

Data Import

```
In [37]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [39]: # Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv("bank_data.csv")
```

Data Exploration

```
In [41]: # View All Rows
print (df.head())
```

	Customer ID	Age	Gender	Location (City/State)	Account Type	\
0	GTB00001	53	Female	Lagos	Business	
1	GTB00002	29	Female	Enugu	Current	
2	GTB00003	47	Male	Abuja	Current	
3	GTB00004	25	Male	Abuja	Savings	
4	GTB00005	29	Female	Ibadan	Current	

	Average Monthly Balance	Transaction Frequency (per month)	Loan Status	\
0	841737.10	11	Paid	
1	80786.61	16	Active	
2	270180.37	24	Paid	
3	954316.72	7	Active	
4	745757.60	17	Active	

	Preferred Channels	Service Feedback Score
0	ATM	5
1	ATM	4
2	Mobile App	2
3	Mobile App	4
4	ATM	2

```
In [42]: # View the first 10 rows of the dataset
display(df.head(10))
```

	Customer ID	Age	Gender	Location (City/State)	Account Type	Average Monthly Balance	Transaction Frequency (per month)	Loan Status	Preferred Channels	Service Feedback Score
0	GTB00001	53	Female	Lagos	Business	841737.10	11	Paid	ATM	5
1	GTB00002	29	Female	Enugu	Current	80786.61	16	Active	ATM	4
2	GTB00003	47	Male	Abuja	Current	270180.37	24	Paid	Mobile App	2
3	GTB00004	25	Male	Abuja	Savings	954316.72	7	Active	Mobile App	4
4	GTB00005	29	Female	Ibadan	Current	745757.60	17	Active	ATM	2
5	GTB00006	28	Male	Ibadan	Savings	11163.94	30	No Loans	Online Banking	3
6	GTB00007	36	Female	Enugu	Current	117460.00	27	No Loans	Mobile App	5
7	GTB00008	45	Female	Kano	Business	494237.64	22	No Loans	Online Banking	4
8	GTB00009	65	Male	Ibadan	Business	11791.96	7	No Loans	Branch	2
9	GTB00010	65	Female	Enugu	Current	334473.83	2	Paid	Mobile App	4

Check Unique Values in Categorical Columns

```
In [47]: # Unique values in Age
for col in ["Age"]:
    print(f"{col} unique values: {df[col].unique()}")
```

Age unique values: [53 29 47 25 28 36 45 65 63 34 51 60 62 57 56 23 64 52 39 61 48 19 35 22
46 27 30 42 32 41 20 40 33 49 44 43 54 26 37 59 58 55 38 31 21 50 24 18]

```
In [49]: # Unique values in Gender
for col in ["Gender"]:
    print(f"{col} unique values: {df[col].unique()}")
```

Gender unique values: ['Female' 'Male']

```
In [51]: # Unique values in Location
        for col in ["Location (City/State)"]:
            print(f"{col} unique values: {df[col].unique()}")
```

Location (City/State) unique values: ['Lagos' 'Enugu' 'Abuja' 'Ibadan' 'Kano' 'Port Harcourt']

```
In [53]: # Unique values in Account Type
        for col in ["Account Type"]:
            print(f"{col} unique values: {df[col].unique()}")
```

Account Type unique values: ['Business' 'Current' 'Savings']

```
In [55]: # Unique values in Loan Status
        for col in ["Loan Status"]:
            print(f"{col} unique values: {df[col].unique()}")
```

Loan Status unique values: ['Paid' 'Active' 'No Loans']

```
In [57]: # Unique values in Preferred Channels
        for col in ["Preferred Channels"]:
            print(f"{col} unique values: {df[col].unique()}")
```

Preferred Channels unique values: ['ATM' 'Mobile App' 'Online Banking' 'Branch']

```
In [59]: # Unique values in Service Feedback Score
        for col in ["Service Feedback Score"]:
            print(f"{col} unique values: {df[col].unique()}")
```

