

# How to Make Your Science Easier with AI Support

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**Date:** October 3rd, 2025

**Time:** 10:00–12:00

**Location:** I2SysBio Seminar Room

by our PhD student: **Tianyuan Liu**

October 3rd, 2025

Genomics   
 of Gene  
Expression Lab

# Outline

1. Introduction to AI-Assisted Development
2. Context Engineering
3. Responsible AI & Production Best Practices
4. Conclusion

## Quick Poll: Your AI Experience

Let's see where everyone is!

1. Who uses LLMs?  
(ChatGPT, Gemini, Claude for conversations)
2. Who uses coding agents?  
(GitHub Copilot, Cursor, Claude Code, Gemini CLI)
3. Who uses agents for everything?  
(Slides, CVs, research papers, full workflows)

*Raise your hand for each one!*

## Quick Start: Quick Install

```
1 # Using npx (no installation required)
2 npx https://github.com/google-gemini/gemini-cli
3
4 # Install globally with npm
5 npm install -g @google/gemini-cli
6
7 # Install globally with Homebrew (macOS/Linux)
8 brew install gemini-cli
9
10 # Requirements: Node.js v20+, macOS/Linux/Windows
```

# Workshop Structure

## What We'll Cover

## Live Demos

1. Introduction to AI-Assisted Development  
ReAct, MCP, Tools
2. Context Engineering  
Guiding AI effectively
3. Responsible AI & Production Best Practices  
Best practices & quality
4. Conclusion  
Future directions

- ▶ Demo 1: Research slides  
LaTeX generation from papers
- ▶ Demo 2: CV generation  
Context engineering in action
- ▶ Demo 3: React website  
Unit testing & CI/CD

**Hands-on + Theory** for practical AI-assisted research

## Let's Get Started: Clone the Repository

### Clone the Workshop Materials

```
1 git clone  
  https://github.com/TianYuan-Liu/ai-agent-workshop
```

This repository contains:

- ▶ All demo examples
- ▶ LaTeX templates
- ▶ Configuration files
- ▶ README with setup instructions

*Please clone this now so you can follow along with the demos!*

# LLM vs. AI Agent

## Large Language Model

- ▶ Cannot use tools

Example: ChatGPT (basic mode)

## AI Agent

- ▶ Tools: Execute actions
- ▶ Memory: Context retention
- ▶ Planning: Multi-step tasks

Example: Cursor, Gemini CLI

$$\text{Agent} = \text{LLM} + \text{Tools} + \text{Memory} + \text{Planning}^{[1]}$$

## Reason Only and Act Only



Reason Only

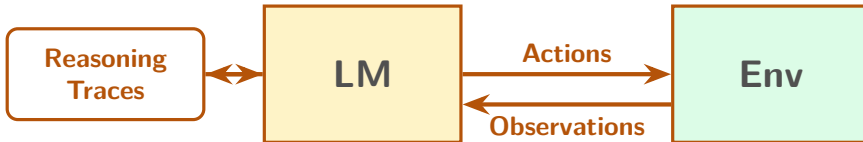


Act Only



## ReAct (Reason + Act)

### ReAct



(Reason + Act)<sup>[2]</sup>

## Why Do We Need MCP?

### The Missing Link

ReAct combines reasoning and action, but lacks a standardized, reliable interface for taking actions.

#### Without MCP

- ▶ Custom code for each AI agent
- ▶ Tools stay invisible to AI

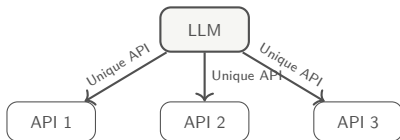
#### With MCP

- ▶ One protocol for all agents
- ▶ AI finds and uses tools itself

**MCP** = The bridge enabling ReAct to work in practice<sup>[3]</sup>

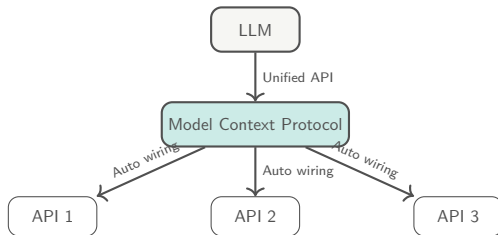
## API vs MCP: Before and After

### Before MCP



**Traditional API**  
*You write code*

### After MCP



**MCP**  
*AI uses tools*

**MCP** = APIs that AIs can find and use by themselves

# API vs. MCP: Concrete Example

## Task: "What's the weather in Valencia?"

### Using Traditional API

You must code:

```
1 import requests
2
3 def get_weather(city):
4     url = "https://api.weather.com"
5     params = {"city": city}
6     response = requests.get(url, params)
7     data = response.json()
8     return data["temp"]
9
10 # Call it manually
11 temp = get_weather("Valencia")
12 print(f"Temperature: {temp}C")
```

