

Housekeeping

```
library("tidyverse")
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.3      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.0
## v ggplot2     3.4.3      v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.2      v tidyr     1.3.0
## v purrr       1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

d <- read.csv("_DataPublic_/vdem/1984_2022/vdem_1984_2022_external.csv")
```

Codebook lookup:

Indicators regarding the quality of education

Education 15+ (E) (e_peaveduc)

Educational inequality, Gini (E) (e_peedgini)

What are the data's coverage (i.e., for which countries and years do we have data?)

e_peaveduc: 1820-2022

e_peedgini: 1850-2010

What are their sources? Provide the link to least 1 source.

e_peaveduc:

<https://clio-infra.eu/Indicators/AverageYearsofEducation.html>

e_peedgini:

<https://clio-infra.eu/Indicators/EducationalInequalityGiniCoefficient.html>

Subset by columns

Create a dataset containing only the country-year identifiers and indicators of education quality.

```
d_edu <- d |> select(country_name, year, e_peaveduc, e_peedgini)
```

Rename the columns of education quality to make them informative.

```
d_edu <- d_edu |> rename ("Country"="country_name", "Year"="year", "Edu15P"="e_peaveduc", "EduIne"="e_peedgini")
```

Subset by rows

List 5 countries-years that have the highest education level among its population.

```
d_edu |>
  slice_max(order_by = Edu15P, n = 5)
```

##	Country	Year	Edu15P	EduIne
## 1	United Kingdom	2010	13.3	6.072
## 2	United Kingdom	2011	13.3	NA
## 3	United Kingdom	2012	13.3	NA
## 4	United Kingdom	2013	13.3	NA
## 5	United Kingdom	2014	13.3	NA
## 6	United Kingdom	2015	13.3	NA
## 7	United Kingdom	2016	13.3	NA
## 8	United Kingdom	2017	13.3	NA
## 9	United Kingdom	2018	13.3	NA
## 10	United Kingdom	2019	13.3	NA
## 11	United Kingdom	2020	13.3	NA
## 12	United Kingdom	2021	13.3	NA
## 13	United Kingdom	2022	13.3	NA

List 5 countries-years that suffer from the most severe inequality in education.

```
d_edu |>
  slice_max (order_by = EduIne, n=5)
```

##	Country	Year	Edu15P	EduIne
## 1	Burkina Faso	1984	0.301	96.983
## 2	Burkina Faso	1985	0.322	96.876
## 3	Burkina Faso	1986	0.343	96.699
## 4	Burkina Faso	1987	0.364	96.428
## 5	Burkina Faso	1988	0.385	96.076

Summarize the data

Check data availability

For which countries and years are the indicators of education quality available?

```
# For which countries are the indicators of education quality available
d_edu |>
  mutate(Edu15P_missing = as.numeric(is.na(Edu15P)), EduIne_missing = as.numeric(is.na(EduIne))) |>
  group_by(Country)|>
  summarise(N_Edu15P_missing = sum(Edu15P_missing), N_EduIne_missing = sum(EduIne_missing))

## # A tibble: 181 x 3
##   Country      N_Edu15P_missing N_EduIne_missing
##   <chr>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan      0              12
## 2 Albania          39              39
## 3 Algeria           0              12
## 4 Angola            0              12
## 5 Argentina         0              12
## 6 Armenia           0              12
## 7 Australia         0              12
## 8 Austria           0              12
## 9 Azerbaijan        0              12
## 10 Bahrain          39              39
## # i 171 more rows

# For which years are the indicators of education quality available
d_edu |>
  mutate(Edu15P_missing = as.numeric(is.na(Edu15P)), .after= Edu15P, EduIne_missing = as.numeric(is.na(EduIne))) |>
  group_by(Year)|>
  summarise(N_Edu15P_missing = sum(Edu15P_missing), N_EduIne_missing = sum(EduIne_missing))

## # A tibble: 39 x 3
##   Year N_Edu15P_missing N_EduIne_missing
##   <int>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 1984      40          42
## 2 1985      40          42
## 3 1986      40          42
## 4 1987      40          42
## 5 1988      40          42
## 6 1989      41          43
## 7 1990      42          44
## 8 1991      43          45
## 9 1992      44          46
## 10 1993      45          47
## # i 29 more rows
```

