```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import seaborn as sns
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from sklearn import preprocessing,svm
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\HP\Downloads\bottle.csv.zip")
df
```

C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18728\508500159.py:1: DtypeWarning:
Columns (47,73) have mixed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low_m
emory=False.

df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\HP\Downloads\bottle.csv.zip")

	Cst_Cnt	Btl_Cnt	Sta_ID	Depth_ID	Depthm	T_degC	SaInty	O2ml_L	STheta	025
0	1	1	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0000A-3	0	10.500	33.4400	NaN	25.64900	Ni
1	1	2	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0008A-3	8	10.460	33.4400	NaN	25.65600	Ni
2	1	3	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0010A-7	10	10.460	33.4370	NaN	25.65400	Ni
3	1	4	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0019A-3	19	10.450	33.4200	NaN	25.64300	Ni
4	1	5	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0020A-7	20	10.450	33.4210	NaN	25.64300	Ni
864858	34404	864859	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0000A-7	0	18.744	33.4083	5.805	23.87055	108.
864859	34404	864860	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0002A-3	2	18.744	33.4083	5.805	23.87072	108.
864860	34404	864861	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0005A-3	5	18.692	33.4150	5.796	23.88911	108.
864861	34404	864862	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0010A-3	10	18.161	33.4062	5.816	24.01426	107.

20-1611SR-864862 34404 864863 093.4 MX-310-026.4 2239-09340264-0015A-3

864863 rows × 74 columns

```
In [3]: df=df[['Salnty','T_degC']]
df.columns=['Sal','Temp']
```

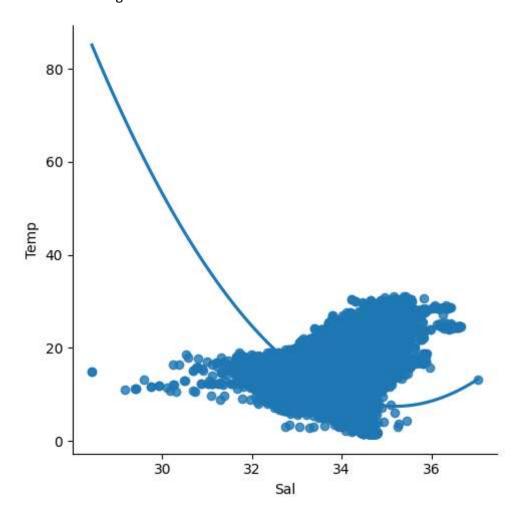
In [4]: df.head(10)

Out[4]:

	Sal	Temp
0	33.440	10.50
1	33.440	10.46
2	33.437	10.46
3	33.420	10.45
4	33.421	10.45
5	33.431	10.45
6	33.440	10.45
7	33.424	10.24
8	33.420	10.06
9	33.494	9.86

```
In [5]: sns.lmplot(x='Sal',y='Temp',data=df,order=2,ci=None)
```

Out[5]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1ec46c61b70>



In [6]: df.info()

dtypes: float64(2)
memory usage: 13.2 MB

In [7]: df.describe()

Out[7]:

	Sal	Temp
count	817509.000000	853900.000000
mean	33.840350	10.799677
std	0.461843	4.243825
min	28.431000	1.440000
25%	33.488000	7.680000
50%	33.863000	10.060000
75%	34.196900	13.880000
max	37.034000	31.140000

In [8]: df.fillna(method='ffill')

Out[8]:

	Sal	Temp
0	33.4400	10.500
1	33.4400	10.460
2	33.4370	10.460
3	33.4200	10.450
4	33.4210	10.450
864858	33.4083	18.744
864859	33.4083	18.744
864860	33.4150	18.692
864861	33.4062	18.161
864862	33.3880	17.533

In [9]: df.fillna(value=0,inplace=True)

864863 rows × 2 columns

C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18728\1434098079.py:1: SettingWithCo
pyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/s table/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