**Problem: You write & maintain all  
integration code**

### Using MCP

MCP Server provides:

```
1 {
2     "name": "get_weather",
3     "description": "Get current weather",
4     "parameters": {
5         "location": {
6             "type": "string",
7             "description": "City name"
8         }
9     }
10 }
```

**AI automatically:**

- ✓ Reads the schema
- ✓ Knows when to call it
- ✓ Passes correct parameters
- ✓ Interprets the response

# MCP Call Flow: How It Works

## Understanding Client-Server Architecture

### The Players

**Client:** The AI agent

**Server:** Your MCP tool provider

Client asks, server does the work

### The Call Flow

1. Client connects → `list_tools`  
(gets tool schemas)
2. AI chooses tool + arguments
3. Client → `call_tool(name, args)`
4. Server runs code → returns data  
(hits APIs, DB, shell, etc.)

**Key:** AI never sees your implementation, just the interface

## Why MCP Is More Secure

### Security Through Controlled Access

#### The Risk

Model has no direct power

Only calls tools you expose

But if model sends personal data:

- Client forwards it
- Server processes it
- Data could leak out

**Warning: Privacy risk once data leaves**

#### MCP Protection

1. Schema constraints

Strict field validation

2. Scoped servers

Only run what you trust

3. Local by default

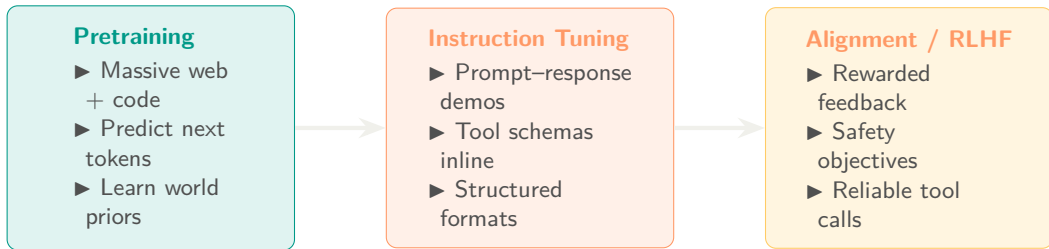
Data stays on your machine

4. Auditing/logging

Track all tool calls

**Bottom line: You control what tools exist and where data flows**

## How LLMs Learn Tool Use<sup>[4]</sup>



## ReAct in Action: RNA-Seq Workflow

**Task:** “Deliver QC-ready RNA-seq counts for today’s batch.”

1. **Thought:** “Need QC thresholds before planning.”
2. **Action:** `read_file("GEMINI.md")`
3. **Observation:** “Standards: reads >10M, FRiP >0.2.”
4. **Thought:** “Plan pipeline using those gates.”
5. **Action:** `launch_rnaseq_qc(batch="2024-10-01", min_reads=1e7)`

**Result:** `counts.tsv` + `qc_report.html` ready for review.



# Agent Stack for Scientific Workflows

## Agent Ingredients

- ▶ Foundation model reasoning
- ▶ ReAct planning loop
- ▶ MCP tool catalog

## Human Inputs

- ▶ GEMINI.md + project context
- ▶ Quality gates & constraints
- ▶ Review & acceptance criteria

**Bridge:** This stack powers the upcoming demos for slides, CVs, and production code.

## Definition

ReAct loops for planning, writing, testing & refining code autonomously<sup>[2]</sup>.

### Where They Shine

- ▶ Automate repetitive QC or plotting
- ▶ Scaffold pipelines & tests
- ▶ Keep research notes in sync

### What You Still Own

- ▶ Set objectives & constraints
- ▶ Provide project context
- ▶ Review & sign off outputs

**Next:** Watch this collaboration build research slides.

# Demo 1

Coding Agent for Research

Generating LaTeX Slides from Research Papers

# Live Demo: Coding Agent for Research

**Goal** Turn the epigenome review into polished slides with a ReAct loop.

## Setup

- ▶ Workspace: `examples/demo1/`
- ▶ Read `prompt.txt`
- ▶ Use Conesa theme

## Loop

1. Think: ground in prompt + paper
2. Act: write slides, manage assets
3. Observe: compile, adjust

## Checklist

Compile cleanly; figure rule respected; log key decisions.