Service Feedback Score unique values: [5 4 2 3 1]

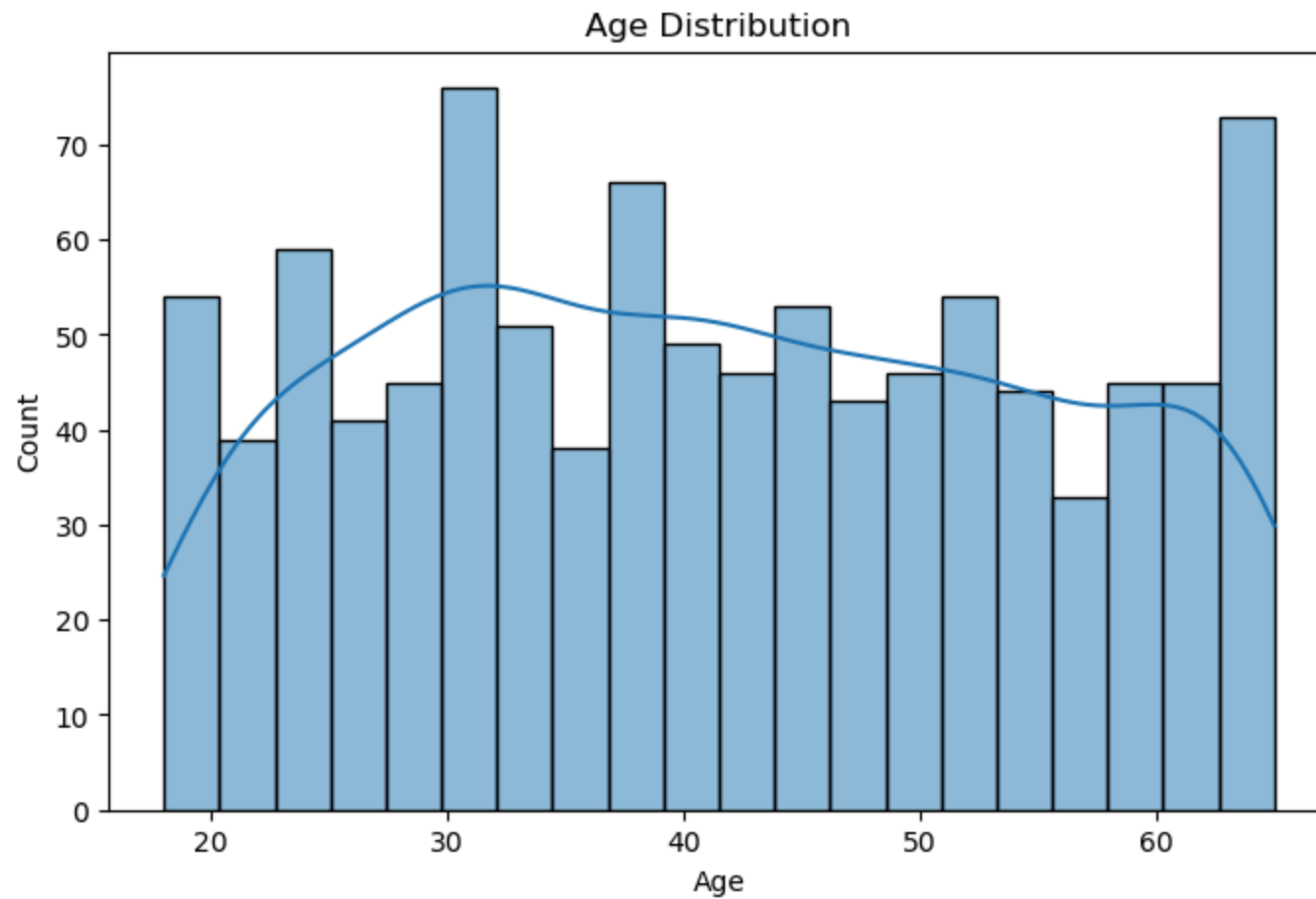
```
In [61]: # Check for Missing Values in all columns
        df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[61]: Customer ID      0
         Age              0
         Gender           0
         Location (City/State) 0
         Account Type     0
         Average Monthly Balance 0
         Transaction Frequency (per month) 0
         Loan Status      0
         Preferred Channels 0
         Service Feedback Score 0
         dtype: int64
```

