Axial form factor, axial sum-rule and polarized quark distributions

(LFHS Collaboration)

Polarized GPDs

$$F_A^{\tau}(t) = (\tau - 1) \int_0^1 dx \, w'(x) \, w(x)^{-\frac{t}{4\lambda}} [1 - w(x)]^{\tau - 2}$$

$$w(0) = 0, \quad w(1) = 1, \quad w'(x) \ge 0, \quad w''(1) \ne 0$$

$$F_A^q(t) = \int_0^1 dx \, \tilde{H}^q(x, t)$$

$$\tilde{H}^q(x, t) = (\tau - 1) [1 - w(x)]^{\tau - 2} \, w'(x) \, e^{\frac{t}{4\lambda} \log\left(\frac{1}{w(x)}\right)}$$

$$= \Delta q_{\tau}(x) \exp[t \, f(x)]$$

$$\int_0^1 dx \, \Delta q_{\tau}(x) = 1$$

$$\Delta q_{\tau}(x) = (\tau - 1) (1 - w(x))^{\tau - 2} \, w'(x),$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4\lambda} \log\left(\frac{1}{w(x)}\right)$$

$$w(x) = x^{1 - x} \, e^{-a(1 - x)^2}$$

$$|\Delta q(x)| \le q(x)$$

$$\Delta u(x) = g_A \, C_3 \, q_A^{\tau = 3}(x)$$

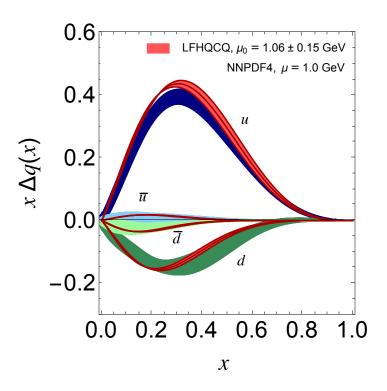
$$\Delta d(x) = -g_A \, C_4 \, q_A^{\tau = 4}(x)$$

$$\Delta \overline{u}(x) = g_A \, C_5 \, q_A^{\tau = 5}(x)$$

$$\Delta \overline{u}(x) = -g_A \, C_6 \, q_A^{\tau = 6}(x)$$

$$C_3 = 1 - C_4 - C_5 - C_6$$

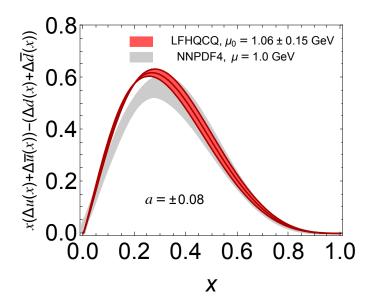
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w[x_{-}, a_{-}] := x^{(1-x)} Exp[-a (1-x)^{2}]
Dq[x_{-}, tau_{-}, a_{-}] = (tau - 1) (1 - w[x, a])^{(tau - 2)} \partial_{x}w[x, a]
Du[x, C4, C5, C6, a] := gA(1-C4-C5-C6)Dq[x, 3, a]
Dd[x_{-}, C4_{-}, a_{-}] := -gA C4 Dq[x, 4, a]
Dub[x_{, C5_{, a_{]}} := gA C5 Dq[x, 5, a]
gDu := Plot[{x Du[x, 0.25, 0.03, 0.06, -0.08], x Du[x, 0.25, 0.03, 0.06, 0],}
    x Du[x, 0.25, 0.03, 0.06, 0.08], \{x, 0, 1\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{0, 1\}, \{-0.25, 0.6\}\},
   Frame \rightarrow True, FrameLabel \rightarrow \{x, x \Delta q(x)\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow 1, Axes \rightarrow False,
  PlotStyle → Darker[Red], {Filling → {1 → {{3}, {Lighter[Red]}}}}]
gDd := Plot[\{x \ Dd[x, 0.25, -0.08], x \ Dd[x, 0.25, 0], x \ Dd[x, 0.25, 0.08]\},
   \{x, 0, 1\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{0, 1\}, \{-0.25, 0.6\}\}, Frame \rightarrow True,
   FrameLabel \rightarrow \{x, x \Delta q(x)\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow 1, Axes \rightarrow False,
  PlotStyle → Darker[Red], {Filling → {1 → {{3}, {Lighter[Red]}}}}]
gDub := Plot[{x Dub[x, 0.03, -0.08], x Dub[x, 0.03, 0], x Dub[x, 0.03, 0.08]},
   \{x, 0, 1\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{0, 1\}, \{-0.25, 0.6\}\}, Frame \rightarrow True,
   FrameLabel \rightarrow \{x, x \Delta q(x)\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow 1, Axes \rightarrow False,
  PlotStyle \rightarrow Darker[Red], \{Filling \rightarrow \{1 \rightarrow \{\{3\}, \{Lighter[Red]\}\}\}\}]
gDdb:=Plot[{x Ddb[x, 0.06, -0.08], x Ddb[x, 0.06, 0], x Ddb[x, 0.06, 0.08]},
   \{x, 0, 1\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{0, 1\}, \{-0.25, 0.6\}\}, Frame \rightarrow True,
   FrameLabel \rightarrow \{x, x \Delta q(x)\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow 0.7, Axes \rightarrow False,
  PlotStyle → Darker[Red], {Filling → {1 → {{3}, {Lighter[Red]}}}}]
gLab3 := Plot[0.55, {Q2, 0.2, 0.25}, PlotStyle → {Thickness[0.04], Lighter[Red]}]
Show[gDqdata, gDu, gDd, gDub, gDdb, gLab3]
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Axial sum rule

