
EEOB563 – Assignment #2

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January 26th 2019

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GitHub repo is <https://github.com/Thyra/EEOB563>

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- a) The dinosaur sequence is highly similar to the cloning vector pAgaL as well as some other cloning vectors.
- b) The highest rated sequence is erythroid transcription factor from *Gallus gallus*. It is only 96% identical, there are some differences:

1	Query	121	MEFVALGGPDAGSPTFPDeagafllgggerteagllaSYPPSGRVSLVPWADTGTLG	300
2			MEFVALGGPDAGSPTFPDEAGAFLLGGGERTEAGLLASYPPSGRVSLVPWADTGTLG	
3	Sbjct	1	MEFVALGGPDAGSPTFPDEAGAFLLGGGERTEAGLLASYPPSGRVSLVPWADTGTLG	60
4				
5	Query	301	TPQWVPATQMEPPHYLEllqprrgspphpssgpllpssgpppCEARECVMARKNCGAT	480
6			TPQWVPATQMEPPHYLELLQPPRGSPHPSSGPLLPLSSGPPPCEARECV NCGAT	
7	Sbjct	61	TPQWVPATQMEPPHYLELLQPPRGSPHPSSGPLLPLSSGPPPCEARECV----NCGAT	116
8				
9	Query	481	ATPLWRRDGTGHYLCN WASACGLYHRLNGQNRPLIRPKRLLVSKRAGTVCSHERENCQT	660
10			ATPLWRRDGTGHYLCN ACGLYHRLNGQNRPLIRPKRLLVSKRAGTVCS NCQT	
11	Sbjct	117	ATPLWRRDGTGHYLCN---ACGLYHRLNGQNRPLIRPKRLLVSKRAGTVCS---NCQT	169
12				
13	Query	661	STTLWRRSPMGDPVCNNIHACGLYYKLHQVNRPLTMRKDG IQTRNRKVsskgkrrppg	840
14			STTLWRRSPMGDPVCN ACGLYYKLHQVNRPLTMRKDG IQTRNRKVSSKGKRRPPG	
15	Sbjct	170	STTLWRRSPMGDPVCN---ACGLYYKLHQVNRPLTMRKDG IQTRNRKVSSKGKRRPPG	226
16				
17	Query	841	ggnpsatagggapmgggdpsmpppppppaaappQSDALYALGPVVLSGHFLPfgnsggf	1020
18			GGNPSATAGGAPMGGGDPSMPPPPPPAAAPPQSDALYALGPVVLSGHFLPFGNSGGF	
19	Sbjct	227	GGNPSATAGGAPMGGGDPSMPPPPPPAAAPPQSDALYALGPVVLSGHFLPFGNSGGF	286
20				
21	Query	1021	fgggaggyTAPPGLSPQI	1074
22			FGGGAGGYTAPPGLSPQI	
23	Sbjct	287	FGGGAGGYTAPPGLSPQI	304

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These sequences might be homologous (I don't think I can be 100% sure just from the blast result) and if they are, they are more specifically orthologous because they are in different species as opposed to in different genome locations within the same species.

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I let mafft choose the strategy (auto) and it chose L-INS-i, probably because there were so few sequences and not too long.

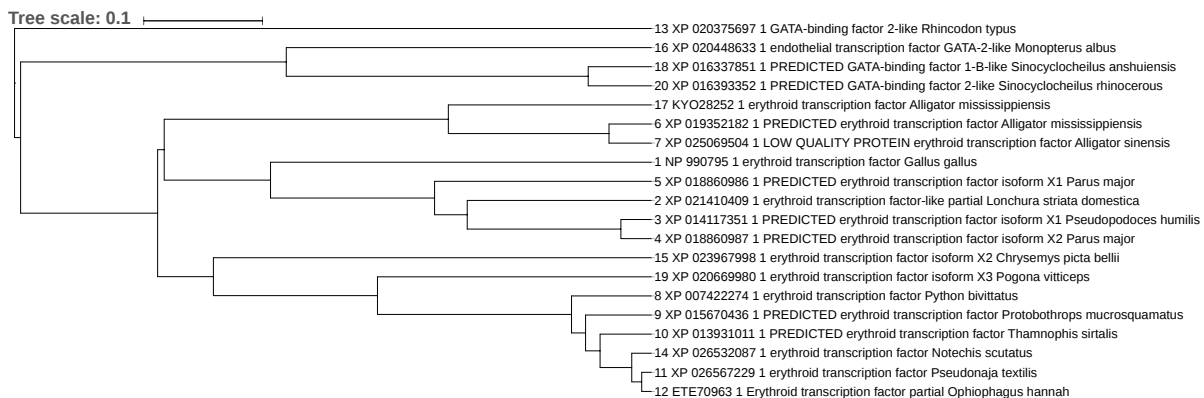


Figure 1: Tree created by mafft

This tree is a guide tree so it is only a rough clustering of the species, not the final phylogenetic tree. The actual algorithm to create the phylogenetic tree is run later.