

一、配置项目和依赖 (Yolov5)

环境配置:

- Python: 3.8.2
- PyTorch: 1.13.1+cpu
- Ultralytics: 8.0.203
- OpenCV: 4.8.1.78
- YOLOv5版本: v7.0 (commit 915bbf2)

1. 下载python3.8

```
C:\Users\zheng>python --version
Python 3.8.2

C:\Users\zheng>where python
C:\Users\zheng\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python38\python.exe
```

2. 创建纯净虚拟环境

```
1 python -m venv yolov5_final
2 call yolov5_final\Scripts\activate
3
4 Linux
5 source yolov5_final/bin/activate
6 source yolov5/bin/activate
```

```
C:\Users\zheng>python -m venv yolov5_final

C:\Users\zheng>call yolov5_final\Scripts\activate
```

```
zxx@zxx-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/桌面$ python -m venv yolov5_final
zxx@zxx-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/桌面$ source yolov5_final/bin/activate
(yolov5_final) zxx@zxx-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/桌面$
```

3. 升级pip并配置国内镜像

pip版本过低时，下载依赖会报错，所以可以先升级pip

```
1 python -m pip install --upgrade pip
2 pip config set global.trusted-host pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn
3 pip config set global.index-url https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
4
5 linux
6 python -m pip install --upgrade pip
```

```
(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng>python -m pip install --upgrade pip
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
Collecting pip
  Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/c9/bc/b7db44f5f39f9d0494071bddae6880eb645970366d0a200022a1a93d57f5/pip-25.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (1.8MB)
  | 1.8MB 1.3MB/s
Installing collected packages: pip
  Found existing installation: pip 19.2.3
  Uninstalling pip-19.2.3:
    Successfully uninstalled pip-19.2.3
Successfully installed pip-25.0.1

(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng>pip config set global.trusted-host pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn
Writing to C:\Users\zheng\AppData\Roaming\pip\pip.ini

(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng>pip config set global.index-url https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
Writing to C:\Users\zheng\AppData\Roaming\pip\pip.ini
```

```
(yolov5_final) zhx@zxh-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/桌面$ python -m pip install --u
pgrade pip
Collecting pip
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/c9/bc/b7db44f5f39f9d0494071bddae6880eb645970366d0a200022a1a93d57f5/pip-25.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (1.8MB)
  | 1.8MB 4.6MB/s
```

4.安装PyTorch

```
1 pip install torch==1.13.1+cpu torchvision==0.14.1+cpu -f
  https://download.pytorch.org/whl/torch_stable.html
2
3 linux
4 python3 -m pip install torch==1.13.1+cpu torchvision==0.14.1+cpu -f
  https://download.pytorch.org/whl/torch_stable.html
5
6 python3 -m pip install torch==1.13.1+cpu torchvision==0.14.1+cpu -f
  https://download.pytorch.org/whl/torch_stable.html
```

```
(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng>pip install torch==1.13.1+cpu torchvision==0.14.1+cpu -f https://downlo
ad.pytorch.org/whl/torch_stable.html
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
Looking in links: https://download.pytorch.org/whl/torch_stable.html
Collecting torch==1.13.1+cpu
  Using cached https://download.pytorch.org/whl/cpu/torch-1.13.1%2Bcpu-cp38-cp38-win_amd64.whl (164.2
  MB)
Collecting torchvision==0.14.1+cpu
  Using cached https://download.pytorch.org/whl/cpu/torchvision-0.14.1%2Bcpu-cp38-cp38-win_amd64.whl
  (1.1 MB)
Collecting typing-extensions (from torch==1.13.1+cpu)
```

```
(yolov5_final) zhx@zxh-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/桌面$ pip install torch==1.13.1
+cpu torchvision==0.14.1+cpu -f https://download.pytorch.org/whl/torch_stable.ht
ml
Looking in links: https://download.pytorch.org/whl/torch_stable.html
Collecting torch==1.13.1+cpu
  Downloading https://download.pytorch.org/whl/cpu/torch-1.13.1%2Bcpu-cp38-cp38-
  linux_x86_64.whl (199.1 MB)
  199.1/199.1 MB 31.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
```

