### Tabu Search

#### Shan He

School for Computational Science University of Birmingham

Module 06-27818 and 27819: Advanced Aspects of Nature-Inspired Search and Optimisation (Ext)

## **Outline of Topics**

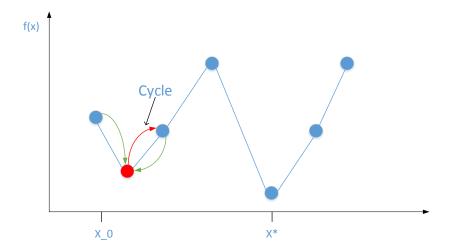
Tabu search

2 Exercises

### Question

- We have learned Simulated Annealing which can escape from local optima by accepting worse solutions with some probability.
- **Question**: is there any other strategies to find better local optima?

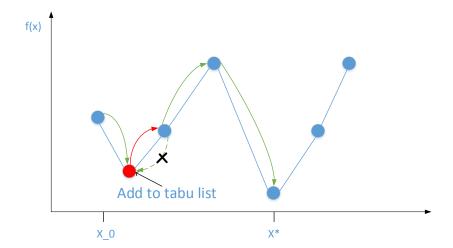
# Search trajectory: cycles



#### Tabu search

- Invented by Professor Fred W. Glover in 1986 and formalized in 1989
- Many applications since publications
- 'Tabu' means "things that cannot be touched because they are sacred"
- Main idea: use memory to guide local search process away from local optima
  - Maintains a memory structure called tabu list that memorises previously visited solutions
  - Forbids the local search algorithm immediately return to previously visited solutions

# Search trajectory: Tabu search



#### More about Tabu list

- Tabu list consists of:
  - banned solutions; or
  - a set of rules to ban solutions
- Use tabu list to exclude some neighborhood solutions for local search
- $\bullet$  Essentially construct a neighborhood  $N^{\ast}(x)$  solutions to be explored
- The simplest Tabu list:
  - Recently visited solutions
  - The duration of memory (in search steps) called Tabu tenure
  - Rule out any search attempts that would lead back to those previously visited solutions
- Extension: maintain a tabu list to avoid unfavourable neighbourhood solutions

#### Problem: How to construct a Tabu list for TSP

- We aim to solve TSP using tabu search
- The key component: Tabu list
- Assuming the we use the 2-OPT algorithm for local search
- Question: How to design a tabu list?

## Tabu search algorithm pseudocode

### Tabu search algorithm

```
while (terminationflag != true)  \begin{array}{l} \text{Determine set } N^*(x) \text{ of non-tabu neighbours of } x \\ x_{new} = Local Search(N^*(x)) \\ \text{Update tabu list based on } x_{new} \\ x = x_{new} \\ \\ \text{Output } x^i \end{array}
```

## Take home message

- Main idea: escape or avoid local optima
- Tabu search tutorial: here

### **Exercises**

- Download my source code from Canvas
- Explanation