invalid Username: Username
cannot contain spaces");
        }
        if (username.length() < 5){
            throw new InvalidUsernameException("Invalid Username: Username must
be at least 5 characters long");
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
String username = scanner.nextLine();
try{
    validateUsername(username);
    System.out.println("Username is valid: " + username);
}
catch (InvalidUsernameException e){
    System.out.println(e.getMessage());
}
finally{
    scanner.close();
}
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_Q4

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

A local municipality is implementing an online voting system for a community event and wants to ensure that only eligible voters (those aged 18 or older) can participate.

Your task is to develop a program that validates the age of individuals attempting to vote online. If the user's age is below 18, the program should throw a custom exception, `InvalidAgeException`, preventing them from casting their vote. If the input is invalid, catch the appropriate `InputMismatchException` and print the in-built exception message.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of an integer representing the age.

##### ***Output Format***

If the age is 18 or older, print "Eligible to vote"

If the age is below 18, print "Exception occurred: InvalidAgeException: Age is not valid to vote"

If there is any other type of exception, print "An error occurred: " followed by the in-built exception message.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 20

Output: Eligible to vote

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.*;
class InvalidAgeException extends Exception{
    public InvalidAgeException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        try{
            int age = sc.nextInt();
            if (age < 18){
                throw new InvalidAgeException("Age is not valid to vote");
            }
            else{
                System.out.println("Eligible to vote");
            }
        }
        catch (InputMismatchException e){
            System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getClass().getName());
        }
        catch (InvalidAgeException e){
            System.out.println("Exception occurred: " + e.getClass().getName() + ": " +
e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

```
        }  
    }  
    catch (Exception e){  
        System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getMessage());  
    }  
    finally{  
        sc.close();  
    }  
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### **2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_Q5**

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

In a file management system, users are required to provide a valid file name when creating new files. The system enforces specific rules for file names to maintain consistency and avoid potential issues. Your task is to implement a Java program named FileNameValidator that takes user input for a file name and validates it according to the specified rules.

##### **Rules for Valid File Name:**

The file name must consist of alphanumeric characters (letters and digits) only. The file name must have a minimum length of 3 characters.

Implement a custom exception, FileNameValidator, to handle cases where the entered filename does not meet the specified criteria.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a string S, representing the desired filename.

### ***Output Format***

The output is displayed in the following format:

If the entered file name meets the specified criteria, the program outputs

"Valid file name"

If the entered file name does not meet the criteria and triggers the InvalidFileNameException, the program outputs

"Error: Invalid file name. It must be alphanumeric and have a minimum length of 3 characters."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: myfile123

Output: Valid file name

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidFileNameException extends Exception{
    public InvalidFileNameException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void validateFileName(String fileName) throws
InvalidFileNameException{
        if (fileName.length() < 3 || !fileName.matches("[A-Za-z0-9]+")){
            throw new InvalidFileNameException(
                "Error: Invalid file name. It must be alphanumeric and have a minimum
length of 3 characters.");
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args){
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
String fileName = sc.nextLine();
sc.close();
try{
    validateFileName(fileName);
    System.out.println("Valid file name");
}
catch (InvalidFileNameException e){
    System.out.println(e.getMessage());
}
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### REC\_2028\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_PAH

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

You are tasked to create a program that defines a custom exception GradeException. The program should include a Student class with fields for the student's name, age, and grade. Implement a method in the Student class that checks the grade, and if the grade is below 40, it should throw a GradeException. Otherwise, it should display the student's details.

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of three parameters in separate lines:

1. A string representing the student's name.
2. An integer representing the student's age.
3. An integer representing the student's grade.

##### ***Output Format***

The output will display the student's details if the grade is valid.

If the grade is below 40, the program will display an error message "Grade is below 40".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: Alice

20

85

Output: Name: Alice

Age: 20

Grade: 85