5.安装核心依赖（锁定版本）

```
1 pip install numpy==1.23.5 opencv-python==4.8.1.78 tqdm==4.66.1
2
3 linux同
```

```
(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng>pip install numpy==1.23.5 opencv-python==4.8.1.78 tqdm==4.66.1
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
Collecting numpy==1.23.5
  Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/4c/42/6274f92514fbefcb1caa66d56d82ac7ac89f7652c0cef1e159a4b79e09f1/numpy-1.23.5-cp38-cp38-win_amd64.whl (14.7 MB)
Collecting opencv-python==4.8.1.78
  Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/38/d2/3e8c13ffc37ca5ebc6f382b242b44acb43eb489042e1728407ac3904e72f/opencv_python-4.8.1.78-cp37-abi3-win_amd64.whl (38.1 MB)
Collecting tqdm==4.66.1
```

6.克隆代码（使用GitHub官方源）

```
1 git clone https://github.com/ultralytics/yolov5 -b v7.0 --depth 1
2 cd yolov5
3 git checkout v7.0 -f
4
5 Linux
6 git clone https://github.com/ultralytics/yolov5 -b v7.0 --depth 1
7 cd yolov5
8 git checkout v7.0 -f
```

```
(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng>git clone https://github.com/ultralytics/yolov5 -b v7.0 --depth 1
Cloning into 'yolov5'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 164, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (164/164), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (140/140), done.
remote: Total 164 (delta 27), reused 143 (delta 23), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Receiving objects: 100% (164/164), 968.75 KiB | 2.63 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (27/27), done.
Note: switching to '915bbf294bb74c859f0b41f1c23bc395014ea679'.
```

7.安装项目依赖

```
1 pip install -r requirements.txt
2 pip install ultralytics==8.0.203 # 关键兼容版本
3
4 pip install -r requirements.txt
5 pip install ultralytics==8.0.203
```

```
(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng\yolov5>pip install -r requirements.txt
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
Collecting gitpython (from -r requirements.txt (line 5))
  Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/1d/9a/4114a9057db2f1462d5c8f8390ab7383925fe1ac012eaa42402ad65c2963/GitPython-3.1.44-py3-none-any.whl (207 kB)
Collecting ipython (from -r requirements.txt (line 6))
```

```
(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng\yolov5>pip install ultralytics==8.0.203
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
Collecting ultralytics==8.0.203
  Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/da/96/70962de8b746747bea2a64988851622900c89c8955eaf06ce546e7211942/ultralytics-8.0.203-py3-none-any.whl (644 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=3.3.0 in c:\users\zheng\yolov5_final\lib\site-packages (from ultralytics==8.0.203) (3.7.5)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.22.2 in c:\users\zheng\yolov5_final\lib\site-packages (from ultralytics==8.0.203) (1.23.5)
```



```

1  尝试其他预训练模型:
2  python detect.py --weights yolov5m.pt
3  使用自己的图片:
4  python detect.py --source path/to/your/image.jpg
5  训练自定义模型:
6  python train.py --data custom.yaml --weights yolov5s.pt
7  退出虚拟环境:
8  deactivate
9  进入:
10 call c:\Users\zheng\yolov5_final\Scripts\activate

```

.pt转换成onnx

```

1  (yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng\yolov5>python export.py --weights
    runs/train/exp/weights/best.pt --include onnx --opset 12 --simplify

