

# **Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment**

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`https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/`

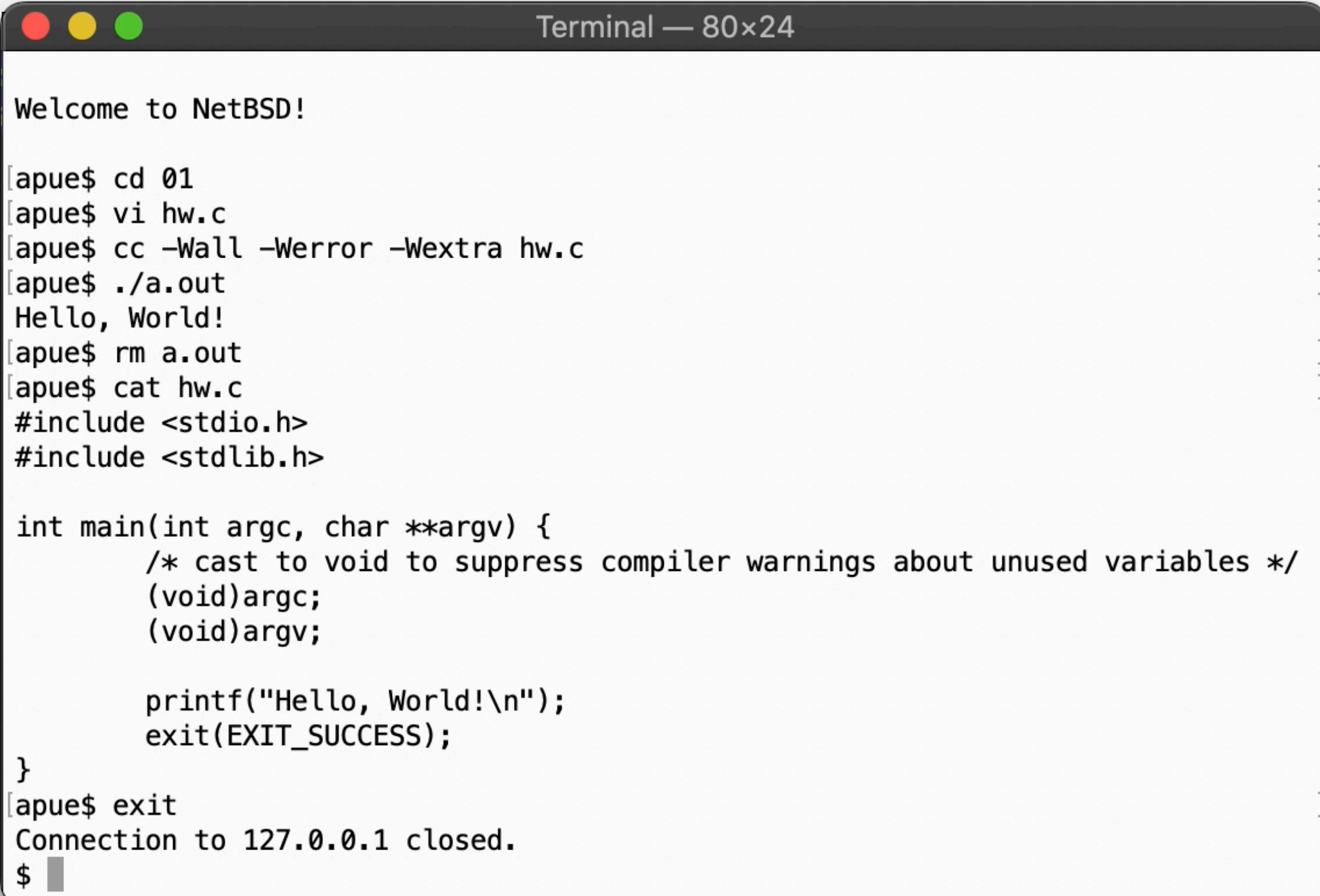
## About this class

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This class is called "*Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment*".

