

UM–SJTU Joint Institute VE₄₇₇ Intro to Algorithms

Homework 1

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Question 1 Hash Tables

(a)

The condition exactly k keys hash to a same slot means exactly k keys hash to a same slot and the rest (n-k) keys hash to the other slots. Then the probability is calculated as

$$P = \frac{\text{Combs satisfying the condition}}{\text{All Combs}} = \frac{\binom{n}{k} \cdot 1^{n-k} \cdot (n-1)^{n-k}}{n^n} = \binom{1}{n}^k \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^{n-k} \binom{n}{k}$$

The numerator means choosing k numbers from n which only belongs to one slot, and the rest has totally (n-1) spaces to go. And the denominator means All combinations for n numbers.

(b)

The strongest requirement for *most keys to have exactly 1 key hash to a place*. And in this case, all entries are filled by one element. So the probability is then nP_k .

(c)