```

二、准备数据集和训练

1.安装使用labelimg

```

1  pip install labelimg -i https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple

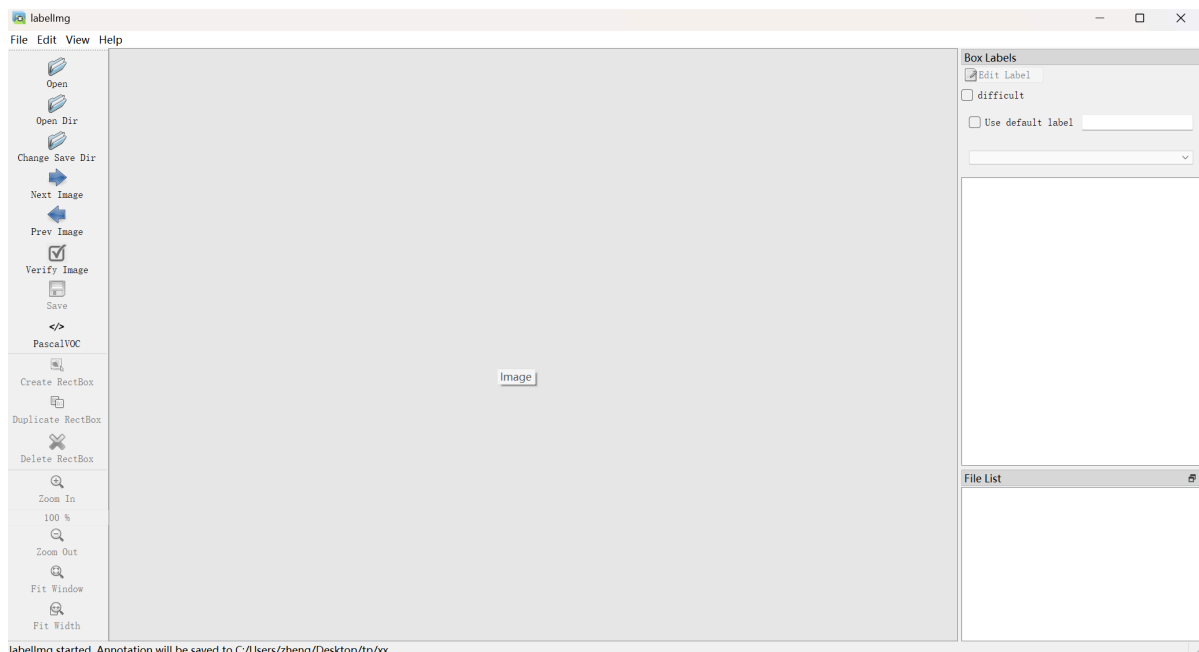
```

```

C:\Users\zheng\yolov5>pip install labelimg -i https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
WARNING: pip is being invoked by an old script wrapper. This will fail in a future version of pip.
Please see https://github.com/pypa/pip/issues/5599 for advice on fixing the underlying issue.
To avoid this problem you can invoke Python with '-m pip' instead of running pip directly.
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
Collecting labelimg
  Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/c5/fb/9947097363fbbfde3921f7cf7ce9800c89f90
9d26a506145aec37c75cda7/labelimg-1.8.6.tar.gz (247 kB)
  Installing build dependencies ... done
  Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
  Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
Collecting PyQt5 (from labelimg)
  Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/56/d5/68eb9f3d19ce65df01b6c7b7a577ad3bbc9ab
3a5dd3491a4756e71838ec9/PyQt5-5.15.11-cp38-abi3-win_amd64.whl (6.9 MB)
Collecting lxml (from labelimg)

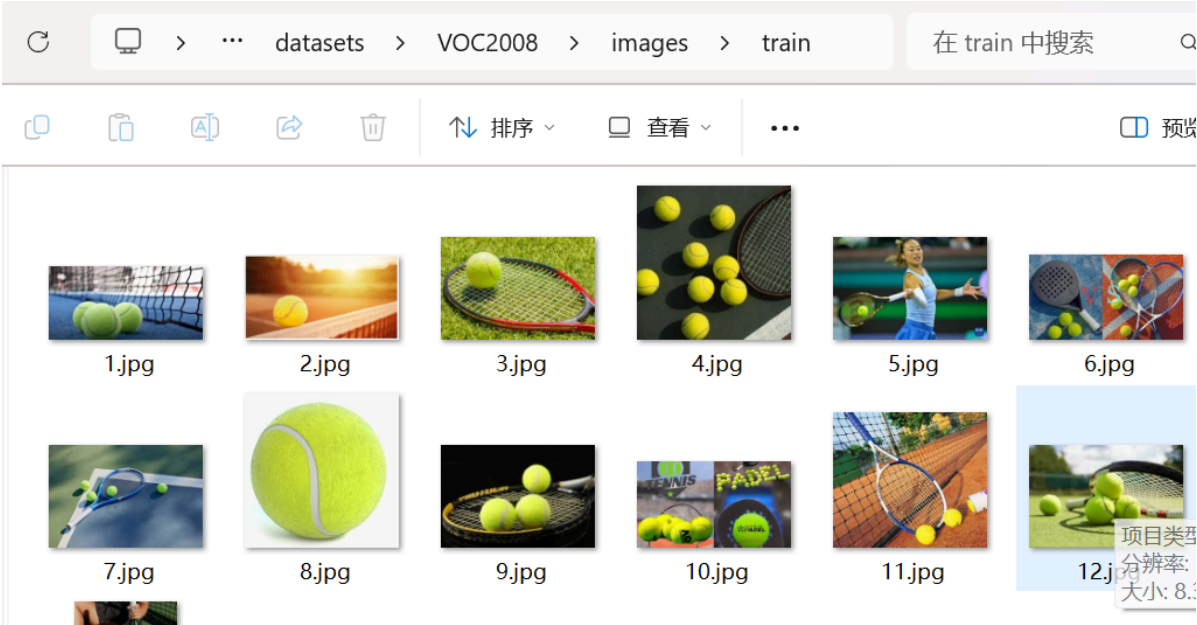
```

