

# Notebook - Maratona de Programação

# Heladito??

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 Divide Conquer
 46

 9.8
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 47

#### 1 Misc 6 #define pb push\_back 7 #define sws cin.tie(0)->sync\_with\_stdio(false); 8 #define endl '\n' 1.1 Ordered Set 10 using namespace std; # #include <bits/extc++.h> 2 using namespace \_\_gnu\_pbds; // or pb\_ds; 12 const int N = 0; 3 template < typename T, typename B = null\_type > 13 const 11 MOD = 998244353; using ordered\_set = tree<T, B, less<T>, rb\_tree\_tag, 14 const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f; tree\_order\_statistics\_node\_update>; 15 const ll LLINF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f; 1.6 6 // order\_of\_key(k) : Number of items strictly 17 int32\_t main() { smaller than k #ifndef LOCAL 18 $_{7}$ // find\_by\_order(k) : K-th element in a set (counting $_{19}$ from zero) #endif 21 9 // to swap two sets, use a.swap(b); 22 return 0; 23 } 1.2 Safe Map 25 // ulimit -s unlimited 26 // alias comp="g++ -std=c++20 -fsanitize=address -02 1 struct custom\_hash { -o out" static uint64\_t splitmix64(uint64\_t x) { 27 // #pragma GCC optimize("03,unroll-loops") // http://xorshift.di.unimi.it/splitmix64.c 28 // #pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt") x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15; $x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;$ 1.5 Bitwise $x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;$ return x ^ (x >> 31); 1 // Least significant bit (lsb) int lsb(int x) { return x&-x; } size\_t operator()(uint64\_t x) const { 1.0 int lsb(int x) { return \_\_builtin\_ctz(x); } // static const uint64\_t FIXED\_RANDOM = chrono:: bit position steady\_clock::now().time\_since\_epoch().count(); $_4$ // Most significant bit (msb) return splitmix64(x + FIXED\_RANDOM); 12 int msb(int x) { return 32-1-\_\_builtin\_clz(x); } 13 // bit position 14 }: 7 // Power of two unordered\_map <long long, int, custom\_hash > safe\_map; bool isPowerOfTwo(int x){ return x && (!(x&(x-1)) ); } $_{18}$ // when using pairs 19 struct custom\_hash { 10 // floor(log2(x)) inline size\_t operator ()(const pii & a) const { int flog2(int x) { return 32-1-\_builtin\_clz(x); } return (a.first << 6) ^ (a.first >> 2) ^ int flog2l1(ll x) { return 64-1-\_builtin\_clzll(x); } 2038074743 ^ a.second; } 14 // Built - in functions 23 }; 15 // Number of bits 1 16 \_\_builtin\_popcount() 1.3 Rand 17 \_\_builtin\_popcountll() 19 // Number of leading zeros 1 mt19937 rng(chrono::steady\_clock::now(). 20 \_\_builtin\_clz() time\_since\_epoch().count()); // mt19937\_64 21 \_\_builtin\_clzll() uniform\_int\_distribution < int > distribution(1,n); 23 // Number of trailing zeros 4 num = distribution(rng); // num no range [1, n] 24 \_\_builtin\_ctz() 5 shuffle(vec.begin(), vec.end(), rng); // shuffle 25 builtin ctzll() 7 using ull = unsigned long long; 1.6 Submask 8 ull mix(ull o){ o+=0x9e3779b97f4a7c15; $o = (o^(o > 30)) *0 xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;$ 1 // O(3<sup>n</sup>) $o = (o^(o > 27)) * 0 x94d049bb133111eb;$ 2 for (int m = 0; m < (1<<n); m++) {</pre> return o^(o>>31); for (int s = m; s; s = (s-1) & m) { 13 } // s is every submask of m 14 ull hash(pii a) {return mix(a.first ^ mix(a.second)) ; } 6 } 1.4 Template $_{8}$ // O(2^n \* n) SOS dp like 9 for (int b = n-1; b >= 0; b--) { #include <bits/stdc++.h> for (int m = 0; m < (1 << n); $m++) {$ 2 #define ll long long if (j & (1 << b)) { // propagate info through submasks 3 #define ff first amount[j ^ (1 << b)] += amount[j]; 4 #define ss second 1.3

14

5 #define ld long double

```
15 }
```

#### 1.7 Trie Bits

```
1 struct Trie{
       int trie[N][10];
      bool finish[N];
      int nxt = 1, len = 0;
       void add(string s){
          int node = 0;
9
           for(auto c: s){
               if(trie[node][c-'0'] == 0)
10
                   node = trie[node][c-'0'] = nxt++;
                   node = trie[node][c-'0'];
13
           }
1.4
           if(!finish[node]){
1.5
               finish[node] = true;
16
               len++:
17
           }
      }
19
20
21
       bool find(string s, bool remove=false){
          int node = 0;
           for(auto c: s)
               if(trie[node][c-'0'] == 0)
24
                   return false;
25
26
                  node = trie[node][c-'0'];
           if(remove and finish[node]){
               finish[node]=false;
29
               len - -:
3.1
           }
           return finish[node];
32
      }
33
34
       string best_xor(string s){
          int node = 0;
36
           string ans;
37
           for(auto c: s){
38
               char other='1'; if(c=='1') other='0';
39
40
               if(trie[node][other-'0'] != 0){
41
                   node = trie[node][other-'0'];
42
                    if(other == '1') ans.pb('1');
43
                   else ans.pb('0');
44
               }else{
45
                   node = trie[node][c-'0'];
46
                    if(c=='1') ans.pb('1');
                    else ans.pb('0');
48
49
           }
50
51
           return ans;
      }
53
54
55 }:
57 string sbits(ll n){
       string ans;
5.8
       for(int i=0;i<64;i++)
          ans.pb(!!(n & 1LL<<i)+'0');
6.0
       reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
61
62
       return ans;
63 }
```

# 2 Grafos

#### 2.1 Mcmf

```
1 template <class T = int>
2 class MCMF {
 g public:
       struct Edge {
           Edge(int a, T b, T c) : to(a), cap(b), cost(c
           int to:
 6
 7
           T cap, cost;
 8
       MCMF(int size) {
10
          n = size;
           edges.resize(n);
12
           pot.assign(n, 0);
1.3
           dist.resize(n);
1.4
15
           visit.assign(n, false);
16
17
       std::pair<T, T> mcmf(int src, int sink) {
18
           std::pair < T, T > ans (0, 0);
19
2.0
           if(!SPFA(src, sink)) return ans;
           fixPot();
           // can use dijkstra to speed up depending on
       the graph
23
           while(SPFA(src, sink)) {
24
               auto flow = augment(src, sink);
               ans.first += flow.first;
25
               ans.second += flow.first * flow.second;
26
2.7
               fixPot();
           }
28
29
           return ans;
30
3.1
       void addEdge(int from, int to, T cap, T cost) {
32
33
           edges[from].push_back(list.size());
           list.push_back(Edge(to, cap, cost));
3.4
           edges[to].push_back(list.size());
35
           list.push_back(Edge(from, 0, -cost));
36
       }
37
38 private:
       int n;
39
40
       std::vector<std::vector<int>> edges;
       std::vector<Edge> list;
4.1
42
       std::vector<int> from;
       std::vector<T> dist, pot;
43
44
       std::vector<bool> visit;
45
       /*bool dij(int src, int sink) {
46
          T INF = std::numeric_limits<T>::max();
47
           dist.assign(n, INF);
48
49
           from.assign(n, -1);
           visit.assign(n, false);
50
           dist[src] = 0;
51
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
52
               int best = -1;
5.3
               for(int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
54
                   if(visit[j]) continue;
5.5
                   if(best == -1 || dist[best] > dist[j
56
       ]) best = j;
5.7
               if(dist[best] >= INF) break;
58
               visit[best] = true;
5.9
               for(auto e : edges[best]) {
60
                   auto ed = list[e];
61
62
                   if(ed.cap == 0) continue;
                   T toDist = dist[best] + ed.cost + pot
63
       [best] - pot[ed.to];
                   assert(toDist >= dist[best]);
64
```

```
if(toDist < dist[ed.to]) {</pre>
                                                             s int tin:
                         dist[ed.to] = toDist;
                        from[ed.to] = e;
                                                            void dfs(int u, int p=-1, int depth=0){
67
                                                                   sz[u] = 1; h[u] = depth;
68
               }
                                                                   for(auto &i: g[u]) if(i.ff != p){
                                                                        auto [v, w] = i;
70
                                                            13
           return dist[sink] < INF;</pre>
                                                                        dfs(v, u, depth+1);
                                                            14
                                                                        pai[v] = u; sz[u] += sz[v]; peso[v] = w;
                                                            1.5
                                                                        if (sz[v] > sz[g[u][0].ff] or g[u][0].ff == p
73
       std::pair<T, T> augment(int src, int sink) {
                                                                   ) swap(i, g[u][0]);
74
           std::pair<T, T> flow = {list[from[sink]].cap, 17
7.5
                                                            18 }
                                                            19 void build_hld(int u, int p = -1) {
           for(int v = sink; v != src; v = list[from[v
                                                                   v[in[u] = tin++] = peso[u]; tail[u] = u;
       ]^1].to) {
                                                            20
                flow.first = std::min(flow.first, list[
                                                            21
                                                                   inv[tin-1] = u;
                                                                   for(auto &i: g[u]) if(i.ff != p) {
       from[v]].cap);
                flow.second += list[from[v]].cost;
                                                            23
                                                                        int v = i.ff;
                                                                        head[v] = (i == g[u][0] ? head[u] : v);
79
                                                            24
           for(int v = sink; v != src; v = list[from[v
                                                                        build_hld(v, u);
       l^1].to) {
                                                            26
                list[from[v]].cap -= flow.first;
                                                                   if(g[u].size() > 1) tail[u] = tail[g[u][0].ff];
                                                            27
81
                list[from[v]^1].cap += flow.first;
                                                            28 }
           }
                                                            29 void init hld(int root = 0) {
83
            return flow;
                                                                   dfs(root);
                                                                   tin = 0;
85
                                                            3.1
                                                                   build_hld(root);
                                                            32
86
87
       std::queue<int> q;
                                                            33
                                                                   build();
                                                            34 }
       bool SPFA(int src, int sink) {
88
           T INF = std::numeric_limits <T>::max();
                                                            35 void reset(){
                                                                   g.assign(N, vector<pair<int,int>>());
            dist.assign(n, INF);
90
                                                            3.6
91
            from.assign(n, -1);
                                                            37
                                                                   in.assign(N, 0), sz.assign(N, 0);
                                                                   peso.assign(N, 0), pai.assign(N, 0);
92
            q.push(src);
                                                            3.8
            dist[src] = 0;
                                                                   head.assign(N, 0); tail.assign(N, 0);
                                                            39
            while(!q.empty()) {
                                                            40
                                                                   h.assign(N, 0); inv.assign(N, 0);
                int on = q.front();
95
                                                            41
                                                                   t.assign(4*N, 0); v.assign(N, 0);
                q.pop();
                visit[on] = false;
                                                                   lazy.assign(4*N, 0);
97
                                                            43
                for(auto e : edges[on]) {
                                                            44 }
98
                    auto ed = list[e];
                                                            45 ll query_path(int a, int b) {
                    if(ed.cap == 0) continue;
                                                                   if (a == b) return 0;
                                                            46
100
                    T toDist = dist[on] + ed.cost + pot[ 47
                                                                   if(in[a] < in[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
       on] - pot[ed.to];
                    if(toDist < dist[ed.to]) {</pre>
                                                                   if(head[a] == head[b]) return query(in[b]+1, in[a
                        dist[ed.to] = toDist;
                                                                   ]);
                         from[ed.to] = e;
                                                                   return merge(query(in[head[a]], in[a]),
                                                            50
104
                         if(!visit[ed.to]) {
                                                                   query_path(pai[head[a]], b));
                             visit[ed.to] = true;
                                                            51 }
                             q.push(ed.to);
                                                            52 void update_path(int a, int b, int x) {
                        }
                                                                   if (a == b) return;
108
                                                            5.3
                    }
                                                            54
                                                                   if(in[a] < in[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
                }
                                                            55
                                                                   if(head[a] == head[b]) return (void)update(in[b
                                                            56
           return dist[sink] < INF;</pre>
                                                                   ]+1, in[a], x);
                                                                   update(in[head[a]], in[a], x); update_path(pai[
113
                                                            5.7
                                                                   head[a]], b, x);
114
       void fixPot() {
                                                            58 }
115
           T INF = std::numeric_limits <T>::max();
                                                            59 ll query_subtree(int a) {
116
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                   if(sz[a] == 1) return 0;
117
                                                            60
                if(dist[i] < INF) pot[i] += dist[i];</pre>
118
                                                            61
                                                                   return query(in[a]+1, in[a]+sz[a]-1);
119
                                                            62 }
                                                            63 void update_subtree(int a, int x) {
120
       }
121 };
                                                                   if(sz[a] == 1) return;
                                                            64
                                                                   update(in[a]+1, in[a]+sz[a]-1, x);
   2.2 Hld Aresta
                                                            66 }
                                                            67 int lca(int a, int b) {
                                                                   if(in[a] < in[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
 1 // Use it together with recursive_segtree
                                                            68
                                                                   return head[a] == head[b] ? b : lca(pai[head[a]],
 2 \text{ const int } \mathbb{N} = 3e5+10;
                                                                    b);
 3 vector<vector<pair<int, int>>> g(N, vector<pair<int,</pre>
       int >>());
 4 vector \langle int \rangle in(N), inv(N), sz(N);
                                                               2.3
                                                                    Kosaraju
 5 vector < int > peso(N), pai(N);
 6 vector < int > head(N), tail(N), h(N);
                                                             vector<int> g[N], gi[N]; // grafo invertido
```

```
2 int vis[N], comp[N]; // componente conexo de cada
                                                                        for (; eps; eps >>= scale) {
                                                            40
      vertice
                                                                             //refine
                                                             41
3 stack<int> S:
                                                                             fill(cur.begin(), cur.end(), 0);
                                                             42
                                                             43
                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {</pre>
5 void dfs(int u){
                                                             44
                                                                                 for (auto &e : G[i]) {
      vis[u] = 1:
                                                                                     if (h[i] + e.c - h[e.to] < 0 && e
6
                                                             45
       for(auto v: g[u]) if(!vis[v]) dfs(v);
                                                                    .f) push(e, e.f);
       S.push(u):
                                                             46
9 }
                                                             47
                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {</pre>
                                                             48
void scc(int u, int c){
                                                                                 if (ex[i] > 0){
                                                             49
                                                                                     q.push(i);
      vis[u] = 1; comp[u] = c;
                                                             50
       for(auto v: gi[u]) if(!vis[v]) scc(v, c);
1.3
                                                             5.1
                                                                                      isq[i] = 1;
14 }
                                                             52
1.5
                                                             5.3
                                                                             // make flow feasible
16 void kosaraju(int n){
                                                             54
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) vis[i] = 0;</pre>
17
                                                             55
                                                                             while (!q.empty()) {
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) if(!vis[i]) dfs(i);</pre>
                                                                                 int u = q.front(); q.pop();
1.8
                                                             56
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) vis[i] = 0;</pre>
                                                                                 isq[u]=0;
       while(S.size()){
                                                                                 while (ex[u] > 0) {
20
                                                             5.8
                                                                                     if (cur[u] == G[u].size()) {
           int u = S.top();
                                                             59
21
           S.pop();
                                                             60
                                                                                          relabel(u);
22
           if(!vis[u]) scc(u, u);
                                                             6.1
23
                                                                                      for (unsigned int &i=cur[u],
24
                                                             62
25
                                                                    max_i = G[u].size(); i < max_i; ++i) {
                                                                                          Edge &e = G[u][i];
  2.4 Mcmf Bom
                                                                                          if (h[u] + e.c - h[e.to] < 0)
                                                                     {
                                                                                              push(e, ex[u]);
1 template < typename flow_t = int, typename cost_t = int 65</pre>
                                                                                               if (ex[e.to] > 0 && isq[e
                                                                    .to] == 0) {
2 struct MinCostFlow {
       struct Edge {
                                                                                                   q.push(e.to);
3
                                                                                                   isq[e.to] = 1;
          cost_t c;
           flow_t f; // DO NOT USE THIS DIRECTLY. SEE
                                                                                               if (ex[u] == 0) break;
       getFlow(Edge const& e)
                                                                                          }
           int to, rev;
       Edge(int _to, cost_t _c, flow_t _f, int _rev) 72
: c(_c), f(_f), to(_to), rev(_rev) {}
                                                                                     }
                                                                                 }
                                                             74
                                                                             if (eps > 1 && eps>>scale == 0) {
                                                             7.5
9
                                                             76
                                                                                 eps = 1 << scale;
       int N, S, T;
1.0
       vector < vector < Edge > > G;
       MinCostFlow(int _N, int _S, int _T) : N(_N), S(_S 78
       ), T(_T), G(_N), eps(0) {}
                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {</pre>
                                                                             for (Edge &e : G[i]) {
1.3
                                                             80
                                                                                 retCost -= e.c*(e.f);
       void addEdge(int a, int b, flow_t cap, cost_t
                                                             81
14
       cost) {
                                                             82
                                                                        }
       assert(cap >= 0);
1.5
                                                                        return make_pair(retFlow, retCost / 2 / N);
16
           assert(a >= 0 && a < N && b >= 0 && b < N);
                                                             84
           if (a == b) { assert(cost >= 0); return; }
           cost *= N;
                                                             86
18
                                                             87 private:
           eps = max(eps, abs(cost));
19
           \label{eq:Galender} \texttt{G[a].emplace\_back(b, cost, cap, G[b].size());} ~^{88}
                                                                    static constexpr cost_t INFCOST = numeric_limits <</pre>
20
                                                                    cost_t>::max()/2;
           G[b].emplace_back(a, -cost, 0, G[a].size() -
21
       1);
                                                                    static constexpr int scale = 2;
                                                             90
                                                             91
                                                                    cost_t eps;
                                                             92
                                                                    vector<unsigned int> isq, cur;
       flow_t getFlow(Edge const &e) {
24
           return G[e.to][e.rev].f;
                                                             93
                                                                    vector<flow_t> ex;
                                                             94
                                                                    vector < cost_t > h;
26
                                                             9.5
                                                                    vector < vector < int > > hs:
27
                                                            96
                                                                    vector < int > co;
       pair<flow_t, cost_t> minCostMaxFlow() {
28
           cost_t retCost = 0;
                                                            97
29
                                                                    void add_flow(Edge& e, flow_t f) {
                                                            98
30
           for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {</pre>
                                                             99
                                                                        Edge &back = G[e.to][e.rev];
               for (Edge &e : G[i]) {
3.1
                                                                        if (!ex[e.to] && f) {
                    retCost += e.c*(e.f);
                                                            100
                                                                            hs[h[e.to]].push_back(e.to);
33
                                                            102
34
                                                            103
                                                                        e.f -= f; ex[e.to] += f;
           //find max-flow
           flow_t retFlow = max_flow();
                                                                        back.f += f; ex[back.to] -= f;
                                                            104
36
           h.assign(N, 0); ex.assign(N, 0);
                                                            105
                                                            106
           isq.assign(N, 0); cur.assign(N, 0);
38
                                                                    void push(Edge &e, flow_t amt) {
           queue < int > q;
39
```

```
2.5 2sat
            if (e.f < amt) amt = e.f;</pre>
            e.f -= amt; ex[e.to] += amt;
             \texttt{G[e.to][e.rev].f += amt; ex[G[e.to][e.rev].to }_{1} \texttt{ \#define rep(i,l,r) for (int } i = (1); i < (r); i++) 
110
                                                              2 struct TwoSat { // copied from kth-competitive-
       ] -= amt;
                                                                     programming/kactl
112
                                                                     int N;
        void relabel(int vertex){
                                                                     vector<vi> gr;
            cost_t newHeight = -INFCOST;
114
                                                                     vi values; // 0 = false, 1 = true
            for (unsigned int i = 0; i < G[vertex].size()</pre>
                                                                     TwoSat(int n = 0) : N(n), gr(2*n) \{ \}
115
        ; ++i){
                                                                     int addVar() { // (optional)
                Edge const&e = G[vertex][i];
116
                                                                         gr.emplace_back();
                 if(e.f && newHeight < h[e.to] - e.c){</pre>
                                                                         gr.emplace_back();
                                                              9
                    newHeight = h[e.to] - e.c;
118
                                                              10
                                                                         return N++;
                     cur[vertex] = i;
                }
                                                                     void either(int f, int j) {
            }
                                                                         f = max(2*f, -1-2*f);
                                                              13
            h[vertex] = newHeight - eps;
                                                                         j = max(2*j, -1-2*j);
                                                              14
       }
123
                                                                         gr[f].push_back(j^1);
                                                              15
124
                                                                         gr[j].push_back(f^1);
                                                              1.6
       flow_t max_flow() {
                                                              17
            ex.assign(N, 0);
                                                                     void atMostOne(const vi& li) { // (optional)
126
                                                              18
            h.assign(N, 0); hs.resize(2*N);
                                                                         if ((int)li.size() <= 1) return;</pre>
                                                              19
            co.assign(2*N, 0); cur.assign(N, 0);
                                                                         int cur = ~li[0];
128
                                                              20
            h[S] = N;
                                                                         rep(i,2,(int)li.size()) {
                                                              21
            ex[T] = 1;
130
                                                                              int next = addVar();
                                                              22
            co[0] = N-1;
131
                                                                              either(cur, ~li[i]);
                                                              2.3
            for (auto &e : G[S]) {
132
                                                              24
                                                                              either(cur, next);
                add_flow(e, e.f);
                                                                              either("li[i], next);
                                                              25
134
                                                                              cur = "next;
                                                              26
            if (hs[0].size()) {
135
                                                              27
                for (int hi = 0; hi>=0;) {
                                                                         either(cur, ~li[1]);
                                                              28
                     int u = hs[hi].back();
                                                              29
                                                                     }
                     hs[hi].pop_back();
138
                                                                     vi _val, comp, z; int time = 0;
                                                              3.0
                     while (ex[u] > 0) \{ // discharge u
                                                              31
                                                                     int dfs(int i) {
                         if (cur[u] == G[u].size()) {
140
                                                                         int low = _val[i] = ++time, x; z.push_back(i)
                                                              32
                             h[u] = 1e9;
141
                              for (unsigned int i = 0; i < G<sub>33</sub>
142
                                                                         for(int e : gr[i]) if (!comp[e])
                                                                         low = min(low, _val[e] ?: dfs(e));
if (low == _val[i]) do {
        [u].size(); ++i) {
                                  auto &e = G[u][i];
143
                                                              35
                                  if (e.f && h[u] > h[e.to 36
144
                                                                              x = z.back(); z.pop_back();
       ]+1) {
                                                                              comp[x] = low;
                                                              3.7
                                      h[u] = h[e.to]+1, cur_{38}
145
                                                                              if (values[x>>1] == -1)
        [u] = i;
                                                                                  values[x>>1] = x&1;
                                                             3.9
146
                                  }
                                                                         } while (x != i);
147
                                                                         return _val[i] = low;
                              if (++co[h[u]], !--co[hi] && 42
                                                                     }
       hi < N)
                                                                     bool solve() {
                                                                         values.assign(N, -1);
                                  for (int i = 0; i < N; ++_{44}
       i) {
                                                                         _{\text{val.assign}}(2*N, 0); comp = _{\text{val}};
                                       if (hi < h[i] && h[i] 46</pre>
                                                                         rep(i,0,2*N) if (!comp[i]) dfs(i);
        < N) {
                                                              47
                                                                         rep(i,0,N) if (comp[2*i] == comp[2*i+1])
                                           --co[h[i]];
                                                                     return 0;
                                          h[i] = N + 1;
                                                                         return 1;
                                                              48
                                      }
                                                              49
                                  }
154
                                                              50 }:
                             }
155
                                                                2.6 Dominator Tree
                             hi = h[u];
                         } else if (G[u][cur[u]].f && h[u]
        == h[G[u][cur[u]].to]+1) {
                                                              1 // Dominator Tree
                              \verb"add_flow(G[u][cur[u]], min(ex $_2$ // idom[x] = immediate dominator of $x$
158
        [u], G[u][cur[u]].f));
                         } else {
159
                                                               4 vector<int> g[N], gt[N], T[N];
                             ++cur[u];
                                                               5 vector < int > S;
                                                               6 int dsu[N], label[N];
                                                               7 int sdom[N], idom[N], dfs_time, id[N];
                     while (hi>=0 && hs[hi].empty()) {
                         --hi:
164
                                                              9 vector < int > bucket[N];
                     }
                                                              10 vector < int > down[N];
                }
                                                              11
            }
                                                              12 void prep(int u){
            return -ex[S];
168
                                                                     S.push_back(u);
                                                              13
169
                                                                     id[u] = ++dfs_time;
                                                              14
170 }:
                                                                     label[u] = sdom[u] = dsu[u] = u;
                                                              15
```

```
16
17
      for(int v : g[u]){
                                                                       for(; px[s] < (int)g[s].size(); px[s]++) {</pre>
                                                            19
          if(!id[v])
                                                                           int e = g[s][ px[s] ];
1.8
                                                            20
                                                                           auto &v = edge[e], &rev = edge[e^1];
19
               prep(v), down[u].push_back(v);
                                                            21
           gt[v].push_back(u);
                                                                           if(lvl[v.to] != lvl[s]+1 || v.flow >= v.
                                                                   cap)
21
22 }
                                                                                                     // v.cap - v.flow
                                                                    < 1 i m
2.3
                                                                           11 tmp = run(v.to, sink, min(minE, v.cap-v
24 int fnd(int u, int flag = 0){
       if(u == dsu[u]) return u;
                                                                   .flow));
       int v = fnd(dsu[u], 1), b = label[ dsu[u] ];
                                                                           v.flow += tmp, rev.flow -= tmp;
26
                                                            25
       if(id[ sdom[b] ] < id[ sdom[ label[u] ] ])</pre>
27
                                                            26
                                                                           ans += tmp, minE -= tmp;
          label[u] = b;
                                                                           if(minE == 0) break;
28
                                                           27
                                                                       }
       dsu[u] = v;
                                                           28
       return flag ? v : label[u];
3.0
                                                           29
                                                                       return ans;
31 }
                                                            30
                                                            31
                                                                   bool bfs(int source, int sink) {
                                                                       qt = 0;
void build_dominator_tree(int root, int sz){
                                                           32
                                                                       qu[qt++] = source;
       // memset(id, 0, sizeof(int) * (sz + 1));
                                                                       lvl[source] = 1;
       // for(int i = 0; i <= sz; i++) T[i].clear();
3.5
                                                           3.4
       prep(root);
                                                            3.5
                                                                       vis[source] = ++pass;
36
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < qt; i++) {
37
       reverse(S.begin(), S.end());
                                                            36
                                                                           int u = qu[i];
                                                           37
38
                                                                           px[u] = 0;
      int w;
                                                           38
       for(int u : S){
                                                                           if(u == sink) return true;
40
                                                           3.9
           for(int v : gt[u]){
                                                            40
                                                                           for(auto& ed : g[u]) {
41
               w = fnd(v);
                                                                                auto v = edge[ed];
42
                                                            41
               if(id[ sdom[w] ] < id[ sdom[u] ])</pre>
                                                                                if(v.flow >= v.cap || vis[v.to] ==
43
                                                           42
                    sdom[u] = sdom[w];
                                                                   pass)
                                                                                    continue; // v.cap - v.flow < lim</pre>
45
                                                            43
           gt[u].clear();
46
                                                            44
                                                                                vis[v.to] = pass;
                                                                                lvl[v.to] = lvl[u]+1;
47
           if(u != root) bucket[ sdom[u] ].push_back(u); 46
                                                                                qu[qt++] = v.to;
48
           for(int v : bucket[u]){
                                                                       }
50
                                                            48
               w = fnd(v);
                                                                       return false;
               if(sdom[w] == sdom[v]) idom[v] = sdom[v]; 50
52
53
               else idom[v] = w;
                                                           51
                                                                   11 flow(int source, int sink) {
                                                            52
                                                                       reset_flow();
54
           bucket[u].clear();
                                                                       ll ans = 0;
5.5
                                                            5.3
                                                                       //for(lim = (1LL << 62); lim >= 1; lim /= 2)
56
                                                           54
           for(int v : down[u]) dsu[v] = u;
                                                                       while(bfs(source, sink))
57
                                                           5.5
           down[u].clear();
                                                                          ans += run(source, sink, LLINF);
                                                           56
5.0
      7.
                                                           5.7
                                                                       return ans;
                                                            58
60
61
       reverse(S.begin(), S.end());
                                                            59
                                                                   void addEdge(int u, int v, ll c, ll rc) {
                                                                       Edge e = \{u, v, 0, c\};
       for(int u : S) if(u != root){
62
           if(idom[u] != sdom[u]) idom[u] = idom[idom[u 61
                                                                       edge.pb(e);
                                                                       g[u].push_back(ne++);
                                                           62
64
           T[ idom[u] ].push_back(u);
                                                                       e = {v, u, 0, rc};
                                                           64
65
                                                                       edge.pb(e);
       S.clear();
66
                                                           65
67 }
                                                                       g[v].push_back(ne++);
                                                           66
                                                           6.7
  2.7 Dinic
                                                           68
                                                                   void reset_flow() {
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < ne; i++)</pre>
                                                           69
                                                                          edge[i].flow = 0;
                                                           7.0
1 const int N = 300;
                                                           7.1
                                                                       memset(lvl, 0, sizeof(lvl));
                                                                       memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
struct Dinic {
                                                           72
                                                                       memset(qu, 0, sizeof(qu));
                                                           73
      struct Edge{
                                                                       memset(px, 0, sizeof(px));
           int from, to; ll flow, cap;
                                                           7.4
                                                           7.5
                                                                       qt = 0; pass = 0;
                                                           76
      vector < Edge > edge;
                                                                   vector<pair<int, int>> cut() {
                                                           7.7
                                                           78
                                                                       vector<pair<int, int>> cuts;
       vector < int > g[N];
9
                                                                       for (auto [from, to, flow, cap]: edge) {
       int ne = 0;
                                                           79
                                                                           if (flow == cap and vis[from] == pass and
       int lvl[N], vis[N], pass;
                                                           80
                                                                    vis[to] < pass and cap>0) {
12
      int qu[N], px[N], qt;
                                                                               cuts.pb({from, to});
                                                           81
      ll run(int s, int sink, ll minE) {
                                                            82
14
                                                                       }
           if(s == sink) return minE;
                                                           83
                                                            84
                                                                       return cuts;
16
                                                            8.5
           11 \text{ ans} = 0;
```

```
8 int tin;
  2.8
        Hungarian
                                                           void dfs(int u, int p=-1, int depth=0){
                                                                  sz[u] = 1; h[u] = depth;
1 // Hungaro
                                                                  for(auto &v: g[u]) if(v != p){
                                                           12
2 //
                                                           13
                                                                       dfs(v, u, depth+1);
3 // Resolve o problema de assignment (matriz n x n)
                                                                       pai[v] = u; sz[u] += sz[v];
                                                           1.4
4 // Colocar os valores da matriz em 'a' (pode < 0)
                                                                      if (sz[v] > sz[g[u][0]] or g[u][0] == p) swap
5 // assignment() retorna um par com o valor do
                                                                  (v, g[u][0]);
6 // assignment minimo, e a coluna escolhida por cada
                                                           16
      linha
                                                           17 }
7 //
                                                           18 void build_hld(int u, int p = -1) {
8 // O(n^3)
                                                                  v[in[u] = tin++] = peso[u]; tail[u] = u;
                                                           19
                                                           20
                                                                  inv[tin-1] = u;
10 template < typename T> struct hungarian {
                                                                  for(auto &v: g[u]) if(v != p) {
                                                           21
      int n;
                                                                       head[v] = (v == g[u][0] ? head[u] : v);
                                                           22
      vector < vector < T >> a;
12
                                                                       build_hld(v, u);
                                                           23
      vector < T > u , v;
13
      vector < int > p , way;
14
                                                                  if(g[u].size() > 1) tail[u] = tail[g[u][0]];
                                                           25
      T inf;
15
                                                           26 }
      hungarian(int n_) : n(n_), u(n+1), v(n+1), p(n+1) 27 void init_hld(int root = 0) {
16
17
      , way(n+1) {
                                                                  tin = 0;
          a = vector < vector < T >> (n, vector < T > (n));
                                                                  build_hld(root);
                                                           3.0
           inf = numeric_limits <T>::max();
19
                                                           3.1
                                                                  build():
20
                                                           32 }
      pair < T , vector < int >> assignment() {
21
                                                           33 void reset(){
          for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
22
                                                                  g.assign(N, vector<int>());
                                                           34
               p[0] = i;
                                                                  in.assign(N, 0), sz.assign(N, 0);
                                                           3.5
               int j0 = 0;
24
                                                                  peso.assign(N, 0), pai.assign(N, 0);
                                                           36
               vector < T > minv(n+1, inf);
25
                                                                  head.assign(N, 0); tail.assign(N, 0);
                                                           3.7
               vector < int > used(n+1, 0);
                                                           38
                                                                  h.assign(N, 0); inv.assign(N, 0);
               do {
                                                           39
                   used[j0] = true;
                                                                  t.assign(4*N, 0); v.assign(N, 0);
                                                           40
                   int i0 = p[j0], j1 = -1;
29
                                                                  lazy.assign(4*N, 0);
                                                           41
                   T delta = inf;
30
                                                           42 }
                   for (int j = 1; j \le n; j++) if (!
31
                                                           43 ll query_path(int a, int b) {
      used[j]) {
                       T cur = a[i0-1][j-1] - u[i0] - v[\frac{44}{45}]
                                                                  if(in[a] < in[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
32
      i];
                                                                  if(head[a] == head[b]) return query(in[b], in[a])
                       if (cur < minv[j]) minv[j] = cur,</pre>
       way[j] = j0;
                                                                  return merge(query(in[head[a]], in[a]),
                       if (minv[j] < delta) delta = minv 47</pre>
                                                                  query_path(pai[head[a]], b));
      [j], j1 = j;
                                                           48 }
35
                                                           49 void update_path(int a, int b, int x) {
                   for (int j = 0; j <= n; j++)</pre>
                                                                  if(in[a] < in[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
                       if (used[j]) u[p[j]] += delta, v[_{51}^{50}
37
      j] -= delta;
                                                                  if(head[a] == head[b]) return (void)update(in[b],
                       else minv[j] -= delta;
38
                                                                   in[a], x);
                   j0 = j1;
39
                                                                  update(in[head[a]], in[a], x); update_path(pai[
               } while (p[j0] != 0);
40
                                                                  head[a]], b, x);
               do {
41
                                                           54 }
                   int j1 = way[j0];
42
                                                           55 ll query_subtree(int a) {
                   p[j0] = p[j1];
43
                                                           56
                                                                  return query(in[a], in[a]+sz[a]-1);
                   j0 = j1;
44
                                                           57 }
               } while (j0);
45
                                                           58 void update_subtree(int a, int x) {
          }
46
                                                           59
                                                                  update(in[a], in[a]+sz[a]-1, x);
          vector<int> ans(n);
          for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) ans[p[j]-1] = j 60 s 61 int lca(int a, int b) {
48
                                                                  if(in[a] < in[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
                                                           62
           return make_pair(-v[0], ans);
49
                                                                  return head[a] == head[b] ? b : lca(pai[head[a]],
                                                           63
50
      }
                                                                   b);
51 };
                                                           64 }
  2.9 Hld Vertice
                                                              2.10 Centroid Decomp
1 // Use it together with recursive_segtree
                                                           vector < int > g[N];
2 const int N = 3e5+10;
                                                           2 int sz[N], rem[N];
3 vector < vector < int >> g(N, vector < int >());
4 vector < int > in(N), inv(N), sz(N);
                                                            4 void dfs(vector<int>& path, int u, int d=0, int p=-1)
_{5} vector<int> peso(N), pai(N);
```

