# Assignment 3

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## Customer.java

```
package edu.bu.met.cs665.GenerateEmail;

public abstract class Customer {
    protected String name;
    protected String email;

    public Customer(String name, String email) {
        this.name = name;
        this.email = email;
    }

    public abstract String generateEmail();
}
```

## BusinessCustomer.java

# FrequentCustomer.java

# NewCustomer.java

# ReturningCustomer.java

# VipCustomer.java

#### Main.java

```
package edu.bu.met.cs665;
import edu.bu.met.cs665.GenerateEmail.BusinessCustomer;
import edu.bu.met.cs665.GenerateEmail.Customer;
import edu.bu.met.cs665.GenerateEmail.FrequentCustomer;
import edu.bu.met.cs665.GenerateEmail.NewCustomer;
import edu.bu.met.cs665.GenerateEmail.ReturningCustomer;
public class Main {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.println("Welcome to TechCorp Email Generation!");
              while (true) {
    System.out.println("\nSelect Customer Type:");
    System.out.println("1. Business Customer");
    System.out.println("2. Returning Customer");
    System.out.println("3. Frequent Customer");
    System.out.println("4. New Customer");
    System.out.println("5. VIP Customer");
    System.out.println("0. Exit\n");
                      int choice = scanner.nextInt();
                      scanner.nextLine();
                             break;
                     System.out.print("Enter customer name: ");
String name = scanner.nextLine();
                      String email = scanner.nextLine();
                            case 1:
                                    customer = new BusinessCustomer(name, email);
                                    break;
                             case 2:
                                    customer = new ReturningCustomer(name, email);
                                    break:
                                   customer = new NewCustomer(name, email);
                      if (customer != null) {
   String customerEmail = customer.generateEmail();
   System.out.println("\nGenerated Email:\n\n" + customerEmail);
              scanner.close();
```

## Flexibility:

The implementation is designed to be highly flexible. New customer types can be easily added by creating a new class that extends the Customer abstract class and implements the generateEmail method. This follows the Open/Closed Principle, allowing for extension without modification of existing code.

### Simplicity and Understandability:

The code follows a clear and straightforward structure. Each customer type has its own class, making it easy for others to understand and maintain. Meaningful class and method names are used to enhance readability.

Comments are provided where necessary to explain the purpose of classes and methods.

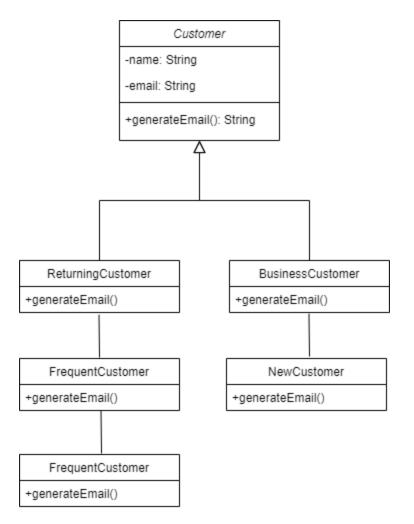
### **Avoidance of Duplicated Code:**

The implementation avoids duplicated code by utilizing inheritance and polymorphism. Common functionality shared among customer types (such as name and email) is encapsulated in the base Customer class, preventing redundancy.

#### **Design Patterns:**

The implementation follows the Factory Method pattern. Each customer type has its own factory method (the constructor) that creates instances of the respective customer class. This pattern allows for the creation of objects without specifying the exact class of object that will be created, promoting flexibility and ease of extension.

The implementation also demonstrates the use of the Template Method pattern. The generateEmail method in the base Customer class defines the skeleton of an algorithm, allowing its steps to be overridden by subclasses. This pattern promotes code reuse while allowing for customization in subclasses.



#### **Explanation:**

Customer is the base class with attributes name and email. It contains the method generateEmail().

BusinessCustomer, ReturningCustomer, FrequentCustomer, NewCustomer, and VipCustomer are subclasses of Customer. Each of them inherits attributes and methods from the Customer class and provides its own implementation of generateEmail().

The arrows with the hollow diamond head represent inheritance, indicating that BusinessCustomer, ReturningCustomer, etc., inherit attributes and methods from the Customer class.

Each subclass has its own constructor to initialize the name and email.

There are no direct relationships between the subclasses (i.e., no associations, aggregations, or compositions) as per the provided requirements.