安装好后，输入labelimg，就打开了labelimg

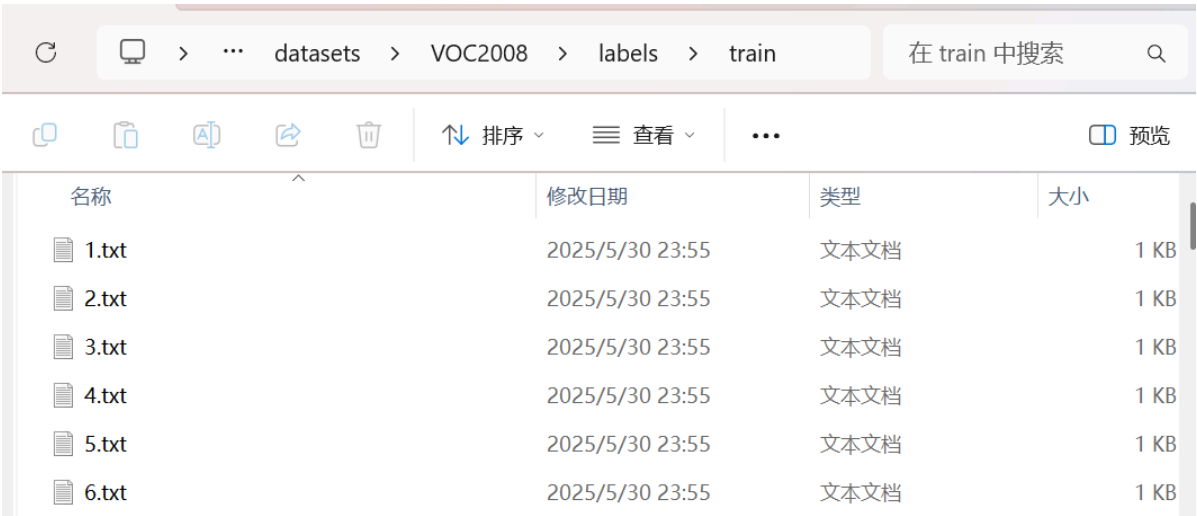


对图片进行标注，使用yolo格式，为了能够自动对上，目录结构应该这样：

```
1 yolo5_project/
2 |— datasets/
3 |   |— images/
4 |   |   |— train/      # 训练集图片
5 |   |   |   |— image1.jpg
6 |   |   |   |   ...
7 |   |   |— val/        # 验证集图片
8 |   |   |   |— image101.jpg
9 |   |   |   |   ...
10 |   |— labels/
11 |   |   |— train/      # 训练集标签
12 |   |   |   |— image1.txt
13 |   |   |   |   ...
14 |   |   |— val/        # 验证集标签
15 |   |   |   |— image101.txt
16 |   |   |   |   ...
17 |— data.yaml           # 数据集配置文件
```