86 };

path.push\_back(d);

6 vector < int > head(N), tail(N), h(N);

```
for (int v : g[u]) if (v != p and !rem[v]) dfs( 31
      path, v, d+1, u);
                                                                  vector < int > cnt(n);
7 }
                                                           3.3
                                                           34
                                                                  while (!Q.empty()) {
9 int dfs_sz(int u, int p=-1) {
                                                                    int v = Q.front(); Q.pop();
      sz[u] = 1:
                                                                    inqueue[v] = false;
10
                                                           36
      for (int v : g[u]) if (v != p and !rem[v]) sz[u] 37
      += dfs_sz(v, u);
                                                                    for (auto eid : adj[v]) {
      return sz[u];
                                                                      auto const& e = edges[eid];
12
13 }
                                                                       if (e.cap - e.flow <= 0) continue;</pre>
                                                                       if (dist[e.u] > dist[e.v] + e.cost) {
14
                                                           41
int centroid(int u, int p, int size) {
                                                                         dist[e.u] = dist[e.v] + e.cost;
      for (int v : g[u]) if (v != p and !rem[v] and sz[43
                                                                         if (!inqueue[e.u]) {
      v] > size / 2)
                                                                           Q.push(e.u);
                                                           44
          return centroid(v, u, size);
                                                                           inqueue[e.u] = true;
      return u;
18
                                                           46
19 }
                                                           47
                                                                      }
                                                                    }
2.0
                                                           48
21 ll decomp(int u, int k) {
      int c = centroid(u, u, dfs_sz(u));
                                                           5.0
      rem[c] = true;
                                                                  return dist[t] != LLINF;
23
                                                           51
                                                           52
24
      11 \text{ ans} = 0;
                                                           5.3
2.5
      vector < int > cnt(sz[u]);
                                                                int cost = 0;
                                                                vector < int > ptr;
      cnt[0] = 1;
27
                                                           5.5
      for (int v : g[c]) if (!rem[v]) {
                                                           56
                                                                int dfs(int v, int f) {
28
                                                                 if (v == t || f == 0) return f;
29
           vector < int > path;
                                                           57
                                                                  for (auto &cid = ptr[v]; cid < sz(adj[v]);) {</pre>
          dfs(path, v);
3.0
                                                           58
           // d1 + d2 + 1 == k
                                                                    auto eid = adj[v][cid];
31
          for (int d : path) if (0 <= k-d-1 and k-d-1 < 60
                                                                    auto &e = edges[eid];
32
       sz[u])
                                                           61
                                                                    cid++;
               ans += cnt[k-d-1];
                                                                    if (e.cap - e.flow <= 0) continue;</pre>
                                                           62
           for (int d : path) cnt[d+1]++;
                                                                    if (dist[e.v] + e.cost != dist[e.u]) continue;
                                                           63
34
                                                                    int newf = dfs(e.u, min(f, e.cap-e.flow));
                                                                    if (newf == 0) continue;
36
                                                           65
      for (int v : g[c]) if (!rem[v]) ans += decomp(v,
                                                                    e.flow += newf;
                                                                    edges[eid^1].flow -= newf;
      k):
                                                           6.7
38
      return ans;
                                                           68
                                                                    cost += e.cost * newf;
39 }
                                                           69
                                                                    return newf;
                                                                  }
                                                           70
  2.11 Mcmf Quirino
                                                           72
                                                           73
1 struct Dinitz {
                                                           7.4
                                                                int total_flow = 0;
    struct Edge {
                                                                int flow() {
                                                           75
      int v, u, cap, flow=0, cost;
      Edge(int v, int u, int cap, int cost) : v(v), u(u ^{76}\,
                                                                 while (spfa()) {
                                                                    ptr.assign(n, 0);
      ), cap(cap), cost(cost) {}
                                                                    while (int newf = dfs(s, LLINF))
    };
                                                                      total_flow += newf;
                                                           7.9
                                                           80
    int n, s, t;
                                                           81
                                                                  return total_flow;
    Dinitz(int n, int s, int t) : n(n), s(s), t(t) {
                                                                }
      adj.resize(n);
                                                           82
                                                           83 };
10
                                                              2.12 Lca
    vector < Edge > edges;
    vector < vector < int >> adj;
13
    void add_edge(int v, int u, int cap, int cost) {
                                                            1 const int LOG = 22;
14
                                                            vector < vector < int >> g(N);
      edges.eb(v, u, cap, cost);
15
      adj[v].pb(sz(edges)-1);
                                                            3 int t, n;
17
      edges.eb(u, v, 0, -cost);
                                                            4 vector < int > in(N), height(N);
      adj[u].pb(sz(edges)-1);
                                                            5 vector < vector < int >> up(LOG, vector < int >(N));
18
    }
19
                                                            6 void dfs(int u, int h=0, int p=-1) {
                                                                  up[0][u] = p;
2.0
21
    vector < int > dist;
                                                                  in[u] = t++;
    bool spfa() {
                                                                  height[u] = h;
22
                                                            9
                                                                  for (auto v: g[u]) if (v != p) dfs(v, h+1, u);
      dist.assign(n, LLINF);
                                                           10
                                                           11 }
24
      queue < int > Q;
                                                           12
25
      vector < bool > inqueue(n, false);
                                                           13 void blift() {
                                                                 up[0][0] = 0;
27
                                                           1.4
      dist[s] = 0;
                                                                  for (int j=1;j<LOG;j++) {</pre>
                                                           15
                                                                      for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
      Q.push(s);
29
                                                           16
      inqueue[s] = true;
                                                                           up[j][i] = up[j-1][up[j-1][i]];
                                                           17
30
```

```
}
1.8
                                                               8.1
19
                                                                82
                                                                       void build(int n, int root) {
20 }
                                                                           t = 0:
                                                               8.3
21
                                                               84
                                                                            dfs(root);
22 int lca(int u, int v) {
                                                               85
                                                                           RMQ = rmq < int > (vector < int > (dep, dep + 2*n - 1));
       if (u == v) return u;
23
                                                               86
       if (in[u] < in[v]) swap(u, v);</pre>
24
                                                               87
                                                                       int lca(int a, int b) {
       for (int i=LOG-1;i>=0;i--) {
                                                                            a = pos[a], b = pos[b];
2.5
                                                               88
           int u2 = up[i][u];
                                                                            return v[RMQ.query(min(a, b), max(a, b))];
                                                               89
           if (in[u2] > in[v])
                                                               90
27
                u = u2;
                                                                       int dist(int a, int b) {
28
                                                                91
       }
29
                                                                            return dep[pos[a]] + dep[pos[b]] - 2*dep[pos[
3.0
       return up[0][u];
                                                                       lca(a, b)]];
31 }
                                                               94 }
32
33 t = 0:
                                                                           Floyd Warshall
                                                                  2.13
34 dfs(0);
35 blift():
                                                                1 // Floyd Warshall
37 // lca O(1)
38
                                                                3 int dist[N][N];
39 template < typename T > struct rmq {
      vector <T> v;
40
                                                                5 for(int k = 1; k <= n; k++)
       int n; static const int b = 30;
                                                                       for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
       vector < int > mask , t;
42
                                                                            for(int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
43
                                                                                dist[i][j] = min(dist[i][j], dist[i][k] +
       int op(int x, int y) { return v[x] < v[y] ? x : y</pre>
44
                                                                        dist[k][j]);
       ; }
       int msb(int x) { return __builtin_clz(1) -
45
                                                                   2.14 Dijkstra
       __builtin_clz(x); }
       rmq() {}
46
                                                                1 #define pii pair<int, int>
       \label{eq:rmq} \texttt{rmq}\,(\,\texttt{const}\,\,\,\texttt{vector}\,\texttt{<}\,\texttt{T}\,\texttt{>}\,\&\,\,\,\texttt{v}_{\_}\,)\ :\ \texttt{v}\,(\,\texttt{v}_{\_}\,)\,\,,\,\,\,\texttt{n}\,(\,\texttt{v}\,.\,\texttt{size}\,(\,)\,)\,\,,
47
                                                                vector < vector < pii >> g(N);
       mask(n), t(n) {
           for (int i = 0, at = 0; i < n; mask[i++] = at 3 vector < bool > used(N);
                                                                4 vector<11> d(N, LLINF);
        |= 1) {
                                                                5 priority_queue < pii, vector <pii>, greater <pii> > fila
                at = (at << 1) &((1 << b) -1);
                while (at and op(i, i-msb(at&-at)) == i)
50
       at ^= at&-at;
                                                                7 void dijkstra(int k) {
           }
51
                                                                      d[k] = 0:
           for (int i = 0; i < n/b; i++) t[i] = b*i+b-1-
52
                                                                       fila.push({0, k});
       msb(mask[b*i+b-1]);
           for (int j = 1; (1<<j) <= n/b; j++) for (int ^{10}
                                                                       while (!fila.empty()) {
       i = 0; i+(1 << j) <= n/b; i++)
                                                                11
                                                                            auto [w, u] = fila.top();
                t[n/b*j+i] = op(t[n/b*(j-1)+i], t[n/b*(j-1)+i])
54
                                                                            fila.pop();
                                                                13
       -1)+i+(1<<(j-1))]);
                                                                            if (used[u]) continue;
       }
                                                                            used[u] = true;
       int small(int r, int sz = b) { return r-msb(mask[15]
56
                                                                16
       r]&((1 << sz) -1)); }
                                                                17
                                                                            for (auto [v, w]: g[u]) {
       T query(int 1, int r) {
57
                                                                                if (d[v] > d[u] + w) {
                                                                18
            if (r-l+1 <= b) return small(r, r-l+1);</pre>
                                                                                     d[v] = d[u] + w;
5.9
            int ans = op(small(l+b-1), small(r));
                                                                                     fila.push({d[v], v});
           int x = 1/b+1, y = r/b-1;
                                                               2.0
60
                                                                                }
            if (x <= y) {
                                                                            }
                int j = msb(y-x+1);
                                                               22
62
                ans = op(ans, op(t[n/b*j+x], t[n/b*j+y
                                                               23
                                                               24 }
       -(1<<j)+1]));
64
                                                                  2.15
                                                                           Ford
65
            return ans;
66
       }
67 };
                                                                1 const int N = 2000010;
68
69 namespace lca {
                                                                s struct Ford {
       vector < int > g[N];
                                                                     struct Edge {
                                                                4
       int v[2*N], pos[N], dep[2*N];
71
                                                                           int to, f, c;
       int t;
       rmq < int > RMQ;
73
74
                                                                       int vis[N]:
       void dfs(int i, int d = 0, int p = -1) {
                                                                9
                                                                       vector < int > adj[N];
7.6
           v[t] = i, pos[i] = t, dep[t++] = d;
                                                               10
                                                                       vector < Edge > edges;
            for (int j : g[i]) if (j != p) {
                                                                       int cur = 0:
                dfs(j, d+1, i);
78
                                                                12
                v[t] = i, dep[t++] = d;
                                                                       void addEdge(int a, int b, int cap, int rcap) {
                                                                1.3
           }
80
                                                                            Edge e;
                                                                14
```

```
e.to = b; e.c = cap; e.f = 0;
                                                                     int lo = id[i] = t++:
1.5
                                                          28
           edges.pb(e);
16
                                                          29
                                                                      s.push(i);
          adj[a].pb(cur++);
                                                          3.0
                                                          3.1
                                                                      if (p != -1) s2.emplace(i, p);
18
           e = Edge();
                                                          32
                                                                      for (int j : g[i]) if (j != p and id[j] !=
          e.to = a; e.c = rcap; e.f = 0;
                                                                 -1) s2.emplace(i, j);
20
           edges.pb(e);
                                                                      for (int j : g[i]) if (j != p) {
          adj[b].pb(cur++);
                                                          3.4
                                                                          if (id[j] == -1) {
23
                                                          35
                                                                              int val = dfs(j, t, i);
24
      int dfs(int s, int t, int f, int tempo) {
                                                                              lo = min(lo, val);
25
                                                          37
26
          if(s == t)
                                                                              if (val >= id[i]) {
              return f;
27
                                                          3.9
                                                                                  art[i]++;
           vis[s] = tempo;
29
                                                          41
                                                                                  blocks.emplace_back(1, i);
                                                                                  while (blocks.back().back() != j)
           for(int e : adj[s]) {
30
              if(vis[edges[e].to] < tempo and (edges[e 43
                                                                                       blocks.back().push_back(s.top
      ].c - edges[e].f) > 0) {
                                                                 ()), s.pop();
                   if(int a = dfs(edges[e].to, t, min(f, 44
       edges[e].c-edges[e].f) , tempo)) {
                                                                                  edgblocks.emplace_back(1, s2.top
                       edges[e].f += a;
                                                                 ()), s2.pop();
33
                       edges[e^1].f -= a;
                                                                                  while (edgblocks.back().back() !=
34
                       return a;
                                                                  pair(j, i))
3.5
                   }
                                                                                       edgblocks.back().push_back(s2
                                                           47
              }
                                                                  .top()), s2.pop();
37
          }
38
                                                           48
                                                                              // if (val > id[i]) aresta i-j eh
39
          return 0;
                                                           49
                                                                 ponte
40
                                                          5.0
41
      int flow(int s, int t) {
                                                                          else lo = min(lo, id[j]);
42
                                                          5.1
           int mflow = 0, tempo = 1;
                                                                      }
43
                                                           52
           while(int a = dfs(s, t, INF, tempo)) {
44
                                                          5.3
               mflow += a;
                                                                      if (p == -1 and art[i]) art[i]--;
                                                          5.4
45
               tempo++;
                                                          55
                                                                      return lo;
          }
                                                          56
47
          return mflow;
                                                          57
                                                                 void build() {
      7
49
                                                          5.8
50 }:
                                                          59
                                                                     int t = 0:
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++) if (id[i]</pre>
                                                          60
  2.16 Block Cut Tree
                                                                 == -1) dfs(i, t, -1);
                                                                      tree.resize(blocks.size());
1 // Block-Cut Tree do brunomaletta
                                                           62
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < g.size(); i++) if (art[i</pre>
2 // art[i] responde o numero de novas componentes
                                                          63
                                                                 1)
      conexas
                                                                          pos[i] = tree.size(), tree.emplace_back()
_3 // criadas apos a remocao de i do grafo g
                                                           64
4 // Se art[i] >= 1, i eh ponto de articulação
5 //
                                                           6.5
6 // Para todo i <= blocks.size()
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < blocks.size(); i++) for (</pre>
7 // blocks[i] eh uma componente 2-vertce-conexa
                                                                 int j : blocks[i]) {
                                                                          if (!art[j]) pos[j] = i;
      maximal
                                                                          else tree[i].push_back(pos[j]), tree[pos[
8 // edgblocks[i] sao as arestas do bloco i
                                                                 j]].push_back(i);
9 // tree[i] eh um vertice da arvore que corresponde
       bloco i
10 //
11 // pos[i] responde a qual vertice da arvore vertice i 71 };
       pertence
                                                             2.17 Dfs Tree
12 // Arvore tem no maximo 2n vertices
13
14 struct block_cut_tree {
                                                           int desce[N], sobe[N], vis[N], h[N];
      vector < vector < int >> g, blocks, tree;
15
                                                           1 int backedges[N], pai[N];
      vector < vector < pair < int , int >> > edgblocks;
16
      stack < int > s;
                                                           4 // backedges[u] = backedges que comecam embaixo de (
      stack <pair < int , int >> s2;
                                                                 ou =) u e sobem pra cima de u; backedges[u] == 0
1.8
19
      vector < int > id, art, pos;
                                                                 => u eh ponte
                                                           5 void dfs(int u, int p) {
20
      block_cut_tree(vector<vector<int>> g_) : g(g_) {
                                                                 if(vis[u]) return;
22
          int n = g.size();
                                                                 pai[u] = p;
          id.resize(n, -1), art.resize(n), pos.resize(n 8
                                                                 h[u] = h[p]+1;
23
      );
                                                                 vis[u] = 1;
          build();
24
                                                           1.0
      }
                                                                 for(auto v : g[u]) {
                                                           11
                                                                     if(p == v or vis[v]) continue;
26
                                                           12
      int dfs(int i, int& t, int p = -1) {
                                                                      dfs(v, u);
                                                           13
```

```
backedges[u] += backedges[v];
1.4
15
      for(auto v : g[u]) {
16
          if(h[v] > h[u]+1)
               desce[u]++;
           else if (h[v] < h[u]-1)
19
               sobe[u]++;
      backedges[u] += sobe[u] - desce[u];
23 }
  2.18 Bfs 01
vector < int > d(n, INF);
2 deque < int > q;
4 void bfs(int x){
      d[x] = 0;
      q.push_front(x);
      while (!q.empty()) {
          int u = q.front();
           q.pop_front();
9
           for(auto e: grafo[u]){
10
               int v = edge.ff;
               int w = edge.ss;
13
               if(d[v] > d[u] + w){
                   d[v] = d[u] + w;
                   if(w == 1)
15
                       q.push_back(v);
17
                       q.push_front(v);
18
               }
19
          }
20
      }
21
22 }
```

#### Strings 3

## **Suffix Automaton**

```
1 const int SA = 2*N; // Node 1 is the initial node of 3 struct Eertree {
      the automaton
2 int last = 1;
3 #define link my_link
4 int len[SA], link[SA];
5 array<int, 26> to[SA]; // maybe map<int, int>
6 int lastID = 1;
7 void push(int c) {
      int u = ++lastID;
      len[u] = len[last] + 1;
10
      int p = last;
      last = u; // update last immediately
      for (; p > 0 && !to[p][c]; p = link[p])
1.3
          to[p][c] = u;
14
15
      if (p == 0) { link[u] = 1; return; }
1.7
      int q = to[p][c];
18
      if (len[q] == len[p] + 1) { link[u] = q; return;
19
      int clone = ++lastID;
21
      len[clone] = len[p] + 1;
      link[clone] = link[q];
23
      link[q] = link[u] = clone;
24
      to[clone] = to[q];
      for (int pp = p; to[pp][c] == q; pp = link[pp])
26
                                                         2.7
          to[pp][c] = clone;
28 }
```

## 3.2 Aho Corasick

```
1 // https://github.com/joseleite19/icpc-notebook/blob/
      master/code/string/aho_corasick.cpp
2 const int A = 26;
3 int to[N][A];
4 int ne = 2, fail[N], term[N];
5 void add_string(string str, int id){
      int p = 1;
      for(auto c: str){
          int ch = c - 'a'; // !
           if(!to[p][ch]) to[p][ch] = ne++;
9
10
           p = to[p][ch];
12
      term[p]++;
13 }
14 void init(){
       for(int i = 0; i < ne; i++) fail[i] = 1;</pre>
15
       queue < int > q; q.push(1);
1.6
17
      int u. v:
      while(!q.empty()){
18
          u = q.front(); q.pop();
19
           for(int i = 0; i < A; i++){</pre>
20
              if(to[u][i]){
21
                   v = to[u][i]; q.push(v);
22
2.3
                   if(u!=1){
24
                        fail[v] = to[ fail[u] ][i];
2.5
                        term[v] += term[ fail[v] ];
26
               else if(u != 1) to[u][i] = to[ fail[u] ][
28
      i];
               else to[u][i] = 1;
29
30
31
      }
32 }
```

#### Eertree 3.3

```
1 // heavily based on https://ideone.com/YQX9jv,
2 // which adamant cites here https://codeforces.com/
     blog/entry/13959?#comment -196033
     int s[N];
     int n, last, sz;
      int len[N], link[N];
     int to[N][A];
      Eertree() {
         s[n++] = -1;
          len[1] = -1, link[1] = 1; // "backspace" root
          len[0] = 0, link[0] = 1; // empty root is 0
      (to[backspace root][any char] = empty root)
          last = 2;
          sz = 2;
      int get_link(int u) {
          while (s[n - len[u] - 2] != s[n - 1]) u =
      link[u];
         return u;
      void push(int c) {
         s[n++] = c;
          int p = get_link(last);
          if (!to[p][c]) {
              int u = ++sz:
              len[u] = len[p] + 2;
              link[u] = to[get_link(link[p])][c]; //
      may be 0 (empty), but never 1 (backspace)
```

1.0

13

14

15

16

18

22

23

24

25

```
to[p][c] = u;
                                                                bool find(string s, bool remove=false){
3.0
31
                                                          22
                                                                    int node = 0;
          last = to[p][c];
                                                                     for(auto c: s)
3.2
                                                         2.3
                                                                        if(trie[node][c-'a'] == 0)
3.3
                                                          24
34 };
                                                          25
                                                                             return false;
                                                                         else
                                                          26
  3.4 Suffix Array
                                                                            node = trie[node][c-'a'];
                                                                     if (remove and finish [node]) {
                                                          2.8
                                                                         finish[node]=false;
vector < int > suffix_array(string s) {
                                                                         len --;
      s += "!";
                                                          3.1
      int n = s.size(), N = max(n, 260);
                                                         32
                                                                     return finish[node];
      vector < int > sa(n), ra(n);
                                                          33
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) sa[i] = i, ra[i] = s[34]:
                                                            3.6 Manacher
      for (int k = 0; k < n; k ? k *= 2 : k++) {
          vector<int> nsa(sa), nra(n), cnt(N);
                                                          _{1} // O(n), d1 -> palindromo impar, d2 -> palindromo par
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) nsa[i] = (nsa[i]-
                                                                (centro da direita)
1.0
      k+n)%n, cnt[ra[i]]++;
                                                          void manacher(string &s, vector<int> &d1, vector<int>
          for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) cnt[i] += cnt[i
                                                                 &d2) {
                                                                int n = s.size();
                                                                for(int i = 0, l = 0, r = -1; i < n; i++) {
          for (int i = n-1; i+1; i--) sa[--cnt[ra[nsa[i 4
12
      ]]]] = nsa[i];
                                                                    int k = (i > r) ? 1 : min(d1[l + r - i], r -
                                                                i + 1):
1.3
          for (int i = 1, r = 0; i < n; i++) nra[sa[i]] 6
                                                                    while (0 <= i - k && i + k < n && s[i - k] ==
14
       = r += ra[sa[i]] !=
                                                                s[i + k]) {
              ra[sa[i-1]] or ra[(sa[i]+k)%n] != ra[(sa[ 7
                                                                       k++:
15
                                                                     }
      i-1]+k)%n];
          ra = nra:
                                                                     d1[i] = k--;
16
                                                          9
          if (ra[sa[n-1]] == n-1) break;
                                                                     if(i + k > r) {
17
                                                          10
                                                                        1 = i - k;
18
                                                                         r = i + k;
      return vector < int > (sa.begin()+1, sa.end());
19
                                                         12
20 }
                                                                     }
21
                                                          14
22 vector<int> kasai(string s, vector<int> sa) {
                                                          15
     int n = s.size(), k = 0;
                                                                for(int i = 0, l = 0, r = -1; i < n; i++) {
23
                                                          16
      vector < int > ra(n), lcp(n);
                                                                    int k = (i > r) ? 0 : min(d2[1 + r - i + 1],
24
                                                          17
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) ra[sa[i]] = i;
                                                                  - i + 1);
                                                                    while (0 <= i - k - 1 && i + k < n && s[i - k
26
                                                          18
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++, k -= !!k) {
                                                                 -1] == s[i + k]) {
          if (ra[i] == n-1) { k = 0; continue; }
28
                                                                        k++;
          int j = sa[ra[i]+1];
          while (i+k < n \text{ and } j+k < n \text{ and } s[i+k] == s[j+2]
                                                                     d2[i] = k - -;
3.0
      k]) k++;
                                                                     if(i + k > r) {
                                                          22
                                                                        1 = i - k - 1;
          lcp[ra[i]] = k;
                                                          23
                                                                         r = i + k;
32
                                                          24
      return lcp;
                                                                     }
                                                          25
34 }
                                                                }
                                                          26
                                                          27 }
  3.5 Trie
                                                                  Suffix Array Radix
1 struct Trie{
                                                          1 #define pii pair<int, int>
      int trie[MAX][26];
      bool finish[MAX];
                                                          3 void radix_sort(vector<pii>& rnk, vi& ind) {
      int nxt = 1, len = 0;
                                                                auto counting_sort = [](vector<pii>& rnk, vi& ind
                                                          4
                                                                ) {
      void add(string s){
                                                                    int n = ind.size(), maxx = -1;
          int node = 0;
                                                                    for(auto p : rnk) maxx = max(maxx, p.ff);
                                                          6
9
           for(auto c: s){
              if(trie[node][c-'a'] == 0)
                                                                    vi cnt(maxx+1, 0), pos(maxx+1), ind_new(n);
1.0
                  node = trie[node][c-'a'] = nxt++;
                                                                    for(auto p : rnk) cnt[p.ff]++;
                                                                    pos[0] = 0;
12
                                                          1.0
                   node = trie[node][c-'a'];
13
                                                          11
                                                                     for(int i = 1; i <= maxx; i++) {</pre>
14
                                                          12
                                                                         pos[i] = pos[i-1] + cnt[i-1];
15
          if(!finish[node]){
                                                          13
              finish[node] = true;
                                                          14
```