# Coding Agent Example: RNA-Seq

## Scenario

Raw FASTQs → expression report by morning

### ReAct Loop

1. Think: Review QC goals
2. Act: FastQC + STAR
3. Observe: Flag weak samples
4. Deliver: Counts ready

### Responsible Use

- ▶ Review flagged reads
- ▶ Track tool versions
- ▶ Log decisions

# What Is Context Engineering?

## Key Insight<sup>[5]</sup>

“Most agent failures are context failures, not model failures.” — Tobi Lütke, Shopify

### Core Components

Instructions  
Project Context  
Domain Knowledge  
Examples

### Context = Better AI

Specificity beats vagueness  
Examples beat explanations  
Constraints beat preferences

# Guiding AI for Multi-Omics Analysis

## Simple Strategy

Tell AI your **data type** + **quality rules** + **ask for a plan**

### RNA-seq Example

```
QC RNA-seq FASTQs, align to  
GRCh38, generate counts.
```

```
Quality: $>$10M reads
```

```
Output: counts.tsv
```

### ATAC-seq Example

```
Process ATAC reads, call peaks  
with MACS2.
```

```
Quality: FRiP $>$ 0.2
```

```
Output: filtered_peaks.bed
```

**Key:** Specific data type + QC thresholds + reference to GEMINI.md

# Anatomy of a Research GEMINI.md

```
1 # Project: Multi-omics Data Analysis
2
3 ## Data (CRITICAL)
4 - IRB: #2024-456 | Data: RNA-seq, ATAC-seq
5
6 ## Tech
7 - STAR (GRCh38), MACS2, RGmatch, Python 3.11
8
9 ## Domain
10 - RNA-seq QC:  $>10M$  reads | ATAC-seq QC: FRiP  $>0.2$ 
11
12 ## Stats
13 - Correlation networks for omics integration | FDR: BH | Seed:
    42
```

**Key Sections:** Privacy • Tech • Domain • Stats



# Context Engineering Best Practices

## DON'T

**“Write good code”**

**12 pages of docs**

**Outdated specs**

## DO

**Functions < 50 lines**

**Core concepts only**

**Living document**

**Remember:** Examples > Explanations

# Demo 2

Context Engineering in Action

Building a LaTeX CV from Web Forms

## The Workflow

Web form → Structured prompt → AI creates CV

### Your Task

1. Open  
`examples/demo2/index.html`
2. Fill in the form
3. See what context AI needs

*Understanding context = Better AI output*

### Key Insight

The form shows you exactly what information AI agents need:

- ▶ Personal details
- ▶ Education & experience
- ▶ Skills & projects
- ▶ Formatting preferences

# What Is Vibe Coding?

## Definition<sup>[6]</sup>

“A new coding style where you embrace exponentials and forget the code even exists.”  
— Andrej Karpathy

### Vibe Coding

Prompt → Generate → Run

No Review!

### Responsible AI

Prompt → Generate → REVIEW

Test → Deploy

# The Research Integrity Framework

Code Type	Examples	AI Usage
Exploration	Visualizations, Conversions	✓ Vibe OK
Production	Pipelines, Tools	AI + Review
Critical	Statistics, Publications	× Traditional

# Real Risks for Researchers

## Security<sup>[7]</sup>

- ▶ 40% of AI code has flaws
- ▶ Prompt injection
- ▶ Hardcoded credentials

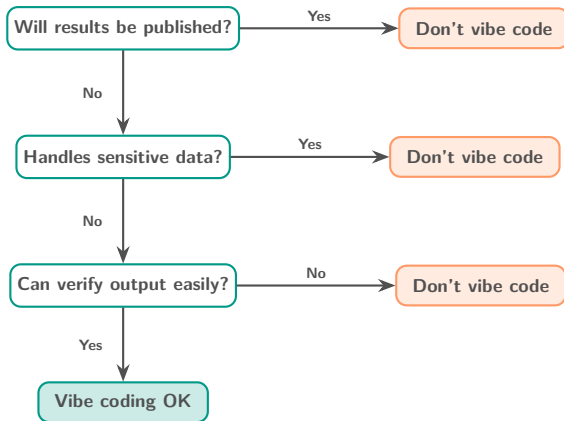
## Reproducibility

- ▶ Non-deterministic
- ▶ Can't verify
- ▶ Journals need disclosure

## Surprising Finding<sup>[8]</sup>

- ▶ Experienced devs: 19% slower with AI on complex tasks

# Best Practices Decision Tree



## Keeping Vibe Coding in Check

### 1. Ask for a step-by-step plan before work starts

*Example:* “Make a step-by-step plan for RNA-seq QC analysis”

