

TiVo

# HAXE IN THE ENTERPRISE: A CASE STUDY

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# Who is TiVo? What do we do?

*TiVo provides advanced television to the cable industry in the US and abroad*

5.5 Million active subscribers

- US 
- Canada 
- Sweden 
- Spain 

- UK 

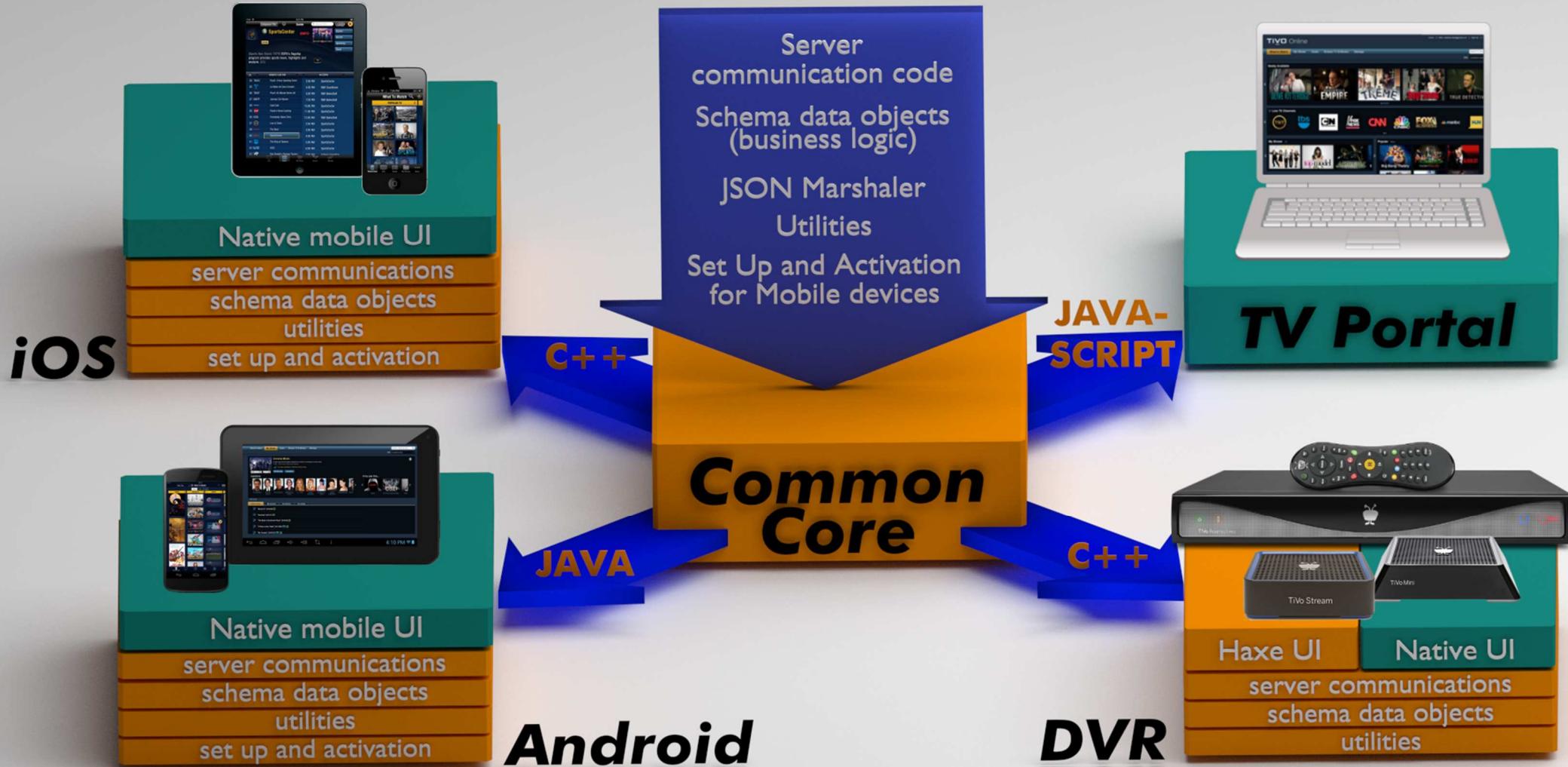
- Digital Video Records
- Second Room Video Devices
- Mobile Applications
- Online Web Video Portal



# TiVo Portfolio



# How does TiVo use Haxe?



# How does TiVo use Haxe?

## Call in



# How does TiVo use Haxe?

## Call in

Performance gain over initial  
Objective C implementation



# Why did TiVo move to Haxe?

- Initially TiVo used Adobe Flash for embedded devices

Pros:

- ActionScript 3 language with a large pool of developers
- Ample developer tools available

Cons:

- Application performance poor on low powered devices
- JIT compiler slowed initial screen entry performance
- Difficult to improve Flash engine



