Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment

Week 07, Segment 1: Login Process

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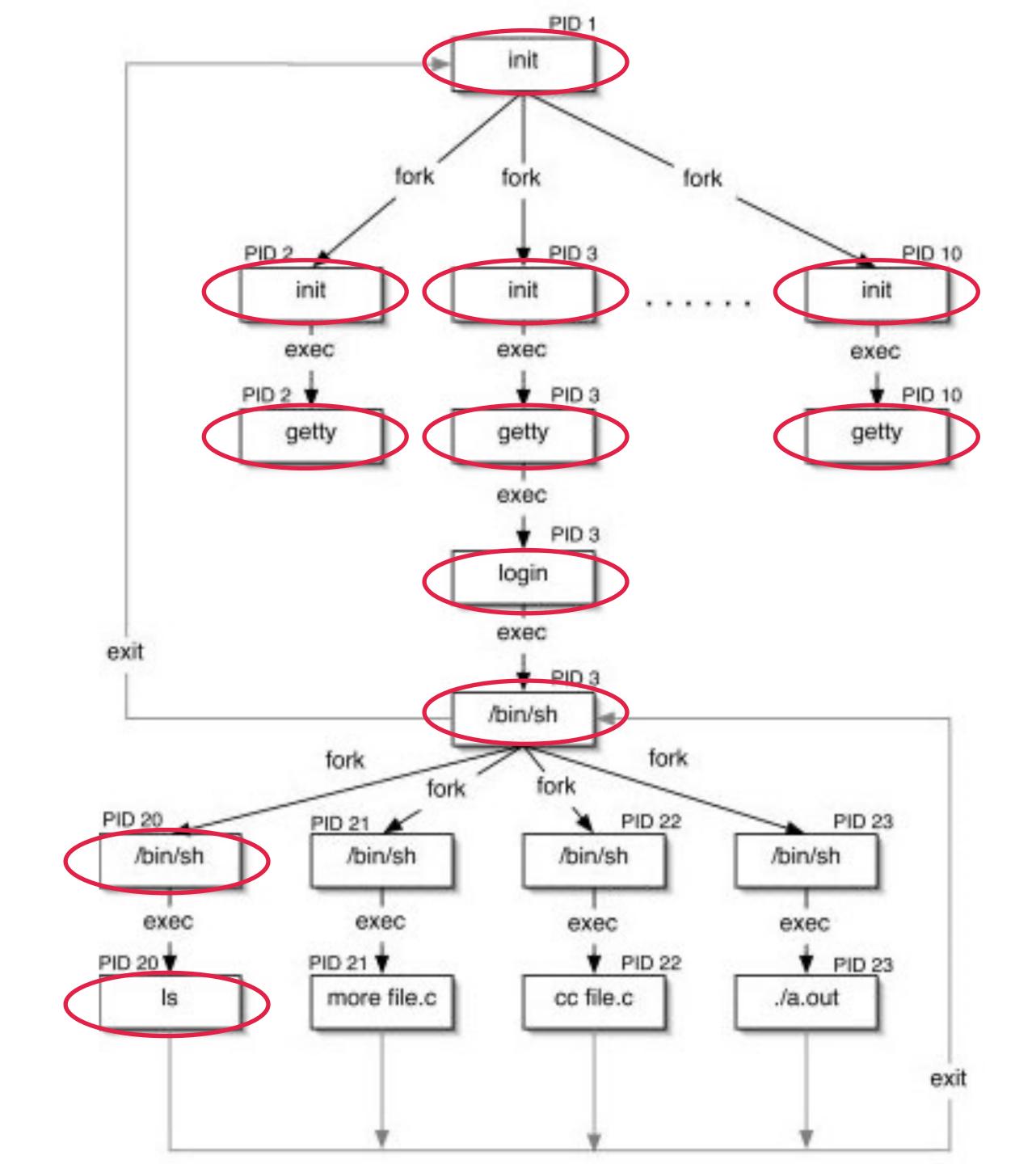
jschauma@stevens.edu https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/

```
$ dmesg -t | more
NetBSD 10.0 (GENERIC64) #0: Thu Mar 28 08:33:33 UTC 2024
        mkrepro@mkrepro.NetBSD.org:/usr/src/sys/arch/evbarm/compile/GENERIC64
total memory = 2025 MB
avail memory = 1951 MB
timecounter: Timecounters tick every 10.000 msec
Kernelized RAIDframe activated
armfdt0 (root)
armfdt0: using EFI runtime services for RTC
simplebus0 at armfdt0: QEMU QEMU Virtual Machine
simplebus1 at simplebus0
acpifdt0 at simplebus0
acpifdt0: SMBIOS rev. 3.0.0 @ 0xbf800000
ACPI: RSDP 0 \times 0000000000BC150018 000024 (v02 BOCHS)
ACPI: 1 ACPI AML tables successfully acquired and loaded
acpi0 at acpifdt0: Intel ACPICA 20221020
acpi0: X/RSDT: OemId <BOCHS ,BXPC ,00000001>, AslId < ,01000013>
acpi0: MCFG: segment 0, bus 0-15, address 0x000000003f000000
cpu0 at acpi0: unknown CPU (ID = 0x610f0000), id 0x0
cpu0: package 0, core 0, smt 0
cpu0: IC enabled, DC enabled, EL0/EL1 stack Alignment check enabled
ld4: 10240 MB, 16383 cyl, 16 head, 63 sec, 512 bytes/sect x 20971520 sectors
ld5: GPT GUID: 0a6eb92a-fe83-46f9-923c-971c06167a03
dk0 at ld5: "16fe60e5-87e5-4673-b57a-813373152518", 32768 blocks at 64, type: ntfs
dk1 at ld5: "f3a31727-321b-481d-8738-8aab3858d25d", 25190336 blocks at 32832, type: ffs
dk2 at ld5: "3f94291b-4cb7-4063-9263-764d9ce92419", 8331249 blocks at 25223168, type: swap
IPsec: Initialized Security Association Processing.
swwdog0: software watchdog initialized
boot device: dk1
root on dk1 dumps on dk2
root file system type: ffs
kern.module.path=/stand/evbarm/10.0/modules
$ ls -l /var/run/dmesg.boot
-rw-r--r-- 1 root wheel 10481 Oct 21 01:45 /var/run/dmesg.boot
```

```
total memory = 1023 MB
avail memory = 970 MB
mainbus0 (root)
[\ldots]
boot device: wd0
root on wd0a dumps on wd0b
root file system type: ffs init: copying out path `/sbin/init' 11
[\ldots]
Starting local daemons:.
Starting sshd.
Starting cron.
NetBSD/amd64 (apue) (console)
login:
```

