Muscle Name	Origin	Insertion	Action	Innervation
		Muscles of Upper Extremity	y	
Pectoralis Major	Medial half of clavicle,	Crest of greater tubercle (Lateral	Horizontally adduct, medially	Medical and lateral
	front of sternum, costal	lip of bicipital groove)	rotate at shoulder	pectoral
	cartilage			
Pectoralis Minor	Ribs 2-5	Coracoid process	Protract, depress, medially rotate	Medial pectoral
			scapula and elevate ribs	
Serratus Anterior	Ribs 1-8	Ventral surfaces of the superior	Protract and laterally rotate the	Long Thoracic
		and inferior angles and vertebral	scapula	
		(medial) border of scapula		
Trapezius	Occipital bone, spines of	Lateral 1/3 of clavicle, acromion,	Laterally rotate scapula; upper	Cranial nerve 11,
	C7 and T1-12, and	and spine of scapula	portions can elevate scapula,	spinal accessory
	ligamentum nuchae		lower portion can depress scapula	nerve
Rhomboids	Spines of C7 and T1-5	Vertebral (medial) border of	Retract and medially rotate the	Dorsal Scapular
		scapula	scapula	
Levator Scapulae	Transverse Processes of	Upper part of medial border of	Elevate scapula, medial rotation	3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> cervical
	C1-4	scapula	of scapula	spinal nerves
Latissimus Dorsi	Thoracolumbar fascia,	Intertubercular groove of	Extend and adduct at shoulder,	Middle subscapular
	iliac crest, inferior angle	humerus	medially rotate at shoulder, and	(Thoracodorsal)
	of scapula and lower ribs		horizontally abduct away from	
			midline	

Deltoid	Lateral 1/3 clavicle,	Deltoid tuberocity of humerus	Abduct at shoulder; anterior fibers	Axillary
	acromion, and spine of		flex the shoulder, posterior fibers	
	scapula		extend the shoulder	
Teres Major	Inferior angle of scapula	Crest of lesser tubercle of	Medially rotates shoulder, and	Lower subscapular
		humerus	adducts at shoulder	
Coracobrachialis	Coracoid process of	Humerus	Flex shoulder joint	Musculocutaneous
	scapula			
Subscapularis	Subscapular fossa of	Lesser tubercle of humerus	Medially rotate shoulder, adduct	Upper subscapular
	scapula		at shoulder	
Supraspinatus	Supraspinatus fossa of	Greater tubercle of humerus	Abduct at shoulder	Suprascapular
	scapula			
Infraspinatus	Infraspinatus fossa of	Greater tubercle of humerus	Lateral rotation at shoulder	Suprascapular
	scapula			
Teres Minor	Lateral border of scapula	Greater tubercle of humerus	Lateral rotation at shoulder	Axillary
Long Head of Biceps	Supraglenoid tubercle of	Tuberosity of radius and to ulna	Flex elbow, supinate forearm, and	Musculocutaneous
	scapula	by the bicipital aponeurosis	flex shoulder	
Short head of biceps	Coracoid process of	Tuberosity of radius and to ulna	Flex elbow, supinate forearm, and	Musculocutaneous
	scapula	by the bicipital aponeurosis	flex shoulder	
Brachialis	Humerus	Coronoid process of ulna and	Flex elbow	Musculocutaneous
		ulnar tuberocity		
Lateral Head of	Humerus	Olecranon of ulna	Extend elbow	Radial
Triceps				
Long Head of Triceps	Infraglenoid tubercle of	Olecranon of ulna	Extend elbow	Radial
	scapula			

Medial Head of	Humerus	Olecranon of ulna	Extend elbow	Radial
Triceps				
Brachioradialis	Lateral supracondylar line	Distal radius	Flexes at elbow	Radial
Anconeus	Lateral epicondyle	Olecranon of ulna	Extend elbow	Radial
		Muscles of the Hand		
Extensor Carpi	Lateral epicondyle	Base of 2 <sup>nd</sup> metacarpal (long),	Extend wrist, abduct, radially	Radial
Radialis Longus and		base of 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> metacarpals	deviate wrist	
Brevis		(brevis)		
Extensor Digitorum	Later epicondyle	Middle and distal phalanges of	Extends joints from wrist to DIP	Radial
		fingers (digits 2-5)	joints of digits 2-5	
Extensor Digiti Minimi	Later epicondyle	Joins tendons of extensor	Extends wrist and all joints in	Radial
		digitorum	digits	
Extensor Carpi	Lateral epicondyle and	Base of 5 <sup>th</sup> metatarsal	Extends wrist and adducts (ulnar	Radial
Ulnaris	ulna		deviation)	
Abductor Pollicis	Radius and ulna	Base of 1 <sup>st</sup> metacarpal	Abduct and extend at CMC joint	Radial
Longus				
Extensor Pollicis	Radius	Proximal phalanx of thumb	Extend CMC and MCP joints of	Radial
Brevis			the thumb	
Extensor Pollicis	Ulna	Distal phalanx of thumb	Extends CMC, MCP and IP joints	Radial
Longus			of thumb	
Extensor Indicis	Ulna	Joins tendons of extensor	Extends all joints of index finger	Radial
		digitorum		
Supinator	Lateral epicondyle and	Wraps around lateral surface of	Supinates at forearm	Radial
	ulna	radius		
			1	