1.5

16

1.7

18

for(auto idx : ind) {

int val = rnk[idx].ff;

ind\_new[pos[val]] = idx;

len++;

}

}

1.7

19

```
pos[val]++;
                                                              3.8 Lcs
19
20
                                                            1 string LCSubStr(string X, string Y)
           swap(ind, ind_new);
                                                                   int m = X.size();
24
                                                                   int n = Y.size();
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)rnk.size(); i++) swap(rnk</pre>
       [i].ff, rnk[i].ss);
                                                                   int result = 0, end;
       counting_sort(rnk, ind);
                                                                   int len[2][n];
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)rnk.size(); i++) swap(rnk</pre>
                                                                   int currRow = 0;
       [i].ff, rnk[i].ss);
       counting_sort(rnk, ind);
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<=m;i++){</pre>
                                                            10
29 }
                                                                       for(int j=0;j<=n;j++){
30
                                                                           if(i==0 || j==0)
                                                            12
31 vi suffix_array(const string& s) {
                                                                               len[currRow][j] = 0;
                                                            13
      int n = s.size();
32
                                                                           else if(X[i-1] == Y[j-1]){
                                                            14
33
       vector < pii > rnk(n, {0, 0});
                                                                               len[currRow][j] = len[1-currRow][j-1]
       vi ind(n):
34
                                                                    + 1;
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
                                                                                if(len[currRow][j] > result){
                                                            16
          rnk[i].ff = (s[i] == '$') ? 0 : s[i]-'a'+1;
36
                                                                                    result = len[currRow][j];
       // manter '$' como 0
                                                                                    end = i - 1;
                                                            18
           ind[i] = i;
38
                                                                           }
                                                            2.0
                                                            21
                                                                           else
       for(int k = 1; k <= n; k = (k << 1)) {
40
                                                            22
                                                                               len[currRow][j] = 0;
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
41
                                                            23
               if(ind[i]+k >= n) {
42
                   rnk[ind[i]].ss = 0;
43
                                                                       currRow = 1 - currRow;
                                                            2.5
               }
               else {
45
                   rnk[ind[i]].ss = rnk[ind[i]+k].ff;
46
                                                            28
                                                                   if(result ==0)
47
                                                            29
                                                                       return string();
           }
48
                                                            30
          radix_sort(rnk, ind); // sort(all(rnk), cmp)
                                                                   return X.substr(end - result + 1, result);
                                                            31
      pra n*log(n), cmp com rnk[i] < rnk[j]</pre>
                                                            32 }
           vector<pii> tmp = rnk;
5.1
                                                              3.9 Lcsubseq
           tmp[ind[0]] = {1, 0}; // rnk.ff comecar em 1
       pois '$' eh o 0
                                                            1 // Longest Common Subsequence
          for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
53
                                                            2 string lcs(string x, string y) {
               tmp[ind[i]].ff = tmp[ind[i-1]].ff;
                                                                  int n = x.size(), m = y.size();
               if(rnk[ind[i]] != rnk[ind[i-1]]) {
                                                            3
5.5
                                                                   vector < vector < int >> dp(n+1, vector < int > (m+1, 0));
                   tmp[ind[i]].ff++;
57
                                                                   for (int i=0;i<=n;i++) {
           }
58
                                                                       for (int j=0;j<=m;j++) {</pre>
           swap(rnk, tmp);
59
                                                                           if (i == 0 or j == 0) continue;
6.0
                                                                           if (x[i-1] == y[j-1])
61
       return ind:
                                                                               dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j-1] + 1;
                                                            1.0
62 }
                                                            11
63
                                                                                dp[i][j] = max(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j]
64
                                                                   -17):
65 vi lcp_array(const string& s, const vi& sarray) {
       vi inv(s.size());
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)s.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                            14
67
                                                            15
           inv[sarray[i]] = i;
68
                                                                   // int len = dp[n][m];
                                                            16
69
                                                                   string ans = "";
                                                            17
       vi lcp(s.size());
70
                                                                   int i = n-1, j = m-1;
                                                            18
       int k = 0;
                                                                   while (i >= 0 and j >= 0) { // recover string
                                                            1.9
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)s.size()-1; i++) {</pre>
72
                                                                       if (x[i] == y[j]) ans.pb(x[i]), i--, j--;
                                                            20
73
           int pi = inv[i];
                                                                       else if (dp[i][j+1] > dp[i+1][j]) i--;
                                                            21
           if(pi-1 < 0) continue;</pre>
7.4
                                                                       else j --;
                                                            22
           int j = sarray[pi-1];
7.5
                                                            23
76
                                                            24
           while(s[i+k] == s[j+k]) k++;
                                                                   reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
                                                            25
           lcp[pi] = k;
                                                           26
                                                                   return ans;
           k = \max(k-1, 0);
79
80
81
       return vi(lcp.begin()+1, lcp.end()); // LCP(i, j) 3.10~Z~Func
82
        = min(lcp[i], ..., lcp[j-1])
83 }
                                                            vector<int> Z(string s) {
                                                                int n = s.size();
                                                                  vector < int > z(n);
```

```
int x = 0, y = 0;
                                                                                                                 return hash < 0 ? hash + MOD : hash;</pre>
          for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                                                                                               21
                 z[i] = max(0, min(z[i - x], y - i + 1));
                                                                                                          int query_inv(int 1, int r) {
                                                                                               22
                 while (i + z[i] < n \text{ and } s[z[i]] == s[i + z[i 23]]
                                                                                                                 11 \text{ hash} = (hi[1] - (r+1 < n ? hi[r+1]*p[r-1]
                                                                                                           +1] % MOD : 0));
                                                                                                                 return hash < 0 ? hash + MOD : hash;</pre>
                        x = i; y = i + z[i]; z[i]++;
                                                                                               24
                 }
                                                                                               25
          }
                                                                                               26 };
1.0
11
          return z:
12 }
                                                                                                            Numeric
    3.11 Kmp
                                                                                                              Newton Raphson
string p;
                                                                                                 1 // Newton Raphson
1 int neighbor[N];
3 int walk(int u, char c) { // leader after inputting ' 2
                                                                                                3 ld f(x){ return x*2 + 2; }
          while (u != -1 && (u+1 >= (int)p.size() || p[u + 4 ld fd(x) \{ return 2; \} // derivada \}
          1] != c)) // leader doesn't match
                                                                                                 6 ld root(ld x){
                u = neighbor[u];
          return p[u + 1] == c ? u+1 : u;
                                                                                                          // while(f(x)>EPS)
                                                                                                          for(int i=0;i<20;i++){
 8 void build() {
                                                                                                                 if(fd(x)<EPS)
          neighbor[0] = -1; // -1 is the leftmost state
                                                                                                                      x = LLINF;
                                                                                               10
9
10
          for (int i = 1; i < (int)p.size(); i++)</pre>
                                                                                               11
                 neighbor[i] = walk(neighbor[i-1], p[i]);
                                                                                                                       x = x - f(x)/fd(x);
11
                                                                                               12
                                                                                                13
                                                                                                          }
                                                                                                1.4
                                                                                                          return x:
    3.12 Edit Distance
 int edit_distance(int a, int b, string& s, string& t) 4.2 Simpson's Formula
          // indexado em 0, transforma s em t
                                                                                                 inline ld simpson(ld fl, ld fr, ld fmid, ld l, ld r){
          if(a == -1) return b+1;
                                                                                                          return (fl+fr+4*fmid)*(r-1)/6;
                                                                                                2
          if(b == -1) return a+1;
                                                                                                3 }
          if(tab[a][b] != -1) return tab[a][b];
                                                                                                5 ld rsimpson(ld slr, ld fl, ld fr, ld fmid, ld l, ld r
          int ins = INF, del = INF, mod = INF;
          ins = edit_distance(a-1, b, s, t) + 1;
                                                                                                6 {
          del = edit_distance(a, b-1, s, t) + 1;
                                                                                                          1d \ mid = (1+r)/2;
                                                                                                          ld fml = f((1+mid)/2), fmr = f((mid+r)/2);
          mod = edit_distance(a-1, b-1, s, t) + (s[a] != t[
          b]):
                                                                                                          ld slm = simpson(fl,fmid,fml,l,mid);
                                                                                                          ld smr = simpson(fmid, fr, fmr, mid, r);
          return tab[a][b] = min(ins, min(del, mod));
                                                                                                          if(fabsl(slr-slm-smr) < EPS) return slm+smr; //</pre>
12
13 }
                                                                                                          aprox. good enough
                                                                                                          return rsimpson(slm,fl,fmid,fml,l,mid)+rsimpson(
                                                                                                12
    3.13 Hash
                                                                                                           smr,fmid,fr,fmr,mid,r);
                                                                                                13 }
                                                                                               14
1 // String Hash template
                                                                                                15 ld integrate(ld l, ld r)
_2 // constructor(s) - O(|s|)
                                                                                               16
 _3 // query(1, r) - returns the hash of the range [1,r]
                                                                                                          1d \ mid = (1+r)/2;
          from left to right - O(1)
                                                                                                          1d fl = f(1), fr = f(r);
                                                                                               18
 4 // query_inv(l, r) from right to left - O(1)
                                                                                                          ld fmid = f(mid);
                                                                                               19
                                                                                                          return rsimpson(simpson(fl,fr,fmid,l,r),fl,fr,
6 struct Hash {
                                                                                                          fmid .1.r):
          const 11 P = 31;
          int n; string s;
          vector < 11 > h, hi, p;
                                                                                                    4.3 Lagrange Interpolation
1.0
          Hash() {}
           Hash(string s): s(s), n(s.size()), h(n), hi(n), p
11
                                                                                                 _{\rm 1} // Lagrange's interpolation \rm O(n^2)
                  for (int i=0; i < n; i++) p[i] = (i ? P*p[i-1]:1) 2 ld interpolate(vector < pair < int, int >> d, ld x) \{ (int i=0; i < n; i++) p[i] = (i ? P*p[i-1]:1) 2 ld interpolate(vector < pair < int, int >> d, ld x) \{ (int i=0; i < n; i++) p[i] = (i ? P*p[i-1]:1) 2 ld interpolate(vector < pair < int, int >> d, ld x) \{ (int i=0; i < n; i++) p[i] = (int i=0; 
            % MOD;
                                                                                                         1d y = 0;
                                                                                                          int n = d.size();
                 for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
13
                        h[i] = (s[i] + (i ? h[i-1]:0) * P) % MOD; 5
                                                                                                          for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
14
                 for (int i=n-1; i>=0; i--)
15
                                                                                                                 ld yi = d[i].ss;
                                                                                                                  for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                        hi[i] = (s[i] + (i+1 < n ? hi[i+1]:0) * P)
16
          % MOD;
                                                                                                                       if(j!=i)
                                                                                                                             yi = yi*(x - d[j].ff)/(ld)(d[i].ff - d
          int query(int 1, int r) {
                                                                                                           [i].ff);
              ll hash = (h[r] - (l ? h[l-1]*p[r-l+1]%MOD : 10
19
```

