

## Assignment 4 - Utility Calculator

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You will implement a program that calculates the water bill for a customer based on their water meter reading.

1. The program will compute and display information for a utility company which supplies water to its customers. For a specified customer, the program will compute and display the amount of money which the customer will be billed for water usage during the current billing period.
2. The program prompts the user for three inputs (in the following order):
  - a. The customer's beginning meter reading (a positive integer value)
  - b. The customer's ending meter reading (a positive integer value)
  - c. The customer's code (a character)
3. The program will compute the gallons of water used by the customer during the current billing period.

The meter is read by a representative of the utility company at the start and at the end of the billing period, and the readings are taken from a meter which has nine digits and records tenths of a gallon.

4. The program will compute the amount of money that the customer will be billed, based on the customer's code and water usage, using the following information.  
NOTE: you must handle both lower and uppercase letters for the code.

Code 'r' (residential):

- \$15.00 base fee plus \$0.0005 per gallon used

Code 'c' (commercial):

- \$1000.00 base fee plus \$0.00002 for each gallon used

Code 'i' (industrial):

- \$2000.00 base fee plus \$0.00002 for each gallon used;

5. For each customer, the program will display a summary with the following information:
  - a. The customer's code
  - b. The customer's beginning meter reading
  - c. The customer's ending meter reading
  - d. The gallons of water used by the customer
  - e. The amount of money billed to the customer

All output will be appropriately labeled.

## NOTES

1. As stated above, the meter's dial has nine digits and records tenths of a gallon. For example, assuming that the beginning reading was 444400003 and the ending reading was 444400135, then the customer used 13.2 gallons of water during the billing period.
2. Since the meter's dial only has nine digits, the reading at the end of the billing period may be less than the reading at the beginning of the billing period. For example, assuming that the beginning reading was 999999997 and the ending reading was 000000005, then the customer used 0.8 gallons of water during the billing period.
3. The amount of money billed to a customer should be displayed as a monetary value. That is, it should be displayed with a dollar sign (for example, \$125.00 or \$43.87). It is okay if it shows more than two decimal places (we will cover formatting later).
4. I have provided variable declarations. You must use my variables for input. You can declare additional variables as needed.
5. Provide at least 6 runs of your program – ensure you are testing all cases including edge cases. Provide these test runs in a separate “results.txt” file. This means try running your program with each input for customer code ‘r’, ‘c’, and ‘i’, and then for each customer code try different values for meter readings to make sure your program is working properly. To record these tests, an easy way is to copy and paste your output into a .txt file.

## What to turn in:

A single zip file named: “lastname\_firstname\_assignment4.zip”

- Inside the zip file has a single folder named “lastname\_firstname\_assignment4”
- inside this folder contains:
  - your UtilityCalculator.cpp file
  - a “results.txt” file that has your copy-pasted output from 6 runs of your program.

Double Check your submission is correct, folder and file names are correct and the zip file contains only what is being asked.