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class GradeException extends Exception{
    public GradeException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
class Student{
    private String name;
    private int age;
    private int grade;
    public Student(String name, int age, int grade){
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
        this.grade = grade;
    }
    public void checkGrade() throws GradeException{
        if (grade < 40){
            throw new GradeException("Grade is below 40");
        }
        else{
            System.out.println("Name: " + name);
            System.out.println("Age: " + age);
            System.out.println("Grade: " + grade);
        }
    }
}
```

```
public class Main{  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
        String name = sc.nextLine();  
        int age = sc.nextInt();  
        int grade = sc.nextInt();  
        sc.close();  
        Student student = new Student(name, age, grade);  
        try{  
            student.checkGrade();  
        }  
        catch (GradeException e){  
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

Marks : 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

Enigma is developing a simple web application that takes a user-input URL, validates it, and throws a custom exception `InvalidURLFormatException` if the URL does not start with "http://" or "https://".

The main method prompts the user for input, validates the URL, and prints whether it is valid or not.

## *Input Format*

The input consists of a string, representing the URL entered by the user.

## *Output Format*

The output displays one of the following results:

If the entered URL is valid according to the specified format, the program prints:

"[URL] is a valid URL"

If the entered URL is not valid according to the specified format, the program prints:

"Invalid URL format: [URL]"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### **Sample Test Case**

Input: http://www.example.com

Output: http://www.example.com is a valid URL

#### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class InvalidURLException extends Exception
```

```
{
```

```
{
```

```
    super(message);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public class Main
```

```
{
```

```
public static void validateURL(String url) throws InvalidURLException
{
    if (!(url.startsWith("http://") || url.startsWith("https://")))
    {
        throw new InvalidURLException("Invalid URL format: " + url);
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    String url = sc.nextLine();
    try
    {
        validateURL(url);
        System.out.println(url + " is a valid URL");
    } catch (InvalidURLException e)
    {
    }
}
```

```
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
    }  
  
    sc.close();  
  
}  
  
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

### 3. Problem Statement

An HR software system is being developed to process employee payrolls. During payroll processing, the system must ensure that no employee has a negative salary and that no employee's salary exceeds 2,00,000. If either condition occurs, the system should throw a custom exception.

Create a custom exception `InvalidSalaryException` and a class `Employee` that processes salary according to the following rules:

If `salary < 0`, throw `InvalidSalaryException` with the message: "Salary cannot be negative". If `salary > 200000`, throw `InvalidSalaryException` with the message: "Salary exceeds threshold limit". Otherwise, display: "Salary processed successfully for <empName>: <salary>".

The payroll processing should always display: "Payroll process completed" at the end, regardless of whether an exception occurs.

#### *Input Format*

The first line of input contains an integer representing the employee ID.

The second line contains a string representing the employee's name.

The third line contains a floating-point number representing the salary of the employee.

### **Output Format**

If the salary is valid: "Salary processed successfully for <empName>: <salary>"

"Payroll process completed"

If the salary is invalid: "<Exception Message>"

"Payroll process completed"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 101

Rahul

150000.0

Output: Salary processed successfully for Rahul: 150000.0

Payroll process completed

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidSalaryException extends Exception{
    public InvalidSalaryException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
class Employee{
    int empld;
    String empName;
    double salary;
    public Employee(int empld, String empName, double salary){
        this.empld = empld;
        this.empName = empName;
        this.salary = salary;
    }
    public void processSalary() throws InvalidSalaryException{
        if (salary < 0){
            throw new InvalidSalaryException("Salary cannot be negative");
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else if (salary > 200000){
            throw new InvalidSalaryException("Salary exceeds threshold limit");
        }
        else{
            System.out.println("Salary processed successfully for " + empName + ": "
+ salary);
        }
    }
}

public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int emplId = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
        String empName = sc.nextLine();
        double salary = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());
        Employee emp = new Employee(emplId, empName, salary);
        try{
            emp.processSalary();
        }
        catch (InvalidSalaryException e){
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());
        }
        finally{
            System.out.println("Payroll process completed");
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}

