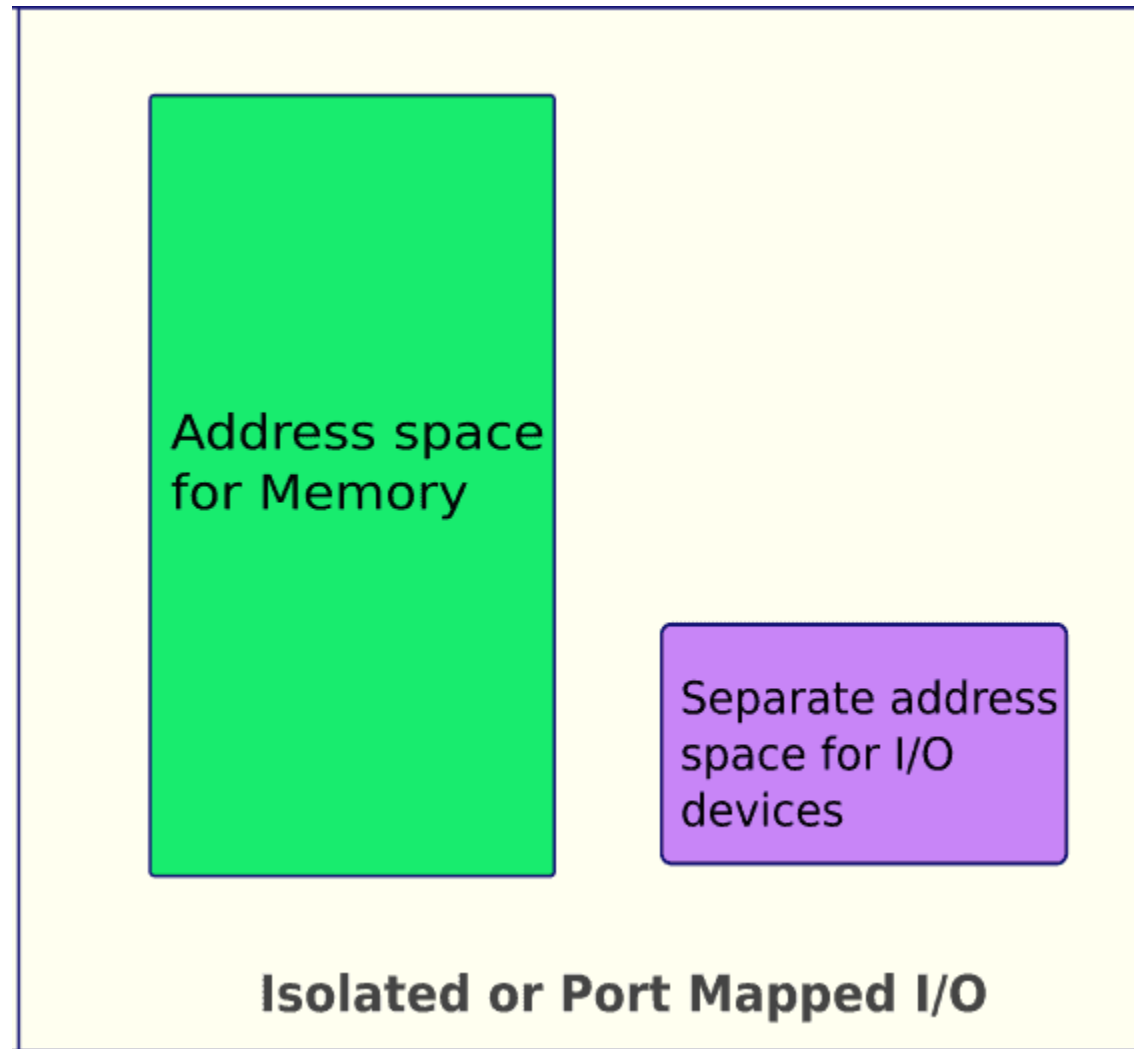




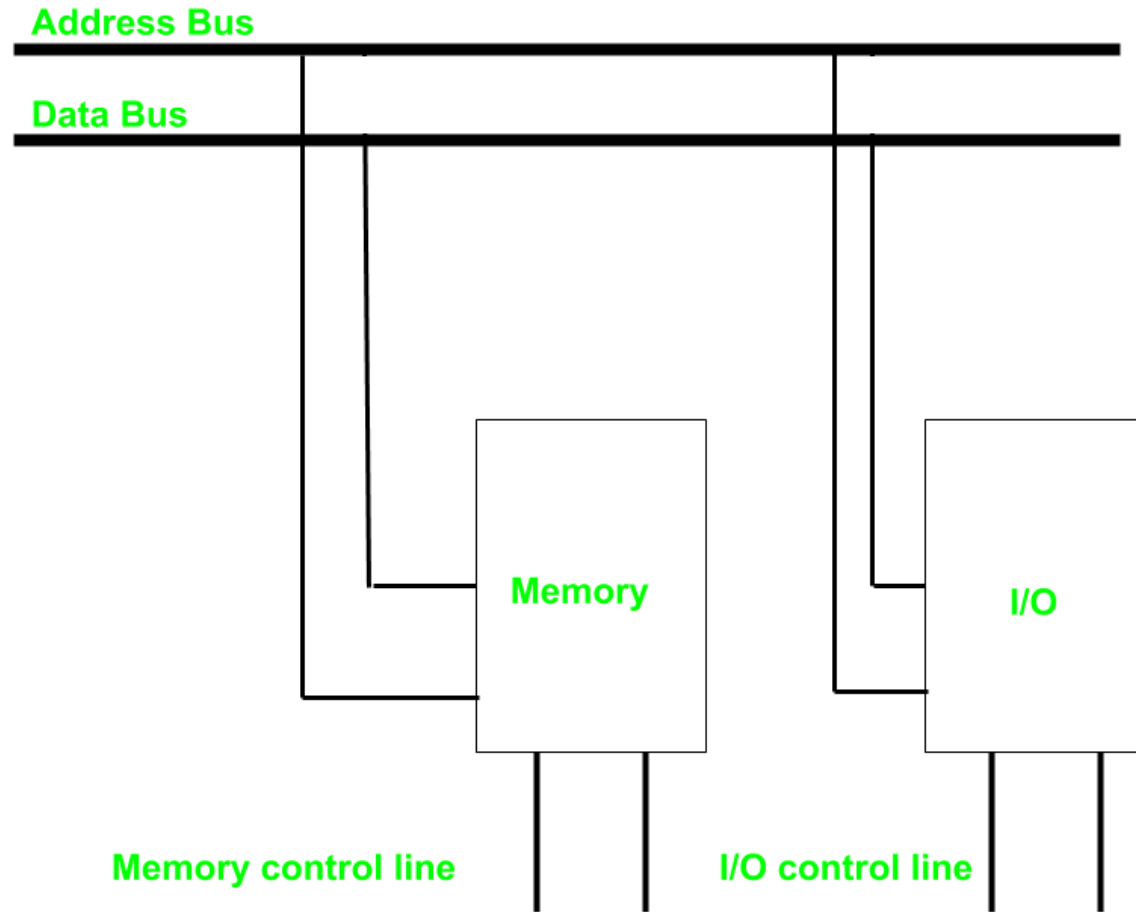
# Module 7

# Memory Mapping

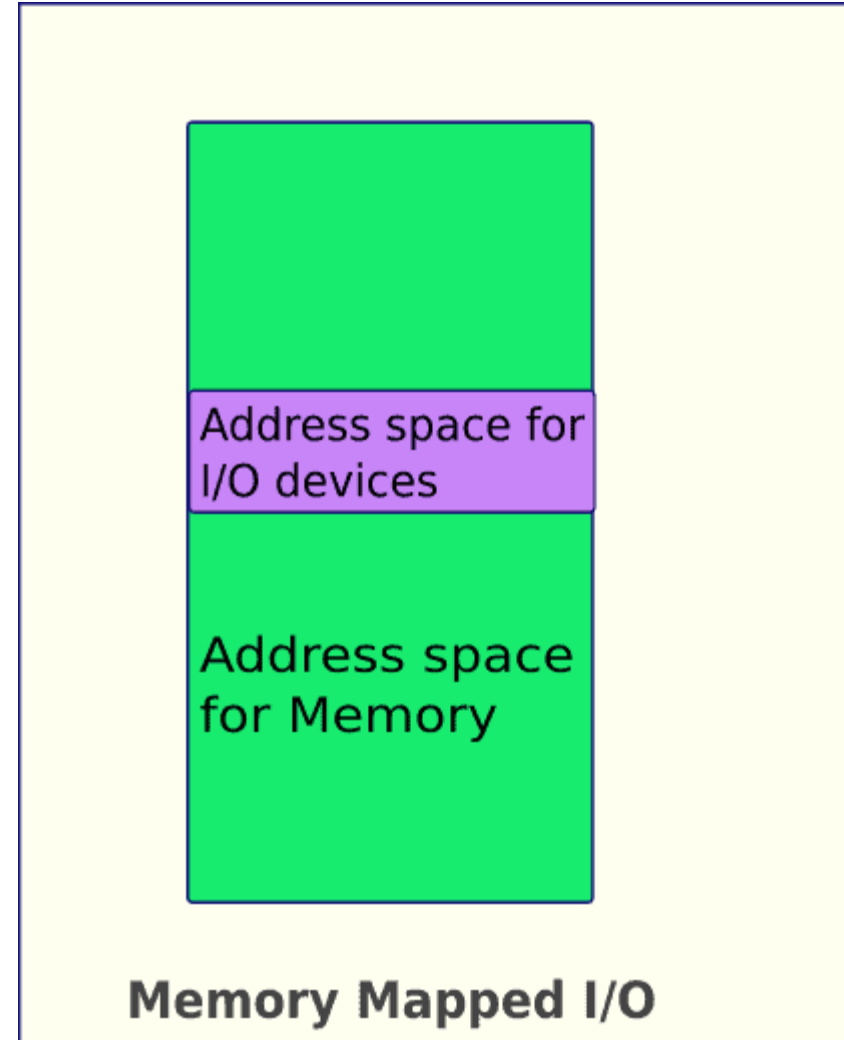
# Port Mapped I/O



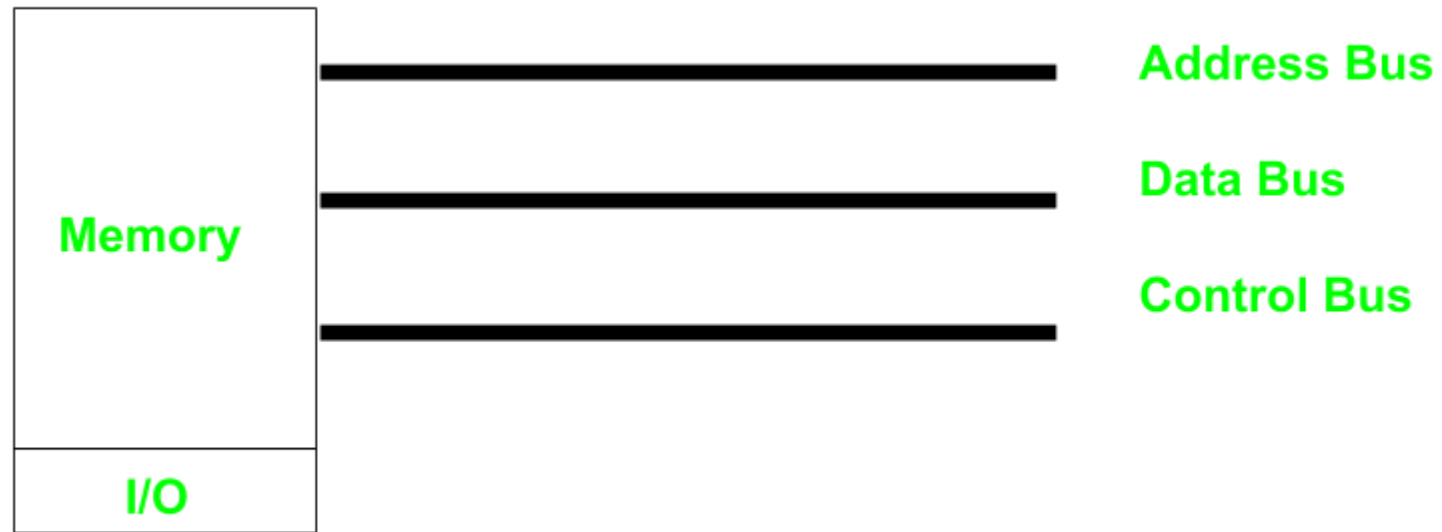
# How its accessed



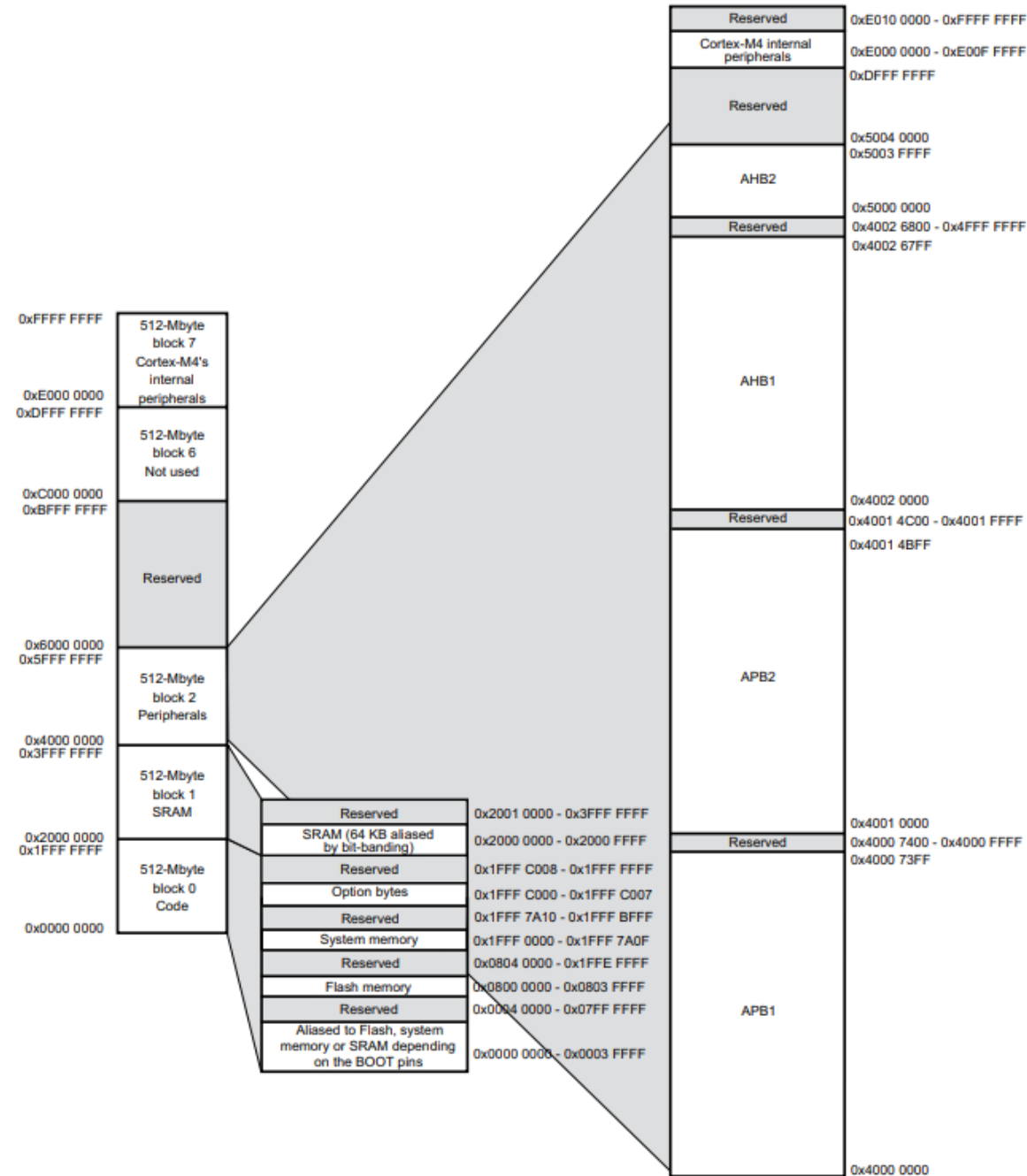
