Coin-Data Regression Study

Regression Methods Project By Rayan Harfouche & Tara Fjellman Fall 2024

1 Introduction

- unbalanced dataset
- number of people and coins
- few people with many coins and few coins with many people
- inspection of same side rates show sign of possible person, coin and person-coin dependence
- Learning effects investigated

2 Analysis

2.1 Model Comparison

In this section, we introduce and compare different models for the same side success rate. Some GLMs with binomial responses and some WLS ones based on the ... approximation. Should explain no a priori response transformation ...

For each, the considered formulas in terms of the covariates are:

- 1, corresponding to a constant model.
- 1+C(person), corresponding to a model with the person as a covariate.
- 1+C(person)+C(coin), corresponding to a model with the person and the coin as covariates.
- 1+C(person)+C(coin)+C(person):C(coin), corresponding to a model with the person, the coin, and the interaction between the person and the coin as covariates.

2.1.1 WLS Approach

2.1.2 GLM Approach

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^{*} model 4 could seem redundant due to nesting-main effect, but we * Should explain why eliminated some covariates ...

Tab 1: Model comparison for different models.

Model	Deviance	AIC	Model DF
1	3943.48	173.97	0
1+C(person)	3677.51	0.00	46
1+C(person)+C(coin)	3611.12	17.61	88

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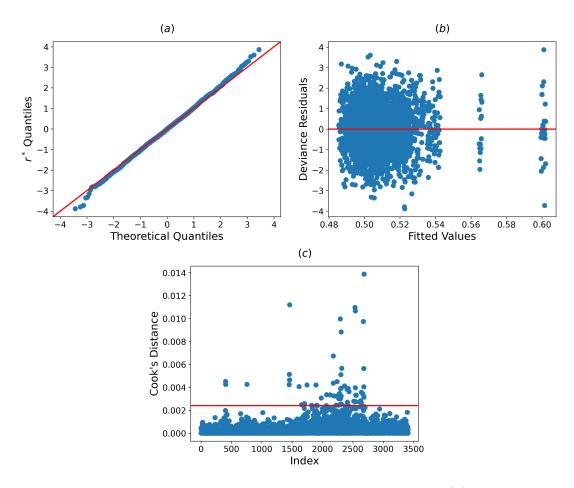


Fig 1: Diagnostics for the selected GLM model. (a).

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Tab 2: Likelihood ratio tests between models.

Tested model	Restricted model	p-value
1+C(person)	1	0.00e+00
1+C(person)+C(coin)	1+C(person)	9.61e-03

2.2 Unusual Observations

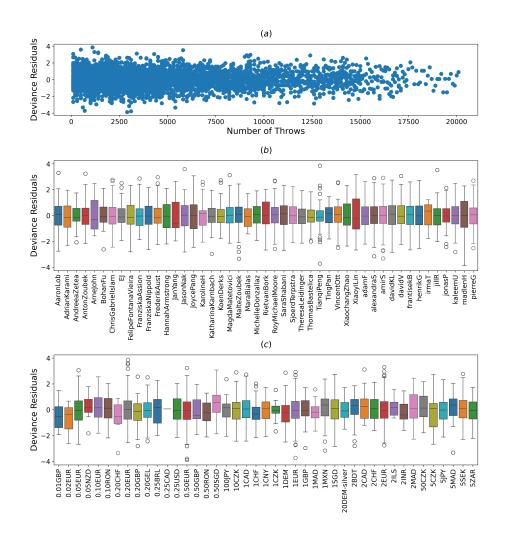


Fig 2: Dev-resid as a function of (a) person and (b) coin.

2.3 Learning Effects

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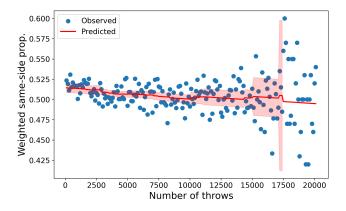


Fig 3: Learning effects.

- 2.4 Memory Effects ??
- 3 Discussion
- 4 Conclusion

Acknowledgements

References