Linux MAPI programming over ExchangeRPC

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OpenChange Project

Opening Exchange to a wider world

1 OpenChange Goals

"The OpenChange Project aims to provide a portable Open Source implementation of Microsoft Exchange Server and Exchange protocols"

Three main goals:

- provide a library for interoperability with Exchange protocols
- provide an alternative to Microsoft Exchange Server:
 - uses native Exchange protocols
 - provides exactly equivalent functionality when viewed from Microsoft Outlook clients
- develop a body of knowledge about the most popular groupware protocols in use commercially today

1 MAPI Overview

- MAPI is the glue between Exchange and Outlook
- Not a network protocol but a set of functions call interfaces developed by Microsoft before Microsoft Exchange existed

ExchangeRPC:

- Proprietary transport protocol for MAPI
- Closely matches the MAPI calling interface
- 2 main protocols used in MAPI communications:
 - NSPI: Address Book protocol
 - EMSMDB: Exchange transport

1 MAPI Overview

- EMSMDB pipe version evolved since Exchange 5.5:
 - Exchange 5.5 to Exchange 2000:
 - obfuscated content (xor 0xa5)
 - Use EcDoConnect (0x1) and EcDoRpc function (0x2)
 - Implemented in libmapi
 - Exchange 2003:
 - AirMAPI compression algorithm introduced (possibly XPRESS based)
 - New pipe functions introduced for EcDoConnect (0xa) and EcDoRpc (0xb)
 - Some packets are still obfuscated with xor 0xa5 while others are compressed
 - Exchange 2007:
 - No MAPI captures realized yet

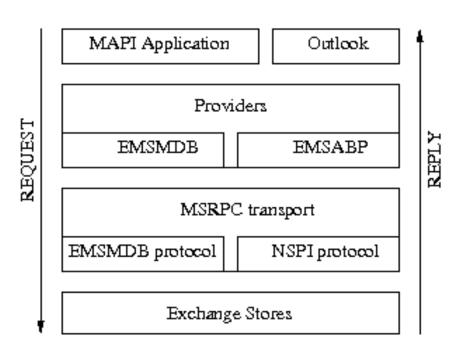
1 MAPI Overview

- OpenChange libmapi implements:
 - NSPI interface
 - EMSMDB interface from Exchange 2000.
 - MAPI API that exposes these protocols
- widely compatible implementation tested against:
 - Exchange 5.5
 - Exchange 2000
 - Exchange 2003
 - Small Business Server 2003
 - Exchange 2007 (once Administrator creates Public Folder store)



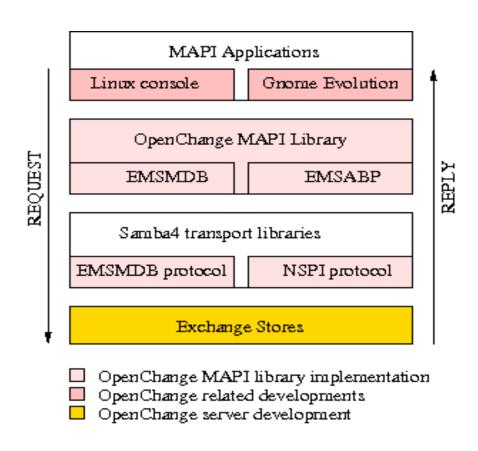
Describing a MAPI conversation

- Client-side:
 - MAPI applications call MAPI providers, using the API to pass data
 - MAPI providers pack the client or server MAPI information in a blob
 - ExchangeRPC protocol is used to transport the MAPI information, using one of two MAPI-specific protocols:
 - EMSMDB Message Store Protocol
 - NSPI Address book Protocol
- Store provider on server side:
 - extracts the MAPI blob from RPC protocol functions
 - analyzes its content
 - performs operations embedded within it



OpenChange Architecture

- Developed in C
- Released under the GNU GPLv2 or later license (upgrade to GPLv3 planned)
- Use Samba4 libraries and modular design:
 - MSRPC transport (dcerpc, ndr)
 - Memory allocation system (talloc)
 - Storage (ldb LDAP database)
 - Server development:
 - EMSABP provider
 - EMSMDB provider





MAPI library design

Design:

- Provide a set of functions with similar semantics to the Microsoft C++ API, maximising the benefit of shared information across the two implementations.
- Hides implementation details from the user: passing in a groupwarerelated object and getting back a response in order to have a groupware conversation.