y += yi;

```
}
                                                                  for(auto f : fat) {
12
                                                           28
13
      return y;
                                                           29
                                                                     if(fexp(a, phi/f, mod) == 1)
14 }
                                                                           return false;
                                                           3.0
                                                           31
16 // O(n)
                                                           32
                                                                  return true:
                                                           33
18 template < typename T = mint >
                                                           34 }
19 struct Lagrange {
                                                           3.5
                                                           36 // mods com raizes primitivas: 2, 4, p^k, 2*p^k, p eh
      vector < T > y, den, l, r;
                                                                   primo impar, k inteiro --- O(n log^2(n))
        \label{lagrange}  \mbox{Lagrange(const vector<T>\& _y) : y(_y), n(_y.size $$_{37}$ ll $$achar_raiz(ll mod, ll phi) { } $$
22
       ()) {
                                                           38
                                                                  if(mod == 2) return 1;
                                                                  vl fat, elementos;
23
           den.resize(n, 0);
                                                           3.9
           1.resize(n, 0); r.resize(n, 0);
                                                                  fat = fatorar(phi);
24
                                                           40
2.5
                                                           41
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                  for(11 i = 2; i <= mod -1; i++) {
                                                           42
               den[i] = ifac[i] * ifac[n - 1 - i];
                                                        43
                                                                       if(raiz_prim(i, mod, phi, fat))
               if ((n - 1 - i) % 2 == 1) den[i] = -den[i 44
                                                                           return i:
28
      ];
           }
29
      }
                                                           47
                                                                  return -1; // retorna -1 se nao existe
30
                                                           48 }
31
      T eval(T x) {
                                                           49
32
          1[0] = 1;
                                                           50 vl todas_raizes(ll mod, ll phi, ll raiz) {
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                                  vl raizes;
3.4
                                                           5.1
3.5
               l[i] = l[i-1] * (x + -T(i-1));
                                                           52
                                                                  if(raiz == -1) return raizes;
36
                                                           53
                                                                  ll r = raiz;
           r[n - 1] = 1;
                                                                  for(11 i = 1; i <= phi-1; i++) {
                                                           54
37
           for (int i = n - 2; i >= 0; i --)
                                                           55
                                                                       if(__gcd(i, phi) == 1) {
              r[i] = r[i+1] * (x + -T(i+1));
                                                           56
                                                                           raizes.pb(r);
3.9
40
                                                           57
           T ans = 0;
                                                                       r = (r * raiz) % mod;
41
                                                           5.8
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                           5.9
42
               T num = 1[i] * r[i];
                                                           60
               ans = ans + y[i] * num * den[i];
                                                                  return raizes;
                                                           61
44
                                                           62 }
45
           return ans:
46
                                                              5.2 Fft Mod Tfg
47
48 };
                                                            1 // usar vector < int > p(ms, 0);
  5
       Math
                                                            3 const int me = 20;
                                                            4 const int ms = 1 << me;</pre>
  5.1 Raiz Primitiva
```

```
1 ll fexp(ll b, ll e, ll mod) {
      if(e == 0) return 1LL;
      11 res = fexp(b, e/2LL, mod);
      res = (res*res)%mod;
      if(e%2LL)
6
          res = (res*b)%mod;
      return res%mod;
9 }
1.0
vl fatorar(ll n) { // fatora em primos
      vl fat;
12
      for(int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++) {</pre>
13
          if(n%i == 0) {
              fat.pb(i);
1.5
               while (n\%i == 0)
16
17
                  n /= i;
          }
1.8
19
      }
      return fat;
2.0
21 }
23 // O(log(n) ^ 2)
24 bool raiz_prim(ll a, ll mod, ll phi, vl fat) {
      if(\_gcd(a, mod) != 1 or fexp(a, phi/2, mod) ==
      1) // phi de euler sempre eh PAR
          return false;
26
27
```

```
6 ll fexp(ll x, ll e, ll mod = MOD) {
      ll ans = 1;
7
       x \% = mod;
       for(; e > 0; e /= 2) {
 q
1.0
           if(e & 1) {
               ans = ans * x \% mod;
11
12
           x = x * x \% mod;
13
14
15
       return ans;
16 }
17
18 //is n primitive root of p ?
19 bool test(ll x, ll p) {
      ll m = p - 1;
20
       for(int i = 2; i * i <= m; ++i) if(m % i == 0) {
21
           if(fexp(x, i, p) == 1) return false;
22
           if(fexp(x, m / i, p) == 1) return false;
23
24
25
       return true;
26 }
28 //find the largest primitive root for p
29 int search(int p) {
      for(int i = p - 1; i >= 2; --i) if(test(i, p))
       return i:
       return -1;
32 }
33
```

```
34 #define add(x, y, mod) (x+y>=mod?x+y-mod:x+y)
                                                        void initFFT() {
                                                          11
                                                                 root[1] = 1;
36 const int gen = search(MOD);
                                                                 for(int len = 2; len < ms; len += len) {</pre>
                                                          1.2
                                                                     int z = (int) fexp(gen, (MOD - 1) / len / 2);
37 int bits[ms], r[ms + 1];
                                                          13
                                                          14
                                                                      for(int i = len / 2; i < len; i++) {
39 void pre(int n) {
                                                                          root[2 * i] = root[i];
                                                          15
      int LOG = 0;
                                                                          root[2 * i + 1] = (int)((long long) root[
40
      while(1 << (LOG + 1) < n) {
                                                                 i] * z % MOD);
4.1
                                                                     }
         LOG++:
42
                                                          18
      for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                          19 }
44
         bits[i] = (bits[i >> 1] >> 1) | ((i & 1) <<
45
                                                          21 void pre(int n) {
                                                                 int LOG = 0:
                                                          22
                                                                 while (1 << (LOG + 1) < n) {
47 }
                                                          23
                                                                     LOG++;
48
                                                          24
49 void pre(int n, int root, int mod) {
                                                          25
      pre(n);
                                                                 for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
5.0
                                                          26
      r[0] = 1;
                                                                     bits[i] = (bits[i >> 1] >> 1) | ((i & 1) <<
      for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
                                                                 LOG);
52
          r[i] = (ll) r[i - 1] * root % mod;
53
                                                          28
                                                          29 }
54
55 }
                                                          3.0
                                                          std::vector<int> fft(std::vector<int> a, bool inv =
57 vector<int> fft(vector<int> a, int mod, bool inv =
                                                                 false) {
      false) {
                                                                 int n = (int) a.size();
                                                          32
      int root = gen;
                                                          33
                                                                 pre(n);
      if(inv) {
                                                                 if(inv) {
59
                                                          34
          root = fexp(root, mod - 2, mod);
                                                          3.5
                                                                      std::reverse(a.begin() + 1, a.end());
60
6.1
                                                          3.6
                                                                  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
62
      int n = a.size();
                                                          37
      root = fexp(root, (mod - 1) / n, mod);
                                                                     int to = bits[i];
63
                                                          3.8
      pre(n, root, mod);
                                                                      if(i < to) { std::swap(a[i], a[to]); }</pre>
64
                                                          3.9
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                          40
          int to = bits[i];
                                                                  for(int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {</pre>
66
                                                          41
          if(i < to) {
                                                                      for(int i = 0; i < n; i += len * 2) {
                                                          42
                                                                          for(int j = 0; j < len; j++) {
              swap(a[i], a[to]);
68
                                                          43
                                                                             int u = a[i + j], v = (int)((long
69
                                                          44
                                                                 long) a[i + j + len] * root[len + j] % MOD);
70
      for(int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {</pre>
                                                                              a[i + j] = add(u, v);
71
                                                          45
72
          for(int i = 0; i < n; i += len * 2) {
                                                          46
                                                                              a[i + j + len] = add(u, MOD - v);
              int cur_root = 0;
                                                                          }
7.3
                                                          47
               int delta = n / (2 * len);
                                                                     }
74
               for(int j = 0; j < len; j++) {</pre>
7.5
                                                          49
                   int u = a[i + j], v = (11) a[i + j + 50]
                                                                  if(inv) {
76
      len] * r[cur_root] % mod;
                                                                     long long rev = fexp(n, MOD-2, MOD);
                                                          51
                                                                      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                  a[i + j] = add(u, v, mod);
                                                          52
                   a[i + j + len] = add(u, mod - v, mod) 53
                                                                          a[i] = (int)(a[i] * rev % MOD);
                                                         5.4
79
                   cur_root += delta;
                                                          55
                                                                 return a:
               }
                                                          56 }
80
          }
81
                                                          5.7
      }
                                                          58 std::vector<int> shift(const std::vector<int> &a, int
      if(inv) {
                                                                  s) {
83
          int rev = fexp(n, mod-2, mod);
                                                          5.9
                                                                  int n = std::max(0, s + (int) a.size());
84
                                                                 std::vector<int> b(n, 0);
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
8.5
                                                          60
                                                                 for(int i = std::max(-s, 0); i < (int) a.size();</pre>
              a[i] = (ll) a[i] * rev % mod;
86
                                                          61
                                                                 i++) {
87
88
      return a:
                                                          62
                                                                     b[i + s] = a[i];
                                                          63
                                                          64
                                                                 return b:
  5.3 Poly
                                                          65 }
                                                          66
                                                          67 std::vector<int> cut(const std::vector<int> &a. int n
1 const int MOD = 998244353;
2 const int me = 15;
                                                                 std::vector<int> b(n, 0):
                                                          68
3 const int ms = 1 << me:</pre>
                                                                 for(int i = 0; i < (int) a.size() && i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                          69
5 #define add(x, y) x+y>=MOD?x+y-MOD:x+y
                                                                     b[i] = a[i];
                                                          7.0
7 const int gen = 3; // use search() from PrimitiveRoot 71
                                                                 return b:
      .cpp if MOD isn't 998244353
                                                          7.2
                                                          73 }
8 int bits[ms], root[ms];
                                                          7.4
```

```
75 std::vector<int> operator +(std::vector<int> a, const
                                                                  ) {
        std::vector<int> &b) {
                                                                  assert(!a.empty() && a[0] != 0);
       int sz = (int) std::max(a.size(), b.size());
                                                                  int n = 1 << k;
                                                           138
       a.resize(sz, 0);
                                                           139
                                                                  std::vector<int> b(n, 0);
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i+1 < (int) a.size() && i < n; i</pre>
       for(int i = 0; i < (int) b.size(); i++) {</pre>
           a[i] = add(a[i], b[i]);
                                                                  ++) {
79
                                                                       b[i] = (int)((i + 1LL) * a[i+1] % MOD);
80
8.1
       return a:
                                                           142
82 }
                                                                  b = cut(b * inverse(a, k), n);
                                                           143
                                                                  assert((int) b.size() == n);
                                                           144
84 std::vector<int> operator -(std::vector<int> a, const145
                                                                  for(int i = n - 1; i > 0; i--) {
        std::vector<int> &b) {
                                                                       b[i] = (int) (b[i-1] * fexp(i, MOD - 2) % MOD
       int sz = (int) std::max(a.size(), b.size());
85
       a.resize(sz, 0);
86
                                                           147
       for(int i = 0; i < (int) b.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                  b[0] = 0;
87
                                                           148
           a[i] = add(a[i], MOD - b[i]);
                                                                  return b;
88
                                                           149
89
                                                           150 }
9.0
       return a;
91 }
                                                           152 std::vector<int> exp(const std::vector<int> &a, int k
92
                                                                  ) {
93 std::vector<int> operator *(std::vector<int> a, std::153
                                                                  assert(!a.empty() && a[0] == 0);
       vector < int > b) {
                                                                  if(k == 0) {
       while(!a.empty() && a.back() == 0) a.pop_back(); 155
                                                                      return std::vector<int>(1, 1);
94
       while(!b.empty() && b.back() == 0) b.pop_back(); 156
                                                                  } else {
       if(a.empty() || b.empty()) return std::vector<int157
96
                                                                       auto b = exp(a, k-1);
       >(0, 0);
                                                                       int n = 1 << k;
                                                           158
       int n = 1;
                                                                       return cut(b * cut(std::vector<int>(1, 1) +
                                                                  cut(a, n) - log(b, k), n), n);
       while (n-1 < (int) \ a.size() + (int) \ b.size() - 2)
98
       n += n;
       a.resize(n, 0);
                                                           161 }
       b.resize(n, 0);
       a = fft(a, false);
                                                              5.4 Gaussxor
       b = fft(b, false);
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           a[i] = (int) ((long long) a[i] * b[i] % MOD); 1 struct Gauss {
104
                                                                  array < 11, LOG_MAX > vet;
                                                                  int size;
       return fft(a, true);
106
                                                                  Gauss() : size(0) {
107 }
                                                                       fill(vet.begin(), vet.end(), 0);
108
109 std::vector<int> inverse(const std::vector<int> &a,
                                                                  Gauss(vector<11> vals) : size(0) {
       int k) {
                                                                       fill(vet.begin(), vet.end(), 0);
110
       assert(!a.empty() && a[0] != 0);
                                                                       for(ll val : vals) add(val);
       if(k == 0) {
111
           return std::vector<int>(1, (int) fexp(a[0],
                                                                  bool add(ll val) {
       MOD - 2));
                                                                      for(int i = LOG_MAX-1; i >= 0; i--) if(val &
       } else {
113
                                                                   (1LL << i)) {
           int n = 1 << k;
114
                                                                           if(vet[i] == 0) {
                                                            13
           auto c = inverse(a, k-1);
                                                                               vet[i] = val;
           return cut(c * cut(std::vector<int>(1, 2) -
116
                                                            15
                                                                               size++;
       cut(a, n) * c, n), n);
                                                                               return true;
                                                            16
                                                                           }
118 }
                                                                           val ^= vet[i];
                                                            18
119
                                                                       }
_{120} std::vector<int> operator /(std::vector<int> a, std:: ^{19}
                                                            20
                                                                       return false;
       vector < int > b) {
                                                            2.1
       // NEED TO TEST!
                                                            22 };
       while(!a.empty() && a.back() == 0) a.pop_back();
       while(!b.empty() && b.back() == 0) b.pop_back();
                                                              5.5 Crt
124
       assert(!b.emptv()):
       if(a.size() < b.size()) return std::vector<int</pre>
       >(1, 0);
                                                            1 tuple < 11, 11, 11 > ext_gcd(11 a, 11 b) {
       std::reverse(a.begin(), a.end());
                                                                  if (!a) return {b, 0, 1};
       std::reverse(b.begin(), b.end());
                                                                  auto [g, x, y] = ext_gcd(b%a, a);
       int n = (int) a.size() - (int) b.size() + 1;
                                                                  return {g, y - b/a*x, x};
128
       int k = 0;
                                                            5 }
       while ((1 << k) - 1 < n) k++;
130
       a = cut(a * inverse(b, k), (int) a.size() - (int) 7 struct crt {
131
        b.size() + 1);
                                                                  11 a, m;
       std::reverse(a.begin(), a.end());
       return a;
                                                                  crt() : a(0), m(1) {}
                                                            1.0
134 }
                                                                  crt(ll a_, ll m_) : a(a_), m(m_) {}
                                                                  crt operator * (crt C) {
136 std::vector<int> log(const std::vector<int> &a, int k 13
                                                                       auto [g, x, y] = ext_gcd(m, C.m);
```

```
if ((a - C.a) % g) a = -1;
                                                                  for(int i=0;i<m+m;++i) t_[i]=0;</pre>
1.4
                                                            63
15
           if (a == -1 or C.a == -1) return crt(-1, 0); 64
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<m;++i) if(p[i])</pre>
           11 lcm = m/g*C.m;
                                                                      for(int j=0;j<m;++j)
16
                                                            6.5
           11 ans = a + (x*(C.a-a)/g \% (C.m/g))*m;
                                                            66
                                                                          t_[i+j]=(t_[i+j]+p[i]*q[j])%MOD;
           return crt((ans % lcm + lcm) % lcm, lcm);
                                                            67
                                                                   for(int i=m+m-1; i>=m; --i) if(t_[i])
                                                                       //miuns t_[i]x^{i-m}(x^m-\sum_{j=0}^{m-1}x^{j})
19
                                                            68
20 };
                                                                   m-j-1}h_j)
                                                                       for(int j=m-1;~j;--j)
                                                            6.9
  5.6 Berlekamp Massey
                                                                          t_{i-j-1} = (t_{i-j-1} + t_{i-k}) %MOD;
                                                            70
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<m;++i) p[i]=t_[i];</pre>
                                                            7.1
                                                            72 }
2 #define SZ 233333
                                                            73 inline ll calc(ll K)
                                                            74 -{
                                                                   for(int i=m; "i; --i)
                                                            7.5
4 ll qp(ll a,ll b)
                                                                      s[i]=t[i]=0;
                                                            7.6
                                                                   //init
      11 x=1; a%=MOD;
      while(b)
                                                            78
                                                                   s[0]=1; if(m!=1) t[1]=1; else t[0]=h[0];
7
                                                                   //binary-exponentiation
                                                            7.9
                                                                   while(K)
           if(b\&1) x=x*a\%MOD;
g
                                                                   {
           a = a * a % MOD; b >> = 1;
                                                            8.1
1.0
      }
                                                                       if(K&1) mull(s,t);
                                                            82
11
                                                            83
                                                                       mull(t,t); K>>=1;
12
      return x;
                                                            84
13 }
                                                                   11 su = 0;
14 namespace linear_seq {
                                                            85
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<m;++i) su=(su+s[i]*a[i])%MOD;</pre>
                                                            86
                                                            87
                                                                   return (su%MOD+MOD)%MOD;
16 inline vector < int > BM (vector < int > x)
                                                            88 }
17
       //ls: (shortest) relation sequence (after filling 89 inline int work(vector<int> x,ll n)
                                                           90 {
       zeroes) so far
                                                                  if(n<int(x.size())) return x[n];</pre>
                                                            9.1
       //cur: current relation sequence
                                                                   vector < int > v = BM(x); m = v.size(); if(!m) return 0;
                                                            92
      vector < int > ls, cur;
2.0
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<m;++i) h[i]=v[i],a[i]=x[i];</pre>
       //lf: the position of ls (t')
                                                           93
21
                                                           94
                                                                   return calc(n);
       //ldt: delta of ls (v')
22
      int lf=0,ldt=0;
                                                           95 }
2.3
      for(int i=0;i<int(x.size());++i)</pre>
                                                            96
                                                            97 }
2.5
                                                            98 using linear_seq::work;
           11 t=0;
           //evaluate at position i
27
           for(int j = 0; j < int(cur.size()); ++j)</pre>
                                                            5.7 Fft Tourist
               t = (t + x[i - j - 1] * (11) cur[j]) %MOD;
           if((t-x[i])\%MOD==0) continue; //good so far
3.0
           //first non-zero position
                                                            1 struct num{
           if(!cur.size())
                                                               ld x, y;
32
                                                            2
           {
                                                                  num() { x = y = 0; }
33
                                                            3
3.4
               cur.resize(i+1):
                                                            4
                                                                   num(1d x, 1d y) : x(x), y(y) {}
               lf=i; ldt=(t-x[i])%MOD;
                                                            5 };
35
36
               continue;
                                                             7 inline num operator+(num a, num b) { return num(a.x +
3.7
           //cur=cur-c/ldt*(x[i]-t)
                                                                   b.x, a.y + b.y); }
           ll k = -(x[i]-t)*qp(ldt,MOD-2)%MOD/*1/ldt*/;
                                                             8 inline num operator-(num a, num b) { return num(a.x -
3.9
           vector<int> c(i-lf-1); //add zeroes in front
                                                                  b.x, a.y - b.y); }
40
           c.pb(k);
                                                              inline num operator*(num a, num b) { return num(a.x *
41
           for(int j=0;j<int(ls.size());++j)</pre>
                                                                  b.x - a.y * b.y, a.x * b.y + a.y * b.x); }
42
               c.pb(-ls[j]*k%MOD);
                                                            inline num conj(num a) { return num(a.x, -a.y); }
           if(c.size() < cur.size()) c.resize(cur.size()); 11</pre>
44
45
           for(int j=0;j<int(cur.size());++j)</pre>
                                                            12 int base = 1;
                                                            13 vector < num > roots = {{0, 0}, {1, 0}};
               c[j]=(c[j]+cur[j])%MOD;
46
           //if cur is better than ls, change ls to cur 14 vector<int> rev = {0, 1};
47
           if(i-lf+(int)ls.size()>=(int)cur.size())
                                                            15 const ld PI = acos(-1);
49
              ls=cur,lf=i,ldt=(t-x[i])%MOD;
                                                            16
           cur=c:
                                                            17 void ensure_base(int nbase){
50
                                                                 if(nbase <= base)</pre>
51
                                                            18
      for(int i=0;i<int(cur.size());++i)</pre>
                                                                      return;
52
                                                            19
53
          cur[i]=(cur[i]%MOD+MOD)%MOD;
                                                            20
      return cur;
                                                                   rev.resize(1 << nbase);
54
                                                            2.1
55 }
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < (1 << nbase); i++)</pre>
                                                            22
                                                                      rev[i] = (rev[i >> 1] >> 1) + ((i & 1) << (
56 int m; //length of recurrence
                                                            23
57 //a: first terms
                                                                   nbase - 1));
58 //h: relation
                                                            24
59 11 a[SZ],h[SZ],t_[SZ],s[SZ],t[SZ];
                                                                  roots.resize(1 << nbase):
                                                            2.5
60 //calculate p*q mod f
                                                            26
                                                                   while(base < nbase){
61 inline void mull(ll*p,ll*q)
                                                            27
                                                                       ld angle = 2*PI / (1 << (base + 1));</pre>
62 {
                                                            28
```

```
for(int i = 1 << (base - 1); i < (1 << base); 96
                                                                  while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
29
                                                                   ensure_base(nbase);
       i++){
               roots[i << 1] = roots[i];
                                                                  int sz = 1 << nbase:
3.0
                                                            98
               ld angle_i = angle * (2 * i + 1 - (1 <<</pre>
                                                                  if(sz > (int) fa.size())
                                                           99
31
       base));
                                                                       fa.resize(sz);
               roots[(i << 1) + 1] = num(cos(angle_i),
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<(int)a.size();i++){</pre>
       sin(angle_i));
                                                                       int x = (a[i] % m + m) % m;
33
          }
                                                                       fa[i] = num(x & ((1 << 15) - 1), x >> 15);
34
           base++:
                                                           104
35
36 }
                                                                  fill(fa.begin() + a.size(), fa.begin() + sz, num
                                                                  {0, 0});
                                                                   fft(fa, sz);
38 void fft(vector<num> &a, int n = -1){
                                                                   if(sz > (int) fb.size())
      if(n == -1)
39
                                                           108
          n = a.size();
40
                                                           109
                                                                       fb.resize(sz);
                                                                   if(eq)
41
                                                           110
42
       assert((n & (n-1)) == 0);
                                                                       copy(fa.begin(), fa.begin() + sz, fb.begin())
       int zeros = __builtin_ctz(n);
43
       ensure_base(zeros);
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < (int) b.size(); i++){</pre>
       int shift = base - zeros;
45
                                                           113
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                                           int x = (b[i] % m + m) % m;
                                                           114
46
           if(i < (rev[i] >> shift))
                                                                           fb[i] = num(x & ((1 << 15) - 1), x >> 15)
47
                                                           115
               swap(a[i], a[rev[i] >> shift]);
48
                                                           116
       for(int k = 1; k < n; k <<= 1)
                                                                       fill(fb.begin() + b.size(), fb.begin() + sz,
5.0
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i += 2 * k)
                                                                  num {0, 0});
5.1
               for(int j = 0; j < k; j++){
52
                                                           118
                                                                       fft(fb, sz);
                   num z = a[i+j+k] * roots[j+k];
53
                                                           119
                    a[i+j+k] = a[i+j] - z;
                                                                  ld ratio = 0.25 / sz;
54
                   a[i+j] = a[i+j] + z;
                                                                  num r2(0, -1);
5.5
56
                                                                  num r3(ratio, 0);
                                                                  num r4(0, -ratio);
57 }
                                                           123
                                                                  num r5(0, 1);
                                                           124
59 vector < num > fa, fb;
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<=(sz >> 1);i++) {
60 vector<ll> multiply(vector<ll> &a, vector<ll> &b){
                                                                       int j = (sz - i) & (sz - 1);
                                                           126
       int need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
                                                                       num a1 = (fa[i] + conj(fa[j]));
61
       int nbase = 0;
                                                                       num a2 = (fa[i] - conj(fa[j])) * r2;
62
                                                           128
                                                                       num b1 = (fb[i] + conj(fb[j])) * r3;
63
       while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
       ensure_base(nbase);
                                                           130
                                                                       num b2 = (fb[i] - conj(fb[j])) * r4;
64
                                                                       if(i != j){
       int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
                                                           131
65
66
       if(sz > (int) fa.size())
                                                                           num c1 = (fa[j] + conj(fa[i]));
          fa.resize(sz);
                                                                           num c2 = (fa[j] - conj(fa[i])) * r2;
67
                                                           134
                                                                           num d1 = (fb[j] + conj(fb[i])) * r3;
68
69
       for(int i = 0; i < sz; i++){</pre>
                                                           135
                                                                           num d2 = (fb[j] - conj(fb[i])) * r4;
           int x = (i < (int) a.size() ? a[i] : 0);</pre>
                                                                           fa[i] = c1 * d1 + c2 * d2 * r5;
70
           int y = (i < (int) b.size() ? b[i] : 0);</pre>
                                                                           fb[i] = c1 * d2 + c2 * d1;
           fa[i] = num(x, y);
                                                           138
73
                                                                       fa[j] = a1 * b1 + a2 * b2 * r5;
       fft(fa, sz);
                                                                       fb[j] = a1 * b2 + a2 * b1;
74
                                                           140
75
       num r(0, -0.25 / sz);
                                                           141
       for(int i = 0; i <= (sz >> 1); i++){
                                                           142
                                                                  fft(fa, sz);
76
          int j = (sz - i) & (sz - 1);
                                                                  fft(fb, sz);
77
                                                           143
           num z = (fa[j] * fa[j] - conj(fa[i] * fa[i]))_{144}
                                                                   vector<ll> res(need);
       * r;
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<need;i++){</pre>
                                                           145
           if(i != j) {
                                                                       11 aa = round(fa[i].x);
79
                                                           146
                                                                       11 bb = round(fb[i].x);
               fa[j] = (fa[i] * fa[i] - conj(fa[j] * fa[147
80
       j])) * r;
                                                                       11 cc = round(fa[i].y);
                                                                       res[i] = (aa + ((bb \% m) << 15) + ((cc \% m)
           }
81
                                                                  << 30)) % m;
82
           fa[i] = z:
83
84
       fft(fa, sz);
                                                           151
                                                                  return res;
       vector<ll> res(need);
                                                           152
85
       for(int i = 0; i < need; i++)</pre>
                                                                   Mobius
                                                              5.8
           res[i] = round(fa[i].x);
87
89
       return res:
                                                            vi mobius(int n) {
90 }
                                                                  // g(n) = sum{f(d)} => f(n) = sum{mu(d)*g(n/d)}
91
                                                                  vi mu(n+1);
92
                                                                  mu[1] = 1; mu[0] = 0;
93 vector<ll> multiply_mod(vector<ll> &a, vector<ll> &b, 5
                                                                  for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
       int m, int eq = 0){
                                                                       for(int j = i + i; j <= n; j += i)
       int need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
                                                                           mu[j] -= mu[i];
95
       int nbase = 0;
```

```
return mu;
                                                               while (d \% 2 == 0) {
                                                         1.8
10 }
                                                         19
                                                                   r++;
                                                                   d /= 2:
                                                         2.0
  5.9 Mulmod
                                                         21
                                                         22
                                                               // com esses primos, o teste funciona garantido
                                                         23
1 ll mulmod(ll a, ll b) {
                                                               para n <= 2^64
      if(a == 0) {
                                                               // funciona para n <= 3*10^24 com os primos ate
                                                         2.4
         return OLL;
                                                               for (int i : {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775,
                                                         25
      if(a\%2 == 0) {
                                                               9780504, 795265022}) {
6
          11 \text{ val} = \text{mulmod}(a/2, b);
                                                                   if (i >= n) break;
          return (val + val) % MOD;
                                                                   11 x = expo(i, d, n);
                                                        27
                                                                   if (x == 1 or x == n - 1) continue;
                                                        28
      else {
                                                        2.9
         11 \text{ val} = \text{mulmod}((a-1)/2, b);
1.0
                                                                   bool deu = 1;
                                                         30
          val = (val + val) \% MOD;
11
                                                                   for (int j = 0; j < r - 1; j++) {
                                                        31
          return (val + b) % MOD;
12
                                                                       x = mul(x, x, n);
                                                        32
13
                                                                       if (x == n - 1) {
                                                         33
14 }
                                                                           deu = 0;
                                                         3.4
                                                         35
                                                                            break;
  5.10 Inverso Mult
                                                         36
                                                        3.7
1 // gcd(a, m) = 1 para existir solucao
                                                                   if (deu) return 0;
                                                       38
_{2} // ax + my = 1, ou a*x = 1 (mod m)
                                                        3.9
3 ll inv(ll a, ll m) { // com gcd
                                                        40
                                                               return 1:
      11 x, y;
                                                        41 }
      gcd(a, m, x, y);
      return (((x % m) +m) %m);
                                                           5.13 Mint
7 }
9 ll inv(ll a, ll phim) { // com phi(m), se m for primo 1 struct mint {
                                                             int x;
      entao phi(m) = p-1
                                                               mint(int _x = 0) : x(_x) { }
                                                         3
      11 e = phim - 1;
                                                              mint operator +(const mint &o) const { return x +
      return fexp(a, e);
11
                                                               o.x >= MOD ? x + o.x - MOD : x + o.x; }
                                                               mint operator *(const mint &o) const { return
                                                               mint((11)x * o.x % MOD); }
  5.11 Randommod
                                                               mint operator -(const mint &o) const { return *
                                                         6
                                                               this + (MOD - o.x); }
                                                              mint inv() { return pwr(MOD - 2); }
int randommod() {
                                                         7
      auto primo = [](int num) {
                                                         8
                                                               mint pwr(ll e) {
         for(int i = 2; i*i <= num; i++) {
                                                                 mint ans = 1;
3
                                                         9
              if(num%i == 0) return false;
                                                                   for (mint b=x; e; e >>= 1, b = b * b)
                                                        10
                                                                      if (e \& 1) ans = ans * b;
                                                        11
          return true;
                                                                   return ans;
                                                         12
                                                               }
      };
                                                         13
                                                        14 };
      uniform_int_distribution < int > distribution
      (1000000007, 1500000000);
                                                        16 mint fac[N], ifac[N];
      int num = distribution(rng);
      while(!primo(num)) num++;
                                                         17 void build_fac() {
10
      return num;
                                                         18
                                                               fac[0] = 1;
                                                               for (int i=1;i<N;i++)</pre>
12 }
                                                         19
                                                                   fac[i] = fac[i-1] * i;
                                                         20
  5.12 Miller Habin
                                                               ifac[N-1] = fac[N-1].inv();
                                                               for (int i=N-2; i>=0; i--)
                                                         22
                                                                   ifac[i] = ifac[i+1] * (i+1);
                                                         23
1 ll mul(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
                                                         24 }
      return (a*b-11(a*(long double)b/m+0.5)*m+m)%m;
                                                         25 mint c(ll n, ll k) {
3 }
                                                               if (k > n) return 0;
                                                         26
                                                               return fac[n] * ifac[k] * ifac[n-k];
                                                         27
5 ll expo(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
                                                         28 }
     if (!b) return 1;
      ll ans = expo(mul(a, a, m), b/2, m);
                                                          5.14 Primitiveroot
      return b%2 ? mul(a, ans, m) : ans;
9 }
                                                         1 long long fexp(long long x, long long e, long long
                                                               mod = MOD) {
11 bool prime(ll n) {
    if (n < 2) return 0;
                                                               long long ans = 1;
      if (n <= 3) return 1;
                                                               x \% = mod;
      if (n % 2 == 0) return 0;
                                                               for(; e > 0; e /= 2, x = x * x % mod) {
14
                                                         4
                                                                   if(e & 1) ans = ans * x % mod;
     ll d = n - 1;
16
     int r = 0;
                                                               return ans;
```

```
8 }
                                                                 auto f = [n](11 x) {return mul(x, x, n) + 1;};
                                                          3.6
9 //is n primitive root of p ?
                                                           37
                                                                 11 x = 0, y = 0, t = 30, prd = 2, x0 = 1, q;
10 bool test(long long x, long long p) {
                                                           38
                                                                 while (t % 40 != 0 or gcd(prd, n) == 1) {
      long long m = p - 1;
                                                          39
      for(int i = 2; i * i <= m; ++i) if(!(m % i)) {</pre>
                                                                     if (x==y) x = ++x0, y = f(x);
          if(fexp(x, i, p) == 1) return false;
                                                                      q = mul(prd, abs(x-y), n);
13
                                                          41
           if(fexp(x, m / i, p) == 1) return false;
                                                                      if (q != 0) prd = q;
14
                                                                      x = f(x), y = f(f(y)), t++;
1.5
                                                           43
      return true;
16
                                                          44
17 }
                                                                 return gcd(prd, n);
                                                          45
_{\rm 18} //find the smallest primitive root for p
                                                          46 }
19 int search(int p) {
      for(int i = 2; i < p; i++) if(test(i, p)) return 48 vector<ll> fact(ll n) {
                                                                if (n == 1) return {};
                                                           49
21
      return -1;
                                                           5.0
                                                                 if (prime(n)) return {n};
                                                                 11 d = rho(n);
                                                           51
                                                           52
                                                                 vector < ll > l = fact(d), r = fact(n / d);
  5.15 Bigmod
                                                                 1.insert(1.end(), r.begin(), r.end());
                                                          5.3
                                                                 return 1:
                                                          55 }
1 ll mod(string a, ll p) {
      11 \text{ res} = 0, b = 1;
                                                             5.17 Fwht
      reverse(all(a));
      for(auto c : a) {
                                                          1 // Fast Walsh Hadamard Transform
          11 tmp = (((11)c-'0')*b) % p;
                                                           2 //
          res = (res + tmp) % p;
                                                           3 // FWHT<'|'>(f) eh SOS DP
                                                           4 // FWHT<'&'>(f) eh soma de superset DP
          b = (b * 10) \% p;
                                                           5 // Se chamar com ^, usar tamanho potencia de 2!!
                                                           6 //
                                                           7 // O(n log(n))
11
12
      return res;
13 }
                                                           9 template < char op , class T > vector < T > FWHT (vector < T > f
                                                                 , bool inv = false) {
  5.16 Pollard Rho
                                                                 int n = f.size();
                                                                 for (int k = 0; (n-1) >> k; k++) for (int i = 0; i
                                                           11
                                                                 < n; i++) if (i>>k&1) {
1 ll mul(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
                                                                     int j = i^(1<<k);</pre>
      11 \text{ ret} = a*b - (11)((1d)1/m*a*b+0.5)*m;
                                                                      if (op == '^') f[i] += f[i], f[i] = f[i] - 2*
                                                           13
      return ret < 0 ? ret+m : ret;</pre>
                                                                 f[i];
4 }
                                                                      if (op == ', ', ) f[i] += (inv ? -1 : 1) * f[j];
                                                           14
                                                                      if (op == '&') f[j] += (inv ? -1 : 1) * f[i];
                                                           15
6 ll pow(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
                                                           1.6
      ll ans = 1;
                                                                 if (op == '^' and inv) for (auto& i : f) i /= n;
                                                           17
      for (; b > 0; b /= 211, a = mul(a, a, m)) {
                                                           18
                                                                 return f;
9
          if (b % 211 == 1)
                                                           19 }
              ans = mul(ans, a, m);
10
                                                             5.18 Matrix Exponentiation
12
      return ans;
13 }
                                                           1 struct Matrix {
14
15 bool prime(ll n) {
                                                                 vector <vl> m;
                                                           2
      if (n < 2) return 0;
                                                                 int r, c;
      if (n <= 3) return 1;</pre>
17
      if (n % 2 == 0) return 0;
                                                                 Matrix(vector < vl> mat) {
                                                                     m = mat;
19
20
      ll r = \__builtin\_ctzll(n - 1), d = n >> r;
                                                           7
                                                                      r = mat.size();
      for (int a: {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775,
                                                                      c = mat[0].size();
       9780504, 795265022}) {
                                                           9
          ll x = pow(a, d, n);
23
          if (x == 1 or x == n - 1 or a % n == 0)
                                                                 Matrix(int row, int col, bool ident=false) {
      continue;
                                                                     r = row; c = col;
                                                           12
24
                                                           13
                                                                      m = vector < vl > (r, vl(c, 0));
           for (int j = 0; j < r - 1; j++) {
                                                                      if(ident) {
2.5
                                                          14
              x = mul(x, x, n);
                                                                          for (int i = 0; i < min(r, c); i++) {
               if (x == n - 1) break;
                                                                              m[i][i] = 1;
27
                                                          16
                                                          17
29
          if (x != n - 1) return 0;
                                                          18
                                                                      }
30
                                                          19
      return 1;
31
                                                          20
32 }
                                                                 Matrix operator*(const Matrix &o) const {
                                                          2.1
                                                                     assert(c == o.r); // garantir que da pra
34 ll rho(ll n) {
                                                                 multiplicar
      if (n == 1 or prime(n)) return n;
                                                                     vector < vl > res(r, vl(o.c, 0));
                                                           23
```

```
for(11 d=2; d*d<=m; d++) {
24
25
          for(int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
                                                          6
                                                                    if(m \% d == 0){
                                                                        res = (res/d)*(d-1);
              for(int k = 0; k < c; k++) {
26
                  for(int j = 0; j < o.c; j++) {
                                                                         while(m\%d == 0)
                       res[i][j] = (res[i][j] + m[i][k]* 9
                                                                             m /= d;
      o.m[k][j]) % MOD;
                                                          10
                   }
                                                                if(m > 1) {
3.0
                                                          12
                                                                    res /= m;
31
                                                          13
                                                                     res *= (m-1);
                                                          14
          return Matrix(res);
3.3
                                                          15
34
                                                          16
                                                                return res;
                                                         17 }
35 }:
                                                         18
37 Matrix fexp(Matrix b, int e, int n) {
                                                         19 // modificacao do crivo, O(n*log(log(n)))
      if(e == 0) return Matrix(n, n, true); //
                                                         20 vector<ll> phi_to_n(ll n){
      identidade
                                                         21
                                                                vector < bool > isprime(n+1, true);
                                                                vector<11> tot(n+1);
      Matrix res = fexp(b, e/2, n);
                                                         22
      res = (res * res);
                                                                tot[0] = 0; tot[1] = 1;
      if(e\%2) res = (res * b);
                                                                for(ll i=1;i<=n; i++){
41
                                                         24
                                                          25
                                                                    tot[i] = i;
42
      return res;
                                                          26
43
44 }
                                                         2.7
                                                                for(11 p=2;p<=n;p++){
                                                          28
  5.19 Division Trick
                                                                    if(isprime[p]){
                                                         2.9
                                                          3.0
                                                                         tot[p] = p-1;
                                                                         for(11 i=p+p;i<=n;i+=p){</pre>
                                                          31
1 for(int l = 1, r; l <= n; l = r + 1) {</pre>
                                                                             isprime[i] = false;
                                                          32
      r = n / (n / 1);
                                                                             tot[i] = (tot[i]/p)*(p-1);
      // n / i has the same value for l <= i <= r
                                                          3.4
4 }
                                                                    }
                                                                }
                                                          3.6
        Linear Diophantine Equation
                                                         3.7
                                                                return tot;
                                                         38 }
1 // Linear Diophantine Equation
int gcd(int a, int b, int &x, int &y)
                                                            5.22 Kitamasa
3 {
      if (a == 0)
4
                                                          using poly = vector<mint>; // mint = int mod P with
                                                                operators +, - and *
          x = 0; y = 1;
6
                                                          2 inline int len(const poly& a) { return a.size(); } //
          return b;
                                                                 get rid of the annoying "hey a.size() is
      }
                                                                unsigned" warning
9
      int x1, y1;
      int d = gcd(b%a, a, x1, y1);
10
                                                          4 poly pmul(const poly& a, const poly& b) {
      x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
11
                                                               poly c(len(a) + len(b) - 1, 0);
      y = x1;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < len(a); i++)
13
      return d;
                                                                     for (int j = 0; j < len(b); j++)
14 }
                                                                         c[i+j] = c[i+j] + a[i] * b[j];
15
                                                                return c;
16 bool find_any_solution(int a, int b, int c, int &x0,
      int &y0, int &g)
17 - €
                                                          12 // only works if b.back() == 1
18
      g = gcd(abs(a), abs(b), x0, y0);
                                                          13 poly pmod(const poly& a, const poly& b) {
      if (c % g)
19
                                                          14
                                                                poly c(a.begin(), a.end());
          return false;
                                                                for (int i = len(c) - 1; i >= len(b) - 1; i--) {
20
                                                          1.5
                                                                     int k = i - (len(b) - 1); // index of the
                                                          16
      x0 *= c / g;
22
                                                                 quotient term
      y0 *= c / g;
                                                                    for (int j = 0; j < len(b); j++)</pre>
                                                          17
      if (a < 0) x0 = -x0;
24
                                                                         c[j+k] = c[j+k] - c[i] * b[j];
      if (b < 0) y0 = -y0;
25
                                                          19
26
      return true;
                                                          20
                                                                c.resize(len(b) - 1);
27 }
                                                          21
                                                                return c;
                                                         22 }
29 // All solutions
                                                         23
30 // x = x0 + k*b/g
                                                         24 poly ppwr(poly x, ll e, poly f) {
_{31} // y = y0 - k*a/g
                                                                poly ans = { 1 };
                                                          25
                                                                 for (; e > 0; e /= 2) {
                                                          26
  5.21 Totient
                                                                     if (e & 1) ans = pmod(pmul(ans, x), f);
                                                          27
                                                                     x = pmod(pmul(x, x), f);
_{1} // phi(p^k) = (p^(k-1))*(p-1) com p primo
                                                         2.9
2 // O(sqrt(m))
                                                                return ans;
                                                          30
3 ll phi(ll m){
                                                          31 }
```

