S3 Data Processing

There are five applications used to gather stellar data and export for use with Star Ship Simulator (S3).

I use CLion which is free for non-commercial use but the code did compile under VC++ last time I tried it. I don't continually test it there though.

The code can be compiled for OSX or Windows (via MINWG)

Requirements

- CLion C++ compiler from https://www.jetbrains.com/clion.
- Install VCPKG from https://vcpkg.io/en/.
- A Postgres database with Postgis installed. I use version v16.
- A disk with 700GB of free space for Gaia CSV data.
- A disk with 140GB of free space for Gaia and Simbad imported data.
- Code access to <u>Thx1010saascas/S3 Data Processing (github.com)</u>

Compiler Setup

 In [CLion | Settings | Build, Execution, Deployment | CMake] set "-DIS_DEBUG=1" as a CMake build option for the Debug CMake profile.

Database Setup

- Install Postgres 16 or above.
- Install Postgis (make sure CREATE EXTENSION Postgis is run)
- From a Postgis command terminal run Database.sql.

Processing

There are five steps in total. Four steps for preparing the data with the final step being the data export to Sqlite.

Each executable is prefixed with a number to indicate its position in the sequence. Executable parameters will be shown over one or lines for readability.

Step 1. Download Gaia CSV data (1 GaiaDownloadCsvs.exe)

Gaia data is available in a little over 3,600 CSV files. The CSVs we are using contain a superset of the base Gaia data that includes data from other Gaia tables such as metallicity, teff and others. This means that we only need to download this single set of CSV files.

Downloading is slow but concurrent downloading higher than 50 yielded poor results on the occasion I tried it.

Syntax

Example

```
1_GaiaDownloadCsvs
  https://cdn.gea.esac.esa.int/Gaia/gdr3/gaia_source/
  D:\Gaia2
  50
```

Step 2: Import Gaia CSVs into Postgres (2_GaiaImportCsvs.EXE)

This step takes a little under nine hours on my mini-PC. It was CPU limited.

Syntax

```
2_GaiaImportCsvs
     <CSV Storage Folder>
     <Postgres Connection String>
     <Maximum Range To Import in Light Years>
     [Number of Concurrent Downloads] Defaults to 5. Max of 15.
```

Example

```
2_GaiaImportCsvs

"d:\gaia"

"dbname=star_data user=postgres password=sa hostaddr=127.0.0.1 port=5432"
10000
10
```

Step 3: Import Simbad Data (3_SimbadImportData.EXE)

This data is read from Simbad via HTTP and stored directly to the database. This process takes around two hours depending on how Simbad feels at the time.

Syntax

Example

```
3_SimbadImportData
```

"https://simbad.cds.unistra.fr/simbad/sim-tap/sync?REQUEST=doQuery&LANG=ADQL&FORMAT=csv&QUERY="

"dbname=star_data user=postgres password=sa hostaddr=127.0.0.1 port=5432" 10000

Step 4: Export Data Fixer (4_ExportDataFixer.EXE)

Many names in Simbad are based on Latin and Greek acronyms. This utility looks at the first three names in the Simbad data and if it finds such a name, adds the names to a row in the **export_overrides** table with an auto generated translation to the full Latin/Greek name.

This table also lets us override a name with any name we choose if necessary.

There also exists a spectral type column to override the spectral type for any stars that we need to tailor.

This utility is non-destructive so re importing Simbad will not invalidate this data.

Entries may be added manually by noting the Simbad **index** value and creating a new row in **export_overrides** with that value.

When step 5 is run, it will use data from this table to override as necessary.

Syntax

```
4_ExportDataFixer
  <Postgres Connection String>
```

Example

```
4 ExportDataFixer
```

"dbname=star data user=postgres password=sa hostaddr=192.168.4.45 port=5432"

Step 5: Export S3 Database (5_ExportS3Database.EXE)

The name of the exported file depends on the <code>[Append Mode]</code>. If this flag is not equal to "append" then any existing Sqlite file will be deleted and replaced with new content. The name of the file will be based on the <code><Export Types></code> value. EG: If we range to 2000 ly and set <code><Export Types></code> to "Cluster, Planet" the generated file name will be "S3 2000ly Cluster Planet.db".

If the [Append Mode] equals "append" then the file name will be based only on range. EG: "S3_2000ly.db" and all data. No matter the <Export Types> value will be added to that database.

Syntax

```
4_ExportDataFixer
     <Sqlite DB Export Path>
     <Postgres Connection String>
     <Maximum Range To Export in Light Years>
     <Export Types>
     [Append Mode] (Defaults to false)
```

Example

```
5_ExportS3Database
    "C:\Programming\S3_Data"
    "dbname=star_data user=postgres password=sa hostaddr=192.168.4.45 port=5432"
2000
Star,
Append
```