```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

#### 4. Problem Statement

Daniel is developing a program to verify the age of users. He wants to ensure that the entered age is within a valid range. Write a program to help Daniel implement this age-checking feature using custom exceptions.

Daniel needs a program that takes an integer input representing a person's age. If the age is between 0 and 150 (inclusive), the program should print "Age is valid!". If the age is less than 0 or greater than 150, the program

should throw a custom exception (`InvalidAgeException`) with the message "Invalid age. Please enter an age between 0 and 150."

Implement a custom exception, `InvalidAgeException`, to handle cases where the entered age does not meet the specified criteria.

### ***Input Format***

The input consists of an integer value '`n`', representing the age.

### ***Output Format***

The output is displayed in the following format:

If the age is valid (between 0 and 150, inclusive), print

"Age is valid!".

If the age is invalid, print

"Error: Invalid age. Please enter an age between 0 and 150."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 45

Output: Age is valid!

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidAgeException extends Exception{
    public InvalidAgeException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void checkAge(int age) throws InvalidAgeException{
        if (age < 0 || age > 150){
            throw new InvalidAgeException("Invalid age. Please enter an age between
0 and 150.");
    }
}
```

```
        }
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args){
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    int age = sc.nextInt();
    try{
        checkAge(age);
    }
    catch (InvalidAgeException e){
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
    }
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

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Scan to verify results



## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### **REC\_2028\_OOPS using Java\_Week 8\_CY**

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

Faustus is managing his bank account and wants to create a program to update his account balance based on certain conditions. However, he needs to handle specific scenarios related to invalid inputs and insufficient balances. Faustus wants to update his account balance. He inputs the current balance and the amount to be updated.

The initial account balance should be positive. If Faustus enters a negative initial balance, the program should throw an InvalidAmountException with the message "Invalid amount. Please enter a positive initial balance." If the amount to be updated is negative, the program should check if the subtraction results in a negative balance. If so, it should throw an InsufficientBalanceException with the message "Insufficient balance." If the amount to be updated is positive, it should be added to the current balance, and the new balance should be printed.

Implement a custom exception, InvalidAmountException, and InsufficientBalanceException, to manage his bank account.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of a double value 'd', representing the initial account balance.

The second line of input consists of a double value 'd1', representing the amount to be updated.

#### ***Output Format***

The output is displayed in the following format:

If the validation passes, print

"Account balance updated successfully! New balance: {new\_balance}"

where {new\_balance} is the updated account balance.

If the initial bank amount is negative it displays

"Error: Invalid amount. Please enter a positive initial balance."

If the updated amount exceeds the initial account balance in withdrawal it displays

"Error: Insufficient balance."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1000

500

Output: Account balance updated successfully! New balance: 1500.0

#### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidAmountException extends Exception{
```

```
public InvalidAmountException(String message){  
    super(message);  
}  
}  
class InsufficientBalanceException extends Exception{  
    public InsufficientBalanceException(String message){  
        super(message);  
    }  
}  
}  
public class Main{  
    public static double updateBalance(double balance, double amount)  
        throws InvalidAmountException, InsufficientBalanceException{  
        if (balance < 0){  
            throw new InvalidAmountException("Invalid amount. Please enter a  
positive initial balance.");  
        }  
        double newBalance = balance + amount;  
        if (amount < 0 && newBalance < 0){  
            throw new InsufficientBalanceException("Insufficient balance.");  
        }  
        System.out.println("Account balance updated successfully! New balance: " +  
newBalance);  
        return newBalance;  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
        double balance = sc.nextDouble();  
        double amount = sc.nextDouble();  
        try{  
            updateBalance(balance, amount);  
        }  
        catch (InvalidAmountException e){  
            System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());  
        }  
        catch (InsufficientBalanceException e){  
            System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

In an online shopping cart system, users can apply coupon codes during checkout to avail of discounts. However, to ensure the validity and security of coupon codes, the system enforces specific rules for their format. Your task is to implement a Java program named CouponCodeValidator that takes user input for a coupon code and validates it according to the specified rules.

**Rules for Valid Coupon Code:**

The coupon code must consist of exactly 10 characters. The coupon code must contain at least one alphabet (uppercase or lowercase) and at least one digit (0-9). Special characters are not allowed in the coupon code.

Implement a custom exception, InvalidCouponException, to handle cases where the entered coupon code does not meet the specified criteria.

### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a string s, representing the coupon code.

### ***Output Format***

The output is displayed in the following format:

If the entered coupon code meets the specified criteria, the program outputs

"Coupon code applied successfully!"

If the entered coupon code has less than or more than 10 characters it outputs

"Error: Invalid coupon code length. It must be exactly 10 characters."

If the entered coupon code contains only numeric or only alphabets it outputs

"Error: Invalid coupon code format. It must contain at least one alphabet and one digit."

If the entered coupon code contains special characters it outputs

"Error: Coupon code should not contain special characters."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: ABCD123456

Output: Coupon code applied successfully!

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidCouponException extends Exception{
    public InvalidCouponException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void validateCoupon(String code) throws
InvalidCouponException{
        if (code.length() != 10){
            throw new InvalidCouponException("Invalid coupon code length. It must
be exactly 10 characters.");
        }
        boolean hasLetter = false;
        boolean hasDigit = false;
        for (char ch : code.toCharArray()){
            if (Character.isLetter(ch)){
                hasLetter = true;
            }
            else if (Character.isDigit(ch)){
                hasDigit = true;
            }
            else{
                throw new InvalidCouponException("Coupon code should not contain
special characters.");
            }
        }
        if (!hasLetter || !hasDigit){
            throw new InvalidCouponException("Invalid coupon code format. It must
contain at least one alphabet and one digit.");
        }
        System.out.println("Coupon code applied successfully!");
    }
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args){  
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
    String code = sc.nextLine();  
    try{  
        validateCoupon(code);  
    }  
    catch (InvalidCouponException e){  
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());  
    }  
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

### 3. Problem Statement

Camila, a user of a social media platform, is looking to change her password to enhance account security. The platform enforces specific rules for password strength to ensure the safety of user accounts. Camila needs a program that prompts her to enter a new password and throws custom exceptions based on the strength of the password.