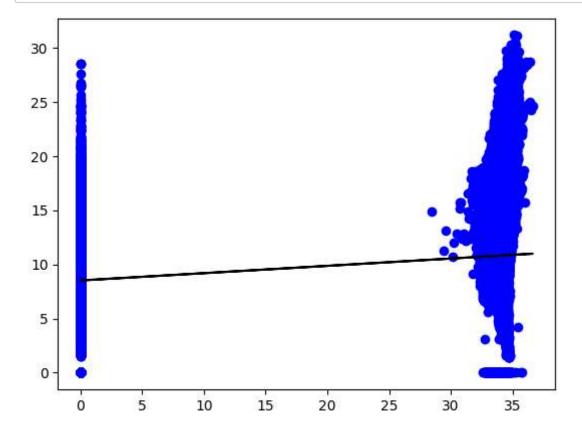
df.fillna(value=0,inplace=True)

```
In [10]: df.isnull().sum()
Out[10]: Sal
                 0
                 0
         Temp
         dtype: int64
In [11]: x=np.array(df['Sal']).reshape(-1,1)
         y=np.array(df['Temp']).reshape(-1,1)
         df.isna().any()
Out[11]: Sal
                 False
         Temp
                 False
         dtype: bool
In [12]: | df.dropna(inplace=True)
         C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18728\1379821321.py:1: SettingWithCo
         pyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/s
         table/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://panda
         s.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
         sus-a-copy)
           df.dropna(inplace=True)
In [13]: |x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
         reg=LinearRegression()
         reg.fit(x_train,y_train)
         print(reg.score(x_test,y_test))
```

0.014061256157036461

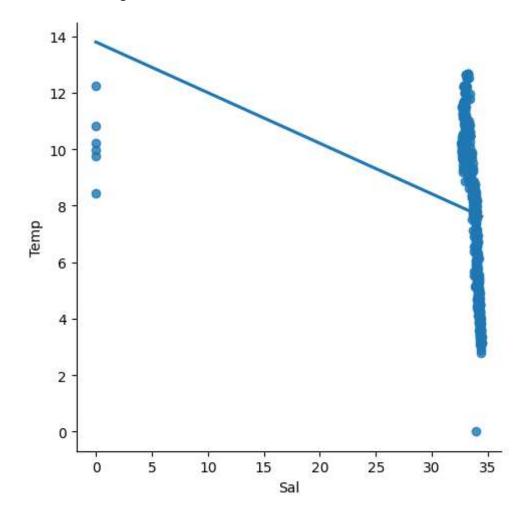
```
In [14]: y_pred=reg.predict(x_test)

plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color='b')
plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='k')
plt.show()
```



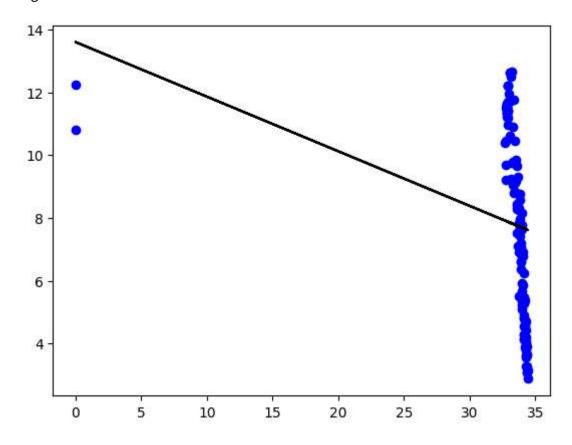
```
In [15]: df500=df[:][:500]
sns.lmplot(x='Sal',y='Temp',data=df500,order=1,ci=None)
```

Out[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1ec05ac1db0>



```
In [16]: df500.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
    x=np.array(df500['Sal']).reshape(-1,1)
    y=np.array(df500['Temp']).reshape(-1,1)
    df500.dropna(inplace=True)
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
    reg=LinearRegression()
    reg.fit(x_train,y_train)
    print("Regresion:",reg.score(x_test,y_test))
    y_pred=reg.predict(x_test)
    plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color='b')
    plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='k')
    plt.show()
```

Regresion: 0.07325689211216635



```
In [17]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
    model=LinearRegression()
    model.fit(x_train,y_train)
    y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
    r2=r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
    print("R2 score:",r2)
```

