<u>s</u> s	Which are the items of interest in combination with discounts that might reduce customer churn? That is, by analyzing a list of transactions, may we be able to better understand which items will encustomers more if offered as discounted with our services? This question will be answered using market basket analysis.
	A2. Defined Goal: Stakeholders in the company will benefit by knowing, with some measure of confidence, which customers are at highest risk of churn because this will provide weight for decisions in marketing impreservices to customers with these characteristics and past user experiences. The goal of this data analysis is to present items for discount purchase to company stakeholders to consider when creat customer enticements and marketing promotions. We will endeavor to help decision makers better understand which combinations of features (items in concert with telecom services) put their custower risk of churning.  Part II: Market Basket Justification  31. Explanation of Market Basket:
t t	As pointed out by Li, "[m]arket basket analysis is one of the key techniques used to uncover associations between items. It works by looking for combinations of items that occur together freque ransactions" (Li, p. 1).  This analysis proposes to identify which combinations of telecom peripherals and ICT tools customers prefer and purchase together most often. We will try to identify those items purchased most of ogether and demonstrate the relationships between these different items.  We expect that we will discover an optimal combination of items to offer at discounts in coordination with our services.  Our plan for analysis includes:  Prepare the dataset  Discover missing values  Purp the Apriori method to identify association rules
	<ul> <li>Run the Apriori method to identify association rules</li> <li>Check the rules with highest values for confidence, support and lift</li> <li>Recommend a course of action following the results of our analysis</li> </ul> 32. Transaction Example: <ul> <li>On quick inspection of the given dataset, transactions are easily distinguishable. The very first transactions includes a larger list of twenty items including:</li> <li>Logitech M510 Wireless mouse</li> <li>HP 63 lnk</li> <li>HP 65 ink</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>nonda USB C to USB Adapter</li> <li>10ft iPHone Charger Cable</li> <li>HP 902XL ink</li> <li>Creative Pebble 2.0 Speakers</li> <li>Cleaning Gel Universal Dust Cleaner</li> <li>Micro Center 32GB Memory card</li> <li>YUNSONG 3pack 6ft Nylon Lightning Cable</li> <li>TopMate C5 Laptop Cooler pad</li> <li>Apple USB-C Charger cable</li> <li>HyperX Cloud Stinger Headset</li> <li>TONOR USB Gaming Microphone</li> <li>Dust-Off Compressed Gas 2 pack</li> </ul>
E	<ul> <li>3A USB Type C Cable 3 pack 6FT</li> <li>HOVAMP iPhone charger</li> <li>SanDisk Ultra 128GB card</li> <li>FEEL2NICE 5 pack 10ft Lighning cable</li> <li>FEIYOLD Blue light Blocking Glasses</li> </ul> These twenty items were purchased by one customer, synchronously.  33. Market Basket Assumption:
[1]: #	One assumption of MBA is to make determinations by building association rules. These rules, suggests Dr. Susan Sivek, "are just statements that connect an 'antecedent' item to a 'consequent' item association rules also do not imply causal relationships, only co-occurrence" (Sivek, p. 1).  So, for instance in our research proposal, we would like to identify items that would purchased before subscribing to a telecom service, or, perhaps, items that would be used in coordination with telestroices.  C1. Transforming the Dataset:  # Standard data science imports import numpy as np import pandas as pd
[2]: #	<pre># Visualization libraries import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt @matplotlib inline  # Change color of Matplotlib font import matplotlib as mpl  COLOR = 'white' mpl.rcParams['text.color'] = COLOR mpl.rcParams['axes.labelcolor'] = COLOR mpl.rcParams['txick.color'] = COLOR mpl.rcParams['ytick.color'] = COLOR mpl.rcParams['ytick.color'] = COLOR</pre>
[3]: # 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	## Increase Jupyter display cell-width  from IPython.core.display import display, HTML  display(HTML(" <style>.container { width:75% !important; }</style> "))  ## Ignore Warning Code  import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')  ## Load data set into Pandas dataframe teleco = pd.read_csv('data/teleco_market_basket.csv')
[6]: # t t [6]: ]	# Examine the features of the dataset teleco.columns  Index(['Item01', 'Item02', 'Item03', 'Item04', 'Item05', 'Item06', 'Item07',
[37]: #	
[10]:	teleco describe()    Item01   Item02   Item03   Item04   Item05   Item06   Item06   Item07   Item08   Item09   Item10   Item11   Item12   Item13   Item14   Item15   Item16   Item16   Item17   Item18
[11]: ]	freq 577 484 375 201 153 107 96 67 57 31 22 15 8 4 3 1 2 2  # Get data types of features teleco.dtypes  Item01 object Item02 object Item03 object Item04 object Item05 object Item06 object Item06 object Item07 object Item08 object
) ) ) ) ) ) ) )	Item09 object Item10 object Item11 object Item12 object Item13 object Item14 object Item15 object Item16 object Item17 object Item17 object Item18 object Item19 object Item19 object Item19 object Item19 object Item20 object Item20 object
[12]: #	# Discover missing data points within dataset data_nulls = teleco.isnull().sum() print(data_nulls)  Item01
) ) ) ) ) ) ) )	
[13]: ####################################	# Check for missing data & visualize missing values in dataset  # Install appropriate library  ! pip install missingno  # Importing the libraries  import missingno as msno  # Visualize missing values as a matrix  msno.matrix(teleco);  """(GeeksForGeeks, p. 1)"""  Requirement already satisfied: missingno in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (0.5.0)
F F F F F F	Requirement already satisfied: missingno in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (0.5.0) Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (1.18.1) Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (1.4.1) Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (0.10.0) Requirement already satisfied: missingno in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (0.10.0) Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (0.10.0) Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (0.10.0) Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (1.10) Requirement already satisfied: six in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from cycler>=0.10->matplotlib->missingno) (1.14.0) Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from kiwisolver>=1.0.1->matplotlib->missingno) (45.2. Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.22.0 in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from seaborn->missingno) (1.0.1) Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.22.0->seaborn->missingno) (2019.3)
[13]: '	WARNING: You are using pip version 21.2.4; however, version 21.3 is available.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrading via the 'c:\users\vreed\anaconda3\python.exe -m pip installupgrade pip' command.  You should consider upgrade pip' command.
1	# Drop records with missing values teleco.dropna(how='all', inplace=True)  # Review changes teleco.head()    Item01   Item02   Item03   Item04   Item05   Item06   Item07   Item08   Item09   Item10   Item11   Item12   Item13   Item14   Item15   Item16   Item17   Item18   Item19   It
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