## Password Strength Criteria:

## Weak Password:

Length less than 8 characters. Medium Password:

Length 8 or more characters. Missing a mix of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, and digits.

Implement a custom exception, to assist Camila in changing her password securely. The program should interactively take user input for a new password, categorize its strength, and handle custom exceptions (`WeakPasswordException` and `MediumPasswordException`) if the password fails to meet the specified criteria.

## *Input Format*

The input consists of a string  $s$ , representing the new password.

### ***Output Format***

The output is displayed in the following format:

If the entered password meets the strength criteria, the program outputs

"Password changed successfully!"

If the entered password is weak, the program outputs

"Error: Weak password. It must be at least 8 characters long."

If the entered password is of medium strength, the program outputs

"Error: Medium password. It must include a mix of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, and digits."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: ComplexP@ss1

Output: Password changed successfully!

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class WeakPasswordException extends Exception{
    public WeakPasswordException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
class MediumPasswordException extends Exception{
    public MediumPasswordException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static void validatePassword(String password)
        throws WeakPasswordException, MediumPasswordException{
        if (password.length() < 8){
```

```

        throw new WeakPasswordException("Weak password. It must be at least
8 characters long.");
    }
    boolean hasUpper = false;
    boolean hasLower = false;
    boolean hasDigit = false;
    for (char ch : password.toCharArray()){
        if (Character.isUpperCase(ch)){
            hasUpper = true;
        }
        else if (Character.isLowerCase(ch)){
            hasLower = true;
        }
        else if (Character.isDigit(ch)){
            hasDigit = true;
        }
    }
    if (!(hasUpper && hasLower && hasDigit)){
        throw new MediumPasswordException("Medium password. It must
include a mix of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, and digits.");
    }

    System.out.println("Password changed successfully!");
}
public static void main(String[] args){
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    String password = sc.nextLine();
    try{
        validatePassword(password);
    }
    catch (WeakPasswordException e){
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
    }
    catch (MediumPasswordException e){
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
    }
}
}

```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Hemanth is designing a banking system for XYZ Bank. The system should allow customers to perform deposit, withdrawal, and balance inquiry operations. Implement exception handling for scenarios involving invalid transaction amounts or insufficient funds.

Create two custom exception classes, `InvalidAmountException` and `InsufficientFundsException`, both extending the `Exception` class. Throw an `InvalidAmountException` with a message if the deposit amount is less than or equal to zero. Throw an `InsufficientFundsException` if the withdrawal amount is greater than the available balance. Deduct the withdrawal amount from the balance if the withdrawal is successful.

Assist Hemanth in designing the program.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of a double value `B`, representing the initial balance.

The second line consists of a double value `D`, representing the deposit amount.

The third line consists of a double value `W`, representing the withdrawal amount.

##### ***Output Format***

If the withdrawal is successful, print the amount withdrawn and the current balance, rounded off to one decimal place.

If an `InvalidAmountException` occurs, print "Error: [D] is not valid".

If an `InsufficientFundsException` occurs, print "Error: Insufficient funds".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

##### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1050.1

270.2

150.3

Output: Amount Withdrawn: 150.3  
Current Balance: 1170.0

### Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class InvalidAmountException extends Exception{
    public InvalidAmountException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
class InsufficientFundsException extends Exception{
    public InsufficientFundsException(String message){
        super(message);
    }
}
public class Main{
    public static double deposit(double balance, double amount) throws
InvalidAmountException{
        if (amount <= 0){
            throw new InvalidAmountException(amount + " is not valid");
        }
        return balance + amount;
    }
    public static double withdraw(double balance, double amount) throws
InsufficientFundsException{
        if (amount > balance){
            throw new InsufficientFundsException("Insufficient funds");
        }
        return balance - amount;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        double balance = sc.nextDouble();
        double depositAmount = sc.nextDouble();
        double withdrawAmount = sc.nextDouble();
        try{
            balance = deposit(balance, depositAmount);
            balance = withdraw(balance, withdrawAmount);
            System.out.println("Amount Withdrawn: " + withdrawAmount);
            System.out.printf("Current Balance: %.1f\n", balance);
        }
        catch (InvalidAmountException e){
```

```
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
    }
    catch (InsufficientFundsException e){
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
    }
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**