
UM–SJTU Joint Institute

VV557 Methods of Applied Math II

# Assignment 3

Group 22

Sui, Zijian 515370910038
Wang, Tianze 515370910202
Xu, Yisu 118370910021

## Exercise 2. 1 Fourier Transform

The Fourier Transform is defined as

$$\mathcal{F}(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-i\omega t}dt$$

### i).

Plug in the definition of $f(x)$

$$f(x) = \Pi_{a,b}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & a < x < b \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}, \quad a, b \in \mathbb{R}$$

The Fourier transform is then calculated as

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-i\omega t}dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{a} 0 \cdot e^{-i\omega t}dt + \int_{a}^{b} e^{-i\omega t}dt + \int_{b}^{\infty} 0 \cdot e^{-i\omega t}dt \\ &= \int_{a}^{b} e^{-i\omega t}dt \\ &= \frac{e^{-i\omega t}}{-i\omega}\Bigg|_{a}^{b} = \frac{e^{-i\omega b} - e^{-i\omega a}}{-i\omega} \end{aligned}$$