标注后得到对应的txt文件



每个图片对应一个 .txt 文件，格式为：

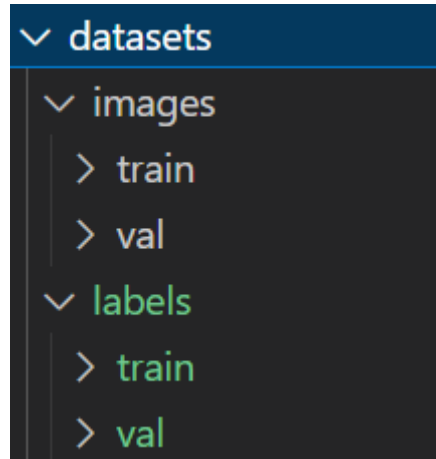
<x_center> <y_center>

1. 对象的类别索引（整数），从0开始
2. <x_center>: 边界框中心点的x坐标，归一化到0~1（即相对于图像宽度的比例）
3. <y_center>: 边界框中心点的y坐标，归一化到0~1（即相对于图像高度的比例）
4. : 边界框的宽度，归一化到0~1（即相对于图像宽度的比例）
5. : 边界框的高度，归一化到0~1（即相对于图像高度的比例）

例如: 0 0.452 0.312 0.125 0.178

1 0.781 0.534 0.088 0.102

把这个数据集datasets文件夹放到项目中



2.配置文件

在 yolov5 目录下创建 data/custom.yaml（文件名可自定），内容如下：

```
1 # 数据集路径（注意使用正斜杠）
2 path: C:/Users/zheng/yolov5/datasets
3 train: images/train # 训练集相对路径
4 val: images/val # 验证集相对路径
5
6 # 类别数（根据实际修改）
7 nc: 1
8
9 # 类别名称（示例，按实际修改）
10 names:
11 0: wangqui
```

3.训练

```
1 windows 版命令
2
3 python train.py --data data/custom.yaml --weights yolov5s.pt --img 640 --
  batch 16 --epochs 100 --device cpu
4
5 Linux命令
6
7 python train.py \
```

```

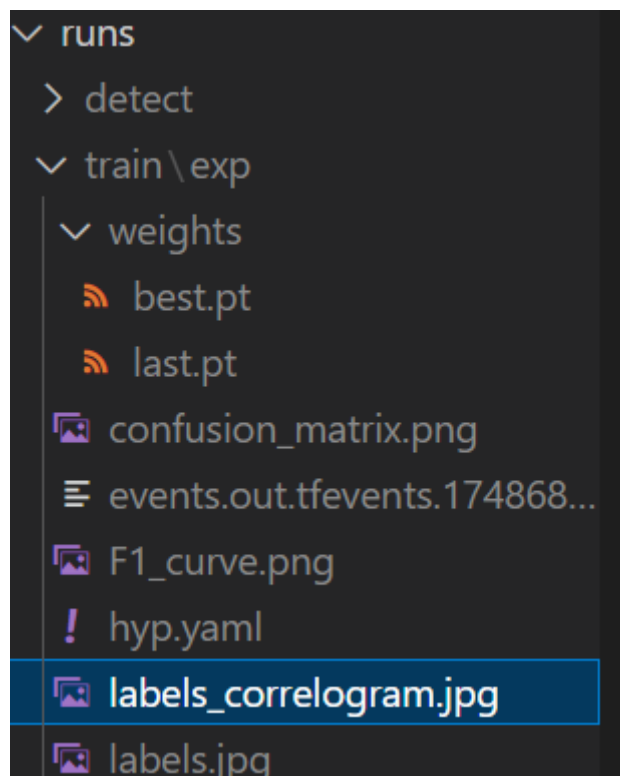
8      --data data/custom.yaml \
9      --weights yolov5s.pt \
10     --img 640 \
11     --batch 16 \
12     --epochs 100 \
13     --device cpu
14
15 说明
16  # 训练命令 (Linux/Mac)
17  python train.py \
18      --data data/custom.yaml \      # 数据配置文件路径
19      --weights yolov5s.pt \        # 预训练权重
20      --img 640 \                   # 输入图像尺寸
21      --batch 16 \                  # 批次大小 (根据GPU显存调整)
22      --epochs 100 \                # 训练轮次
23      --device cpu \                # 使用CPU训练 (GPU用户改为 --device 0)
24      --name my_training \          # 实验名称 (可选)
25      --cache ram                   # 使用内存缓存加速 (可选)