# Memory Mapped I/O



# How its accessed



# Memory Mapping in STM32

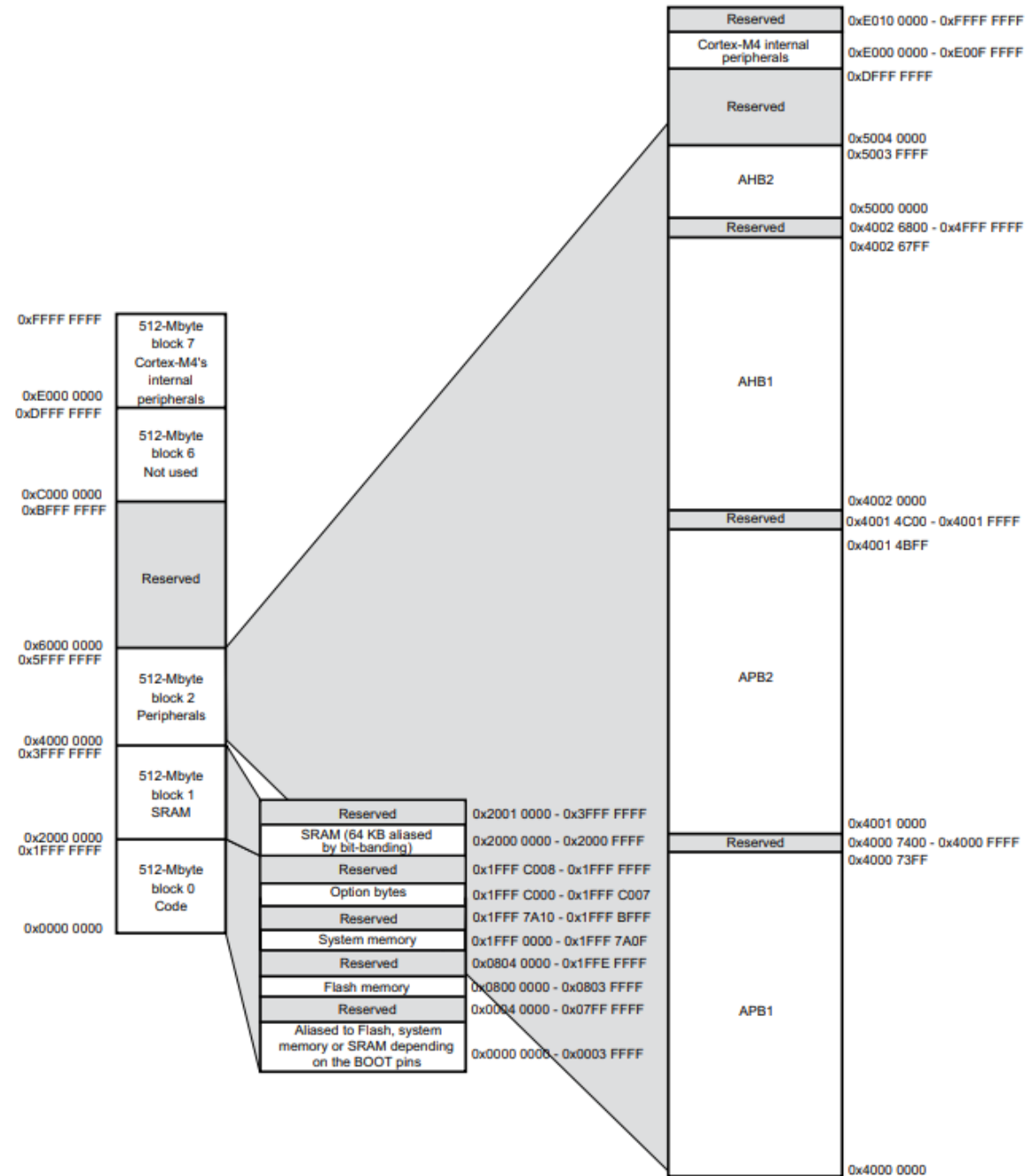




# GPIO Register Mapping

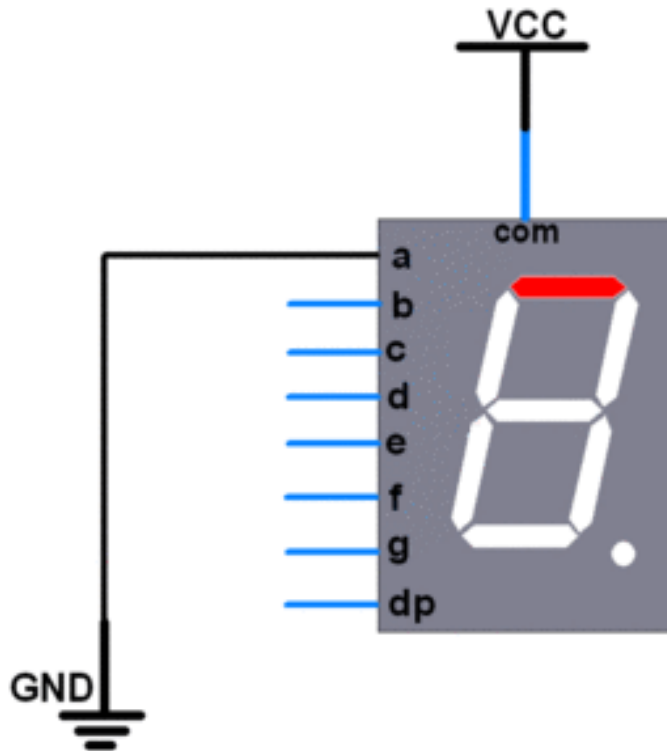
# Datasheet

- PG - 50

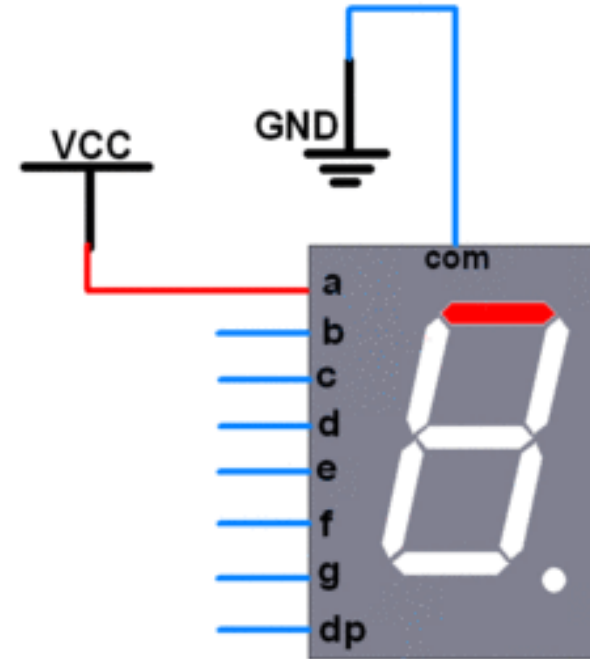