32

ll res = m;

```
_{33} // values = { A0, A1, ..., An }. recurrence = C0 \boldsymbol{x} A0 _{37}
                                                                          num w(1):
      + C1 × A1 + ... + Cn × An generates A{n+1} 38
                                                                          for (int j=0;j<len/2;j++){</pre>
                                                                              num \ u = a[i+j], \ v = a[i+j+len/2] * w;
34 mint kitamasa(const poly& values, const poly&
                                                          3.9
                                                                              a[i+j] = u + v;
      recurrence, ll n) {
      poly f(len(recurrence) + 1);
                                                                              a[i+j+len/2] = u - v;
      f.back() = 1;
                                                                              w = w * wlen;
36
                                                          42
      for (int i = 0; i < len(recurrence); i++)</pre>
          f[i] = mint(0) - recurrence[i];
                                                                      }
38
                                                          44
39
      auto d = ppwr(poly{0, 1}, n, f); // x^N mod f(x) 46
                                                                 if(invert)
40
                                                                   for(num &x: a)
41
                                                          47
                                                          48
                                                                       x = x/n;
      for (int i = 0; i < len(values); i++)</pre>
43
                                                          49
          ans = ans + d[i] * values[i];
                                                          50 }
44
45
      return ans;
                                                          5.1
                                                          52 vector<ll> multiply(vector<int> const& a, vector<int>
                                                                  const& b){
  5.23 Frac
                                                                 vector < num > fa(a.begin(), a.end());
                                                          5.3
                                                                 vector < num > fb(b.begin(), b.end());
                                                                 int n = 1;
                                                          5.5
1 struct frac {
                                                                 while(n < int(a.size() + b.size()) )</pre>
                                                           56
      ll num, den;
      frac(11 num=0, 11 den=1) : num(num), den(den) {} 57
                                                                    n <<= 1:
                                                                 fa.resize(n):
      frac operator+(const frac &o) const { return {num 59
                                                                 fb.resize(n);
      *o.den + o.num*den, den*o.den}; }
                                                                 fft(fa, false);
      frac operator-(const frac &o) const { return {num 61
                                                                 fft(fb, false);
      *o.den - o.num*den, den*o.den}; }
                                                                 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
      frac operator*(const frac &o) const { return {num
                                                                      fa[i] = fa[i]*fb[i];
      *o.num, den*o.den}; }
                                                                 fft(fa, true);
      frac operator/(const frac &o) const { return {num}_{65}^{\circ}
                                                                 vector<ll> result(n);
      *o.den, den*o.num}; }
                                                                 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
      bool operator < (const frac &o) const { return num*
                                                                     result[i] = round(fa[i].a);
                                                           6.7
      o.den < den*o.num; }
                                                                 while(result.back() == 0) result.pop_back();
                                                          68
9 };
                                                                 return result;
                                                          70 }
  5.24 Fft Simple
                                                                  Geometria
                                                             6
                                                             6.1 Inside Polygon
      ld a {0.0}, b {0.0};
                                                           1 // Convex O(logn)
      num(){}
      num(ld na) : a{na}{}
                                                           3 bool insideT(point a, point b, point c, point e){
```

```
1 #define ld long double
2 const ld PI = acos(-1);
4 struct num{
      num(ld na, ld nb) : a{na}, b{nb} {}
      const num operator+(const num &c) const{
9
          return num(a + c.a, b + c.b);
12
      const num operator - (const num &c) const{
         return num(a - c.a, b - c.b);
1.3
14
       const num operator*(const num &c) const{
15
         return num(a*c.a - b*c.b, a*c.b + b*c.a);
16
       const num operator/(const int &c) const{
1.8
19
          return num(a/c, b/c);
20
21 };
void fft(vector<num> &a, bool invert){
      int n = a.size();
24
      for (int i=1, j=0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
25
          int bit = n >> 1;
26
          for(; j&bit; bit>>=1)
              j^=bit;
28
          j^=bit;
          if(i<j)
3.0
              swap(a[i], a[j]);
31
      for(int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1){
33
          ld ang = 2 * PI / len * (invert ? -1 : 1);
          num wlen(cos(ang), sin(ang));
3.5
```

for(int i=0;i<n;i+=len){</pre>

```
int x = ccw(a, b, e);
      int y = ccw(b, c, e);
5
      int z = ccw(c, a, e);
      return !((x==1 or y==1 or z==1) and (x==-1 or y
      ==-1 or z==-1));
8 }
10 bool inside(vp &p, point e){ // ccw
    int 1=2, r=(int)p.size()-1;
11
12
       while(l<r){
          int mid = (1+r)/2;
1.3
1.4
           if(ccw(p[0], p[mid], e) == 1)
              l = mid + 1;
15
           elsef
16
               r=mid;
17
18
      }
19
      // bordo
20
21
      // if (r==(int)p.size()-1 and ccw(p[0], p[r], e)
      ==0) return false;
      // if(r==2 and ccw(p[0], p[1], e)==0) return
22
      false:
      // if(ccw(p[r], p[r-1], e) == 0) return false;
23
24
      return insideT(p[0], p[r-1], p[r], e);
25 }
26
28 // Any O(n)
```

```
x0 = min(x0, pi.x); x1 = max(x1, pi.x);
30 int inside(vp &p, point pp){
                                                         1.9
31
      // 1 - inside / 0 - boundary / -1 - outside
                                                         20
                                                                         y0 = min(y0, pi.y); y1 = max(y1, pi.y);
      int n = p.size();
                                                                         z0 = min(z0, pi.z); z1 = max(z1, pi.z);
32
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
33
          int j = (i+1) \%n;
                                                                    if (p.size() > 1) {
          if(line({p[i], p[j]}).inside_seg(pp))
                                                                        auto cmp = (x1-x0 >= y1-y0 \text{ and } x1-x0 >=
35
                                                                z1-z0 ? on_x : (y1-y0 >= z1-z0 ? on_y:on_z));
                                                                         sort(p.begin(), p.end(), cmp);
3.7
      int inter = 0;
                                                                         // divide by taking half the array for
38
                                                                each child (not
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
          int j = (i+1)%n;
                                                                        // best performance with many duplicates
40
          if(p[i].x \le pp.x and pp.x \le p[j].x and ccw(p)
                                                                in the middle)
                                                                        int half = p.size() / 2;
      [i], p[j], pp)==1)
              inter++; // up
                                                                         first = new Node({p.begin(), p.begin() +
          else if(p[j].x \le pp.x and pp.x \le p[i].x and
43
      ccw(p[i], p[j], pp) == -1)
                                                                         second = new Node({p.begin() + half, p.
              inter++; // down
                                                                end()});
45
                                                                   }
      if(inter%2==0) return -1; // outside
47
                                                         33 };
      else return 1; // inside
                                                         34
48
49 }
                                                         35 struct KDTree {
                                                                Node* root:
                                                         36
  6.2 Sort By Angle
                                                                KDTree(const vp& p) : root(new Node({p.begin(), p
                                                                .end()})) {}
                                                         3.8
1 // Comparator funcion for sorting points by angle
                                                                pair < cod, point > search(Node *node, const point&
3 int ret[2][2] = {{3, 2},{4, 1}};
                                                                    if (!node->first) {
4 inline int quad(point p) {
                                                                        // uncomment if we should not find the
                                                          4.1
      return ret[p.x >= 0][p.y >= 0];
                                                                point itself:
                                                                        if (p == node->pt) return {LLINF, point()
8 bool comp(point a, point b) { // ccw \,\,
                                                                         return make_pair(norm(p - node->pt), node
      int qa = quad(a), qb = quad(b);
                                                                ->pt);
      return (qa == qb ? (a ^ b) > 0 : qa < qb);
10
11 }
                                                         45
12
                                                                     Node *f = node->first, *s = node->second;
                                                         46
^{13} // only vectors in range [x+0, x+180)
                                                                     cod bfirst = f->distance(p), bsec = s->
                                                         47
14 bool comp(point a, point b){
                                                                distance(p);
      return (a ^ b) > 0; // ccw
1.5
                                                                    if (bfirst > bsec) swap(bsec, bfirst), swap(f
16
      // return (a ^ b) < 0; // cw
                                                                , s);
17 }
                                                         5.0
                                                                     auto best = search(f, p);
  6.3 Kdtree
                                                                     if (bsec < best first)</pre>
                                                          51
                                                                         best = min(best, search(s, p));
1 bool on_x(const point& a, const point& b) { return a.53
                                                                     return best;
      x < b.x; }
2 bool on_y(const point& a, const point& b) { return a. 55
                                                                // find nearest point to a point, and its squared
      y < b.y; }
                                                                 distance
3 bool on_z(const point& a, const point& b) { return a.
                                                                // (requires an arbitrary operator< for Point)</pre>
      z < b.z; }
                                                                pair < cod , point > nearest(const point& p) {
                                                                    return search(root, p);
                                                         5.9
5 struct Node {
      point pt; // if this is a leaf, the single point ^{60}
      in it
      cod x0 = LLINF, x1 = -LLINF, y0 = LLINF, y1 = -
                                                            6.4 Intersect Polygon
      LLINF, z0 = LLINF, z1 = -LLINF; // bounds
      Node *first = 0, *second = 0;
                                                          1 bool intersect(vector<point> A, vector<point> B) //
      cod distance(const point &p) { // min squared
                                                                Ordered ccw
10
      distance to a point
          cod x = (p.x < x0 ? x0 : p.x > x1 ? x1 : p.x) 3
                                                                for(auto a: A)
                                                                    if(inside(B, a))
          cod y = (p.y < y0 ? y0 : p.y > y1 ? y1 : p.y) 5
                                                                         return true;
                                                                for(auto b: B)
          cod z = (p.z < z0 ? z0 : p.z > z1 ? z1 : p.z) 7
                                                                    if(inside(A, b))
                                                                        return true;
          return norm(point(x,y,z) - p);
                                                                if(inside(B, center(A)))
1.5
                                                         1.0
                                                                    return true;
      Node(vp&& p) : pt(p[0]) {
                                                          12
          for (point pi : p) {
                                                                return false;
                                                          1.3
18
```

```
14 }
                                                                                                                                  ans += st.query(s.ss.ff, s.ss.ss);
                                                                                                       3.4
                                                                                                       35
                                                                                                                                  // auto it1 = on.lower_bound(s.ss.ff);
                                                                                                                                  // auto it2 = on.upper_bound(s.ss.ss);
    6.5 Mindistpair
                                                                                                       36
                                                                                                                                  // for(auto it = it1; it!=it2; it++){
                                                                                                       37
                                                                                                                                              intersection -> (s.ff, it);
                                                                                                                                  //
 1 ll MinDistPair(vp &vet){
                                                                                                                                  // }
                                                                                                       39
           int n = vet.size();
                                                                                                                          }
                                                                                                       40
            sort(vet.begin(), vet.end());
                                                                                                       4.1
            set <point > s;
                                                                                                       42
                                                                                                                   cout << ans << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                       43
           ll best_dist = LLINF;
                                                                                                       44
            int j=0;
                                                                                                       45
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i + +) {</pre>
                                                                                                       46
                                                                                                                   return 0;
                  11 d = ceil(sqrt(best_dist));
                   while(j < n and vet[i].x-vet[j].x >= d){
                          s.erase(point(vet[j].y, vet[j].x));
                                                                                                                      Convex Hull
                                                                                                           6.7
                          j++;
12
                   }
                                                                                                        vp convex_hull(vp P)
14
                   auto it1 = s.lower_bound({vet[i].y - d, vet[i].auto it1 = s.lower_bound({vet[i].x - d, vet[i].auto it1 = s.lower_bound({vet[i].x - d, vet[i].auto it1 = s.lower_b
1.5
                                                                                                                   sort(P.begin(), P.end());
           ].x});
                                                                                                                   vp L, U;
                   auto it2 = s.upper_bound({vet[i].y + d, vet[i
16
                                                                                                                   for(auto p: P){
           ].x});
                                                                                                                          while (L.size() \ge 2 \text{ and } ccw(L.end()[-2], L.back
                                                                                                                   (), p)!=1)
                   for(auto it=it1; it!=it2; it++){
18
                                                                                                                                  L.pop_back();
                          11 dx = vet[i].x - it->y;
19
                                                                                                                           L.push_back(p);
                                                                                                        8
20
                          11 dy = vet[i].y - it->x;
                                                                                                        9
                           if(best_dist > dx*dx + dy*dy){
                                                                                                       10
                                                                                                                   reverse(P.begin(), P.end());
                                  best_dist = dx*dx + dy*dy;
                                                                                                       11
                                                                                                                   for(auto p: P){
                                  // vet[i] e inv(it)
                                                                                                                          while(U.size()>=2 and ccw(U.end()[-2], U.back
                                                                                                       12
                          }
24
                                                                                                                   (), p)!=1)
                   }
                                                                                                                                  U.pop_back();
26
                                                                                                       14
                                                                                                                           U.push_back(p);
                   s.insert(point(vet[i].y, vet[i].x));
            }
                                                                                                       16
                                                                                                                   L.pop_back();
            return best dist:
29
                                                                                                                   L.insert(L.end(), U.begin(), U.end()-1);
                                                                                                       17
30 }
                                                                                                       18
                                                                                                                   return L:
                                                                                                       19 }
    6.6 Numintersectionline
                                                                                                           6.8 Voronoi
 int main()
                                                                                                        bool polygonIntersection(line &seg, vp &p) {
                                                                                                                 long double 1 = -1e18, r = 1e18;
 3
            int lim = 1e6:
            Segtree st(lim+100);
                                                                                                                   for(auto ps : p) {
            int n, m, y, x, 1, r;
                                                                                                                          long double z = seg.eval(ps);
                                                                                                                          1 = max(1, z);
           cin >> n >> m;
                                                                                                                           r = min(r, z);
            int open=-1, close=INF; // open -> check -> close \tau
            vector< pair<int, pii> > sweep;
                                                                                                                   return 1 - r > EPS;
                                                                                                        9 }
1.0
           ll ans = 0;
                                                                                                       10
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++){ // horizontal</pre>
                                                                                                       11 int w, h;
12
                   cin >> y >> 1 >> r;
13
                                                                                                       12
                   sweep.pb({1, {open, y}});
                                                                                                      13 line getBisector(point a, point b) {
14
                   sweep.pb({r, {close, y}});
                                                                                                                  line ans(a, b);
1.5
                                                                                                      14
16
                                                                                                       15
                                                                                                                   swap(ans.a, ans.b);
            for(int i=0;i<m;i++){ // vertical</pre>
                                                                                                                   ans b *=-1;
17
                                                                                                       16
                   cin >> x >> 1 >> r;
                                                                                                                   ans.c = ans.a * (a.x + b.x) * 0.5 + ans.b * (a.y)
18
                                                                                                       17
                   sweep.pb({x, {1, r}});
                                                                                                                   + b.y) * 0.5;
20
                                                                                                       18
                                                                                                                   return ans;
            sort(sweep.begin(), sweep.end());
                                                                                                       19 }
21
22
                                                                                                       20
            // set < int > on;
                                                                                                       21 vp cutPolygon(vp poly, line seg) {
2.3
            for(auto s: sweep){
                                                                                                       22
                                                                                                                   int n = (int) poly.size();
                   if(s.ss.ff==open){
2.5
                                                                                                       23
                                                                                                                   vp ans;
                           st.update(s.ss.ss, 1);
                                                                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                                       24
                                                                                                                           double z = seg.eval(poly[i]);
27
                          // on.insert(s.ss.ss);
                                                                                                       25
                                                                                                                           if(z > -EPS) {
                                                                                                       26
                   else if(s.ss.ff == close){
                                                                                                                                  ans.push_back(poly[i]);
                                                                                                       27
                          st.update(s.ss.ss, -1);
3.0
                                                                                                       28
                           // on.erase(s.ss.ss);
                                                                                                                           double z2 = seg.eval(poly[(i + 1) % n]);
                                                                                                       29
                                                                                                                           if((z > EPS && z2 < -EPS) || (z < -EPS && z2
                   }
32
                                                                                                       3.0
                   else{
                                                                                                                   > EPS)) {
33
```

```
ans.push_back(inter_line(seg, line(poly[i 14
                                                                  point n = (v1^v2);
3.1
      ], poly[(i + 1) % n]))[0]);
                                                                  for(int i=0;i<3;i++){</pre>
32
                                                           16
                                                                     point va = p-v[i];
33
      return ans;
                                                           18
                                                                      point vb = v[(i+1)\%3]-v[i];
                                                                      point ve = vb^n;
35
                                                           19
                                                                      ld d = ve*v[i];
                                                           20
37 // BE CAREFUL!
                                                                      //se ponto coplanar com um dos lados do
38 // the first point may be any point
                                                                  prisma (va^vb eh nulo),
39 // O(N^3)
                                                                      //ele esta dentro do prisma (poderia
40 vp getCell(vp pts, int i) {
                                                                  desconsiderar pois distancia
      vp ans;
                                                                      //vai ser a msm da distancia do ponto ao
42
      ans.emplace_back(0, 0);
                                                                  segmento)
                                                                      if(!nulo(va^vb) and (v[(i+2)%3]*ve>d) ^ (p*ve
      ans.emplace_back(1e6, 0);
43
                                                           24
44
      ans.emplace_back(1e6, 1e6);
                                                                  >d)) return LLINF;
      ans.emplace_back(0, 1e6);
45
                                                           25
46
      for(int j = 0; j < (int) pts.size(); j++) {</pre>
          if(j != i) {
                                                                  //se ponto for coplanar ao triangulo (e dentro do
47
               ans = cutPolygon(ans, getBisector(pts[i],
                                                                   triangulo)
                                                                  //vai retornar zero corretamente
       pts[j]));
          }
                                                                  return fabs(misto(p-v[0],v1,v2)/norm(n));
49
                                                           29
      }
                                                           30 }
50
      return ans:
5.1
                                                           3.1
52 }
                                                           32 ld dist_pt_seg(point p, vp li){
                                                                  return norm((li[1]-li[0])^(p-li[0]))/norm(li[1]-
                                                           33
54 // O(N^2) expected time
                                                                  1i[0]):
55 vector < vp > getVoronoi(vp pts) {
                                                           34 }
      // assert(pts.size() > 0);
                                                           35
56
      int n = (int) pts.size();
                                                           36 ld dist_line(vp l1, vp l2){
57
                                                                  point n = (11[1]-11[0])^(12[1]-12[0]);
      vector < int > p(n, 0);
5.8
                                                           3.7
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                  if(nulo(n)) //retas paralelas - dist ponto a reta
59
                                                           38
          p[i] = i;
                                                                      return dist_pt_seg(12[0],11);
60
                                                           3.9
6.1
                                                           40
       shuffle(p.begin(), p.end(), rng);
                                                           41
                                                                  point o1o2 = 12[0]-11[0];
                                                                  return fabs((o1o2*n)/norm(n));
      vector < vp > ans(n);
63
                                                           42
      ans[0].emplace_back(0, 0);
                                                           43 }
                                                           44 // retas paralelas e intersecao nao nula
      ans[0].emplace_back(w, 0);
6.5
66
      ans[0].emplace_back(w, h);
                                                           45 ld dist_seg(vp l1, vp l2){
      ans[0].emplace_back(0, h);
                                                           46
67
      for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                  assert(12.size() == 2);
68
                                                           47
69
           ans[i] = ans[0];
                                                           48
                                                                  assert(11.size() == 2);
7.0
                                                           49
71
      for(auto i : p) {
                                                                  //pontos extremos do segmento
           for(auto j : p) {
                                                           5.1
                                                                  ld ans = LLINF;
               if(j == i) break;
                                                                  for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
73
                                                           52
               auto bi = getBisector(pts[j], pts[i]);
                                                           53
                                                                      for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
74
                                                                           ans = min(ans, norm(l1[i]-l2[j]));
               if(!polygonIntersection(bi, ans[j]))
7.5
                                                           5.4
      continue:
               ans[j] = cutPolygon(ans[j], getBisector( 56
                                                                  //verificando distancia de ponto extremo com
76
      pts[j], pts[i]));
                                                                  ponto interno dos segs
               ans[i] = cutPolygon(ans[i], getBisector( 57
                                                                  for(int t=0;t<2;t++){
                                                                      for(int i=0;i<2;i++){
      pts[i], pts[j]));
                                                           58
                                                                           bool c=true;
78
                                                           59
      }
                                                                           for (int k=0; k<2; k++) {
7.9
                                                           6.0
80
                                                           6.1
                                                                               point va = 11[i]-12[k];
      return ans;
81 }
                                                                               point vb = 12[!k]-12[k];
                                                           62
                                                                               ld ang = atan2(norm((vb^va)), vb*va);
                                                           63
  6.9 Tetrahedron Distance3d
                                                                               if(ang>PI/2) c = false;
                                                           65
                                                                           if(c)
1 bool nulo(point a){
                                                                               ans = min(ans, dist_pt_seg(11[i],12));
      return (eq(a.x, 0) and eq(a.y, 0) and eq(a.z, 0)) ^{67}
                                                                      swap(11,12);
3 }
                                                           70
5 ld misto(point p1, point p2, point p3){
                                                                  //ponto interno com ponto interno dos segmentos
                                                           72
      return (p1^p2)*p3;
                                                           73
                                                                  point v1 = 11[1]-11[0], v2 = 12[1]-12[0];
7 }
                                                           74
                                                                  point n = v1^v2;
                                                           7.5
                                                                  if(!nulo(n)){
9 ld dist_pt_face(point p, vp v){
                                                                      bool ok = true;
      assert(v.size()==3);
                                                           76
1.0
                                                                      for(int t=0;t<2;t++){</pre>
                                                           7.7
                                                                           point n2 = v2^n;
      point v1 = v[1]-v[0];
                                                           78
12
                                                                           point o1o2 = 12[0]-11[0];
                                                           7.9
      point v2 = v[2] - v[0];
13
```

```
ld escalar = (o1o2*n2)/(v1*n2);
                                                                   point operator^(const point &o) const { // cross
80
                                                            32
                if(escalar<0 or escalar>1) ok = false;
                                                            33
                                                                     return point(y*o.z - z*o.y,
81
                                                                                     z*o.x - x*o.z,
                swap(11,12);
                                                            3.4
82
                swap(v1,v2);
                                                            3.5
                                                                                     x*o.y - y*o.x);
83
           }
           if(ok) ans = min(ans.dist line(11.12));
                                                            37 }:
85
86
                                                            _{\mbox{\footnotesize 39}} ld norm(point a) { // Modulo
87
                                                                   return sqrt(a * a);
88
       return ans:
                                                            40
89 }
                                                            41 }
                                                            42 cod norm2(point a) {
90
91 ld ver(vector < vp > & vet) {
                                                            43
                                                                   return a * a;
                                                            44 }
92
       ld ans = LLINF;
       // vertice - face
                                                            45 bool nulo(point a) {
93
94
       for(int k=0; k<2; k++)
                                                            46
                                                                  return (eq(a.x, 0) \text{ and } eq(a.y, 0) \text{ and } eq(a.z, 0))
           for(int pt=0;pt<4;pt++)
95
96
               for(int i=0;i<4;i++){
                                                            47 }
                                                            _{\rm 48} ld proj(point a, point b) { // a sobre b
97
                    vp v;
                    for(int j=0;j<4;j++){
                                                                   return (a*b)/norm(b);
                        if(i!=j) v.pb(vet[!k][j]);
99
                                                            50 }
                                                            51 ld angle(point a, point b) { // em radianos
100
                    ans = min(ans, dist_pt_face(vet[k][pt 52
                                                                   return acos((a*b) / norm(a) / norm(b));
       ], v));
                                                            53
                                                            55 cod triple(point a, point b, point c) {
       // edge - edge
                                                            56
                                                                   return (a * (b^c)); // Area do paralelepipedo
104
       for (int i1 = 0; i1 < 4; i1 + +)</pre>
105
                                                            57
           for(int j1=0; j1<i1; j1++)
106
                                                            58
                for(int i2=0;i2<4;i2++)
                                                            59 point normilize(point a) {
                    for(int j2=0; j2<i2; j2++)
                                                                 return a/norm(a):
108
                                                            60
                        ans = min(ans, dist_seg({vet[0][ 61 }
       i1], vet[0][j1]},
                                                  {vet[1][ 63 struct plane {
110
       i2], vet[1][j2]}));
                                                            64
                                                                   cod a, b, c, d;
                                                            65
                                                                   point p1, p2, p3;
111
                                                                   plane(point p1=0, point p2=0, point p3=0): p1(p1)
112
       return ans;
                                                                   , p2(p2), p3(p3) {
113
                                                                       point aux = (p1-p3)^(p2-p3);
   6.10 3d
                                                                       a = aux.x; b = aux.y; c = aux.z;
                                                            68
                                                                       d = -a*p1.x - b*p1.y - c*p1.z;
                                                            69
                                                            70
 1 // typedef ll cod;
                                                                   plane(point p, point normal) {
 2 // bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return (a==b); }
                                                            72
                                                                       normal = normilize(normal);
                                                            7.3
                                                                       a = normal.x; b = normal.y; c = normal.z;
 4 \text{ const} 1d \text{ EPS} = 1e-6;
                                                                       d = -(p*normal);
                                                            74
 5 #define vp vector<point>
 6 typedef ld cod;
 7 bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return fabs(a - b) <= EPS; }</pre>
                                                                   // ax+by+cz+d = 0;
                                                                   cod eval(point &p) {
 9 struct point
                                                            7.8
                                                            79
                                                                       return a*p.x + b*p.y + c*p.z + d;
10
                                                            80
       cod x, y, z;
       point(cod x=0, cod y=0, cod z=0): x(x), y(y), z(z^{81});
       ) {}
                                                            83 cod dist(plane pl, point p) {
                                                                   return fabs(pl.a*p.x + pl.b*p.y + pl.c*p.z + pl.d
       point operator+(const point &o) const {
                                                            84
1.4
                                                                   ) / sqrt(pl.a*pl.a + pl.b*pl.b + pl.c*pl.c);
           return {x+o.x, y+o.y, z+o.z};
1.5
                                                            85
16
       point operator - (const point &o) const {
                                                            86
17
                                                            87 point rotate(point v, point k, ld theta) {
           return {x-o.x, y-o.y, z-o.z};
                                                                   // Rotaciona o vetor v theta graus em torno do
19
                                                                   eixo k
       point operator*(cod t) const {
20
                                                                   // theta *= PI/180; // graus
                                                            89
21
           return {x*t, y*t, z*t};
                                                                   return (
                                                            90
                                                                       v*cos(theta)) +
       point operator/(cod t) const {
                                                            91
                                                                       ((k^v)*sin(theta)) +
24
          return \{x/t, y/t, z/t\};
                                                                       (k*(k*v))*(1-cos(theta)
                                                            93
25
26
       bool operator == (const point &o) const {
                                                            94
          return eq(x, o.x) and eq(y, o.y) and eq(z, o.95)
                                                            96
                                                            97 // 3d line inter / mindistance
28
                                                            98 cod d(point p1, point p2, point p3, point p4) {
       cod operator*(const point &o) const { // dot
                                                                   return (p2-p1) * (p4-p3);
           return x*o.x + y*o.y + z*o.z;
3.0
                                                            100
31
```

```
vector < point > inter3d(point p1, point p2, point p3,
                                                                  bool out(const point &r) { return (pq ^ (r - p))
       point p4) {
                                                                  < -EPS; }
       cod mua = ( d(p1, p3, p4, p3) * d(p4, p3, p2, p1) 10
                                                                  bool operator < (const Halfplane &e) const { return
        - d(p1, p3, p2, p1) * d(p4, p3, p4, p3))
                                                                   angle < e.angle; }</pre>
              / ( d(p2, p1, p2, p1) * d(p4, p3, p4, p3) 11
       - d(p4, p3, p2, p1) * d(p4, p3, p2, p1));
                                                                  friend point inter(const Halfplane &s, const
       cod mub = (d(p1, p3, p4, p3) + mua * d(p4, p3,
                                                                  Halfplane &t) {
       p2, p1) ) / d(p4, p3, p4, p3);
                                                                      1d \ alpha = ((t.p - s.p) ^ t.pq) / (s.pq ^ t.
       point pa = p1 + (p2-p1) * mua;
105
                                                                  pq);
       point pb = p3 + (p4-p3) * mub;
                                                                      return s.p + (s.pq * alpha);
106
                                                           14
       if (pa == pb) return {pa};
                                                           15
108
       return {};
                                                           16 };
109 }
                                                           17
                                                           18 vp hp_intersect(vector<Halfplane> &H) {
         Linear Transformation
                                                           19
                                                                  point box[4] = {
                                                           20
                                                                      point(LLINF, LLINF),
 1 // Apply linear transformation (p -> q) to r.
                                                                      point(-LLINF, LLINF),
 _{\rm 2} point linear_transformation(point p0, point p1, point _{\rm 23}
                                                                      point(-LLINF, -LLINF),
       q0, point q1, point r) {
                                                                      point(LLINF, -LLINF)
       point dp = p1-p0, dq = q1-q0, num((dp^dq), (dp^dq)
       for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
       *dp);
                                                                      Halfplane aux(box[i], box[(i+1) % 4]);
 5 }
                                                                      H.push_back(aux);
                                                           29
                                                           3.0
   6.12
          Rotating Callipers
                                                           31
                                                                  sort(H.begin(), H.end());
                                                           32
                                                                  deque < Halfplane > dq;
                                                           33
 1 int N:
                                                                  int len = 0;
                                                           3.4
                                                                  for(int i = 0; i < (int)H.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                           35
 3 int sum(int i, int x){
                                                           36
       if(i+x>N-1) return (i+x-N);
 4
                                                                      while (len > 1 && H[i].out(inter(dq[len-1],
                                                           37
       return i+x;
                                                                  dq[len-2]))) {
 6 }
                                                                           dq.pop_back();
                                                           38
                                                           39
                                                                           --len;
 8 ld rotating_callipers(vp &vet){
                                                           40
       N = vet.size();
                                                           41
1.0
       ld ans = 0;
                                                                      while (len > 1 && H[i].out(inter(dq[0], dq
       // 2 triangulos (p1, p3, p4) (p1, p2, p3); for(int i=0;i<N;i++){ // p1
11
                                                                  [1]))) {
12
                                                                           dq.pop_front();
           int p2 = sum(i, 1); // p2
13
                                                           44
                                                                           --len;
14
           int p4 = sum(i, 3); // p4
           for(int j=sum(i, 2); j!=i; j=sum(j, 1)){ // p3
1.5
               if(j==p2) p2 = sum(p2, 1);
16
                                                                      if (len > 0 && fabsl((H[i].pq ^ dq[len-1].pq)
                                                           47
                while(sum(p2, 1)!=j and areaT(vet[p2],
17
                                                                  ) < EPS) {
       vet[i], vet[j]) < areaT(vet[sum(p2, 1)], vet[i],</pre>
                                                                           if ((H[i].pq * dq[len-1].pq) < 0.0)
       vet[j]))
                                                                               return vp();
18
                    p2 = sum(p2, 1);
                while(sum(p4, 1)!=i and areaT(vet[p4],
                                                                           if (H[i].out(dq[len-1].p)) {
                                                           51
       \verb|vet[i]|, \verb|vet[j]|) < \verb|areaT(vet[sum(p4, 1)]|, \verb|vet[i]|, |
                                                           52
                                                                               dq.pop_back();
       vet[j]))
                                                           53
                                                                               --len;
                    p4 = sum(p4, 1);
20
                                                                           }
21
                                                                           else continue;
                ans = max(ans, area(vet[i], vet[p2], vet[
       j], vet[p4]));
                                                           5.7
           }
23
                                                                      dq.push_back(H[i]);
                                                           58
       }
24
                                                                      ++len;
25
                                                           60
26
       return ans;
                                                           61
27 }
                                                           62
                                                                  while (len > 2 && dq[0].out(inter(dq[len-1], dq[
                                                                  len-2]))) {
         Halfplane Inter
   6.13
                                                                      dq.pop_back();
                                                           64
                                                                      --len;
 1 struct Halfplane {
       point p, pq;
                                                                  while (len > 2 && dq[len-1].out(inter(dq[0], dq
                                                           67
 3
       ld angle;
                                                                  [1]))) {
       Halfplane() {}
                                                                      dq.pop_front();
       Halfplane(const point &a, const point &b) : p(a), 68
        pq(b - a) {
                                                                       --len;
           angle = atan21(pq.y, pq.x);
                                                           70
                                                           71
                                                                  if (len < 3) return vp();</pre>
```

```
33 }
7.3
74
       vp ret(len);
                                                           34
                                                           35 ld norm(point a){ // Modulo
       for(int i = 0; i+1 < len; i++) {</pre>
7.5
           ret[i] = inter(dq[i], dq[i+1]);
7.6
                                                           36
                                                                 return sqrt(a * a);
                                                           37 }
       ret.back() = inter(dq[len-1], dq[0]);
                                                           38 T norm2(point a){
78
79
       return ret;
                                                           39
                                                                  return a * a;
80 }
                                                           40 }
                                                           41 bool nulo(point a){
81
82 // O(n3)
                                                                  return (eq(a.x, 0) and eq(a.y, 0));
                                                           42
83 vp half_plane_intersect(vector<line> &v){
                                                           43 }
                                                           44 point rotccw(point p, ld a){
       vp ret;
       int n = v.size();
85
                                                           45
                                                                  // a = PI*a/180; // graus
       for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
                                                                  return point((p.x*cos(a)-p.y*sin(a)), (p.y*cos(a)
86
87
           for(int j=i+1; j<n; j++){
                                                                  +p.x*sin(a)));
               point crs = inter(v[i], v[j]);
                                                           47 }
88
                if(crs.x == INF) continue;
                                                           48 point rot90cw(point a) { return point(a.y, -a.x); };
               bool bad = 0;
                                                           49 point rot90ccw(point a) { return point(-a.y, a.x); };
90
               for(int k=0; k<n; k++)</pre>
                    if(v[k].eval(crs) < -EPS){</pre>
                                                           51 ld proj(point a, point b){ // a sobre b
92
                        bad = 1;
                                                           52
                                                                  return a*b/norm(b);
                        break;
                                                           53 }
94
                                                           _{\rm 54} ld angle(point a, point b){ // em radianos
95
                                                                  ld ang = a*b / norm(a) / norm(b);
                if(!bad) ret.push_back(crs);
                                                                  return acos(max(min(ang, (ld)1), (ld)-1));
97
                                                           56
                                                           57 }
98
99
                                                           58 ld angle_vec(point v){
                                                                  // return 180/PI*atan2(v.x, v.y); // graus
                                                           59
100
       return ret;
101 }
                                                           60
                                                                  return atan2(v.x, v.y);
                                                           61 }
   6.14 2d
                                                           62 ld order_angle(point a, point b){ // from a to b ccw
                                                                  (a in front of b)
                                                                  ld aux = angle(a,b)*180/PI;
 1 #define vp vector<point>
 2 #define ld long double
                                                           64
                                                                  return ((a^b) <=0 ? aux:360-aux);
                                                           65 }
 3 \text{ const} 1d EPS = 1e-6;
 4 const ld PI = acos(-1);
                                                           66 bool angle_less(point a1, point b1, point a2, point
                                                                  b2) { // ang(a1,b1) <= ang(a2,b2)
                                                                  point p1((a1*b1), abs((a1^b1)));
                                                           67
 6 typedef ld T;
 7 bool eq(T a, T b){ return abs(a - b) <= EPS; }</pre>
                                                           68
                                                                  point p2((a2*b2), abs((a2^b2)));
                                                                  return (p1^p2) <= 0;
                                                           69
                                                           70 }
 9 struct point{
       Тх, у;
                                                           72 ld area(vp &p){ // (points sorted)
       int id:
                                                           7.3
                                                                 ld ret = 0;
       point (T x=0, T y=0): x(x), y(y) {}
                                                                  for(int i=2;i<(int)p.size();i++)</pre>
                                                           7.4
13
                                                                      ret += (p[i]-p[0])^(p[i-1]-p[0]);
       point operator+(const point &o) const{ return {x 75}
14
                                                                  return abs(ret/2);
       + o.x, y + o.y; }
       point operator-(const point &o) const{ return {x ^{77} }
                                                           78 ld areaT(point &a, point &b, point &c){
       - o.x, y - o.y; }
       point operator*(T t) const{ return {x * t, y * t ^{79}
                                                                  return abs((b-a)^(c-a))/2.0;
1.6
                                                           80 }
       }; }
       point operator/(T t) const{ return {x / t, y / t 81
                                                           82 point center(vp &A){
       }; }
       T operator*(const point &o) const{ return x * o.x 83
                                                                point c = point();
                                                                  int len = A.size();
                                                           84
        + y * o.y; }
                                                                  for(int i=0; i < len; i++)
       T operator^(const point &o) const{ return x * o.y 85
19
                                                                     c=c+A[i];
        - y * o.x; }
                                                                  return c/len;
                                                           87
       bool operator<(const point &o) const{</pre>
2.0
           return (eq(x, o.x) ? y < o.y : x < o.x);
                                                           88 }
                                                           89
22
                                                           90 point forca_mod(point p, ld m){
       bool operator == (const point &o) const{
23
                                                                 ld cm = norm(p);
                                                           9.1
24
           return eq(x, o.x) and eq(y, o.y);
                                                                  if(cm<EPS) return point();</pre>
                                                           92
2.5
                                                                  return point(p.x*m/cm,p.y*m/cm);
       friend ostream& operator << (ostream& os, point p) 93
           return os << "(" << p.x << "," << p.y << ")"; 95
                                                           96 ld param(point a, point b, point v){
                                                           97
                                                                 // v = t*(b-a) + a // return t;
28 };
                                                           98
                                                                  // assert(line(a, b).inside_seg(v));
                                                                  return ((v-a) * (b-a)) / ((b-a) * (b-a));
30 int ccw(point a, point b, point e){ // -1=dir; 0=
                                                           99
                                                           100 }
       collinear; 1=esq;
       T tmp = (b-a) ^-(e-a); // vector from a to b
3.1
                                                           102 bool simetric(vp &a){ //ordered
       return (tmp > EPS) - (tmp < -EPS);</pre>
32
```

```
int n = a.size();
                                                           175 // segments not collinear
104
       point c = center(a);
                                                           176 vp inter_seg(line l1, line l2){
       if(n&1) return false;
105
                                                                   vp ans = inter_line(l1, l2);
       for(int i=0;i<n/2;i++)
                                                           178
                                                                   if(ans.empty() or !11.inside_seg(ans[0]) or !12.
106
            if(ccw(a[i], a[i+n/2], c) != 0)
                                                                   inside_seg(ans[0]))
               return false:
                                                                       return {}:
108
109
       return true;
                                                           180
                                                                   return ans;
110
                                                           181 }
                                                           182 bool seg_has_inter(line 11, line 12){
111
112 point mirror(point m1, point m2, point p){
                                                                   return ccw(11.p1, 11.p2, 12.p1) * ccw(11.p1, 11.
                                                                   p2, 12.p2) < 0 and
       // mirror point p around segment m1m2
113
       point seg = m2-m1;
114
                                                                          ccw(12.p1, 12.p2, 11.p1) * ccw(12.p1, 12.
       1d t0 = ((p-m1)*seg) / (seg*seg);
                                                                   p2, 11.p2) < 0;
       point ort = m1 + seg*t0;
                                                           185
116
117
       point pm = ort-(p-ort);
                                                           186
                                                           187 ld dist_seg(point p, point a, point b){ // point -
118
       return pm;
119 }
                                                                   if((p-a)*(b-a) < EPS) return norm(p-a);
120
                                                           188
                                                                   if((p-b)*(a-b) < EPS) return norm(p-b);
122 ///////////
                                                                   return abs((p-a)^(b-a)) / norm(b-a);
                                                           190
123 // Line
                                                           191 }
124 ///////////
                                                           193 ld dist_line(point p, line l){ // point - line
125
126 struct line {
                                                                   return abs(1.eval(p))/sqrt(1.a*1.a + 1.b*1.b);
       point p1, p2;
                                                           195
       T \ a, \ b, \ c; \ // \ ax+by+c = 0;
128
       // y-y1 = ((y2-y1)/(x2-x1))(x-x1)
                                                           197 line bisector(point a, point b){
       line(point p1=0, point p2=0): p1(p1), p2(p2){
                                                                 point d = (b-a)*2;
                                                           198
            a = p1.y - p2.y;
                                                           199
                                                                   return line(d.x, d.y, a*a - b*b);
           b = p2.x - p1.x;
                                                           200 }
132
           c = p1 ^p2;
                                                           201
                                                           202 line perpendicular(line 1, point p){ // passes
134
       line(T a=0, T b=0, T c=0): a(a), b(b), c(c){
                                                                  through p
           // Gera os pontos p1 p2 dados os coeficientes203
                                                                   return line(1.b, -1.a, -1.b*p.x + 1.a*p.y);
           // isso aqui eh um lixo mas quebra um galho 204 }
137
       kkkkkk
                                                           205
           if(b==0){}
138
                                                           206
                                                           207 ///////////
139
               p1 = point(1, -c/a);
                                                           208 // Circle //
               p2 = point(0, -c/a);
140
           }else{
                                                           209 ///////////
141
142
               p1 = point(1, (-c-a*1)/b);
                                                           210
               p2 = point(0, -c/b);
                                                           211 struct circle{
143
                                                           212
                                                                  point c; T r;
144
145
       }
                                                           213
                                                                   circle() : c(0, 0), r(0){}
                                                           214
                                                                   circle(const point o) : c(o), r(0){}
146
       T eval(point p){
                                                           215
                                                                   circle(const point a, const point b){
147
                                                                       c = (a+b)/2;
148
           return a*p.x+b*p.y+c;
                                                           216
                                                           217
                                                                       r = norm(a-c);
       bool inside(point p){
                                                           218
151
           return eq(eval(p), 0);
                                                           219
                                                                   circle(const point a, const point b, const point
152
       point normal(){
                                                                       assert(ccw(a, b, cc) != 0);
                                                           220
           return point(a, b);
                                                                       c = inter_line(bisector(a, b), bisector(b, cc
154
                                                                   ))[0];
                                                                       r = norm(a-c);
156
                                                           222
       bool inside_seg(point p){
157
                                                           223
           return (
                                                                   bool inside(const point &a) const{
158
                                                           224
                ((p1-p)^{(p2-p)}) == 0 and
                                                           225
                                                                       return norm(a - c) <= r + EPS;</pre>
159
                ((p1-p) * (p2-p)) <= 0
                                                           226
           );
                                                           227 };
       }
162
                                                           228
                                                           229 pair < point , point > tangent_points(circle cr, point p)
164 };
                                                                   1d d1 = norm(p-cr.c), theta = asin(cr.r/d1);
                                                           230
_{166} // be careful with precision error
                                                           231
                                                                   point p1 = rotccw(cr.c-p, -theta);
                                                                   point p2 = rotccw(cr.c-p, theta);
167 vp inter_line(line l1, line l2){
                                                           232
       ld det = 11.a*12.b - 11.b*12.a;
                                                           233
                                                                   assert(d1 >= cr.r);
168
       if(det==0) return {};
                                                                   p1 = p1 * (sqrt(d1*d1-cr.r*cr.r) / d1) + p;
169
                                                           234
       ld x = (l1.b*l2.c - l1.c*l2.b)/det;
                                                           235
                                                                   p2 = p2 * (sqrt(d1*d1-cr.r*cr.r) / d1) + p;
170
       1d y = (11.c*12.a - 11.a*12.c)/det;
                                                                   return {p1, p2};
                                                           236
       return {point(x, y)};
                                                           237 }
172
173
                                                           238
174
                                                           239
```

```
241
       1d m1 = norm(p2-p3);
                                                                  , ch(\{-1, -1\}) {}
       ld m2 = norm(p1-p3);
                                                                       11 operator ()(11 x) { return a * x + b; }
242
       1d m3 = norm(p1-p2);
       point c = (p1*m1 + p2*m2 + p3*m3)*(1/(m1+m2+m3)); 8
                                                                  vector < line > ln;
       ld s = 0.5*(m1+m2+m3);
245
       ld r = sqrt(s*(s-m1)*(s-m2)*(s-m3)) / s;
246
                                                                   int ch(int p, int d) {
                                                            10
                                                                       if (ln[p].ch[d] == -1) {
       return circle(c, r);
247
                                                                           ln[p].ch[d] = ln.size();
248
                                                                           ln.emplace_back();
249
250 circle circumcircle(point a, point b, point c) {
                                                            14
251
       circle ans;
                                                                       return ln[p].ch[d];
       point u = point((b-a).y, -(b-a).x);
                                                            16
       point v = point((c-a).y, -(c-a).x);
                                                                  Lichao() { ln.emplace_back(); }
253
                                                            17
       point n = (c-b)*0.5;
254
                                                            18
       1d t = (u^n)/(v^u);
                                                                   void add(line s, 11 1=-N, 11 r=N, int p=0) {
255
                                                            19
256
       ans.c = ((a+c)*0.5) + (v*t);
                                                            20
                                                                       11 m = (1+r)/2;
       ans.r = norm(ans.c-a);
                                                                       bool L = s(1) < ln[p](1);</pre>
                                                            2.1
258
       return ans:
                                                                       bool M = s(m) < ln[p](m);
259 }
                                                                       bool R = s(r) < ln[p](r);
                                                            23
                                                                       if (M) swap(ln[p], s), swap(ln[p].ch, s.ch);
260
                                                            24
261 vp inter_circle_line(circle C, line L){
                                                                       if (s.b == LLINF) return;
                                                            25
                                                                       if (L != M) add(s, 1, m-1, ch(p, 0));
       point ab = L.p2 - L.p1, p = L.p1 + ab * ((C.c-L. 26
262
       p1)*(ab) / (ab*ab));
                                                                       else if (R != M) add(s, m+1, r, ch(p, 1));
        \mbox{ld s} = (\mbox{L.p2-L.p1}) \mbox{`(C.c-L.p1)} \mbox{, h2} = \mbox{C.r*C.r} \mbox{ - s*s} \mbox{\ } \mbox{\ } 28 
263
        / (ab*ab);
                                                                  11 query(int x, 11 1=-N, 11 r=N, int p=0) {
                                                            29
       if (h2 < -EPS) return {};</pre>
                                                                       ll m = (l + r) / 2, ret = ln[p](x);
264
                                                            3.0
       if (eq(h2, 0)) return {p};
                                                                       if (ret == LLINF) return ret;
265
                                                            31
       point h = (ab/norm(ab)) * sqrt(h2);
                                                                       if (x < m) return min(ret, query(x, 1, m-1,
266
       return {p - h, p + h};
                                                                   ch(p, 0)));
267
268 }
                                                            33
                                                                       return min(ret, query(x, m+1, r, ch(p, 1)));
269
                                                            34
270 vp inter_circle(circle c1, circle c2){
                                                            35 };
       if (c1.c == c2.c) { assert(c1.r != c2.r); return
                                                                      Polygon Cut Length
       {}; }
                                                              6.16
       point vec = c2.c - c1.c;
       1d d2 = vec * vec, sum = c1.r + c2.r, dif = c1.r
                                                             _{1} // Polygon Cut length
       - c2.r:
                                                            2 ld solve(vp &p, point a, point b){ // ccw
       1d p = (d2 + c1.r * c1.r - c2.r * c2.r) / (2 * d2)
                                                                  int n = p.size();
       );
                                                                  1d ans = 0;
       1d h2 = c1.r * c1.r - p * p * d2;
       if (sum * sum < d2 or dif * dif > d2) return {};
276
                                                                  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
       point mid = c1.c + vec * p, per = point(-vec.y,
277
                                                                      int j = (i+1) % n;
       vec.x) * sqrt(fmax(0, h2) / d2);
       if (eq(per.x, 0) and eq(per.y, 0)) return {mid};
278
                                                                       int signi = ccw(a, b, p[i]);
       return {mid + per, mid - per};
279
                                                                       int signj = ccw(a, b, p[j]);
280
                                                                       if(signi == 0 and signj == 0){
282 // minimum circle cover O(n) amortizado
                                                                           if((b-a) * (p[j]-p[i]) > 0){
                                                            13
283 circle min_circle_cover(vp v){
                                                                               ans += param(a, b, p[j]);
                                                            14
       random_shuffle(v.begin(), v.end());
284
                                                                               ans -= param(a, b, p[i]);
                                                            15
285
       circle ans;
       int n = v.size();
                                                                       }else if(signi <= 0 and signj > 0){
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) if(!ans.inside(v[i])){</pre>
287
                                                                           ans -= param(a, b, inter_line({a, b}, {p[
            ans = circle(v[i]);
288
                                                                  i], p[j]})[0]);
            for(int j=0;j<i;j++) if(!ans.inside(v[j])){</pre>
289
                                                                       }else if(signi > 0 and signj <= 0){</pre>
               ans = circle(v[i], v[j]);
290
                                                                           ans += param(a, b, inter_line({a, b}, {p[
                291
                                                                   i], p[j]})[0]);
       ) {
                                                            21
                    ans = circle(v[i], v[j], v[k]);
292
                                                            22
                                                            23
           }
294
                                                            24
                                                                   return abs(ans * norm(b-a));
       }
295
                                                            25 }
296
       return ans;
297 }
                                                              6.17 Polygon Diameter
   6.15 Lichao
                                                            pair < point , point > polygon_diameter(vp p) {
                                                                  p = convex_hull(p);
 struct Lichao { // min
                                                                  int n = p.size(), j = n<2 ? 0:1;</pre>
                                                            3
       struct line {
                                                                  pair<11, vp > res({0, {p[0], p[0]}});
          ll a, b;
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < j; i++) {</pre>
                                                            5
           array < int, 2 > ch;
                                                                       for (;; j = (j+1) \% n) {
```