```

Epoch	GPU_mem	box_loss	obj_loss	cls_loss	Instances	Size	
77/99	0G	0.02113	0.01387	0	47	640: 100%	10/10 01:07
	Class	Images	Instances	P	R	mAP50	mAP50-95: 100%
	all	31	74	0.922	0.973	0.983	0.767
Epoch	GPU_mem	box_loss	obj_loss	cls_loss	Instances	Size	
78/99	0G	0.0199	0.01319	0	29	640: 100%	10/10 01:06
	Class	Images	Instances	P	R	mAP50	mAP50-95: 100%
	all	31	74	0.922	0.973	0.982	0.779
Epoch	GPU_mem	box_loss	obj_loss	cls_loss	Instances	Size	
79/99	0G	0.02103	0.01542	0	99	640: 40%	4/10 00:27

训练结束，会得到一些数据和在run/train/exp/weights目录下会产生两个权重文件：

best.pt和**last.pt**

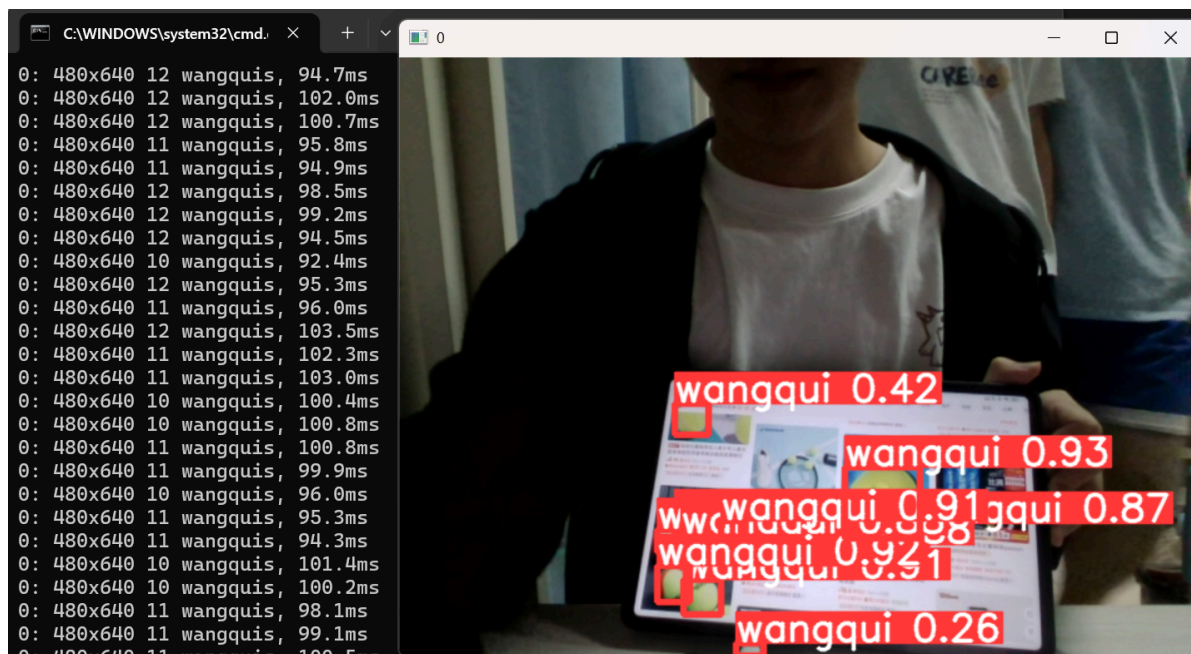


4.推理整个文件夹

```
1 python detect.py --weights best.onnx --source "/home/zxh/桌面/yolov5/VOC2008/VOC2008/images/train" --device cpu
2
3 python detect.py --weights best.onnx --source "/home/zxh/桌面/yolov5/VOC2008/VOC2008/images/train" --device cpu
4
5 onnx
6
7 python detect.py \
8     --weights best.onnx \           # 指定 ONNX 模型路径
9     --source "/home/zxh/桌面/yolov5/VOC2008/VOC2008/images/train" \ # 输入图像目录
10    --device cpu                     # 使用 CPU 推理
11
12 python detect.py \
13    --weights best.onnx \
14    --source "/home/zxh/桌面/yolov5/VOC2008/VOC2008/images/train" \
15    --device cpu
```

5.摄像头实时推理命令

```
1 python detect.py --weights runs/train/exp/weights/best.pt --source 0 --device cpu
```



可以调整检测灵敏度

```
1 python detect.py --weights runs/train/exp/weights/best.pt --source "test.jpg"
   --conf-thres 0.5 --iou-thres 0.4 --device cpu
```

6.转化成onnx模型

为了方便在不同环境推理，需要弄成onnx文件

在 YOLOv5 中，将训练好的 `.pt` 模型转换为 `ONNX` 格式的命令如下：

```
1 python export.py --weights yolov5s.pt --include onnx --opset 12
```

```
(yolov5_final) C:\Users\zheng\yolov5>python export.py --weights C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\runs\train\exp\weights\best.pt --include onnx --opset 12