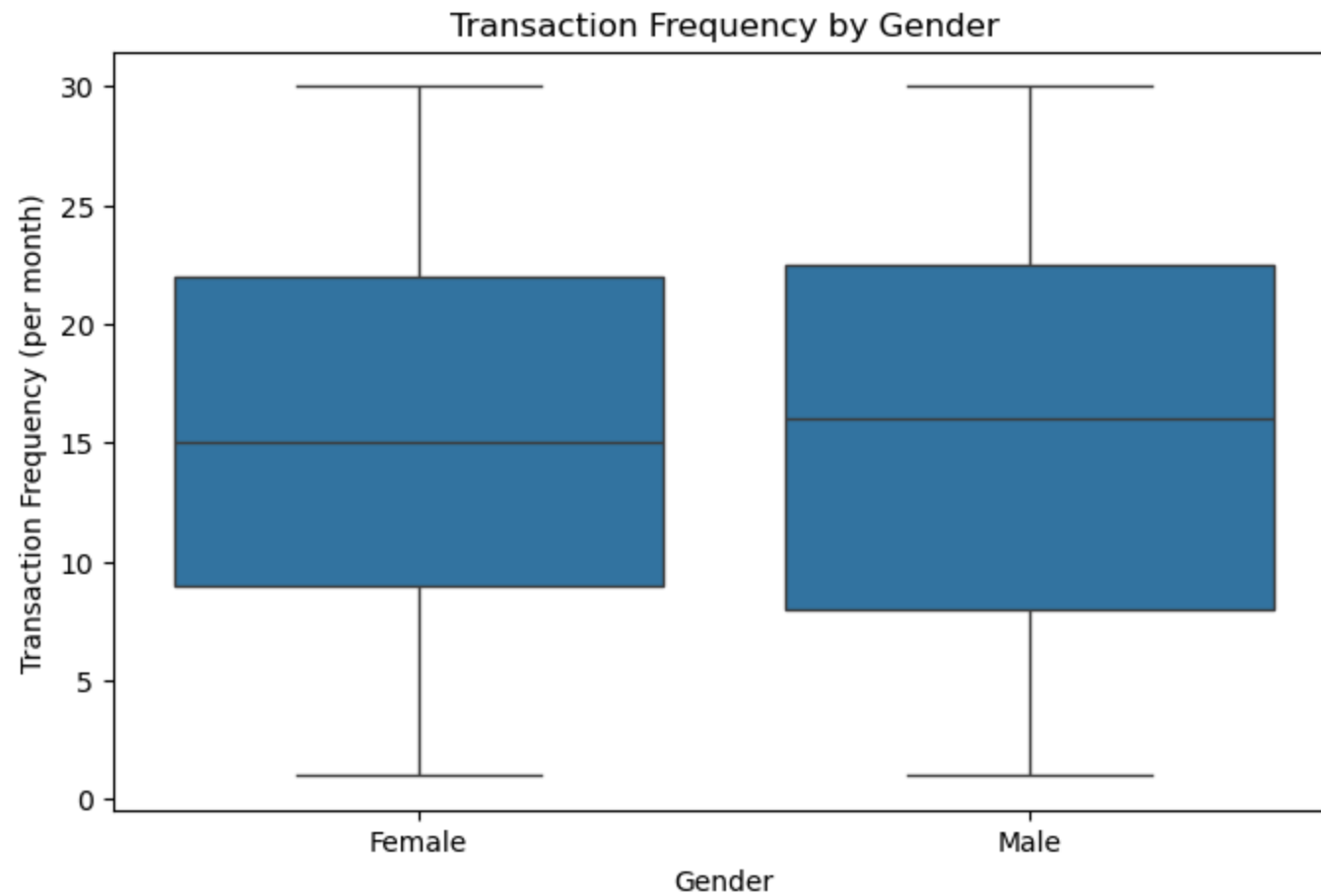
Visualise the Data

```
In [64]: # Age Distribution
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.histplot(df["Age"], bins=20, kde=True)
plt.title("Age Distribution")
plt.show()
```