5

line(ll a\_ = 0, ll b\_ = LLINF) : a(a\_), b(b\_)

 $_{240}$  circle incircle(point p1, point p2, point p3){

```
res = max(res, {norm2(p[i] - p[j]), {p[i 7
                                                                  int id:
      ], p[j]}});
                                                                  point o;
               if ((p[(j + 1) % n] - p[j]) ^ (p[i + 1] - 9
                                                                  Q rot, nxt;
       p[i]) >= 0)
                                                           1.0
                                                                  bool used;
                   break;
           }
                                                                  QuadEdge(int id_ = -1, point o_ = point(INF, INF)
10
                                                                      id(id_), o(o_), rot(nullptr), nxt(nullptr),
      return res. second:
                                                           1.3
13 }
                                                                  used(false) {}
14
                                                           14
15 double diameter(const vector<point> &p) {
                                                                  Q rev() const { return rot->rot; }
                                                           15
16
      vector < point > h = convexHull(p);
                                                           16
                                                                  Q next() const { return nxt; }
      int m = h.size();
                                                                  Q prev() const { return rot->next()->rot; }
                                                           1.7
      if (m == 1)
                                                                  point dest() const { return rev()->o; }
18
                                                           18
19
          return 0;
                                                           19 }:
      if (m == 2)
20
                                                           20
21
          return dist(h[0], h[1]);
                                                           21 Q edge(point from, point to, int id_from, int id_to)
      int k = 1:
       while (area(h[m - 1], h[0], h[(k + 1) % m]) >
                                                                  Q e1 = new QuadEdge(id_from, from);
      area(h[m - 1], h[0], h[k]))
                                                                  Q e2 = new QuadEdge(id_to, to);
                                                           23
          ++k;
                                                                  Q e3 = new QuadEdge;
24
                                                           24
       double res = 0;
                                                                  Q e4 = new QuadEdge;
25
                                                           25
      for (int i = 0, j = k; i \le k \& k j \le m; i++) {
                                                                  tie(e1 \rightarrow rot, e2 \rightarrow rot, e3 \rightarrow rot, e4 \rightarrow rot) = \{e3, e4\}
26
                                                           26
           res = max(res, dist(h[i], h[j]));
                                                                  , e2, e1};
           while (j < m && area(h[i], h[(i + 1) \% m], h _{27}
                                                                  tie(e1->nxt, e2->nxt, e3->nxt, e4->nxt) = {e1, e2}
28
       [(j + 1) % m]) > area(h[i], h[(i + 1) % m], h[j])
                                                                  , e4, e3};
      ) {
                                                                  return e1;
               res = max(res, dist(h[i], h[(j + 1) % m]) 29 }
      );
                                                           void splice(Q a, Q b) {
3.0
               ++ j;
           }
31
                                                           32
                                                                  swap(a->nxt->rot->nxt, b->nxt->rot->nxt);
      }
                                                                  swap(a->nxt, b->nxt);
32
                                                           3.3
                                                           34 }
33
      return res;
34 }
                                                           35
                                                           36 void del_edge(Q& e, Q ne) { // delete e and assign e
        Minkowski Sum
  6.18
                                                                  splice(e, e->prev());
                                                           3.7
                                                           38
                                                                  splice(e->rev(), e->rev()->prev());
vp minkowski(vp p, vp q){
                                                                  delete e->rev()->rot, delete e->rev();
                                                           39
      int n = p.size(), m = q.size();
                                                           40
                                                                  delete e->rot; delete e;
      auto reorder = [&](vp &p) {
                                                                  e = ne;
           // set the first vertex must be the lowest
                                                           42 }
           int id = 0;
                                                           43
           for(int i=1;i<p.size();i++){</pre>
                                                            44 Q conn(Q a, Q b) {
              if (p[i].y < p[id].y or (p[i].y == p[id].y_{45}^{-1}
                                                                  Q = edge(a->dest(), b->o, a->rev()->id, b->id);
       and p[i].x < p[id].x))</pre>
                                                           46
                                                                  splice(e, a->rev()->prev());
                   id = i;
                                                                  splice(e->rev(), b);
                                                           47
                                                                  return e:
           rotate(p.begin(), p.begin() + id, p.end());
                                                           49 }
                                                           50
                                                           51 bool in_c(point a, point b, point c, point p) { // p
      reorder(p); reorder(q);
13
                                                                  ta na circunf. (a, b, c) ?
      p.push_back(p[0]);
14
                                                                  \__int128 p2 = p*p, A = a*a - p2, B = b*b - p2, C
15
      q.push_back(q[0]);
                                                                  = c*c - p2;
      vp ans; int i = 0, j = 0;
16
                                                                  return areaT2(p, a, b) * C + areaT2(p, b, c) * A
      while(i < n or j < m){
                                                                  + areaT2(p, c, a) * B > 0;
           ans.push_back(p[i] + q[j]);
18
           cod cross = (p[i+1] - p[i]) ^ (q[j+1] - q[j])_{55}^ 
19
                                                           56 pair < Q, Q > build_tr(vector < point > & p, int 1, int r) {
           if(cross >= 0) i ++;
20
                                                                  if (r-l+1 <= 3) {
                                                           57
           if(cross <= 0) j ++;</pre>
21
                                                           5.8
                                                                      Q = edge(p[1], p[1+1], 1, 1+1), b = edge(p[
22
                                                                  l+1], p[r], l+1, r);
23
      return ans:
                                                                      if (r-1+1 == 2) return {a, a->rev()};
24 }
                                                                      splice(a->rev(), b);
                                                           60
                                                           61
                                                                      11 ar = areaT2(p[1], p[1+1], p[r]);
  6.19 Delaunay
                                                                      Q c = ar ? conn(b, a) : 0;
                                                           62
                                                                      if (ar >= 0) return {a, b->rev()};
                                                           63
1 T areaT2(point &a, point &b, point &c){
                                                           64
                                                                      return {c->rev(), c};
                                                           65
      return abs((b-a)^(c-a));
                                                                  int m = (1+r)/2;
3 }
                                                           66
                                                                  auto [la, ra] = build_tr(p, l, m);
                                                           67
                                                                  auto [lb, rb] = build_tr(p, m+1, r);
                                                           68
5 typedef struct QuadEdge* Q;
                                                           6.9
                                                                  while (true) {
6 struct QuadEdge {
```

```
if (ccw(lb->o, ra->o, ra->dest())) ra = ra-> 8
                                                                   int n:
7.0
       rev()->prev();
                                                                    vector < vector < int >> st;
           else if (ccw(lb->o, ra->o, lb->dest())) lb = 10
       lb -> rev() -> next();
                                                                    Sparse(vector<int>& v) {
           else break;
                                                                        n = v.size();
                                                                        int k = logv[n];
       }
73
                                                             13
       Q b = conn(lb -> rev(), ra);
74
                                                             14
                                                                        st.assign(n+1, vector < int > (k+1, 0));
       auto valid = [\&](Q e) { return ccw(e->dest(), b->15
7.5
       dest(), b->o); };
                                                                        for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {
       if (ra->o == la->o) la = b->rev();
                                                                             st[i][0] = v[i];
76
       if (1b \rightarrow 0 == rb \rightarrow 0) rb = b;
                                                             18
       while (true) {
                                                             19
                                                                        for(int j = 1; j \le k; j++) {
           Q L = b \rightarrow rev() \rightarrow next();
79
                                                             20
           if (valid(L)) while (in_c(b->dest(), b->o, L 21
                                                                            for(int i = 0; i + (1 << j) <= n; i++) {
80
       ->dest(), L->next()->dest()))
                                                                                 st[i][j] = f(st[i][j-1], st[i + (1 <<
                del_edge(L, L->next());
                                                                     (i-1))][i-1]);
81
82
            Q R = b - prev();
                                                                             }
           if (valid(R)) while (in_c(b->dest(), b->o, R _{24}
83
       ->dest(), R->prev()->dest()))
                del_edge(R, R->prev());
84
                                                             26
            if (!valid(L) and !valid(R)) break;
                                                                    int f(int a, int b) {
                                                             27
85
            if (!valid(L) or (valid(R) and in_c(L->dest() 28
                                                                        return min(a, b);
86
        , L->o, R->o, R->dest()))
                                                            29
                b = conn(R, b \rightarrow rev());
            else b = conn(b->rev(), L->rev());
                                                                    int query(int 1, int r) {
88
                                                             3.1
                                                             32
                                                                        int k = logv[r-l+1];
89
                                                                        return f(st[l][k], st[r - (1 << k) + 1][k]);
90
       return {la, rb};
                                                             33
91 }
                                                             34
                                                             35 };
92
93 vector < vector < int >> delaunay (vp v) {
                                                             3.6
       int n = v.size();
                                                             37
94
                                                             38 struct Sparse2d {
9.5
       auto tmp = v;
       vector < int > idx(n);
                                                                   int n, m;
96
                                                             3.9
97
       iota(idx.begin(), idx.end(), 0);
                                                                    vector<vector<int>>> st;
       sort(idx.begin(), idx.end(), [&](int 1, int r) { 41
98
       return v[1] < v[r]; });
                                                                    Sparse2d(vector < vector < int >> mat) {
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) v[i] = tmp[idx[i]];</pre>
                                                                        n = mat.size();
99
       assert(unique(v.begin(), v.end()) == v.end());
                                                                        m = mat[0].size();
100
                                                             44
       vector < vector < int >> g(n);
                                                                        int k = logv[min(n, m)];
       bool col = true;
                                                             46
       for (int i = 2; i < n; i++) if (areaT2(v[i], v[i 47</pre>
103
                                                                        st.assign(n+1, vector < vector < int >> (m+1,
       -1], v[i-2])) col = false;
                                                                    vector < int > (k+1)));
                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       if (col) {
                                                                             for(int j = 0; j < m; j++)</pre>
            for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                                                 st[i][j][0] = mat[i][j];
                g[idx[i-1]].push_back(idx[i]), g[idx[i]].50
106
       push_back(idx[i-1]);
                                                                        for(int j = 1; j <= k; j++) {
           return g;
                                                                             for(int x1 = 0; x1 < n; x1++) {
                                                                                 for(int y1 = 0; y1 < m; y1++) {
       Q e = build_tr(v, 0, n-1).first;
109
                                                             54
110
       vector < Q > edg = {e};
                                                                                      int delta = (1 << (j-1));</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < edg.size(); e = edg[i++]) {</pre>
                                                                                     if(x1+delta >= n or y1+delta >= m
           for (Q at = e; !at->used; at = at->next()) {
                                                                    ) continue;
                at->used = true;
                g[idx[at->id]].push_back(idx[at->rev()-> 58
                                                                                     st[x1][y1][j] = st[x1][y1][j-1];
114
       id]);
                                                                                      st[x1][y1][j] = f(st[x1][y1][j],
                                                             59
                                                                    st[x1+delta][y1][j-1]);
                edg.push_back(at->rev());
115
           }
                                                                                      st[x1][y1][j] = f(st[x1][y1][j],
116
       }
                                                                    st[x1][y1+delta][j-1]);
117
                                                                                     st[x1][y1][j] = f(st[x1][y1][j],
118
       return g;
                                                             61
119 }
                                                                    st[x1+delta][y1+delta][j-1]);
                                                             62
                                                                                 }
        ED
                                                                        }
                                                             64
                                                             65
   7.1 Sparse Table
                                                                    // so funciona para quadrados
                                                             67
                                                                    int query(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
                                                             68
 int logv[N+1];
                                                                        assert(x2-x1+1 == y2-y1+1);
 void make_log() {
                                                             69
                                                                        int k = logv[x2-x1+1];
       logv[1] = 0; // pre-computar tabela de log
                                                             70
       for (int i = 2; i <= N; i++)</pre>
                                                                        int delta = (1 << k);</pre>
           logv[i] = logv[i/2] + 1;
                                                             72
                                                                        int res = st[x1][y1][k];
 6 }
                                                             73
                                                             7.4
                                                                        res = f(res, st[x2 - delta+1][y1][k]);
 7 struct Sparse {
```

```
res = f(res, st[x1][y2 - delta+1][k]);
                                                                    v[x] = f(v[2*x +1], v[2*x + 2]);
7.5
76
          res = f(res, st[x2 - delta+1][y2 - delta+1][k31]
      1):
                                                                 void build(vector<11>& a) {
           return res;
                                                          33
                                                                    init(a.size());
                                                                     build(a, 0, 0, size);
                                                         35
79
      int f(int a, int b) {
                                                         36
          return a | b;
8.1
                                                         3.7
                                                                ll greaterequal(int 1, int r, int k, int x, int
82
                                                         38
                                                                1x, int rx) {
84 };
                                                                    if(r \le lx \ or \ l \ge rx) \ return \ 0;
                                                         39
                                                                     if(1 <= lx && rx <= r) {
                                                          40
                                                                        auto it = lower_bound(all(v[x]), k);
  7.2 Bit
                                                         41
                                                                         return (v[x].end() - it);
                                                         42
                                                                    }
                                                         43
1 struct FT {
                                                                     int m = (1x + rx)/2;
                                                         44
      vi bit; // indexado em 1
                                                                    11 s1 = greaterequal(1, r, k, 2*x +1, 1x, m);
                                                         45
      int n;
                                                                    11 s2 = greaterequal(1, r, k, 2*x +2, m, rx);
                                                         46
                                                         47
      FT(int n) {
                                                                    return s1 +s2;
                                                         48
          this -> n = n;
                                                         49
          bit.assign(n+1, 0);
                                                         50
                                                                11 greaterequal(int 1, int r, int k) {
                                                         5.1
                                                                    return greaterequal(1, r+1, k, 0, 0, size);
                                                         52
      int sum(int idx) {
                                                         5.3
          int ret = 0;
                                                         54 };
12
          for(; idx >= 1; idx -= idx & -idx)
              ret += bit[idx];
13
                                                            7.4 Treap
          return ret:
14
                                                         1 mt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().
16
                                                                time_since_epoch().count()); // mt19937_64
      int sum(int 1, int r) { // [1, r]
17
                                                          uniform_int_distribution < int > distribution(1, INF);
          return sum(r) - sum(l - 1);
18
19
                                                          4 \text{ const int } N = 2e5+10;
                                                          5 int nxt = 0;
      void add(int idx, int delta) {
21
                                                          6 int X[N], Y[N], L[N], R[N], sz[N], idx[N];
          for(; idx <= n; idx += idx & -idx)</pre>
                                                          7 bool flip[N];
              bit[idx] += delta;
23
24
                                                          9 //! Call this before anything else
25 };
                                                         void build() {
                                                         iota(Y+1, Y+N, 1);
        Mergesorttree
                                                                shuffle(Y+1, Y+N, rng); // rng :: mt19937
                                                          12
                                                         13 }
struct ST { // indexado em 0, 0(n * log^2(n) )
                                                         14
      int size:
                                                         15 int new_node(int x, int id) {
                                                             int u = ++nxt;
      vector < vl > v;
                                                         16
                                                                idx[u] = id;
                                                         17
                                                               sz[u] = 1;
      vl f(vl a, vl& b) {
                                                         1.8
                                                               X[u] = x;
          vl res = a;
                                                         1.9
          for(auto val : b) {
                                                         20
                                                                return u;
              res.pb(val);
                                                         21 }
                                                         22
          sort(all(res)):
                                                         23 void push(int u) { // also known as unlaze
10
                                                               if(!u) return;
          return res;
                                                         24
                                                                if (flip[u]) {
12
                                                         2.5
1.3
                                                         26
                                                                    flip[u] = false;
      void init(int n) {
                                                                     flip[L[u]] ^= 1;
14
                                                         27
                                                                    flip[R[u]] ^= 1;
          size = 1:
15
                                                         28
          while(size < n) size *= 2;</pre>
                                                                    swap(L[u], R[u]);
                                                        29
1.7
          v.assign(2*size, vl());
                                                         30
                                                         31 }
18
19
      void build(vector<11>& a, int x, int lx, int rx) 33 void pull(int u) { // also known as fix
20
                                                         34
                                                               if (!u) return;
                                                                sz[u] = sz[L[u]] + 1 + sz[R[u]];
          if(rx-lx == 1) {
21
                                                         3.5
              if(lx < (int)a.size()) {</pre>
                                                         36 }
                  v[x].pb(a[lx]);
23
              }
                                                         38 // root = merge(1, r);
              return;
                                                         39 int merge(int 1, int r) {
          }
                                                         4.0
                                                             push(1); push(r);
26
          int m = (1x+rx)/2;
                                                         41
                                                                int u;
                                                                if (!l || !r) {
          build(a, 2*x +1, 1x, m);
                                                         42
          build(a, 2*x +2, m, rx);
                                                                    u = 1 ? 1 : r;
                                                         43
```

```
} else if (Y[1] < Y[r]) {</pre>
                                                                  if (X[u] == key) {
44
                                                           114
           u = 1;
45
                                                           115
                                                                      int v = merge(L[u], R[u]);
           R[u] = merge(R[u], r);
46
                                                           116
                                                                      free(u);
47
       } else {
                                                           117
                                                                      u = v;
           u = r;
                                                           118
                                                                  } else u = erase(key < X[u] ? L[u] : R[u], key);
           L[u] = merge(1, L[u]);
                                                                  pull(u);
                                                           119
49
50
                                                           120
                                                                  return u;
       pull(u);
                                                           121 }
5.1
52
       return u:
                                                                   Segtree Implicita
53 }
54
55 // (s elements, N - s elements)
                                                           1 // SegTree Implicita O(nlogMAX)
56 pair <int, int > splitsz(int u, int s) {
       if (!u) return {0, 0};
                                                           3 struct node{
58
       push(u);
                                                                 int val;
                                                            4
59
       if (sz[L[u]] >= s) {
                                                                  int 1, r;
                                                            5
60
           auto [1, r] = splitsz(L[u], s);
                                                                  node(int a=0, int b=0, int c=0){
           L[u] = r;
6.1
                                                                      l=a;r=b;val=c;
           pull(u);
           return { 1, u };
6.3
                                                            9 };
       } else {
64
           auto [1, r] = splitsz(R[u], s - sz[L[u]] - 1) 10
65
                                                            int idx=2; // 1-> root / 0-> zero element
                                                           12 node t[8600010];
           R[u] = 1;
           pull(u);
6.7
                                                           1.4
           return { u, r };
68
                                                           int merge(int a, int b){
69
                                                           16
                                                                  return a + b;
70 }
                                                           17 }
71
                                                           18
72 // (<= x, > x)
                                                           19 void update(int pos, int x, int i=1, int j=N, int no
73 pair < int , int > splitval(int u, int x) {
      if (!u) return {0, 0};
74
                                                                  if(i==j){
                                                           20
7.5
       push(u);
                                                                      t[no].val+=x;
                                                           21
       if (X[u] > x) {
                                                                      return;
                                                           22
           auto [1, r] = splitval(L[u], x);
7.7
                                                           23
           L[u] = r;
                                                                  int meio = (i+j)/2;
                                                           24
           pull(u);
7.9
                                                           25
80
           return { 1, u };
                                                                  if(pos<=meio){</pre>
                                                           26
       } else {
81
                                                                      if(t[no].1==0) t[no].1=idx++;
                                                          27
           auto [1, r] = splitval(R[u], x);
82
                                                                      update(pos, x, i, meio, t[no].1);
                                                           28
83
           R[u] = 1;
                                                           29
                                                                  }
           pull(u);
84
                                                           3.0
                                                                  else{
85
           return { u, r };
                                                                      if(t[no].r==0) t[no].r=idx++;
                                                           31
86
       }
                                                           32
                                                                       update(pos, x, meio+1, j, t[no].r);
87 }
                                                           33
                                                           34
89 int insert(int u, int node) {
                                                                  t[no].val=merge(t[t[no].1].val, t[t[no].r].val);
                                                           3.5
       push(u);
                                                          36 }
       if (!u) return node;
91
                                                           37
92
       if (Y[node] < Y[u]) {</pre>
           tie(L[node], R[node]) = splitval(u, X[node]); 38 int query(int A, int B, int i=1, int j=N, int no=1){
93
                                                                  if(B<i or j<A)</pre>
           u = node;
94
                                                                     return 0;
       }
                                                                   if(A \le i \text{ and } j \le B)
       else if (X[node] < X[u]) L[u] = insert(L[u], node
96
                                                                      return t[no].val;
                                                           43
       else R[u] = insert(R[u], node);
97
                                                                  int mid = (i+j)/2;
                                                           44
       pull(u);
98
                                                           45
       return u;
99
                                                                  int ans1 = 0, ansr = 0;
100 }
                                                           47
                                                                  if(t[no].1!=0) ans1 = query(A, B, i, mid, t[no].1
                                                           48
102 int find(int u, int x) {
       return u == 0 ? 0 :
103
                                                           49
                                                                  if(t[no].r!=0) ansr = query(A, B, mid+1, j, t[no
              x == X[u] ? u :
                                                                  ].r);
              x < X[u] ? find(L[u], x) :
105
                                                           50
106
                           find(R[u], x);
                                                                  return merge(ansl, ansr);
                                                           51
107 }
                                                           52 }
108
109 void free(int u) { /* node u can be deleted, maybe
                                                              7.6 Segtree Persistent
      put in a pool of free IDs */ }
int int erase(int u, int key) {
                                                            1 // botar aquele bagulho de botar tipo T?
112
       push(u);
                                                            2 struct ST {
       if (!u) return 0;
113
                                                                 int left[120*N], right[120*N];
```

```
4 vector <pll> lazy(4*MAX, {0,0});
      int t[120*N];
5
      int idx = 1;
                                                           5 // [x, x+y, x+2y...] //
      int id = INF;
                                                           7 inline ll merge(ll a, ll b){
      int f(int a, int b) {
                                                                 return a + b;
          return min(a, b);
                                                           9 }
9
10
                                                           10
                                                           void build(int l=0, int r=N-1, int no=1){
                                                                 if(1 == r){ t[no] = v[1]; return; }
      // Testar esse build!!!
12
                                                           12
                                                                  int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
      int build(vector<int>& v, int lx = 0, int rx = N 13
                                                                  build(1, mid, 2*no);
                                                           14
           int y = idx++;
                                                           15
                                                                  build(mid+1, r, 2*no+1);
           if(rx == lx) {
15
                                                           16
                                                                  t[no] = merge(t[2*no], t[2*no+1]);
               if(lx < (int)v.size())</pre>
                                                          17 }
16
                   t[y] = v[1x];
                                                          18
                                                          19 inline pll sum(pll a, pll b) { return {a.ff+b.ff, a.ss
18
                  t[y] = id;
                                                                  +b ss}; }
20
               return y;
                                                          2.0
           }
                                                          21 inline void prop(int 1, int r, int no){
                                                                  auto [x, y] = lazy[no];
22
                                                          22
           int mid = (1x+rx)/2;
                                                                  if(x==0 and y==0) return;
                                                          23
           int yl = build(v, lx, mid);
                                                          24
                                                                  11 len = (r-1+1);
24
                                                                  t[no] += (x + x + y*(len-1))*len / 2;
           int yr = build(v, mid+1, rx);
                                                          2.5
2.5
                                                                  if(1 != r){
                                                          26
          left[y] = y1;
                                                                      int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
27
                                                          27
           right[y] = yr;
                                                                      lazy[2*no] = sum(lazy[2*no], lazy[no]);
28
                                                           28
           t[y] = f(t[left[y]], t[right[y]]);
                                                                      lazy[2*no+1] = sum(lazy[2*no+1], {x + (mid-1)}
29
                                                           29
                                                                  +1)*y, y});
3.0
31
           return y;
                                                           3.0
      }
                                                                  lazy[no] = {0,0};
32
                                                           3.1
                                                           32 }
33
      int query(int 1, int r, int x, int lx = 0, int rx ss
34
       = N-1) {
                                                          34 ll query(int a, int b, int l=0, int r=N-1, int no=1){
          if(1 <= lx and rx <= r) return t[x];</pre>
                                                                 prop(l, r, no);
           if(r < lx or rx < l) return id;</pre>
                                                                  if(r<a or b<1) return 0;</pre>
36
                                                          36
                                                                  if(a<=l and r<=b) return t[no];</pre>
                                                                 int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
           int mid = (1x+rx)/2;
3.8
                                                           3.8
           auto s1 = query(1, r, left[x], lx, mid);
                                                          39
                                                                  return merge(
39
           auto s2 = query(1, r, right[x], mid+1, rx); 40
                                                                     query(a, b, 1, mid, 2*no),
40
           return f(s1, s2);
                                                                      query(a, b, mid+1, r, 2*no+1)
                                                           41
41
                                                           43 }
43
      int update(int i, int val, int x, int lx = 0, int 44
44
       rx = N-1) \{
                                                          45 void update(int a, int b, ll x, ll y, int l=0, int r=
           int y = idx++;
                                                                 N-1, int no=1){
45
           if(lx == rx) {
                                                                  prop(1, r, no);
46
                                                           46
              t[y] = val;
                                                                  if(r<a or b<1) return;</pre>
47
                                                           47
               return y;
                                                                  if(a<=l and r<=b){
           }
49
                                                           49
                                                                     lazy[no] = \{x, y\};
                                                                      prop(1, r, no);
50
           int mid = (1x+rx)/2;
                                                           51
                                                                      return;
51
           if(lx <= i and i <= mid) {</pre>
52
                                                           52
               int k = update(i, val, left[x], lx, mid); 53
                                                                 int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                                 update(a, b, x, y, 1, mid, 2*no);
               left[y] = k;
54
                                                          5.4
              right[y] = right[x];
                                                                  update(a, b, x + max((mid-max(1, a)+1)*y, 0LL), y
5.5
           }
56
                                                                  , mid+1, r, 2*no+1);
                                                                  t[no] = merge(t[2*no], t[2*no+1]);
57
           else {
               int k = update(i, val, right[x], mid+1, 57 }
      rx):
                                                             7.8 Segtree Iterative
               left[y] = left[x];
59
60
               right[y] = k;
6.1
                                                           1 struct Segtree{
                                                                 int n; vector < int > t;
           t[y] = f(t[left[y]], t[right[y]]);
63
                                                                  Segtree(int n): n(n), t(2*n, 0) {}