It is *not* called:

- "An Introduction to Unix"
- "What Even Is A Programming?"
- "Teach Yourself C Programming in 24 Hours!"



```
Terminal — 80x24

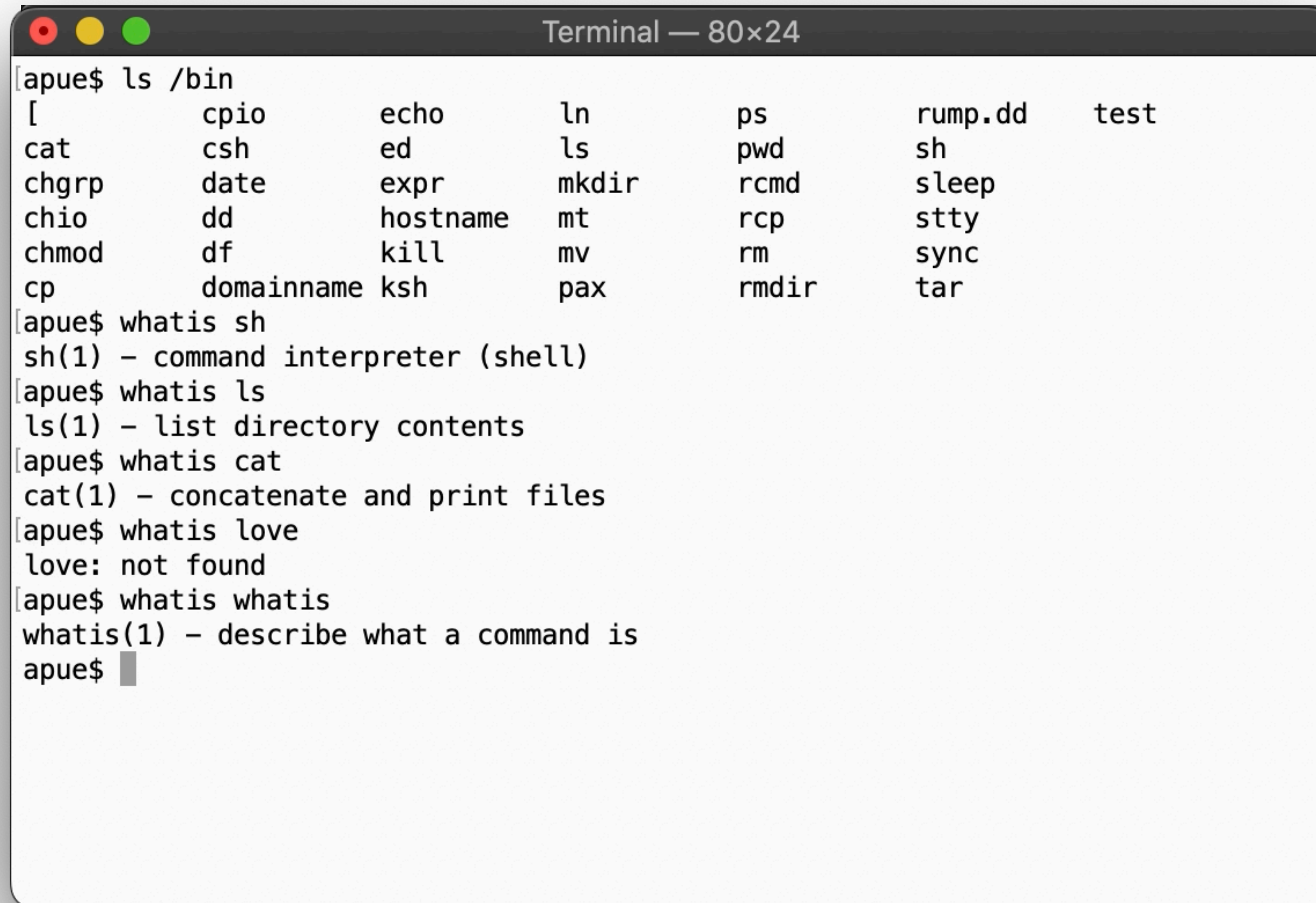
Welcome to NetBSD!

[apue$ cd 01
[apue$ vi hw.c
[apue$ cc -Wall -Werror -Wextra hw.c
[apue$ ./a.out
Hello, World!
[apue$ rm a.out
[apue$ cat hw.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    /* cast to void to suppress compiler warnings about unused variables */
    (void)argc;
    (void)argv;

    printf("Hello, World!\n");
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
[apue$ exit
Connection to 127.0.0.1 closed.
$
```