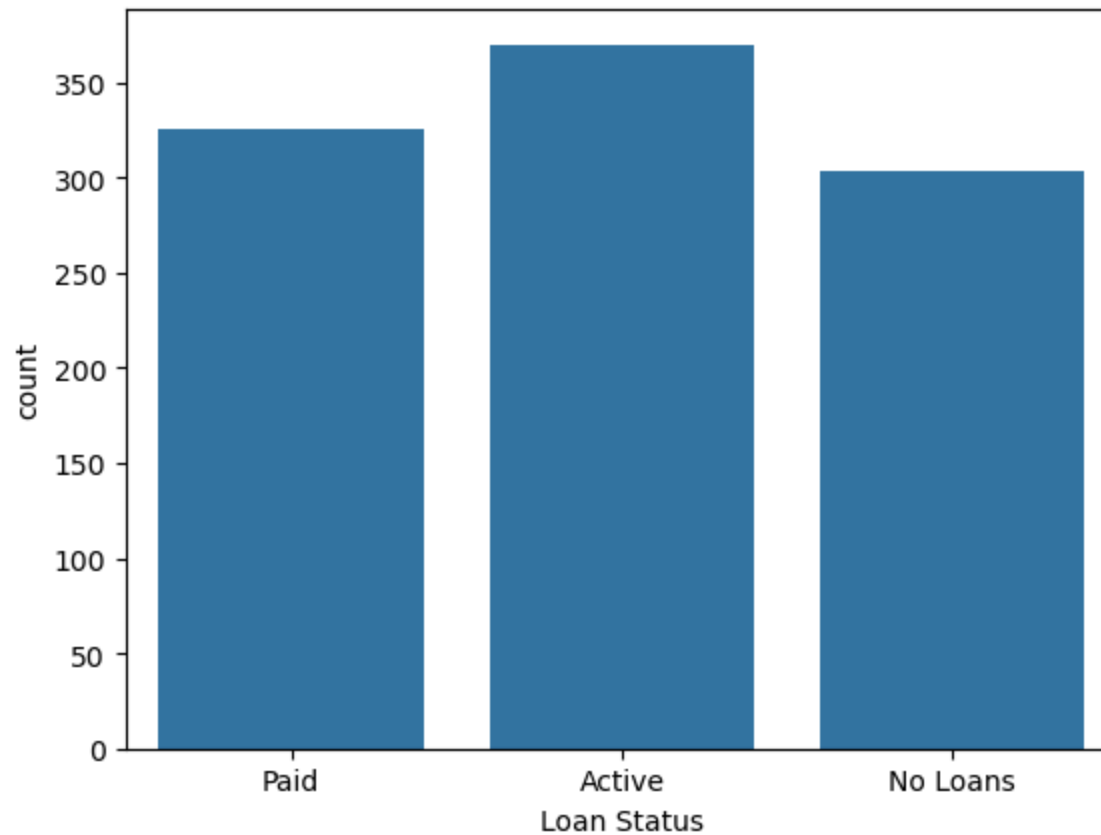


```
In [66]: # Transaction Frequency by Gender
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.boxplot(x=df["Gender"], y=df["Transaction Frequency (per month)"])
plt.title("Transaction Frequency by Gender")
plt.show()
```



```
In [67]: # Loan Status Count  
sns.countplot(x=df["Loan Status"])
```

```
Out[67]: <Axes: xlabel='Loan Status', ylabel='count'>
```