# 7-Segment Display

# Types of 7-Segment Display

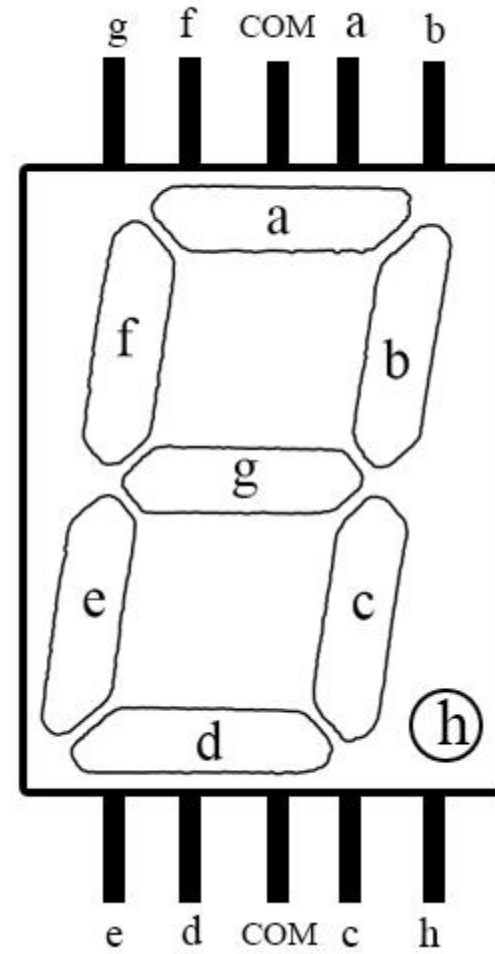


Common Anode



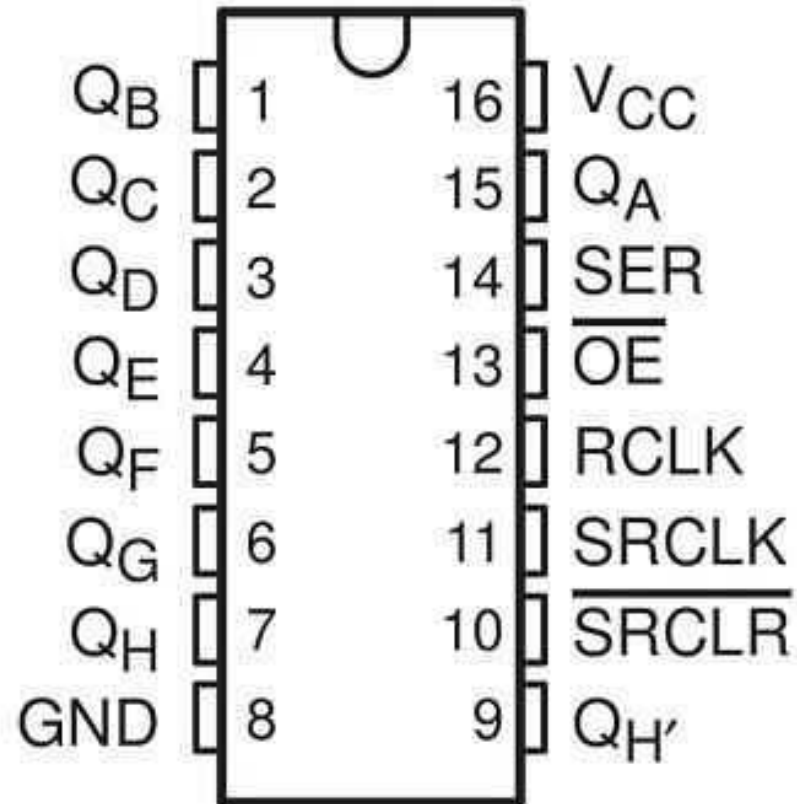
Common Cathode

# Pin Outs



# Shift Register – 74HC595

# Types of 7-Segment Display

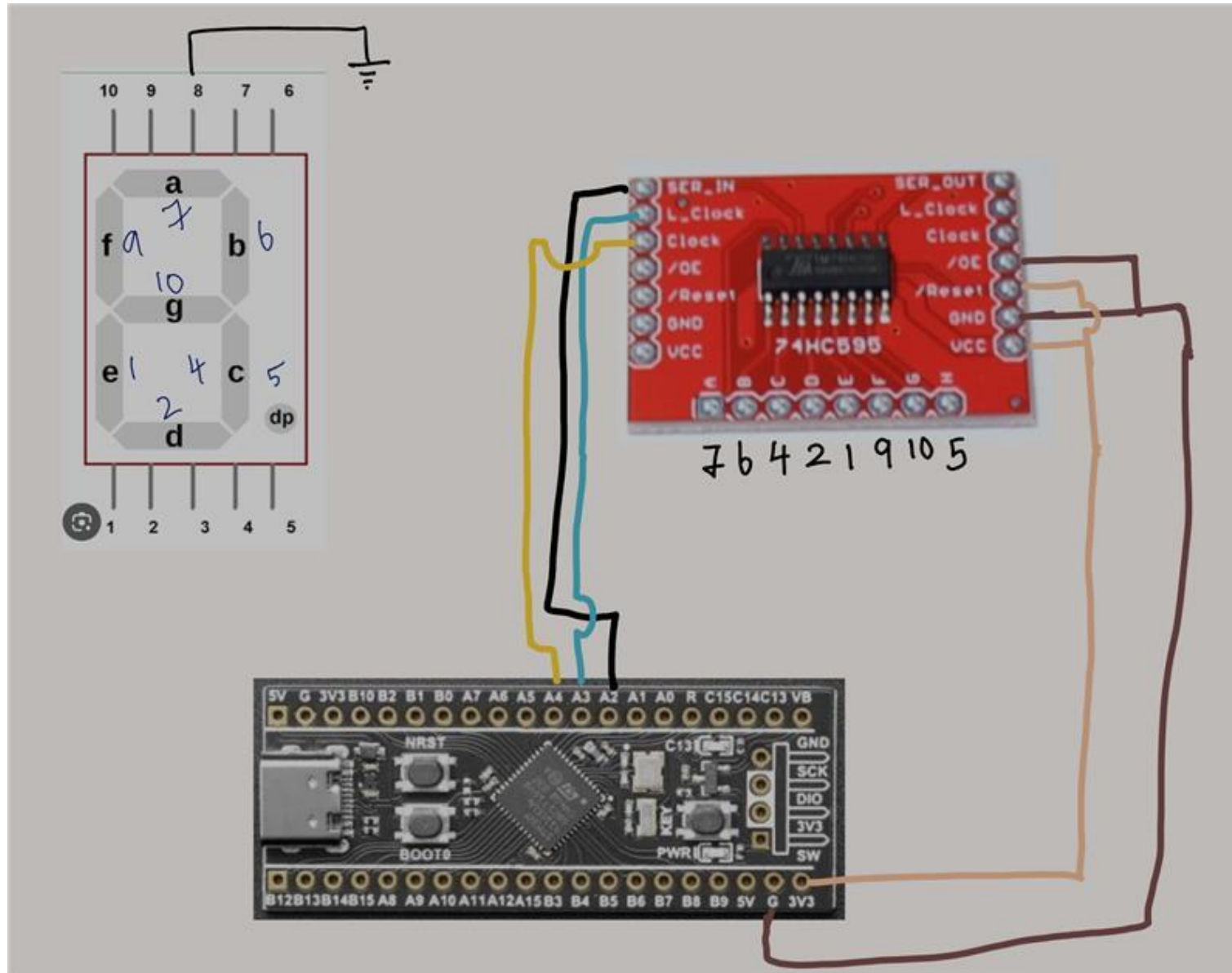