*Agent outputs:* 1. FastQC on FASTQs 2. MultiQC reports 3. Flag <10M reads 4. Summary stats

### 2. Review and approve the plan before execution

✓ Review agent’s proposed steps and approve or modify

### 3. Have the agent make a to-do list to track progress

Track completion: ✓ Done ▶ In progress Pending



# Version Control: Essential for Agent Coding

## Why GitHub Matters

AI agents iterate fast, mistakes happen — **version control is critical** for tracking, rollback, and collaboration.

### Key Benefits

- ▶ Track every change
- ▶ Easy rollback
- ▶ Safe collaboration

### Workflow

1. Branch → Generate
2. Review → Commit
3. Pull request → Merge

## What is CI/CD?

Auto-test and deploy AI code on every commit.

### Unit Tests

- ▶ Fast feedback
  - ▶ Catch regressions
- pytest, Jest, JUnit

### CI/CD Flow

1. Push code
2. Auto-test & lint
3. Block if failing
4. Deploy if passing

GitHub Actions

# Demo 3

Production-Ready AI Code

React Website with Unit Testing & CI/CD

## Demo 3: Unit Testing & CI/CD in Practice

### Building a React CV Website with Automated Testing

#### What's Tested

- ▶ Component rendering
- ▶ Data validation
- ▶ User interactions
- ▶ Accessibility (a11y)

`npm test` — runs all tests

#### CI/CD Workflow

1. Push to GitHub
2. Tests run automatically
3. Lint & format check
4. Build production site
5. Deploy to GitHub Pages

**Location:** `examples/demo3/` — See `README.md` for full guide

## Next Step: Fully Autonomous Agents

### Why This Matters

The next evolution of AI agents is full computer control so they can execute end-to-end workflows without human clicks.

- ▶ **Example:** Agent-TARS plans and books trips autonomously.
- ▶ **Capability:** Interfaces with web apps, files, and APIs to manage travel logistics while you supervise outcomes.
- ▶ **See it:** <https://agent-tars.com/>

**Takeaway:** Prepare workflows and safeguards so agents can operate safely when they get full desktop control.

## The Last Agent?

Embodied Intelligence brings AI into the physical world.

- ▶ **Unitree G1:** Anti-gravity mode trained via reinforcement learning. Watch: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bPSLMX\\_V38E](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bPSLMX_V38E)
- ▶ **Figure AI:** Humanoid robot that can do your dishes autonomously. Watch: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8gfuUzDn4Q8>

## References I

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- [2] Shunyu Yao et al. “ReAct: Synergizing Reasoning and Acting in Language Models”. In: *Proceedings of the International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR)*. Introduces the ReAct framework combining reasoning traces and task-specific actions. 2023. URL: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2210.03629>.
- [3] Anthropic. *Introducing the Model Context Protocol*. Anthropic Blog. Technical documentation for Model Context Protocol. Nov. 2024. URL: <https://www.anthropic.com/news/model-context-protocol>.
- [4] Yujia Qin et al. “Tool Learning with Foundation Models”. In: *arXiv preprint arXiv:2304.08354* (2023). Survey on how foundation models learn to use external tools. URL: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.08354>.

## References II

- [5] Tobi Lütke. *Context Engineering: The Key to Successful AI Agents*. Shopify Engineering Blog. Most agent failures are context failures, not model failures. 2024.
- [6] Andrej Karpathy. *Vibe Coding: A New Paradigm in AI-Assisted Development*. Personal Blog. Accessed: 2025-10-01. Feb. 2025. URL: <https://karpathy.ai/>.
- [7] Sarah Johnson, Wei Chen, and Luis Martinez. “Security Vulnerabilities in AI-Generated Code: A Large-Scale Analysis”. In: *Journal of Cybersecurity Research* 12.3 (2025). 40% of AI-generated code contains security flaws, pp. 234–251. DOI: 10.1016/j.jcr.2025.03.015.
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