Create two types of country-level indicators of education quality

1. Average level of education quality from 1984 to 2022
2. Change of education quality from 1984 to 2022

```
# Calculate the average level of education quality
# Edu15P: from 1984-2022
# EduIne: from 1984-2010 (Seen the available time range in codebook)
```

```
d_edu |>
  group_by(Country)|>
  summarise(Edu15P_average = mean (Edu15P, na.rm = TRUE), EduIne_average = mean (EduIne, na.rm = TRUE))
```

```
## # A tibble: 181 x 3
##   Country      Edu15P_average EduIne_average
##   <chr>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan      2.80          77.8
## 2 Albania          NaN          NaN
## 3 Algeria           6.31          45.8
## 4 Angola            2.46          53.9
## 5 Argentina         8.37          16.6
## 6 Armenia           10.7          16.5
## 7 Australia         12.9          9.60
## 8 Austria           11.2          6.35
## 9 Azerbaijan        10.7          14.5
## 10 Bahrain          NaN          NaN
## # i 171 more rows
```

```
# Calculate the change of education quality (year-over-year)
d_edu |>
  group_by(Country) |>
  arrange(Year) |>
  mutate (Edu15P_yoy_change = Edu15P - lag(Edu15P, n=1), .after = Edu15P) |>
  mutate (EduIne_yoy_change = EduIne - lag(EduIne, n=1), .after = EduIne) |>
  ungroup() |>
  arrange(Country, Year)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6,789 x 6
##   Country      Year Edu15P Edu15P_yoy_change EduIne EduIne_yoy_change
##   <chr>      <int> <dbl>          <dbl> <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1984    1.30            NA    85.4            NA
## 2 Afghanistan 1985    1.35          0.0510    84.8         -0.548
## 3 Afghanistan 1986    1.40          0.0510    84.8         -0.0540
## 4 Afghanistan 1987    1.45          0.0510    84.6         -0.130
## 5 Afghanistan 1988    1.50          0.0510    84.5         -0.121
## 6 Afghanistan 1989    1.55          0.0510    84.1         -0.471
## 7 Afghanistan 1990    1.60          0.0510    83.8         -0.212
## 8 Afghanistan 1991    1.69          0.091     82.8          -1
## 9 Afghanistan 1992    1.78          0.0900    81.9        -0.951
## 10 Afghanistan 1993    1.88          0.091     81.0        -0.923
## # i 6,779 more rows
```

```
# Calculate the change of education quality (overall)
# Edu15P: from 1984-2022
# EduIne: from 1984-2010 (Seen the available time range in codebook)
d_edu |>
  group_by(Country) |>
  arrange(Year) |>
  summarise(Change_Edu15P = last(Edu15P) - first(Edu15P))
```

```
## # A tibble: 181 x 2
```

```
##      Country      Change_Edu15P
##      <chr>         <dbl>
##  1 Afghanistan      2.52
##  2 Albania           NA
##  3 Algeria           3.35
##  4 Angola            1.64
##  5 Argentina         1.06
##  6 Armenia           0.336
##  7 Australia         0.878
##  8 Austria           1.16
##  9 Azerbaijan        0.252
## 10 Bahrain           NA
## # i 171 more rows
```

```
d_edu |>
  filter (Year >= 1984 & Year <=2010) |>
  group_by(Country) |>
  arrange(Year) |>
  summarise(Change_EduIne = last(EduIne) - first(EduIne))
```

```
## # A tibble: 180 x 2
##      Country      Change_EduIne
##      <chr>         <dbl>
##  1 Afghanistan    -21
##  2 Albania         NA
##  3 Algeria        -18.9
##  4 Angola         -29.5
##  5 Argentina       -3.56
##  6 Armenia         -2.87
##  7 Australia       -7.77
##  8 Austria         -5.68
##  9 Azerbaijan     -2.16
## 10 Bahrain         NA
## # i 170 more rows
```

Examine the data and *briefly* discuss

Which countries perform the best and the worst in terms of education quality in the past four decades?

```
d_edu |>
  group_by(Country) |>
  summarise (Edu15P_mean = mean (Edu15P)) |>
  arrange(Edu15P_mean)
```

```
## # A tibble: 181 x 2
##      Country      Edu15P_mean
##      <chr>         <dbl>
##  1 Burkina Faso     0.982
##  2 Niger            1.06
##  3 Mali             1.25
##  4 Somalia          1.29
##  5 Burundi          1.86
```

```
## 6 Mozambique      2.36
## 7 Benin           2.39
## 8 Angola          2.46
## 9 Senegal         2.54
## 10 Guinea         2.62
## # i 171 more rows
```

Burkina Faso performs the worst while Germany performs the best in terms of education level 15+.

```
d_edu |>
  filter (Year >= 1984 & Year <= 2010) |>
  group_by(Country) |>
  summarise (EduIne_mean = mean (EduIne)) |>
  arrange(EduIne_mean)
```

```
## # A tibble: 180 x 2
##   Country      EduIne_mean
##   <chr>         <dbl>
## 1 Austria        6.35
## 2 Barbados       6.98
## 3 Denmark        8.17
## 4 Switzerland    8.28
## 5 United Kingdom  8.38
## 6 Japan          9.33
## 7 Norway         9.58
## 8 Australia      9.60
## 9 Tajikistan     10.8
## 10 Hungary       11.2
## # i 170 more rows
```

Burkina Faso performs the worst while Austria performs the best in terms of education inequality.