Architecture:

- Global context rather than separately instantiated objects with private members
- Opaque objects passed by reference between MAPI functions
- No object hierarchy implemented



MAPI library capabilities

- MAPI Profiles
 - Similar objective to Microsoft ones
 - Stored in LDB database and access through IProfAdmin interface
 - Store information related to:
 - Connection
 - Credentials
 - User information
- Common MAPI objects support
 - Messages, Calendars, Tasks, Contacts, Notes
 - Fetch, send, delete, move operations available
- MAPI containers
 - Create, Delete, Empty folders

1 MAPI library capabilities

- MAPI tables and search operations
 - Search, filter, restrict results
- MAPI Notifications
 - Over UDP and EMSMDB
 - NEWMAIL notification implemented
- MAPI Permissions
 - Add, Remove, Modify on a given folder
 - Pre-defined Roles and Rights
 - Support permission modifications for Default and Anonymous
- Public Folders
 - Create, Delete, Empty folders
 - Specify directory class (messages, appointments, contacts etc.)

Getting Started

OpenChange requirements

 "howto.txt from docs directory contains the most up-todate instructions for installing and configuring openchange."

 Installation information are provided in the LinuxConf paper associated to this presentation.

Setting a MAPI Profile database

- We need to create a MAPI profile database and add a profile prior running any MAPI application
- We will use mapiprofile command line tool

*** **Demo** ***

2 Hello Exchange Sample

See mapi_sample1.c

Important Steps:

- Initialize MAPI library
- Open a MAPI Session
- Uninitialize MAPI library

Output:

```
$ gcc mapi_sample1.c -o mapi_sample1 'pkg-config libmapi --cflags --libs'
$ ./mapi_sample1

MAPIInitialize : MAPI_E_SUCCESS (0x0)

GetDefaultProfile : MAPI_E_SUCCESS (0x0)

MapiLogonEx : MAPI_E_SUCCESS (0x0)
```

MAPI Concepts

3 MAPI Objects

- "Any MAPI data you access is associated to objects."
- Design differences:
 - With Microsoft framework instanciated objects inherits from parent classes.
 - With OpenChange, objects are opaque: Linux MAPI developer must know what they are doing.
- MAPI object related functions
 - mapi_object_init: Must be called prior any MAPI operation on this object
 - mapi_object_release: Called when an object reaches its end of life

MAPI Handles

- temporary identifiers returned by Exchange when you access or create objects on the server.
- make reference to a particular object all along its session lifetime
- only links between objects accessed on the client side and efficiently stored on the server side

3 MAPI Properties

- "attributes of a MAPI object used to describe something associated with the object."
- Composed of:
 - Property Tag:
 - Property Type
 - Property ID
 - Property Value
 - Value matching property type

Property ID	Property Type	
0037	001e	
Message Envelope	PT_STRING8	
Property Tag		Property Value
PR_SUBJECT (0x0037001e)		"This is the subject"
Property		

- Related functions: GetProps / SetProps
- Related structure: SPropValue

3 MAPI Tables

- "MAPI tables are used to view MAPI objects as a set of rows and columns; where objects are rows and MAPI properties columns of the table."
- OpenChange identified 3 kind of tables associated to specific MAPI calls:
 - GetHierarchyTable
 - Collect information about child containers
 - GetContentsTable
 - Collect information about objects within a container
 - GetTable
 - Retrieve information about permissions for a given container or object

MAPI applications

4 MAPI fetchmail

- Initialize OpenChange MAPI
 - MapiInitialize, GetDefaultProfile and MapiLogonEx
- Open the Message Store
 - OpenMsgStore
- Open Inbox folder
 - GetDefaultFolder and OpenFolder
- Retrieve Contents Table
 - GetContentsTable
- Customize the MAPI view
 - SetColumns
- Browse the table and dump items
 - QueryRows, GetPropsAll and mapidump convenient functions
- Clean-up and Exit
 - MAPIUnitialize

Better than a thousand words

Demonstration:

- openchangepfadmin
- openchangeclient
- exchange2mbox

Questions?