Show[gqASRdata, gqASR, gLab2, gLab3]

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F_A(t) = \int_0^1 dx \left[ \left( \tilde{H}^u(x, t) + \tilde{H}^{\overline{u}}(x, t) \right) - \left( \tilde{H}^d(x, t) + \tilde{H}^{\overline{d}}(x, t) \right) \right]
\Delta u(x) - \Delta d(x) + \Delta \overline{u}(x) - \Delta \overline{d}(x) =
   g_A[C_3 \Delta q^{\tau=3}(x) + C_4 \Delta q^{\tau=4}(x) + C_5 \Delta q^{\tau=5}(x) + C_6 \Delta q^{\tau=6}(x)]
C_3 = 1 - C_4 - C_5 - C_6
DqASR[x_, C4_, C5_, C6_, a_] :=
 gA(1-C4-C5-C6)Dq[x, 3, a] + gAC4Dq[x, 4, a] + gAC5Dq[x, 5, a] + gAC6Dq[x, 6, a]
gqASR := Plot[{x DqASR[x, 0.25, 0.03, 0.06, -0.08]},
     x DqASR[x, 0.25, 0.03, 0.06, 0], x DqASR[x, 0.25, 0.03, 0.06, 0.08]},
   \{x, 0, 1\}, PlotStyle \rightarrow Darker[Red], {Filling \rightarrow \{1 \rightarrow \{\{3\}, \{Lighter[Red]\}\}\}\}]
gLab2 := Plot[0.74, {Q2, 0.2, 0.25}, PlotStyle → {Thickness[0.04], Lighter[Red]}]
gLab3 := Plot[0.68, {Q2, 0.2, 0.25},
   PlotStyle → {Thickness[0.04], RGBColor[0.8, 0.8, 0.8]}]
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Axial form factor

$$F_A^{\tau}(t) = (\tau - 1) B(\tau - 1, 1 - \frac{t}{4\lambda}), \quad F_A^{\tau}(0) = 1$$

$$F_A(t) = g_A \sum_{\tau} C_{\tau} F_{\tau}^A(t), \quad F_A(0) = g_A, \quad \sum_{\tau} C_{\tau} = 1$$

$$F_A(t) = g_A \left[C_3 F_A^{\tau=3}(t) + C_4 F_A^{\tau=4}(t) + C_5 F_A^{\tau=5}(t) + C_6 F_A^{\tau=6}(t) \right]$$

$$C_3 = 1 - C_4 - C_5 - C_6$$

FA[Q2_, kappa_, tau_] := (tau - 1) Beta[tau - 1, 1 + Q2 / (4 kappa^2)]

FFA[Q2_, kappa_, C4_, C5_, C6_] := (1 - C4 - C5 - C6) FA[Q2, kappa, 3] + C4 FA[Q2, kappa, 4] + C5 FA[Q2, kappa, 5] + C6 FA[Q2, kappa, 6]

```
gFA := Plot[{FFA[Q2, 0.499, 0.23, 0.03, 0.06],
    FFA[Q2, 0.523, 0.23, 0.03, 0.06], FFA[Q2, 0.547, 0.23, 0.03, 0.06]},
   \{Q2, 0, 2.62\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{0, 2.62\}, \{-0.02, 1.08\}\}, Frame \rightarrow True,
  FrameLabel \rightarrow \{ "Q^2 (\text{GeV}^2) ", G_A(Q^2) / g_A \}, AspectRatio \rightarrow 1,
  Axes → False, PlotStyle → RGBColor[0.3984, 0.7, 0.664],
   \{Filling \rightarrow \{1 \rightarrow \{\{3\}, RGBColor[0.3984, 0.8, 0.664]\}\}\},\
   LabelStyle → Directive[Large]
gLab1 := Plot[0.95, {Q2, 1.5, 1.65},
  PlotStyle → {Thickness[0.04], RGBColor[0.3984, 0.7, 0.664]}]
```

Show[gFA, gAFFData, gLab1]

