MAT237 Lecture Notes

A Compact Version of Notes by Tyler Holden

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1 The Topology of \mathbb{R}^n

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Definition 1.1 A set is any collection of <u>distinct</u> objects.

Definition 1.2 Let S be a set and A and $B \subseteq S$, the binary operator union is defined as

$$A \cup B = \{x \in S : x \in A \lor x \in B\}$$

Definition 1.3 Let S be a set and A and $B \subseteq S$, the binary operator intersection is defined as

$$A \cap B = \{x \in S : x \in A \land x \in B\}$$

Definition 1.4 Let S be a set and $A \subseteq S$, then the **complement** of A with respect to S is defined as

$$A^c = \{ x \in S : x \notin A \}$$

Definition 1.5 The Cartesian Product of two sets A and B is the collection of <u>ordered pairs</u>, one from A and one from B, denoted as

$$A \times B = \{(a, b) : a \in A \land b \in B\}$$

Definition 1.6 Let $f: A \rightarrow B$ be a function, then

1. If $U \subseteq A$ then we define the **image** of U as

$$f(U) = \{ y \in B : \exists x \in U s.t. \ f(x) = y \} = \{ f(x) : x \in U \}$$

2. If $V \subseteq B$ then we define the **pre-image** of V as

$$f^{-1}(V) = \{x \in A : f(x) \in V\}$$

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