Pronator Teres	Medial supracondylar	Lateral surface of radius	Pronate forearm	Median
	ridge of medial			
	epicondyle of humerus			
	and coronoid of ulna			
Flexor Carpi Radialis	Medial epicondyle	2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> metacarpals	Flex/Radial deviation of wrist	Median
Palmaris Longus	Medial epicondyle	Palmar fascia	Flex wrist, tenses palmar fascia	Median
Flexor Carpi Ulnaris	Medial epicondyle	Pisiform	Flex wrist and adduct wrist	Ulnar
Flexor Digitorum	Medial epicondyle of	Middle phalanges of digits 2-5	Flexes all joints from wrist to PIP	Median
Superficialis	humerus and radius		of digits 2-5	
Flexor Pollicis Longus	Radius and interosseous	Distal phalanx of thumb	Flex wrist and all 3 joints of thumb	Median
	membrane			
Flexor Digitorum	Ulna and interosseous	Distal phalanges of digits 2-5	Flex wrist, flex all joints to DIP in	Media to radial side
Profundus	membrane		digits 2-5	of muscle; ulnar to
				ulnar side of muscle
Pronator Quadratus	Distal ulna	Distal radius	Pronates forearm	Median
Abductor Pollicis	Navicular and trapezium	Base of proximal phalanx	Abduct at CMC and MCP joints of	Median
Brevis			thumb	
Flexor Pollicis Brevis	Trapezium (superficial),	Radial side of proximal phalanx	Flex CMC and MCP of thumb	Median; deep head
	trapezoid; capitate (deep)	(superficial and deep)		by ulnar nerve
Opponens Pollicis	Trapezium	1 <sup>st</sup> metacarpal	Flex and medially rotate at CMC	Median
			joint	
Adductor Pollicis	Capitate, 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Proximal phalanx (oblique and	Adduct and flex at CMC and MCP	Ulnar
	metacarpals (oblique), 3 <sup>rd</sup>	transverse)	joints	
	metacarpal (transverse)			

Abductor Digiti Minimi			Abduct MCP for digit 5	
Flexor Digiti Minimi			Flex MCP for digit 5	
Brevis				
Opponens Digiti			Flex CMC for digit 5	
Minimi				
Lumbricals of the	Tendons of flexor	Radial side of extensor expansion	Flex MCP of digits 2-5, extend IP	Lateral two, median;
hand	digitorum profundus	of extensor digitorum	joints of digits 2-5	medial two, ulnar
Dorsal interossei of			Abduct at MCP joint for digit 2-4	Ulnar
hand (4)				
Palmar interossei (3)			Adduct MCP joints of digits 2,4,	Ulnar
			and 5	
		Thorax		
External Intercostals	Lower border of a rib	Upper border of rib below	Elevate ribs during inspiration	Intercostal nerves
Internal Intercostals	Inner surface of a rib	Upper border of rib below	Draw ribs downward during forced	Intercostal nerves
			expiration	
Transversus Thoracis	Inner surface of body;	Costal cartilages of ribs 2-6	Draw ribs downward	Intercostal nerves
	xiphoid process			
Quadratus Lumborum	Iliac crest	12 <sup>th</sup> rib, transverse process of	Lateral flexion of lumbar vertebrae	Branches of ventral
		lumbar vertebrae		rami of L1-4
Psoas Major	Upper 4 lumbar	Lesser trochanter of femur	Flexes hip joint	Branches of ventral
	transverse processes;			rami L2-4
	last thoracic; upper 4			
	lumbar discs; adjacent			
	vertebrae			