# Why did TiVo move to Haxe?

Before Haxe

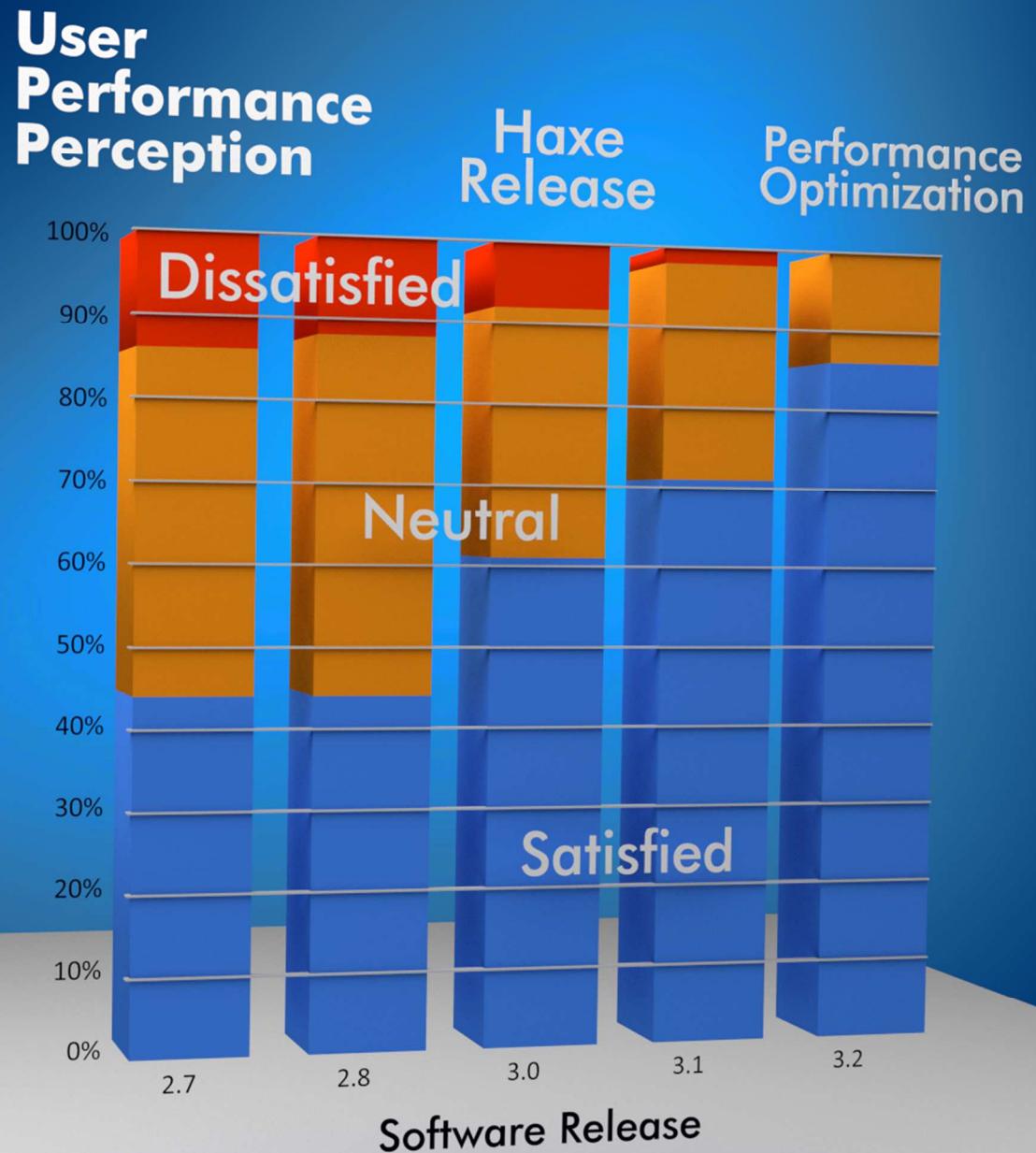
“Very sluggish UI”

After Haxe

Performance Optimizations

0% Dissatisfied

on low powered DVRs



# Challenges: Optimize Performance

- Analyze Haxe Performance
- Identified two methods
  - Quantified object churn
    - Track the number of objects created for a specific UI actions and who created the objects
  - Functional call frequency
    - Used process logging at kernel level (plog) to track function call frequency and rank code areas by the total number calls during UI functionality



# Optimize Performance

Eliminated unused events in OpenFL – “API cheating”

- Removed ADDED and REMOVED events
- Removed the “capture” phase of key events
- ENTER\_FRAME event was changed to a singleton and dispatched only to the stage
- Removed 60K out of 70K (84%) events during typical UI operation



# Optimize Performance

Implemented a faster version of `Socket.select`

- Does not require the creation of multiple `Array` classes on every call
- Produces zero object churn
- Change to `hxcpp` – submitted back to open source
- Identified through object churn analysis



# Optimize Performance

Replaced std::map with std::tr1::unordered\_map:

- Hash table with O(1) complexity
- Faster in parts of the UI
- Change to hxcpp lib – reject for a different hash table implementation
- Identified through “*function call frequency*” analysis



# Optimize Performance

Replaced garbage collector with a version which supported Big/Little Endian

- Measurably faster within the TiVo UI app (7x)
- No pull request because API is different for current stock hxcpp GC

Optimization of JSON parsing URL decode

- Change to hxcpp – submitted back to open source
- Identified through object churn analysis



# Obstacles Overcome

## UTF8 string deficiency

- Required an additional UTF8 handling class to support Swedish characters
- UTF8 string support in Haxe standard libraries continues to be poor

## Additional Date/Time support

- Support DST, offset awareness
- Support for UTC time parts
- Extended `toString/fromString` to handle time zones, UTC



# Obstacles Overcome

## Building from source

- Required to build from source for MIPS, MIPSEL, ARM flavors
- Build file for hxcpp

## Full feature IDEA for Haxe

- Required to improve IntelliJ IDEA Haxe plugin to meeting developers requests



# Future Direction

- Overall the migration to Haxe has been a tremendous win
- Extending the longevity of low powered embedded devices
- Enabled code sharing across multiple platforms across the enterprise
- As a future direction plan to expand the use of Haxe across the TiVo Enterprise