export: data=C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\data\coco128.yaml, weights=['C:\\Users\\zheng\\yolov5\\runs\\train\\exp\\weights\\best.pt'], imgsz=[640, 640], batch_size=1, device=cpu, half=False, inplace=False, keras=False, optimize=False, int8=False, dynamic=False, simplify=False, opset=12, verbose=False, workspace=4, nms=False, agnostic_nms=False, topk_per_class=100, topk_all=100, iou_thres=0.45, conf_thres=0.25, include=['onnx']
YOLOv5 v7.0-0-g915bbf2 Python-3.8.2 torch-1.13.1+cpu CPU

Fusing layers...
Model summary: 157 layers, 7012822 parameters, 0 gradients, 15.8 GFLOPs

PyTorch: starting from C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\runs\train\exp\weights\best.pt with output shape (1, 25200, 6) (13.8 MB)

ONNX: starting export with onnx 1.12.0...
ONNX: export success 2.6s, saved as C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\runs\train\exp\weights\best.onnx (27.2 MB)

Export complete (4.5s)
Results saved to C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\runs\train\exp\weights
Detect:      python detect.py --weights C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\runs\train\exp\weights\best.onnx
Validate:    python val.py --weights C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\runs\train\exp\weights\best.onnx
PyTorch Hub: model = torch.hub.load('ultralytics/yolov5', 'custom', 'C:\Users\zheng\yolov5\runs\train\exp\weights\best.onnx')
Visualize:   https://netron.app
```

参数说明

参数	作用
<code>--weights yolov5s.pt</code>	指定要转换的 PyTorch 模型文件（如 <code>yolov5s.pt</code> ）。
<code>--include onnx</code>	指定输出格式为 ONNX。
<code>--opset 12</code>	指定 ONNX 算子集版本（推荐 12 或更高）。
<code>--dynamic</code> （可选）	导出动态维度（适用于可变输入尺寸）。
<code>--simplify</code> （可选）	使用 <code>onnx-simplifier</code> 优化模型结构。

作用

- 1. 跨平台部署
ONNX 是通用模型格式，可在多种框架（如 TensorRT、OpenVINO、ONNX Runtime）中运行，便于移植到不同硬件（CPU/GPU/移动端）。
- 2. 性能优化
ONNX 模型可通过工具（如 TensorRT）进一步优化，提升推理速度，并且脱离 PyTorch 环境，简化部署流程。