           return y;
65
                                                                  int f(int a, int b) { return max(a, b); }
66 };
                                                                  void build(){
  7.7 Segtree Pa
                                                                      for(int i=n-1; i>0; i--)
                                                                          t[i] = f(t[i << 1], t[i << 1|1]);
                                                           9
1 int N;
                                                           10
2 vl t(4*MAX, 0);
s vl v(MAX, 0);
                                                                  int query(int 1, int r) { // [1, r]
                                                           12
```

```
int resl = -INF, resr = -INF;
                                                                 if(r<a or b<1) return {INF, 0};</pre>
1.3
                                                          5.5
14
          for(l+=n, r+=n+1; l<r; l>>=1, r>>=1) {
                                                          56
                                                                 int m = (1+r)/2;
               if(1&1) resl = f(resl, t[1++]);
                                                                 int left = tree[no].1, right = tree[no].r;
1.5
                                                          5.7
               if(r&1) resr = f(t[--r], resr);
                                                          5.8
16
          }
                                                                 return tree[no].val = merge(query(a, b, 1, m,
          return f(resl, resr);
                                                                 left).
18
19
                                                                                               query(a, b, m+1, r,
                                                                 right));
20
      void update(int p, int value) {
                                                          61 }
21
          for(t[p+=n]=value; p >>= 1;)
              t[p] = f(t[p << 1], t[p << 1|1]);
                                                             7.10 Segtree Maxsubarray
23
25 };
                                                          1 // Subarray with maximum sum
                                                          2 struct no{
        Segtree Implicita Lazy
                                                                 ll p, s, t, b; // prefix, suffix, total, best
                                                          3
                                                                 no(11 x=0): p(x), s(x), t(x), b(x){}
                                                           4
1 struct node {
                                                           5 };
      pll val;
      ll lazy;
                                                           7 struct Segtree{
      11 1, r;
                                                                 vector < no> t;
      node(){
                                                                 int n;
                                                           9
          l = -1; r = -1; val = \{0, 0\}; lazy = 0;
6
                                                           10
                                                                 Segtree(int n){
8 };
                                                          12
                                                                     this -> n = n;
                                                                      t.assign(2*n, no(0));
                                                          1.3
10 node tree[40*MAX]:
                                                          14
11 int id = 2;
                                                          15
12 11 N = 1e9 + 10;
                                                                 no merge(no 1, no r){
                                                          16
13
                                                          17
14 pll merge(pll A, pll B){
                                                                     ans.p = max(0LL, max(1.p, 1.t+r.p));
                                                          18
      if(A.ff==B.ff) return {A.ff, A.ss+B.ss};
                                                                     ans.s = max(OLL, max(r.s, l.s+r.t));
                                                          19
      return (A.ff<B.ff ? A:B);</pre>
16
                                                                     ans.t = 1.t+r.t;
                                                          20
17 }
                                                                     ans.b = max(max(l.b, r.b), l.s+r.p);
                                                          21
18
                                                          22
19 void prop(ll l, ll r, int no){
                                                          23
      11 \text{ mid} = (1+r)/2;
20
                                                          24
      if(1!=r){
21
                                                                 void build(){
                                                          25
22
          if(tree[no].l==-1){
                                                                     for(int i=n-1; i>0; i--)
                                                          26
               tree[no].1 = id++;
23
                                                                          t[i]=merge(t[i<<1], t[i<<1|1]);
               tree[tree[no].1].val = {0, mid-1+1};
                                                          28
25
          if(tree[no].r==-1){
                                                                 no query(int 1, int r){ // idx 0
                                                           30
              tree[no].r = id++;
27
                                                                     no a(0), b(0);
                                                          31
               tree[tree[no].r].val = {0, r-(mid+1)+1};
28
                                                                     for(l+=n, r+=n+1; l<r; l>>=1, r>>=1){
                                                          3.2
          }
                                                                         if(1&1)
                                                          33
           tree[tree[no].1].lazy += tree[no].lazy;
30
                                                                              a=merge(a, t[1++]);
                                                           34
31
           tree[tree[no].r].lazy += tree[no].lazy;
                                                                          if(r&1)
                                                          3.5
32
                                                                              b=merge(t[--r], b);
33
      tree[no].val.ff += tree[no].lazy;
                                                                     }
                                                           3.7
34
      tree[no].lazy=0;
                                                           38
                                                                     return merge(a, b);
35 }
                                                           39
void update(int a, int b, int x, 11 1=0, 11 r=2*N, 11
                                                                 void update(int p, int value){
       no=1){
                                                                     for(t[p+=n] = no(value); p >>= 1;)
                                                           42
      prop(1, r, no);
38
                                                                          t[p] = merge(t[p<<1], t[p<<1|1]);
                                                           43
39
      if(a<=1 and r<=b){
                                                          44
          tree[no].lazy += x;
40
                                                          45
          prop(1, r, no);
41
                                                          46 };
          return;
43
                                                             7.11
                                                                     Segtree Recursive
      if(r<a or b<l) return;</pre>
44
      int m = (1+r)/2;
45
      update(a, b, x, 1, m, tree[no].1);
                                                          1 vector<11> t(4*N, 0);
46
      update(a, b, x, m+1, r, tree[no].r);
                                                          vector<ll> lazy(4*N, 0);
48
       tree[no].val = merge(tree[tree[no].1].val, tree[ 4 inline 11 f(11 a, 11 b) {
49
      tree[no].r].val);
                                                                 return a + b;
51
52 pll query(int a, int b, int l=0, int r=2*N, int no=1) 8 void build(vector<int> &v, int lx=0, int rx=N-1, int
                                                                x=1) {
53
      prop(1, r, no);
      if(a<=l and r<=b) return tree[no].val;</pre>
                                                                 lazy[x] = 0;
54
                                                           10
```

```
if(lx >= v.size()){
                                                           2.1
12
          t[x] = 0;
                                                                 void upd(int pos, int val){
1.3
          return;
                                                           2.3
                                                                  for(int i = pos; i < n; i += (i&-i))
                                                           24
14
                                                                         bit[i] += val;
      // Apenas se for reusar
      if (lx == rx) { if (lx < v.size()) t[x] = v[lx]; 26</pre>
16
      return; }
      int mid = (1x + rx) / 2;
                                                             7.13 Dsu
      build(v, lx, mid, 2*x);
18
      build(v, mid+1, rx, 2*x+1);
19
      t[x] = f(t[2*x], t[2*x+1]);
                                                           1 struct DSU {
20
21 }
                                                                 int n;
                                                                 vector < int > parent, size;
23 void prop(int lx, int rx, int x) {
                                                           4
      if (lazy[x] != 0) {
24
                                                                 DSU(int n): n(n) {
          t[x] += lazy[x] * (rx-lx+1);
                                                                    parent.resize(n, 0);
25
                                                           6
26
          if (lx != rx) {
                                                           7
                                                                      size.assign(n, 1);
               lazy[2*x] += lazy[x];
27
               lazy[2*x+1] += lazy[x];
                                                           9
                                                                      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
29
                                                           10
                                                                         parent[i] = i;
          lazy[x] = 0;
30
                                                           11
31
                                                           12
32 }
                                                                 int find(int a) {
                                                           13
                                                                     if(a == parent[a]) return a;
                                                           14
_{34} ll query(int l, int r, int lx=0, int rx=N-1, int x=1) _{15}
                                                                      return parent[a] = find(parent[a]);
       ł
      prop(lx, rx, x);
      if (r < lx or rx < l) return 0;
                                                                 void join(int a, int b) {
36
                                                          18
      if (1 <= lx and rx <= r) return t[x];</pre>
                                                                      a = find(a); b = find(b);
                                                          19
      int mid = (lx + rx) / 2;
3.8
                                                          20
                                                                      if(a != b) {
      return f(
                                                                          if(size[a] < size[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
39
                                                          21
          query(1, r, lx, mid, 2*x),
40
                                                          22
                                                                          parent[b] = a;
           query(1, r, mid+1, rx, 2*x+1)
                                                                          size[a] += size[b];
41
                                                          2.3
43 }
                                                           25
44
                                                           26 };
45 void update(int 1, int r, 11 val, int 1x=0, int rx=N
                                                             7.14
                                                                     Bit 2d
      -1, int x=1) {
      prop(lx, rx, x);
46
      if (r < lx or rx < l) return;</pre>
47
                                                           1 // BIT 2D
      if (1 <= lx and rx <= r) {</pre>
          lazy[x] += val;
49
                                                           3 int bit[MAX][MAX];
          prop(lx, rx, x);
5.1
          return;
                                                           5 int sum(int x, int y) {
52
                                                                int resp=0;
53
      int mid = (1x + rx) / 2;
                                                                 for(int i=x; i>0; i-=i&-i)
      update(1, r, val, lx, mid, 2*x);
54
                                                                      for(int j=y; j>0; j-=j&-j)
      update(1, r, val, mid+1, rx, 2*x+1);
                                                                         resp += bit[i][j];
                                                           Q
      t[x] = f(t[2*x], t[2*x+1]);
56
57 }
                                                           11
                                                                 return resp;
                                                           12 }
  7.12 Bit Kth
                                                           13
                                                           14 void update(int x, int y, int delta) {
1 struct FT {
                                                           for(int i=x; i<MAX; i+=i&-i)</pre>
      vector < int > bit; // indexado em 1
                                                                    for(int j=y; j < MAX; j+=j&-j)</pre>
                                                          16
                                                                          bit[i][j] += delta;
      int n;
                                                           17
                                                           18 }
      FT(int n) {
                                                          19
           this -> n = n + 1;
                                                          20 int query(int x1, y1, x2, y2) {
          bit.assign(n + 1, 0);
                                                                return sum(x2,y2) - sum(x2,y1) - sum(x1,y2) + sum
                                                                 (x1,y1);
                                                          22 }
      int kth(int x){
1.0
                                                          24 // tfg
          int resp = 0;
12
          x - - :
                                                          25
           for(int i=26; i>=0;i--){
                                                          26 template < class T = int>
13
               if(resp + (1<<i) >= n) continue;
14
                                                          27 struct Bit2D {
               if(bit[resp + (1<<i)] <= x){</pre>
15
                                                         28 public:
                   x -= bit[resp + (1<<i)];
                                                         29
                                                                 Bit2D(vector<pair<T, T>> pts) {
                                                                     sort(pts.begin(), pts.end());
                   resp += (1<<i);
                                                          3.0
                                                                      for(auto a : pts) {
                                                           31
          }
                                                                          if(ord.empty() || a.first != ord.back())
19
                                                           32
          return resp + 1;
20
```

```
ord.push_back(a.first);
                                                                      11 minimum = in.empty() ? val : min(val, in.
33
                                                                 top().ss);
34
           }
                                                                      in.push({val, minimum});
3.5
           fw.resize(ord.size() + 1);
36
           coord.resize(fw.size());
           for(auto &a : pts) {
                                                                  11 pop() {
38
                                                           10
               swap(a.first, a.second);
                                                                      if(out.empty()) {
                                                                          while(!in.empty()) {
40
                                                           1.2
                                                                              11 val = in.top().ff;
           sort(pts.begin(), pts.end());
41
                                                           13
           for(auto &a : pts) {
                                                                              in.pop();
               swap(a.first, a.second);
                                                                              11 minimum = out.empty() ? val : min(
43
               for(int on = upper_bound(ord.begin(), ord
                                                                  val, out.top().ss);
       .end(), a.first) - ord.begin(); on < fw.size(); 16</pre>
                                                                              out.push({val, minimum});
      on += on & -on) {
                   if(coord[on].empty() || coord[on].
45
      back() != a.second) {
                                                                      11 res = out.top().ff;
                                                           19
                        coord[on].push_back(a.second);
                                                           20
                                                                      out.pop();
47
                                                           2.1
                                                                      return res;
               }
           }
49
                                                           23
           for(int i = 0; i < fw.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                  ll minn() {
                                                           24
               fw[i].assign(coord[i].size() + 1, 0);
                                                           25
                                                                      11 minimum = LLINF;
51
                                                                      if(in.empty() || out.empty())
52
                                                           26
      }
                                                                         minimum = in.empty() ? (11)out.top().ss :
                                                                   (ll)in.top().ss;
54
      void upd(T x, T y, T v) {
5.5
          for(int xx = upper_bound(ord.begin(), ord.end 29
                                                                         minimum = min((11)in.top().ss, (11)out.
56
      (), x) - ord.begin(); xx < fw.size(); xx += xx &
                                                                  top().ss);
       - x x ) {
               for(int yy = upper_bound(coord[xx].begin 31
                                                                      return minimum:
5.7
      (), coord[xx].end(), y) - coord[xx].begin(); yy < 32
       fw[xx].size(); yy += yy & -yy) {
                  fw[xx][yy] += v;
                                                                  11 size() {
                                                           3.4
                                                          35
                                                                      return in.size() + out.size();
          }
                                                          36
60
      }
                                                           37 };
61
62
                                                             7.16 Color Update
63
      T qry(T x, T y) {
           T ans = 0;
           for(int xx = upper_bound(ord.begin(), ord.end 1 #define ti tuple<int, int, int>
65
      (), x) - ord.begin(); xx > 0; xx -= xx & -xx) { 2 struct Color( for (int yy = upper_bound(coord[xx].begin 3 set<ti>in
                                                                 set<ti> inter; // 1, r, color
66
      (), coord[xx].end(), y) - coord[xx].begin(); yy > _4
                                                                 vector<ti> update(int 1, int r, int c){
       0; yy -= yy & -yy) {
                                                                     if(inter.empty()){ inter.insert({1, r, c});
                   ans += fw[xx][yy];
67
                                                                  return {}; }
                                                                      vector < ti> removed;
           }
69
                                                                      auto it = inter.lower_bound({1+1, 0, 0});
          return ans:
                                                                      it = prev(it);
                                                                      while(it != inter.end()){
72
                                                                          auto [11, r1, c1] = *it;
      T qry(T x1, T y1, T x2, T y2) {
73
                                                                          if((1<=11 and 11<=r) or (1<=r1 and r1<=r)
          return qry(x2, y2) - qry(x2, y1 - 1) - qry(x1
74
                                                                   or (11<=1 and r<=r1)){
        -1, y2) + qry(x1 -1, y1 -1);
                                                                              removed.pb({l1, r1, c1});
7.5
                                                                          else if(11 > r)
7.6
                                                                              break:
                                                           1.4
       void upd(T x1, T y1, T x2, T y2, T v) {
                                                           1.5
                                                                          it = next(it);
           upd(x1, y1, v);
7.8
                                                           16
           upd(x1, y2 + 1, -v);
                                                                      for(auto [11, r1, c1]: removed){
                                                           17
           upd(x2 + 1, y1, -v);
80
                                                                          inter.erase({11, r1, c1});
           upd(x2 + 1, y2 + 1, v);
81
                                                           19
                                                                          if(11<1) inter.insert({11, min(r1, 1-1),
      }
82
                                                                  c1}):
83 private:
                                                           20
                                                                          if (r<r1) inter.insert({max(l1, r+1), r1,
      vector <T> ord;
                                                                  c1});
      vector < vector < T >> fw , coord;
85
                                                           21
                                                                      if(c != 0) inter.insert({1, r, c});
                                                           22
                                                           23
                                                                      return removed;
  7.15 Minqueue
                                                           24
                                                           25
struct MinQ {
                                                                  ti query(int i){
                                                           26
      stack <pair <11,11>> in;
                                                          2.7
                                                                      if(inter.empty()) return {INF, INF, INF};
      stack<pair<11,11>> out;
                                                                      return *prev(inter.lower_bound({i+1, 0, 0}));
                                                           28
                                                           29
      void add(ll val) {
                                                           30 };
```

```
7.17 Mo
                                                                  int n;
                                                           1.4
                                                           15
                                                                  vector < int > parent, size;
                                                                  vector < event > st; int qnt_inv;
_{\rm 1} const int BLK = 600; // tamanho do bloco, algo entre ^{\rm 16}
                                                                  DSU(int n): n(n), parent(n), size(n, 1), qnt_inv
      500 e 700 eh nice
                                                                      for (int i=0;i<n;i++) parent[i] = i;</pre>
                                                           18
s struct Query {
                                                           19
      int 1, r, idx;
      Query(int 1, int r, int idx): l(1), r(r), idx(idx^{20}
                                                                  int find(int a) {
      ) {}
                                                                      if (parent[a] == a) return a;
      bool operator<(Query other) const {</pre>
                                                                      return find(parent[a]);
                                                           23
          if(1/BLK != other.1/BLK)
                                                           24
               return 1/BLK < other.1/BLK;</pre>
           return (1/BLK & 1) ? r < other.r : r > other.^{25}
                                                                  void join(int a, int b, bool inverted=false) {
      r:
                                                                      int fa = find(a), fb = find(b);
                                                           27
      }
10
                                                                      if (size[fa] < size[fb]) swap(fa, fb);</pre>
                                                           28
11 };
                                                           29
                                                                      st.push_back({a, b, fa, fb, inverted});
                                                                      if (inverted == 1) qnt_inv++;
                                                           3.0
13 int ans = 0;
                                                           31
                                                                      if (fa != fb) {
14 inline void add() {}
                                                           32
                                                                          parent[fb] = fa;
15 inline void remove() {} // implementar operacoes de
                                                                           size[fa] += size[fb];
                                                           33
      acordo com o problema
                                                                      }
                                                           34
                                                           3.5
17 vector<int> mo(vector<Query>& queries) {
      vector < int > res(queries.size());
                                                                  void roll_back() {
                                                           3.7
19
      sort(queries.begin(), queries.end());
                                                                      auto [a, b, fa, fb, type] = st.back(); st.
                                                           38
      ans = 0;
20
                                                                  pop_back();
21
                                                                      if (type == 1) qnt_inv--;
                                                           3.9
      int 1 = 0, r = -1;
                                                                      if (fa != fb) {
                                                           40
      for(Query q : queries) {
                                                                          parent[fb] = fb;
                                                           4.1
          while(1 > q.1) add(--1);
24
                                                                           size[fa] -= size[fb];
                                                           42
           while(r < q.r) add(++r);
25
                                                                      }
                                                           43
           while(1 < q.1) remove(1++);
                                                           44
           while(r > q.r) remove(r--);
27
                                                           45
           res[q.idx] = ans;
                                                                  void pop() {
                                                           46
      }
29
                                                                      auto lsb = [](int x) { return x&-x; };
                                                           47
      return res;
30
                                                                      if (qnt_inv == 0) { // invert all elements
                                                           48
31 }
                                                                          vector < event > normal;
                                                           49
                                                                          while (!st.empty()) {
  7.18 Prefixsum2d
                                                                              normal.push_back(st.back());
                                                           51
                                                                               roll_back();
1 11 find_sum(vector<vi> &mat, int x1, int y1, int x2,
      int y2){
                                                                          for (auto [a, b, fa, fb, type]: normal) {
                                                           54
      // superior-esq(x1,y1) (x2,y2)inferior-dir
                                                                               join(a, b, true);
      return mat[x2][y2]-mat[x2][y1-1]-mat[x1-1][y2]+
                                                           56
      mat[x1-1][y1-1];
                                                                      } else if (st.back().type == 0) { // need to
4 }
                                                                  realocate
                                                                          int qnt = lsb(qnt_inv);
6 int main(){
                                                                          vector < event > normal, inverted;
                                                           59
                                                                          while (qnt > 0) {
      for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
                                                                               event e = st.back();
           for(int j=1; j <= n; j++)</pre>
9
                                                                               if (e.type == 1) {
               mat[i][j]+=mat[i-1][j]+mat[i][j-1]-mat[i]
                                                                                   inverted.push_back(e);
       -1][i-1];
                                                           64
                                                                                   qnt --;
11
                                                           6.5
                                                                               } else {
12 }
                                                           66
                                                                                   normal.push_back(e);
                                                           67
  7.19 Dsu Queue
                                                                               roll_back();
                                                           68
                                                           69
                                                                          while (!normal.empty()) {
1 // DSU with queue rollback
                                                                              auto [a, b, fa, fb, type] = normal.
_{2} // Normal DSU implementation with queue-like rollback ^{71}
                                                                  back(); normal.pop_back();
       , pop removes the oldest join.
3 // find(x) - O(logn)
                                                                               join(a, b);
4 // join(a, b) - O(logn)
                                                           73
                                                           74
                                                                          while (!inverted.empty()) {
5 // pop() - (log^2n) amortized
                                                                               auto [a, b, fa, fb, type] = inverted.
                                                           75
                                                                  back(); inverted.pop_back();
7 struct event {
                                                                               join(a, b, true);
      int a, b;
                    // original operation
                                                           76
      int fa, fb; // fa turned into fb's father
                                                                      }
      bool type; // 1 = inverted, 0 = normal
1.0
11 };
                                                           79
                                                                      // remove the last element
                                                           8.1
                                                                      roll_back();
13 struct DSU {
```

```
4 vector < int > vt[N]; // virtual tree edges
82
83 }:
                                                            5 int in[N], out[N], T, t[E<<1];</pre>
                                                            6 void dfs_time(int u, int p = 0) {
  7.20 Cht
                                                                  in[u] = ++T;
                                                                  t[T + E] = u;
                                                                  for (int v : g[u]) if (v != p) {
                                                           9
const ll is_query = -LLINF;
                                                                      dfs_time(v, u);
                                                           10
2 struct Line{
                                                                      t[++T + E] = u;
      11 m, b;
                                                           12
      mutable function < const Line *() > succ;
                                                                  out[u] = T;
                                                           13
      bool operator < (const Line& rhs) const{</pre>
                                                           14 }
          if(rhs.b != is_query) return m < rhs.m;</pre>
                                                           15
           const Line* s = succ();
                                                           int take(int u, int v) { return in[u] < in[v] ? u : v</pre>
           if(!s) return 0;
                                                                  ; }
          11 x = rhs.m;
9
                                                           17 bool cmp_in(int u, int v) { return in[u] < in[v]; }</pre>
           return b - s \rightarrow b < (s \rightarrow m - m) * x;
10
                                                           18 void build_st() {
                                                           19
                                                                 in[0] = 0x3f3f3f3f;
12 };
                                                                  for (int i = E-1; i > 0; i--)
_{13} struct Cht : public multiset < Line > { // maintain max m ^{20}
                                                                      t[i] = take(t[i << 1], t[i << 1|1]);
      *x+b
                                                           22 }
      bool bad(iterator y){
14
                                                           23
          auto z = next(y);
1.5
                                                           24 int query(int 1, int r) {
           if(y == begin()){
16
                                                           2.5
                                                                  int ans = 0;
               if(z == end()) return 0;
                                                                  for (1+=E, r+=E; 1 < r; 1>>=1, r>>=1) {
               return y->m == z->m && y->b <= z->b;
1.8
                                                                      if (1&1) ans = take(ans, t[1++]);
                                                           2.7
                                                                      if (r&1) ans = take(ans, t[--r]);
                                                           28
          auto x = prev(y);
20
           if(z == end()) return y->m == x->m && y->b <= ^{29}
21
                                                                  return ans;
        x -> b;
           return (1d)(x-b - y-b)*(z-m - y-m) >= (1d^{31})
      (y-b-z-b)*(y-m-x-m);
                                                           33 int get_lca(int u, int v) {
23
                                                                  if (in[u] > in[v]) swap(u, v);
      void insert_line(11 m, l1 b){ // min -> insert ( ^{-34}
                                                                  return query(in[u], out[v]+1);
      m,-b) -> -eval()
                                                           36 }
          auto y = insert({ m, b });
25
           y \rightarrow succ = [=]{return next(y) == end() ? 0 : }^{37}
26
                                                           38 int covers(int u, int v) { // does u cover v?
      &*next(y); };
                                                                  return in[u] <= in[v] && out[u] >= out[v];
                                                           39
          if(bad(y)){ erase(y); return; }
           while(next(y) != end() && bad(next(y))) erase 40 }
      (next(y));
                                                           42 int build_vt(vector<int>& vnodes) {
          while(y != begin() && bad(prev(y))) erase(
                                                                  assert(initialized);
      prev(y));
                                                           44
3.0
                                                                  sort(all(vnodes), cmp_in);
      11 eval(11 x){
3.1
                                                                  int n = vnodes.size();
          auto 1 = *lower_bound((Line) { x, is_query }) 46
32
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < n-1; i++) {
                                                                      int u = vnodes[i], v = vnodes[i+1];
33
           return 1.m * x + 1.b;
                                                                      vnodes.push_back(get_lca(u, v));
                                                           49
34
35 :
                                                                  sort(all(vnodes), cmp_in);
                                                           5.1
                                                           52
                                                                  vnodes.erase(unique(all(vnodes)), vnodes.end());
         Delta Encoding
  7.21
                                                           53
                                                                  for (int u : vnodes)
                                                           54
1 // Delta encoding
                                                                      vt[u].clear();
                                                           55
                                                           56
3 for(int i=0;i<q;i++){</pre>
                                                           5.7
                                                                  stack<int> s;
      int l,r,x;
                                                                  for (int u : vnodes) {
                                                           58
      cin >> 1 >> r >> x;
                                                                      while (!s.empty() && !covers(s.top(), u))
                                                           59
      delta[1] += x;
                                                           60
                                                                          s.pop();
      delta[r+1] -= x;
                                                           61
                                                                      if (!s.empty()) vt[s.top()].push_back(u);
8 }
                                                           62
                                                                      s.push(u);
                                                           63
10 int atual = 0;
                                                           64
                                                                  return vnodes[0]; // root
                                                           65 }
12 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                           66
      atual += delta[i];
13
                                                           67 void initialize() {
      v[i] += atual;
14
                                                                  initialized = true:
                                                           68
                                                                  dfs_time(original_root);
                                                           69
                                                           70
                                                                  build_st();
  7.22 Virtual Tree
                                                           71 }
1 bool initialized = false;
2 int original_root = 1;
3 const int E = 2 * N;
```

