## EPS236 Section 1

Tianning Zhao



#### Introduction

- Section: Wednesdays 4:30 pm, Geo Museum 375
- \* Weekly sections if no further notice, not mandatory but strongly encouraged
- ❖ About the TF

Tianning Zhao

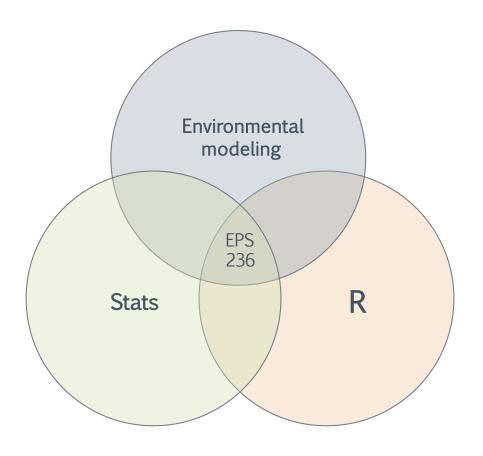
Email: zhaot@g.harvard.edu

Office hour: Thursday 4:30 - 5:30 pm, 58 Oxford Street, third floor lounge

# PAIR UP WITH A MASTER

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- Make life easier ©
- Have more fun :p
- Learn more ...



#### Week 1 Review

Time constant T\*

Markov chain

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = -\frac{C}{T^*}$$

Characteristic time for a perturbation to decay

• "Bumble bee" example

•  $\frac{k}{h}$  as a transition probability

#### Box Model

#### Analytical solution

$$\frac{dC_1}{dt} = -\frac{k}{h}C_1 + \frac{k}{h}C_2 \qquad (1)$$

$$\frac{dC_2}{dt} = \frac{k}{h}C_1 - \frac{k}{h}C_2 \tag{2}$$

#### Eigenvalue problem

- Geometric interpretation
- Physical interpretation

### R Tutorial

- 1. Get R running
- 2. Cheat sheet
- 3. R tutorial on canvas
- 4. See the GitHub page for more coding related resources.

## Warmup for R

Extending the bumble bee example:

- Two boxes (A, B), transition probability = 0.1 for both directions, draw for 2000 times
- · Write a function to calculate the Markov chain result given the initial state
- Read the initial states from the given csv file.
- Loop through initial states, and save the results in a "reasonable" data structure.
- Create one plot with four subplots showing the result, distribution of bumble bees in two boxes against time
- Try your best to beautify the plot and save the plot to an eps file.