## This class in a nutshell: the "what"

A terminal window titled "Terminal — 80x24" with standard macOS window controls (red, yellow, green buttons). The terminal shows a series of commands and their outputs. First, 'ls /bin' lists various system utilities in a grid. Then, 'whatis sh' shows the description of the shell. Next, 'whatis ls' shows the description of the list command. Then, 'whatis cat' shows the description of the concatenate and print command. After that, 'whatis love' returns 'love: not found'. Finally, 'whatis whatis' shows the description of the 'whatis' command itself. The prompt 'apue\$' is shown at the end of the last command.

```
Terminal — 80x24
[apue$ ls /bin
[      cpio      echo      ln      ps      rump.dd      test
cat      csh      ed      ls      pwd      sh
chgrp    date      expr    mkdir   rcmd      sleep
chio     dd      hostname mt      rcp      stty
chmod    df      kill    mv      rm      sync
cp       domainname ksh     pax     rmdir    tar
[apue$ whatis sh
sh(1) - command interpreter (shell)
[apue$ whatis ls
ls(1) - list directory contents
[apue$ whatis cat
cat(1) - concatenate and print files
[apue$ whatis love
love: not found
[apue$ whatis whatis
whatis(1) - describe what a command is
apue$
```



## This class in a nutshell: the "what"

```
Terminal — 80x24
int      accept(int, struct sockaddr * __restrict, socklen_t * __restrict);
int      accept4(int, struct sockaddr * __restrict, socklen_t * __restrict, int);
int      bind(int, const struct sockaddr *, socklen_t);
int      connect(int, const struct sockaddr *, socklen_t);
int      getpeername(int, struct sockaddr * __restrict, socklen_t * __restrict);
int      getsockname(int, struct sockaddr * __restrict, socklen_t * __restrict);
int      getsockopt(int, int, int, void * __restrict, socklen_t * __restrict);
int      getsockopt2(int, int, int, void * __restrict, socklen_t * __restrict);
int      listen(int, int);
int      paccept(int, struct sockaddr * __restrict, socklen_t * __restrict,
ssize_t  recv(int, void *, size_t, int);
ssize_t  recvfrom(int, void * __restrict, size_t, int,
ssize_t  recvmsg(int, struct msghdr *, int);
ssize_t  send(int, const void *, size_t, int);
ssize_t  sendto(int, const void *,
ssize_t  sendmsg(int, const struct msghdr *, int);
int      setsockopt(int, int, int, const void *, socklen_t);
int      shutdown(int, int);
int      socketatmark(int);
int      socket(int, int, int)
int      socketpair(int, int, int, int *);
int      sendmmsg(int, struct mmsghdr *, unsigned int, unsigned int);
int      recvmsg(int, struct mmsghdr *, unsigned int, unsigned int,
apue$ grep "(int" /usr/include/sys/socket.h
```

## **This class in a nutshell: the "what"**

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- gain an understanding of Unix operating systems
- gain (systems) programming experience
- understand fundamental OS concepts (with focus on Unix family):
  - multi-user concepts
  - basic and advanced I/O
  - process relationships
  - interprocess communications
  - basic network programming using a client/server model

## This class in a nutshell: the "why"

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- understanding how Unix works gives you insights in other OS concepts
- system level programming experience is invaluable as it forms the basis for most other programming and even *use* of the system
- system level programming in C helps you understand general programming concepts
- most higher level programming languages (eventually) call (or implement themselves) standard C library functions



## **This class in a nutshell: the "how"**

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Our reference platform is NetBSD  $\geq 10.0$ .

You may choose to develop on e.g., your laptop running another OS, but you must make sure that your code compiles and runs flawlessly on NetBSD  $\geq 10.0$  using the system provided compiler (gcc  $\geq 10.5.0$ ).

Instructions for how to install NetBSD 10.0 in a VirtualBox VM can be found here:

<https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/virtualbox/>

Instructions for how to install NetBSD 10.0 in a UTM VM on Apple M1 hardware can be found here:

