HW7

Carl Mueller CSCI 5254 - Convex Optimization

April 23, 2018

8.16

Formulate the following as a CVX optimization problem:

Find the rectangle

$$R = \{ x \in \mathbf{R}^n \mid l \prec x \prec u \}$$

of maximum volume enclosed in the polyhedron

$$P = \{ x \mid Ax \prec b \}$$

The volume can be expressed as:

Proposition 1.

$$v = \prod_{i=1}^{n} u_i - l_i \tag{1}$$

We want all the 2^n corners do be contained within the polyhedron. This every corner must meet the polyhedron constraint $Ac \leq b$. Where c is the vector of corners. Each of these corners can be be more succinctly represented as the vector based on the upper and lower values of each edge:

If we express x_i as $u_i - l_i$ then this system becomes

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_{ij}(u_j - l_j) \le b_i$$

The problem can be expressed as:

minimize
$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} u_i - l_i$$
subject to
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_{ij} (u_j - l_j) \le b_i$$

The constraint is a posynomial as it is a summation of the monomial $a_{ij}(u_j - l_j)$. To make the problem a non-linear geometric optimization problem, we take the log of the objective:

minimize
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} log(u_i - l_i)$$
subject to
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_{ij}(u_j - l_j) \le b_i$$

8.24

We make use of the Cauchy-Schwarz inequality and sustite p knowing that $||u||_2 \le p$:

Proposition 1.

$$u^t x_i \le ||u||_2 |x_i||_2 \tag{2}$$

$$||u||_2||x_i||_2 \le p||x_i||_2 \tag{3}$$

$$u^t y_j \le ||u||_2 |y_j||_2 \tag{4}$$

$$||u||_2|y_i||_2 \le p||y_i||_2 \tag{5}$$

$$-||u||_2||y_i||_2 \ge -p||y_i||_2 \tag{6}$$

(7)

For x_i :

$$(a+u)^{T} x_{i} \ge b$$

$$a^{T} x_{i} + u^{T} x_{i} \ge b$$

$$a^{T} x_{i} + ||u||_{2}|x_{i}||_{2} \ge b$$

$$a^{T} x_{i} + p|x_{i}||_{2} \ge b$$

$$a^{T} x_{i} - b \ge -p|x_{i}||_{2}$$

For x_i :

$$(a+u)^{T}y_{j} \leq b$$

$$a^{T}y_{j} + u^{T}y_{j} \leq b$$

$$a^{T}y_{j} + ||u||_{2}||y_{j}||_{2} \leq b$$

$$a^{T}y_{j} + p||x_{i}||_{2} \leq b$$

$$a^{T}y_{j} - b \leq -p||y_{j}||_{2}$$

$$b - a^{T}y_{j} \geq p||y_{i}||_{2}$$

The optimization problem:

minimize
$$p$$

subject to $b - a^T y_j \ge p||y_j||_2$
 $a^T x_i - b \ge -p|x_i||_2$
 $||a||_2 \le 1$

Additional Exercises:

5.12

One heurisitc is to treat P as noise.

5.18

We can reformulate the problem as the original object being less than or equal to some value z:

$$1 + \max_{k \neq y_i} f_k(x_i) - f_{y_i}(x_i) \le z_i, z_i \ge 0$$

This can be represented by the following problem:

minimize
$$\sum_{i} z_{i} + \mu ||A||_{F}^{2}$$
subject to
$$1 + \max_{k \neq y_{i}} f_{k}(x_{i}) - f_{y_{i}}(x_{i}) \leq z_{i}, \forall i$$
$$1^{T}b = 0, z > 0$$

This can be reexpressed using the individual inequality constraints:

minimize
$$\sum_i z_i + \mu ||A||_F^2$$
 subject to
$$1^T b = 0, z \ge 0$$

$$1 + a_k^T x_i + b - y_i \le z_i, k = 1, 2, y_i - 1, y_i + 1, K, i = 1, 2, m$$