Psoas Minor	Bodies of T12 and L1	Iliopsoas fascia and pectinal line	Flexor of lumbar spine	Ventral ramus of L1
		of ilium		
Iliacus	lliac fossa	Lesser trochanter of femur	Flexor of hip joint	Femoral nerve
Rectus Abdominis	Pubic crest	Costal cartilages 5-7	Flex vertebral column and	Lower 5-6 intercostal
			increase interabdominal pressure	and subcostal (12 <sup>th</sup>
				thoracic nerve)
External Oblique	Lower 8 ribs	Iliac crest, linea alba	Compress abdomen; both sides	Lower 5 intercostal,
			flex vertebral column, one side	iliohypogastic and
			(unilateral contraction) will rotate	ilioinguinal
			vertebral column to opposite side	
Internal Oblique	Lumbar fascia, iliac crest	Cartilage of lower 4 ribs, linea	Compress abdomen; both sides	Lower 5 intercostal,
	and lateral half of inguinal	alba	flex vertebral column, one side	iliohypogastic and
	ligament		(unilateral cont.) will rotate	ilioinguinal
			vertebral column to same side	
Transversus	Iliac crest, lateral 1/3 of	Linea alba	Compress abdomen	Lower 5 intercostal,
Abdominis	inguinal ligament,			iliohypogastic and
(Deepest)	cartilage of lower 6 ribs			ilioinguinal
		True Back Muscles		
	Superficial/Deep	Origin	Insertion	Action
Splenius Capitis	Superficial			Contract one side,
				rotate head to same
				side; contract both
				sides to extend
				head/neck

Splenius Cervicis	Superficial			Contract one side,
				rotate head to same
				side; contract both
				sides to extend
				head/neck
Spinalis (thoracis,	Superficial	Spinous process	Spinous process	Extension, lateral
cervicis, capitis)				flexion of vertebral
				column
Longissimus	Superficial	Transverse process	Transverse process	Extension, lateral
(thoracis, cervicis,				flexion of vertebral
capitis)				column
Iliocostalis	Superficial	Rib	Rib	Extension, lateral
(lumborum, thoracis,				flexion of vertebral
cervicis)				column
Semispinalis	Deep	Transverse process	Transverse process and occipital	Extend vertebral
			bone	column and head
Multifidus	Deep	Transverse process	Spinous process	Rotate vertebral
				column to opposite
				side
Rotatores	Deep	Tranverse process	Spinous process	Rotate vertebral
				column to opposite
				side
Intertransversarii	Deep			Extend vertebral
				column
		1		

Interspinalis	Deep			Extend veterbral
				column
		Muscles of thigh		
Rectus Femoris	Anterior inferior iliac spine	Patella and tibial tuberosity	Extends knee and flexes hip	Femoral
-Anterior		through patellar ligament		
Vastus Lateralis	Lateral lip of linea aspera	Patella	Extends knee	Femoral
-Anterior				
Vastus Medialis	Medial lip of linea aspera	Patella	Extends knee	Femoral
-Anterior				
Vastus Intermedius	Shaft of femur	Tendon of rectus femoris and	Extends knee	Femoral
-Anterior		vastus muscles		
Sartorius	Anterior superior iliac	Medial surface of tibia	Flexes hip and knee joint	Femoral
-Anterior	spine			
Pectineus	Pectinal line of pubis	Pectinal line and linea aspera	Flex, adduct and medially rotate	Femoral
-Medial			hip	
Adductor Longus	Body of pubis	Medial lip of linea aspera	Flex, adduct and medially rotate	Obturator
-Medial			hip	
Adductor Brevis	Body and inferior ramus	Pectineal line and linea aspera	Flex, adduct and medially rotate	Obturator
-Medial	of pubis		hip	
Adductor Magnus	Ischiopubic ramus and	Linea aspera and adductor	Upper: Adduct, flex, medially	Upper: Obturator
- Medial	ischial tuberosity	tubercle on medial epicondyle of	rotate	Lower: Tibial sciatic
		femur	Lower: Adduct, extend, laterally	
			rotate	

Gracilis	Body of pubis	Medial surface of tibia	Adduct hip, flexes knee	Obturator
-Medial				
Gluteus Maximus	Ilium and sacrum	lliotibial tract and gluteal	Extend and laterally rotate hip	Inferior gluteal
-Gluteal		tuberosity of femur		
Gluteus Medius	llium	Greater trochanter	Abduct hip	Superior gluteal
And Gluteus Minimus			Anterior: Flex and medially rotate	
-Gluteal			Posterior: Extend and laterally	
			rotate	
Tensor Fasciae Latae	Iliac crest and anterior	Iliotibial tract	Flex, abduct, medially rotate hip	Superior gluteal
-Gluteal	superior iliac spine			
Piriformis	Pelvis	Greater trochanter and posterior	Lateral rotators of hip	Nerve to "muscle
Superior Gemellus		part of femur		name"
Obturator Internus				
Inferior Gemellus				
Quadratus Femoris				
Obturator Externus				
Biceps Femoris	Long head: ischial	Fibular head	Flex knee, extend hip	Long head: Tibial
- Posterior	tuberosity			sciatic
	Short head: Linea aspera			Short head: Peroneal
				sciatic
Semimembranosus	Ischial tuberosity	Medial condyle of tibia	Flex knee, extend hip	Tibial sciatic
-Posterior				
Semitendinosus	Ischial tuberosity	Medial surface of tibia	Flex knee, extend hip	Tibial sciatic
-Posterior				