<https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/utm/>



## This class in a nutshell: the "how"

- <https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/#source-code>

```
Terminal — 80x24
[apue$ cat fetch-sources.sh
#!/bin/sh
set -eu

umask 022

for set in gnusrc sharesrc src syssrc; do
    echo "Fetching ${set}..."
    ftp -V ftp.netbsd.org:/pub/NetBSD/NetBSD-9.0/source/sets/${set}.tgz
    echo "Extracting ${set}..."
    su root -c "tar xzf ${set}.tgz -C /"
    rm -f "${set}.tgz"
done
[apue$ ls -l /usr/src
ls: /usr/src: No such file or directory
[apue$ sh fetch-sources.sh
Fetching gnusrc...
Extracting gnusrc...
Fetching sharesrc...
Extracting sharesrc...
Fetching src...
Extracting src...
Fetching syssrc...
Extracting syssrc...
```

```
Terminal — 80x24

/* fts_build flags */
#define BCHILD      1          /* fts_children */
#define BNAMES      2          /* fts_children, names only */
#define BREAD       3          /* fts_read */

#ifndef DTF_HIDEW
#undef FTS_WHITEOUT
#endif

FTS *
fts_open(char * const *argv, int options,
         int (*compar)(const FTSENT **, const FTSENT **))
{
    FTS *sp;
    FTSENT *p, *root;
    size_t nitems;
    FTSENT *parent, *tmp = NULL;    /* pacify gcc */
    size_t len;

    _DIAGASSERT(argv != NULL);

    /* Options check. */
"/usr/src/lib/libc/gen/fts.c" [readonly] 1244L, 32234C    118,1    8%
```

- <https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/compare-code-exercise.html>



## This class in a nutshell: the "how"

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We will write a fair bit of code in this class.

Writing code is communication.

Make sure your code is:

- clearly structured
- well-formatted
- uses a consistent coding style (indentation, placement of braces, etc.)
- variables, functions etc. are sensibly named
- comments are used only when necessary, explaining the *why*, not the *how*

See also: <https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/style>

## About this class

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### Textbook:

"Advanced Programming in the UNIX® Environment", Third Edition, by W. Richard Stevens, Stephen A. Rago

### Grading:

- course participation, checkpoints: 50 points
- 2 smaller homework assignments, worth 25 points each
- 1 midterm project, worth 100 points
- 1 final project (group work), worth 200 points
- 1 final programming assignment (individual), worth 100 points

## About this class

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You are responsible for your work as well as your time management. If you run into challenges, contact me as soon as possible and we will work something out.

There will be no extra-credit assignments, but you may resubmit your work to address any problems identified to improve your grade.

You are responsible for your own work. You may not present as your own the ideas, code, or code samples of another, even if those are available on the internet. Any incidents of plagiarism and copyright infringement will be reported to the Dean of Graduate Academics.

<https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/#cheating>



## Permitted use of (generative) AI technologies

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You *may* use AI programs such as e.g., ChatGPT to help generate ideas and brainstorm.

Note that the material generated by these programs may be inaccurate, incomplete, or otherwise problematic and often stifles your own independent thinking and creativity.

You *may not* submit any work generated by an AI program as your own. If you include material generated by an AI program, it should be cited like any other reference material and must include the prompt you used to have the AI to generate the code in question.

Treat these programs like a virtual fellow student: you are allowed to "discuss" with them at a *conceptual* level, but you cannot take their code and hand it in as your own, even if you make minor changes yourself afterwards.

<https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/use-of-ai.html>

# Syllabus

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- Introduction, UNIX history, UNIX Programming Basics
- File I/O, File Sharing
- Files and Directories
- Filesystems, System Data Files, Time & Date
- UNIX tools: make(1), gdb(1), revision control, etc.
- Process Environment, Process Control
- Process Groups, Sessions, Signals
- Interprocess Communication
- Daemon Processes, shared libraries
- Advanced I/O: Nonblocking I/O, Polling, and Record Locking
- Encryption
- Code reading, coding style, best practices
- Review

## Course Resources

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Course Website: <https://stevens.netmeister.org/631/>

Course Mailinglist: <https://lists.stevens.edu/mailman/listinfo/cs631apue>

Course Slack: <https://cs631apue2024.slack.com/>

Course Videos: <https://youtube.com/c/cs631apue>



# Homework

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Before *every* lecture:

- review the previous week's materials
- watch the video lectures and slides for that class
- run all examples from the video / slides
- follow up with questions on the course mailing list
- prepare for class by reading the assigned chapters
- do the recommended exercises
- submit the weekly checkpoint

After *every* lecture:

- re-run all examples from the video / slides
- review your notes from class

# Homework

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## Week 1:

- bookmark the course resources
- double-check that you are subscribed to the class mailing list
- customize your NetBSD VM for development
- join the course Slack channel and participate