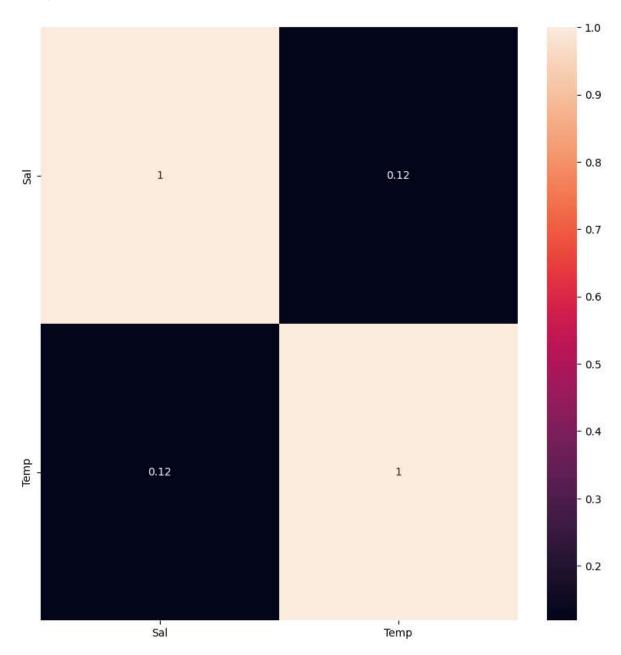
R2 score: 0.07325689211216635

IMPLEMENTING RIDGE AND LASSO REGRESSION

```
In [18]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge
from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeCV
from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso
```

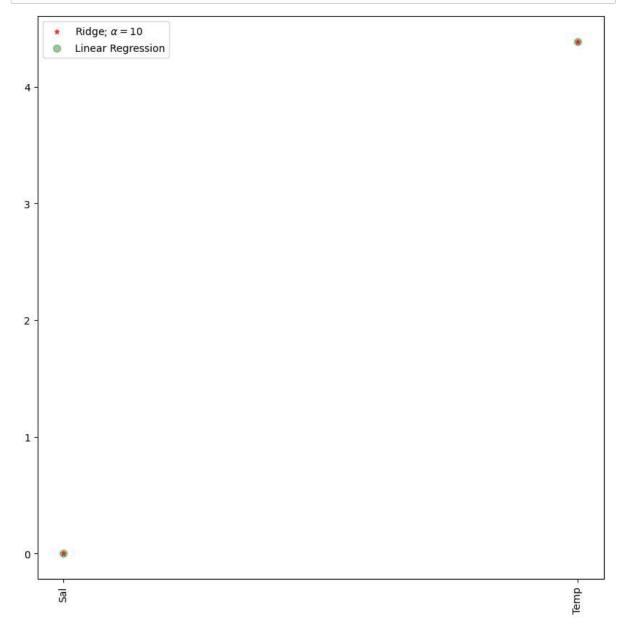
```
In [19]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```

Out[19]: <Axes: >



```
In [21]: features = df.columns[0:2]
         target = df.columns[-1]
         #X and y values
         X = df[features].values
         y = df[target].values
         #splot)
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, rando
         print("The dimension of X_train is {}".format(X_train.shape))
         print("The dimension of X_test is {}".format(X_test.shape))
         #Scale features
         scaler = StandardScaler()
         X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
         X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
         The dimension of X_train is (605404, 2)
         The dimension of X_test is (259459, 2)
In [22]: | lr = LinearRegression()
         #Fit model
         lr.fit(X_train, y_train)
         #predict
         #prediction = lr.predict(X test)
         #actual
         actual = y test
         train_score_lr = lr.score(X_train, y_train)
         test_score_lr = lr.score(X_test, y_test)
         print("\nLinear Regression Model:\n")
         print("The train score for lr model is {}".format(train_score_lr))
         print("The test score for lr model is {}".format(test score lr))
         Linear Regression Model:
         The train score for lr model is 1.0
         The test score for lr model is 1.0
In [23]: ridgeReg=Ridge(alpha=10)
         ridgeReg.fit(X train,y train)
         train_score_ridge=ridgeReg.score(X_train,y_train)
         test_score_ridge=ridgeReg.score(X_test,y_test)
         print("\nRidge Model:\n")
         print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(train_score_ridge))
         print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test_score_ridge))
         Ridge Model:
         The train score for ridge model is 0.9999999997233388
         The test score for ridge model is 0.999999997235595
```