Muscles of the Leg					
Tibialis Anterior	Lateral condyle and	Medial cuniform and 1 <sup>st</sup>	Dorsi flex and invert	Deep peroneal	
-Anterior	surface of tibia	metatarsal			
Extensor Digitorum	Lateral condyle of tibia	Middle and distal phalanges of	Dorsi flex and evert, extend joints	Deep peroneal	
Longus	and surface of fibula	toes 2-5	of toes 2-5		
-Anterior					
Extensor Hallucis	Anterior surface of fibula	Distal phalanx of great toe	Dorsi flex, invert, extend joints of	Deep peroneal	
Longus			big toe		
-Anterior					
Peroneus Tertius	Anterior surface of fibula	Base of 5 <sup>th</sup> metatarsal	Dorsi flex and evert	Deep peroneal	
-Anterior					
(Lower fibers of ext.					
dig. longus)					
Peroneus Longus	Head and lateral surface	1 <sup>st</sup> metatarsal and medial	Plantar flex and evert	Superficial peroneal	
- Lateral	of fibula	cuneiform			
Peroneus Brevis	Lateral surface of fibula	Tuberosity of 5 <sup>th</sup> metatarsal	Plantar flex and evert	Superficial peroneal	
-Lateral					
Gastrocnemius	Medial and lateral	Unites with tendon of soleus and	Plantar flex (powerful) and invert	Tibial	
-Posterior, superficial	condyles and posterior	forms the tendocalcaneus	Can help flex knee		
-Part of Triceps Surae	surface of femur	(Achilles tendon) to posterior			
		surface of calcaneus			
Soleus	Head and posterior	Posterior surface of calcaneus	Plantar flex and invert	Tibial	
-Posterior, superficial	surface of fibula and				
	soleal line of tibia				

Plantaris	Posterior surface of femur	Joins Achilles t	endon to posterior	Planter flex (not much)	Tibial
-Posterior, superficial		cald	caneus		
Popliteus	Lateral condyle of femur	٦	Γibia	Flex knee, medially rotate tibia;	Tibial
-Posterior, deep				laterally rotate femur	
Flexor Digitorum	Posterior surface of tibia	Distal phalar	nges of toes 2-5	Flexes all joints of toes 2-5,	Tibial
Longus				plantar flex and invert	
-Posterior, deep					
Flexor Hallucis	Posterior surface of fibula	Distal phala	anx of great toe	Flex joints of big toe, plantar flex	Tibial
Longus				and invert	
-Posterior, deep					
Tibialis Posterior	Fibula, tibia and	Tuberosity of	navicular and all	Plantar flex and invert	Tibial
-Posterior, deep	interosseous membrane	tarsals e	except talus		
		Mu	scles of Foot		
Extensor Digitorum	Only layer on dorsal side;	I: Tendons of e	extensor digitorum	Extends MTP joints, tendons	Deep peroneal
Brevis	O: Ant. End of upper	longus to to	es 2,3,4 and to	going into 2, 3, 4 can help	
or	surface of calcaneus	proximal pha	lanx of great toe	extensor digitorum longus extend	
Extensor Hallucis				all joints of toes 2,3, and 4	
Brevis & Extensor					
Digitorum Brevis					
Abductor Hallucis	1 <sup>st</sup> Layer		Ab	oduct MTP of big toe	Medial plantar
Flexor Digitorum	1 <sup>st</sup> Layer	Flex		x MTP and PIP of 2-5	Medial plantar
Brevis					
Abductor Digiti Minimi	1 <sup>st</sup> Layer		Abo	ducts MTP of little toe	Lateral plantar
Quadratus Plantae	2 <sup>nd</sup> Layer		Assis	sts Flexor Dig. Longus	Lateral plantar

Lumbricals (4)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Layer	Flex MTP and extends IP of toes 2-5	Toe 2: Medial plantar
			Toe 3-5: Lateral
			plantar
Tendons of Flex. Dig.	2 <sup>nd</sup> Layer	-	-
Longus and Flex.			
Hallucis Longus			
Flexor Hallucis Brevis	3rd Layer	Flexes MTP of big toe	Medial plantar
Adductor Hallucis	3rd Layer	Adduct MTP of big toe	Lateral plantar
Flexor Digiti Minimi	3 <sup>rd</sup> Layer	Flex MTP of little toe	Lateral plantar
Brevis			
Dorsal Interossei (4)	4 <sup>th</sup> Layer	Abduct MTP of toes 2-5	Lateral plantar
Plantar Interossei (3)	4 <sup>th</sup> Layer	Adduct MTP of toes 3, 4, and 5	Lateral plantar
Tendons of Peroneus	4 <sup>th</sup> Layer	-	-
Long. & Post. Tibialis			