## 8 Algoritmos

## 8.1 Mst Xor

```
69 void add(int s){
                                                                  int node = 0;
                                                                   for(int i=30; i>=0; i--){
                                                            7.1
1 // omg why just 2 seconds
                                                                        bool c = (s & (1<<i));
2 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                        if(trie[node][c] == 0)
3 // #define int long long
                                                            7.3
4 #define ff first
                                                            74
                                                                           node = trie[node][c] = nxt++;
                                                            7.5
5 #define ss second
                                                                            node = trie[node][c];
                                                            76
6 #define ll long long
7 #define ld long double
                                                            7.7
                                                                        finish[node]++;
8 #define pb push_back
                                                            78
                                                            79 }
9 #define eb emplace_back
10 #define pii pair < int , int >
                                                            80
                                                            81 void remove(int s){
11 #define pll pair<11, 11>
12 #define ti tuple < int, int, int>
                                                            82
                                                                   int node = 0;
                                                                   for(int i=30; i>=0; i--){
13 #define vi vector<int>
                                                            83
14 #define vl vector<ll>
                                                                        bool c = (s & (1 << i));
                                                                        node = trie[node][c];
15 #define vii vector<pii>
#define sws ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(86
                                                                        finish[node] --;
      NULL); cout.tie(NULL);
                                                            88 }
17 #define endl '\n'
18 #define teto(a, b) (((a)+(b)-1)/(b))
                                                            90 int min_xor(int s){
19 #define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
                                                            91
                                                                   int node = 0;
20 #define forn(i, n) for(int i = 0; i < (int)n; i++)
^{21} #define forne(i, a, b) for(int i = a; i <= b; i++)
                                                                   int ans = 0;
                                                            92
22 #define dbg(msg, var) cerr << msg << " " << var <<
                                                                   for(int i=30; i>=0; i--){
                                                            93
                                                                        bool c = (s & (1<<i));
       endl:
                                                            9.5
                                                                        if(finish[trie[node][c]] != 0)
                                                                           node = trie[node][c];
                                                            96
24 using namespace std;
                                                            97
                                                                        elsef
                                                            98
                                                                            ans ^= 1 << i;
26 const int MAX = 6e6+10;
27 \text{ const} 11 \text{ MOD} = 1e9+7;
                                                            99
                                                                            node = trie[node][!c];
28 const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f;
                                                            100
29 const 11 LLINF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f;
                                                                   return ans:
30 const ld EPS = 1e-6;
                                                            103
31 const ld PI = acos(-1);
                                                            104
                                                            105
33 // End Template //
                                                            106 int32_t main()
                                                            107 { sws;
35 const int N = 2e5+10;
                                                            108
                                                            109
                                                                   int n;
37 struct DSU {
                                                            110
                                                                   cin >> n;
      int n;
                                                            111
                                                                   vi x(n);
      map < int , int > parent;
39
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
40
      map < int , vi > comp;
                                                            112
                                                                        cin >> x[i];
4.1
42
      int find(int v) {
                                                            114
                                                            115
                                                                   sort(x.begin(), x.end());
          if(v==parent[v])
                                                                   x.erase(unique(x.begin(), x.end()), x.end());
                                                            116
              return v;
44
                                                                   n = x.size();
           return parent[v]=find(parent[v]);
                                                            117
                                                            118
46
                                                                   DSU dsu:
                                                            119
       void join(int a, int b) {
                                                            120
48
                                                                   11 \text{ mstsum} = 0;
                                                            121
49
           a = find(a);
           b = find(b);
50
                                                                   vi pais;
           if(a!=b) {
51
                                                                    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                if((int)comp[a].size()<(int)comp[b].size 124
                                                                        add(x[i]);
      ())
                                                                        dsu.parent[x[i]] = x[i];
                                                            126
53
                   swap(a, b);
                                                                        dsu.comp[x[i]].pb(x[i]);
54
               for(auto v: comp[b])
                                                            128
                                                                        pais.pb(x[i]);
5.5
                                                            129
                    comp[a].pb(v);
                                                            130
                comp[b].clear();
                                                                    while ((int)pais.size()!=1) {
               parent[b]=a;
                                                            131
                                                            132
                                                                        vector < ti > edges;
           }
59
                                                            133
                                                                        for(auto p: pais){
                                                            134
                                                                            vi &nodes = dsu.comp[p];
       }
61
62 };
                                                                            for(auto u: nodes) remove(u);
                                                            136
64 int trie[MAX][2];
                                                                            // query
                                                            138
65 set < int > idx[MAX];
```

66 int finish[MAX]; 67 int nxt = 1;

```
ti ed = {LLINF, 0, 0};
                                                                             if(1&1) resl = merge(resl, t[1++]);
139
                                                             2.4
140
                for(auto u: nodes){
                                                             25
                                                                             if(r&1) resr = merge(t[--r], resr);
                    int xr = min_xor(u);
141
                                                             26
142
                    ed = min(ed, {xr, u, xr^u});
                                                             27
                                                                        return merge(resl, resr);
                                                             28
                edges.pb(ed);
144
                                                             29
                                                                    void update(int p, int value){
                                                             30
                // add back
146
                                                             3.1
                                                                        for(t[p]=max(t[p], value); p >>= 1;)
                for(auto u: nodes) add(u);
147
                                                             32
           }
                                                             33
                                                                             t[p] = merge(t[p << 1], t[p << 1|1]);
149
                                                             34
150
            for(auto [xr, u, v]: edges){
                                                             35 };
               if(dsu.find(u)!=dsu.find(v)){
                                                             36
                    // u, v -> mst
                                                             37 struct point{
152
                    // cout << "mst = " << u << " " << v 38
                                                                    int x, y, z, id;
       << endl;
                                                                    bool left;
                                                             39
                    mstsum += xr;
                                                                    point(int x=0, int y=0, int z=0): x(x), y(y), z(z)
                    dsu.join(u, v);
                                                                    ) {
                }
                                                                        left = false;
           }
                                                                    }
                                                             42
            vi pais2;
                                                                    bool operator < (point &o) {</pre>
158
                                                             43
159
            for(auto p: pais)
                                                                        if(x != o.x) return x < o.x;
                                                             44
                if(p == dsu.find(p))
                                                                        if(y != o.y) return y > o.y;
160
                                                             45
                    pais2.pb(p);
                                                                        return z < o.z;
                                                             46
            swap(pais, pais2);
162
                                                             47
                                                             48 };
163
164
                                                             49
       cout << mstsum << endl;</pre>
165
                                                             50
                                                             51 void cdq(int 1, int r, vector<point> &a, vi &dp){
166
                                                                    if(l==r) return;
167
                                                             5.2
168
       return 0;
                                                             53
169 }
                                                                    int mid = (1+r) / 2;
                                                             5.4
                                                             5.5
         Ternary Search
                                                             56
                                                                    cdq(1, mid, a, dp);
                                                             57
                                                             58
                                                                    // compress z
 1 // Ternary
                                                                    set < int > uz; map < int, int > idz;
                                                             5.9
 _{2} ld l = _{-1}e4, r = 1e4;
                                                                    for(int i=1;i<=r;i++) uz.insert(a[i].z);</pre>
                                                             60
 3 int iter = 100;
                                                             61
                                                                    int id = 0;
 4 while(iter--){
                                                                    for(auto z: uz) idz[z] = id++;
                                                             62
       1d m1 = (2*1 + r) / 3;
                                                             63
       1d m2 = (1 + 2*r) / 3;
                                                                    vector < point > tmp;
                                                             64
       if(check(m1) > check(m2))
                                                                    for(int i=1;i<=r;i++){</pre>
                                                             65
          1 = m1:
                                                             66
                                                                        tmp.pb(a[i]);
 9
       else
                                                             67
                                                                        tmp.back().x = 0;
           r = m2;
10
                                                             68
                                                                        tmp.back().z = idz[tmp.back().z];
11 }
                                                                        if(i<=mid)
                                                             6.9
                                                             70
                                                                             tmp.back().left = true;
   8.3 Cdq
                                                             72
                                                             73
                                                                    Segtree st(id);
 1 // LIS 3D problem
                                                             74
 struct Segtree{
                                                                    sort(tmp.rbegin(), tmp.rend());
                                                             75
                                                             7.6
       vi t;
                                                                    for(auto t: tmp){
       int n:
                                                             78
                                                                        if(t.left){
                                                                            st.update(t.z, dp[t.id]);
                                                             79
       Segtree(int n){
                                                             80
                                                                        }else{
           this -> n = n;
            t.assign(2*n, 0);
                                                             81
                                                                             dp[t.id] = max(dp[t.id], st.query(0, t.z)
                                                                    -1)+1);
1.0
                                                             82
                                                                        }
11
                                                             83
12
       int merge(int a, int b){
           return max(a, b);
                                                             84
13
                                                                    cdq(mid+1, r, a, dp);
                                                             85
14
                                                             86 }
1.5
       void build(){
                                                             87
16
           for(int i=n-1;i>0;i--)
1.7
               t[i] = merge(t[i<<1], t[i<<1|1]);
                                                           89 int32_t main()
18
                                                             90 {sws:
19
20
                                                                    int n; cin >> n;
                                                             92
       int query(int 1, int r){
            int resl = -INF, resr = -INF;
                                                             93
22
                                                             94
                                                                    vector < point > vet(n);
            for(l+=n, r+=n+1; l<r; l>>=1, r>>=1){
23
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i + +) {</pre>
                                                                                     a[i][j] == a[i][j-1] and
9.5
                                                             1.4
96
           cin >> vet[i].x >> vet[i].y >> vet[i].z;
                                                             15
                                                                                     a[i][j] == a[i-1][j-1])
                                                                                 dp[i][j] = min(min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][
97
                                                             16
98
                                                                    j-1]),
        sort(vet.begin(), vet.end());
                                                                                                 dp[i-1][j-1]) + 1;
                                                                             else dp[i][j] = 1;
100
                                                             18
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                             19
           vet[i].id = i:
                                                                             result = max(result, dp[i][j]);
                                                             20
                                                                        }
                                                             21
103
                                                                    }
       vi dp(n, 1);
                                                             22
104
105
                                                             23
106
       cdq(0, n-1, vet, dp);
                                                             24
                                                                    return result;
                                                             25 }
       int ans = 0;
108
                                                                     Aliens
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
109
           ans = max(ans, dp[i]);
110
                                                             1 // Solves https://codeforces.com/contest/1279/problem
        cout << ans << endl:
112
114
                                                             3 // dado um vetor de inteiros, escolha k subsegmentos
       return 0;
                                                                   disjuntos de soma ámxima
115
116 }
                                                              4 // em vez de rodar a dp[i][k] = melhor soma éat i
                                                                    usando k segmentos,
   8.4 Histogram Rectangle
                                                              _{5} // vc roda uma dp[i] adicionando um custo W toda vez
                                                                   que usa um novo subsegmento,
                                                              _{6} // e faz busca \acute{a}binria nesse W pra achar o custo
 1 ll bestRectangle(vector < int > hist) {
                                                                   ímnimo que usa exatamente K intervalos
       int n = hist.size();
       stack <11> s;
                                                              8 11 n, k, L;
       s.push(-1);
                                                              9 pll check(ll w, vl& v){
       11 ans = hist[0];
                                                                    vector < pll > dp(n+1);
       vector < ll > left_smaller(n, -1), right_smaller(n,
                                                                    dp[0] = \{0,0\};
                                                             11
                                                                    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i + +) {</pre>
                                                                        dp[i] = dp[i-1];
           while(!s.empty() and s.top()!=-1 and hist[s.
                                                                        dp[i].ff += v[i];
       top()]>hist[i]){
                                                                        if(i-L>=0){
                                                             1.5
                right_smaller[s.top()] = i;
                                                                             pll t = {dp[i-L].ff + w, dp[i-L].ss + 1};
                                                             16
 1.0
                s.pop();
                                                             1.7
                                                                             dp[i] = min(dp[i], t);
            }
11
                                                             18
            if(i>0 and hist[i] == hist[i-1])
                                                                    }
               left_smaller[i] = left_smaller[i-1];
1.3
                                                             2.0
                                                                    return dp[n];
                                                             21
               left_smaller[i] = s.top();
 1.5
                                                             22 }
            s.push(i);
                                                             23
 17
                                                            24 ll solve(vl v){
18
                                                                    ll l=-1, r=n+1, ans=-1;
                                                            25
       for(int j=0;j<n;j++){</pre>
                                                             26
                                                                    while(1<=r){
          ll area = hist[j]*(right_smaller[j]-
20
                                                                        11 \text{ mid} = (1+r)/2;
                                                            2.7
       left_smaller[j]-1);
                                                            28
                                                                        pll c = check(mid, v);
           ans = max(ans, area);
                                                                        if(c.ss <= k){
                                                             29
22
                                                             30
                                                                            r = mid - 1;
23
       return ans;
                                                                             ans = mid;
                                                             31
24 }
                                                                        }else{
                                                             32
                                                                             1 = mid + 1;
                                                             33
        DP
   9
                                                             3.4
                                                             35
                                                             36
   9.1 Largest Ksubmatrix
                                                                    pll c = check(ans, v);
                                                             37
 1 int n, m;
                                                             39
                                                                    if(ans < 0) return 0;</pre>
 1 int a[MAX][MAX];
                                                             40
 _3 // Largest K such that exists a block K*K with equal _{41}
                                                                    // we can simply use k insted of c.ss ~magic~
       numbers
                                                                    return c.ff - ans*k;
                                                             42
 4 int largestKSubmatrix(){
                                                             43 }
       int dp[n][m];
                                                            44
       memset(dp, 0, sizeof(dp));
                                                             45 int32_t main()
                                                            46 {sws;
       int result = 0;
                                                            47
       for(int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++){</pre>
                                                                    string s;
                                                            48
           for(int j = 0 ; j < m ; j++){
                                                                    cin >> n >> k >> L;
 1.0
                                                            49
                if(!i or !j)
                                                                    cin >> s;
```

50

5.1

52

vl upper(n+1, 0), lower(n+1, 0);

dp[i][j] = 1;

13

else if(a[i][j] == a[i-1][j] and

```
for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
                                                                   if(tab[idx][menor][qt] != -1)
5.3
                                                             7
54
          if('A'<= s[i] and s[i] <= 'Z')
                                                             8
                                                                       return tab[idx][menor][qt];
               upper[i+1] = 1;
5.5
                                                             q
56
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                            10
                                                                   11 res = 0;
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i <= 9; i++) {
           if('a'<= s[i] and s[i] <= 'z')
                                                            11
                                                                       if(menor or i <= r[idx]-'0') {</pre>
               lower[i+1] = 1;
58
                                                            12
                                                                            res += dp(idx+1, r, menor or i < (r[idx]-
                                                            13
       cout << min(solve(lower),</pre>
                                                                   '0') , qt+(i>0), tab);
60
                                                                       }
                   solve(upper)) << endl;
61
                                                            14
                                                            15
62
       return 0:
63
                                                            16
64 }
                                                            17
                                                                   return tab[idx][menor][qt] = res;
                                                            18 }
  9.3 Partition Problem
                                                               9.6 Knuth
1 // Partition Problem DP O(n2)
                                                            1 for (int i=1;i<=n;i++) {</pre>
2 bool findPartition(vi &arr){
                                                                   opt[i][i] = i;
      int sum = 0;
                                                                   dp[i][i] = ?; // initialize
                                                             3
      int n = arr.size();
                                                             4 }
                                                            5 auto cost = [&](int 1, int r) {
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                             6
                                                                   return ?;
           sum += arr[i];
                                                             7 };
      if(sum&1) return false;
9
                                                             9 for (int l=n-1;l>=1;l--) {
10
                                                                   for (int r=1+1;r<=n;r++) {</pre>
                                                            1.0
      bool part[sum/2+1][n+1];
                                                            11
                                                                        11 ans = LLINF;
12
                                                                        for (int k=opt[1][r-1]; k<=min(r-1, opt[1+1][
13
      for (int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                                                                   r]); k++) {
           part[0][i] = true;
14
                                                            13
                                                                            ll best = dp[1][k] + dp[k+1][r];
15
                                                                            if (ans > best) {
                                                            14
       for (int i=1; i <= sum/2; i++)
16
                                                                                ans = best;
                                                            15
           part[i][0] = false;
                                                                                opt[1][r] = k;
                                                            16
18
      for(int i=1;i<=sum/2;i++){</pre>
19
                                                                        }
                                                            18
          for(int j=1;j<=n;j++){
20
                                                                        dp[l][r] = ans + cost(l, r);
                                                            19
               part[i][j] = part[i][j-1];
2.1
                                                            20
               if(i >= arr[j-1])
                                                            21 }
                   part[i][j] |= part[i - arr[j-1]][j
23
       -1];
                                                            23 cout << dp[1][n] << endl;</pre>
24
25
                                                               9.7 Divide Conquer
       return part[sum / 2][n];
27 }
                                                            1 ll cost(int l, int r) {
  9.4 Unbounded Knapsack
                                                                   return ?;
                                                            3 }
1 int w, n;
                                                             5 void process(int 1, int r, int optl, int optr) {
1 int c[MAX], v[MAX];
                                                                   if (1 > r) return;
                                                                   int opt = optl;
4 int unbounded_knapsack(){
                                                                   int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                             8
      int dp[w+1];
                                                                   for (int i=optl;i<=min(mid-1, optr);i++) {</pre>
                                                             9
       memset(dp, 0, sizeof dp);
                                                                       if (dp[i] + cost(i+1, mid) < dp2[mid]) {</pre>
                                                            10
                                                                            opt = i;
      for (int i=0;i<=w;i++)</pre>
                                                                            dp2[mid] = dp[i] + cost(i+1, mid);
           for(int j = 0; j < n; j ++)</pre>
g
               if(c[j] <= i)
1.0
                   dp[i] = max(dp[i], dp[i-c[j]] + v[j])
                                                                   process(l, mid-1, optl, opt);
                                                                   process(mid+1, r, opt, optr);
12
                                                            17 }
13
       return dp[w];
                                                            18
14 }
                                                            19 int main() {
                                                                   for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
                                                            2.0
  9.5 Dp Digitos
                                                                        dp[i] = cost(0, i);
                                                                        dp2[i] = LLINF;
1 // dp de quantidade de numeros <= r com ate qt
      digitos diferentes de 0
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < k - 1; i + +) {</pre>
2 ll dp(int idx, string& r, bool menor, int qt, vector<25
      vector<vi>>>& tab) {
                                                                        process(0, n-1, 0, n-1);
      if(qt > 3) return 0;
                                                            27
                                                                        swap(dp, dp2);
       if(idx >= r.size()) {
                                                                        dp2.assign(N, LLINF);
                                                            28
           return 1;
5
                                                            29
                                                            30 }
```

## 9.8 Lis }; 1.7 18 set < int, decltype(compare) > S(compare); 19 nultiset < int > S; vi previous( elements.size(), -1 ); 20 2 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre> for(int i=0; i<int( elements.size() ); ++i){</pre> auto it = S.insert(i).first; if(it != S.begin()) auto it = S.upper\_bound(vet[i]); // low for inc 22 **if**(it != S.end()) previous[i] = \*prev(it); S.erase(it); 24 S.insert(vet[i]); if(\*it == i and next(it) != S.end()) 25 7 } S.erase(next(it)); 26 8 // size of the lis 27 9 int ans = S.size(); 28 vi answer; 29 11 /////// see that later answer.push\_back( \*S.rbegin() ); 30 while ( previous[answer.back()] != -1 ) 12 // https://codeforces.com/blog/entry/13225?#comment 31 -180208 answer.push\_back( previous[answer.back()] ); 32 reverse( answer.begin(), answer.end() ); 33 14 vi LIS(const vi &elements){ 34 return answer; auto compare = [&](int x, int y) { 35 } return elements[x] < elements[y];</pre>