# LAB - 1

**Drive 7-Segment display using STM32 through shift register**



# Pin Connections



# Pseudo Code

- 1. Init

- SERIN = 0
- SRCLK = 0
- RCCLK = 0

- 2. Setting the data pin

- SERIN = 1

- 3 Creating the clock

- SRCLK = 0
- Delay(1) in ms
- SRCLK = 1
- Delay(1) in ms
- SRCLK = 0
- SERIN = 0

- 4 Setting the output latch

- RCLK = 0
- Delay(1) in ms
- RCLK = 1
- Delay(1) in ms
- RCLK = 0

# GitHub Repo



# Code Snippets – Shift Register Write

```
void ShiftRegister_WriteByte(uint8_t data)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
        // Write the bit to SERIN
        if (data & 0x80) {
            HAL_GPIO_WritePin(SERIN_GPIO_Port, SERIN_Pin, GPIO_PIN_SET); // Send 1
        } else {
            HAL_GPIO_WritePin(SERIN_GPIO_Port, SERIN_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET); // Send 0
        }
        data <<= 1;

        // Pulse the SRCLK (Shift Clock)
        PulsePin(SRCLK_GPIO_Port, SRCLK_Pin);
    }

    // Pulse the RCLK (Latch Clock) to output data to the parallel pins
    PulsePin(RCLK_GPIO_Port, RCLK_Pin);
}

void PulsePin(GPIO_TypeDef *port, uint16_t pin)
{
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(port, pin, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_Delay(1); // Short delay
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(port, pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}
```