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mainbus0 (root)
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login: jschauma
Password:
```

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total memory = 1023 MB
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mainbus0 (root)
boot device: wd0
root on wd0a dumps on wd0b
root file system type: ffs
init: copying out path \'/sbin/init' 11
[...]
Starting local daemons:.
Starting sshd.
Starting cron.
NetBSD/amd64 (apue) (console)
login: jschauma
Password:
Last login: Sat Sep 10 14:27:56 2011 on console
Copyright (c) 1982, 1986, 1989, 1991, 1993
    The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.
NetBSD 9.0 (GENERIC) #0: Fri Feb 14 00:06:28 UTC 2020
Welcome to NetBSD!
```



- init(8): reads /etc/ttys
- getty(8): opens terminal, prints "login: ", reads username
- login(1):
 - getpass(3), hash, compare to getpwnam(3)
 - register login in system databases
 - read/display various files
 - initgroups(3)/setgid(2), initialize environment
 - chdir(2) to new home directory
 - chown(2) terminal device
 - setuid(2) to user's uid, exec(3) shell

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Let's revisit the process relationships for a login:

kernel
$$\Rightarrow$$
 init(8) # explicit creation
init(8) \Rightarrow getty(8) # fork(2) + exec(3)
getty(8) \Rightarrow login(1) # exec(3)
login(1) \Rightarrow \$SHELL # exec(3)
\$SHELL \Rightarrow ls(1) # fork(2) + exec(3)

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Let's revisit the process relationships for a login:

init(8) # PID 1, PPID 0, EUID 0

getty(8) # PID N, PPID 1, EUID 0

login(1) # PID N, PPID 1, EUID 0

\$SHELL # PID N, PPID 1, EUID U

ls(1) # PID M, PPID N, EUID U

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```
$ telnet localhost 4444
NetBSD/evbarm (apue) (constty)
login: jschauma
Password:
NetBSD 10.0 (GENERIC64) #0: Thu Mar 28 08:33:33 UTC 2024
Welcome to NetBSD!
You have new mail.
apue$ proctree
-+= 00001 root init
 -+- 00470 dhcpcd dhcpcd: [manager] [ip4]
  |--- 00474 dhcpcd dhcpcd: [network proxy]
 | |--- 00475 root dhcpcd: [privileged proxy]
  \--- 00477 dhcpcd dhcpcd: [control proxy]
  --= 00672 root /usr/sbin/syslogd -s
  --= 01109 root sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd [listener] 0 of 10-100 startups (sshd)
  -+= 01135 root /usr/sbin/ntpd -p /var/run/ntpd.pid
  \--- 01535 root ntpd: asynchronous dns resolver
  --= 01340 root /usr/sbin/cron
  --= 01342 root /usr/sbin/inetd -l
  -+= 01364 root /usr/libexec/postfix/master -w
   |--- 01189 postfix pickup -l -t unix -u
   \--- 01393 postfix qmgr -l -t unix -u
 \-+= 01450 root login
   \-+= 01369 jschauma -ksh
     \-+= 00338 jschauma proctree
       \--- 00604 jschauma ps -axwwo user,pid,ppid,pgid,command
```

The boot and login process illustrates:

- process creation sequence
- process ownership
- process groups and sessions

things are generally more complex than we initially think