

NOVA

IMS

Information
Management
School

Programming for Data Science

Pandas

Flávio Pinheiro

fpinheiro@novaims.unl.pt

Liah Rosenfeld

lrosenfeld@novaims.unl.pt

Maria Almeida

malmeida@novaims.unl.pt

Niclas Sturm

nsturm@novaims.unl.pt

Instituto Superior de Estatística e Gestão de Informação
Universidade Nova de Lisboa

What's next?

Class topics

Pandas



Python libraries: Pandas



Libraries!

🐍 In a general sense, a library in Python is a **piece of reusable code**.

🐍 There are many of them and they help us solve problems, store data, represent data, perform statistic tests, run algorithms, etc...





Pandas!

 **Pandas** is a widely-used Python library built on top of NumPy.

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

 **Pandas** was designed to work with 2-dimensional data (like Excel spreadsheets/csv files).




 It is known for its very useful data structure called the **DataFrame** (and for pandas Series).



Pandas Series



Pandas Series

-  **Series** are a special type of data structure available in the pandas Python library.
-  Pandas Series are like NumPy arrays, except that we can give them a **named or datetime index** instead of just a numerical index.
-  You will learn about NumPy soon, but for now we can think of NumPy arrays as being very similar to lists.

Pandas



Pandas Series



Pandas Series

🐼 We can think of a Pandas **Series** as a **List** where each value can be indexed with a name and not only by a number!

🐼 They help giving meaning to our data:

```
grades = [20,15,17,18,20,16]
```

```
students = ["Han Solo", "Ron Weasley", "Leonard Hofstadter", "Jerry Smith", "Mildred Ratched", "Piper Chapman"]
```

```
pd.Series(grades, index = students)
```

Han Solo	20
Ron Weasley	15
Leonard Hofstadter	17
Jerry Smith	18
Mildred Ratched	20
Piper Chapman	16

dtype: int64



Pandas Series



Pandas Series:

```
grades = pd.Series(grades, index = students)
```

```
grades['Jerry Smith']
```

```
18
```

```
grades[grades == 17]
```

```
Leonard Hofstader    17
dtype: int64
```

```
grades[grades > 16]
```

```
Han Solo            20
Leonard Hofstader  17
Jerry Smith         18
Mildred Ratched     20
dtype: int64
```

Pandas



Pandas DataFrames



Pandas DataFrames

 **DataFrames** are the most important data structure in the Pandas library.

 A pandas DataFrame is a **2-dimensional data structure** that has labels for both its rows and columns.

 A DataFrame can be created in many ways. The most common by loading a .csv file (or an Excel sheet).



Pandas DataFrames



Pandas DataFrames

```
dict_ = {'key 1': 'value 1', 'key 2': 'value 2', 'key 3': 'value 3'}
```

```
pd.DataFrame([dict_])
```

	key 1	key 2	key 3
0	value 1	value 2	value 3

```
person1 = {'type': 1, 'name': 'John', 'surname': 'Smith', 'phone': '555-1234'}
person2 = {'type': 1, 'name': 'Jannette', 'surname': 'Jhonson', 'phone': '555-4321'}
```

```
pd.DataFrame([person1, person2], index = ["a", "b"])
```

	name	phone	surname	type
a	John	555-1234	Smith	1
b	Jannette	555-4321	Jhonson	1

Pandas



Pandas DataFrames



Pandas DataFrames

```
df = pd.read_csv("/Users/rizzoli/Desktop/Nova Ims/STATS/winequality-red.csv")
```

```
df.head()
```

	fixed acidity	volatile acidity	citric acid	residual sugar	chlorides	free sulfur dioxide	total sulfur dioxide	density	pH	sulphates	alcohol	quality
0	7.4	0.70	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.9978	3.51	0.56	9.4	5
1	7.8	0.88	0.00	2.6	0.098	25.0	67.0	0.9968	3.20	0.68	9.8	5
2	7.8	0.76	0.04	2.3	0.092	15.0	54.0	0.9970	3.26	0.65	9.8	5
3	11.2	0.28	0.56	1.9	0.075	17.0	60.0	0.9980	3.16	0.58	9.8	6
4	7.4	0.70	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.9978	3.51	0.56	9.4	5



End