```
In [25]: plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
   plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markers
#plt.
   plt.plot(features,lr.coef_,alpha=0.4,linestyle='none',marker='o',markersize=7,
   plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
   plt.legend()
   plt.show()
```



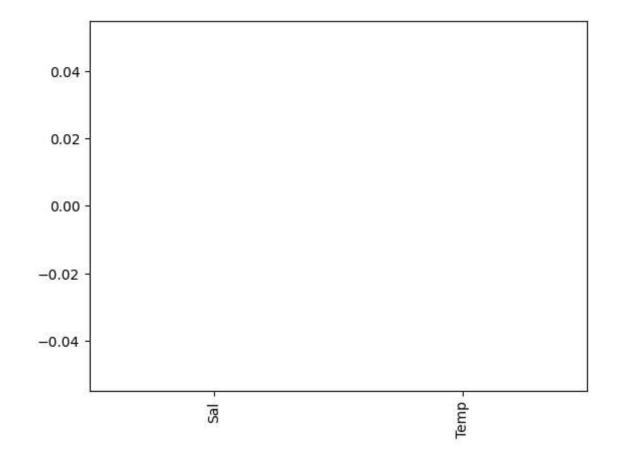
```
In [27]: print("\nLasso Model: \n")
    lasso = Lasso(alpha = 10)
    lasso.fit(X_train,y_train)
    train_score_ls =lasso.score(X_train,y_train)
    test_score_ls =lasso.score(X_test,y_test)
    print("The train score for ls model is {}".format(train_score_ls))
    print("The test score for ls model is {}".format(test_score_ls))
```

Lasso Model:

The train score for ls model is 0.0
The test score for ls model is -1.1164538027408355e-06

In [28]: pd.Series(lasso.coef_, features).sort_values(ascending = True).plot(kind = "batana")

Out[28]: <Axes: >

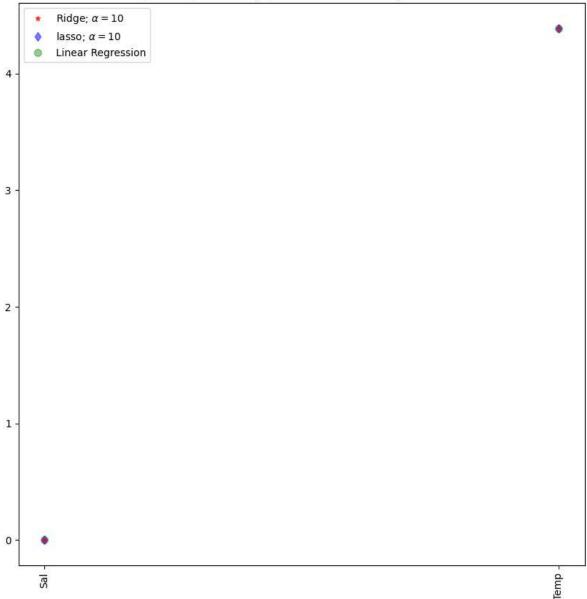


In [30]: from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV
 lasso_cv=LassoCV(alphas=[0.0001,0.001,0.01,1,10],random_state=0).fit(X_traprint(lasso_cv.score(X_train,y_train))
 print(lasso_cv.score(X_test,y_test))

0.999999999480031
0.9999999994800305

```
In [31]: plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
   plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markers
   plt.plot(lasso_cv.coef_,alpha=0.5,linestyle='none',marker='d',markersize=6,col
   plt.plot(features,lr.coef_,alpha=0.4,linestyle='none',marker='o',markersize=7,
   plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
   plt.legend()
   plt.title("Comparison plot of Ridge, Lasso and Linear regression model")
   plt.show()
```

Comparison plot of Ridge, Lasso and Linear regression model



```
In [33]: from sklearn.linear model import RidgeCV
         #Ridge Cross validation
         ridge_cv = RidgeCV(alphas = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10]).fit(X_train, y_t
         #scoreP
         print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(ridge_cv.score(X_train, y
         print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(ridge_cv.score(X_test, y_
         The train score for ridge model is 0.9999999809987961
         The train score for ridge model is 0.9999999809317757
In [36]: from sklearn.linear model import RidgeCV
         #Ridge Cross validation
         ridge_cv = RidgeCV(alphas = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10]).fit(X_train, y_t
         #score
         print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(ridge_cv.score(X_train, y
         print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(ridge_cv.score(X_test, y_
         The train score for ridge model is 0.9999999809987961
         The train score for ridge model is 0.999999809317757
         ELASTIC NET REGRESSION
In [37]: from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
         regr=ElasticNet()
         regr.fit(X,y)
         print(regr.coef_)
         print(regr.intercept )
                     0.94934511]
         0.5401219631068042
         y_pred_elastic=regr.predict(X_train)
In [38]:
         mean_squared_error=np.mean((y_pred_elastic-y_train)**2)
         print("Mean Squared Error on test set", mean_squared_error)
         Mean Squared Error on test set 114.30299858356392
 In [ ]:
```