Data Cleaning & Manipulation

Map States to Regions

```
In [72]: # Extract the state from the "Location (City/State)"
df["State"] = df["Location (City/State)"]
```

```
In [74]: # Create a dictionary for state-to-region mapping
state_to_region = {
    "Lagos": "South-West",
    "Ibadan": "South-West",
    "Enugu": "South-East",
    "Kano": "North-West",
```

```
"Abuja": "North-Central",  
"Port Harcourt": "South-South",  
}
```

```
In [76]: # Map states to regions  
df["Region"] = df["State"].map(state_to_region)
```

Categorize Age Ranges

```
In [79]: # Define age groups  
bins = [0, 18, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, 100]  
labels = ["Under 18", "18-25", "26-35", "36-45", "46-55", "56-65", "65+"]  
df["Age Range"] = pd.cut(df["Age"], bins=bins, labels=labels, right=False)
```

Segmentation based on account balance

```
In [82]: # Segment customers into low, medium, and high-value groups by average monthly balance using percentiles  
df["Value Segment"] = pd.qcut(df["Average Monthly Balance"], q=3, labels=["Low", "Medium", "High"])
```

```
In [84]: print (df.head())
```


	Customer ID	Age	Gender	Location (City/State)	Account Type	\
0	GTB00001	53	Female	Lagos	Business	
1	GTB00002	29	Female	Enugu	Current	
2	GTB00003	47	Male	Abuja	Current	
3	GTB00004	25	Male	Abuja	Savings	
4	GTB00005	29	Female	Ibadan	Current	

	Average Monthly Balance	Transaction Frequency (per month)	Loan Status	\
0	841737.10	11	Paid	
1	80786.61	16	Active	
2	270180.37	24	Paid	
3	954316.72	7	Active	
4	745757.60	17	Active	

	Preferred Channels	Service Feedback Score	State	Region	Age Range	\
0	ATM	5	Lagos	South-West	46-55	
1	ATM	4	Enugu	South-East	26-35	
2	Mobile App	2	Abuja	North-Central	46-55	
3	Mobile App	4	Abuja	North-Central	26-35	
4	ATM	2	Ibadan	South-West	26-35	

	Value Segment
0	High
1	Low
2	Low
3	High
4	High

```
In [86]: display(df.head(10))
```

	Customer ID	Age	Gender	Location (City/State)	Account Type	Average Monthly Balance	Transaction Frequency (per month)	Loan Status	Preferred Channels	Service Feedback Score	State	Region
0	GTB00001	53	Female	Lagos	Business	841737.10	11	Paid	ATM	5	Lagos	South-West
1	GTB00002	29	Female	Enugu	Current	80786.61	16	Active	ATM	4	Enugu	South-East
2	GTB00003	47	Male	Abuja	Current	270180.37	24	Paid	Mobile App	2	Abuja	North-Central
3	GTB00004	25	Male	Abuja	Savings	954316.72	7	Active	Mobile App	4	Abuja	North-Central
4	GTB00005	29	Female	Ibadan	Current	745757.60	17	Active	ATM	2	Ibadan	South-West
5	GTB00006	28	Male	Ibadan	Savings	11163.94	30	No Loans	Online Banking	3	Ibadan	South-West
6	GTB00007	36	Female	Enugu	Current	117460.00	27	No Loans	Mobile App	5	Enugu	South-East
7	GTB00008	45	Female	Kano	Business	494237.64	22	No Loans	Online Banking	4	Kano	North-West
8	GTB00009	65	Male	Ibadan	Business	11791.96	7	No Loans	Branch	2	Ibadan	South-West
9	GTB00010	65	Female	Enugu	Current	334473.83	2	Paid	Mobile App	4	Enugu	South-East

```
In [63]: # Save the analysis data to a single CSV file
df.to_csv("bank_customer_segmentation_analysis.csv", index=False)
```

Export To SQL Database For Querying & Analysis

```
In [99]: import sqlite3
```

```
In [122... conn = sqlite3.connect("bank_data.db")
df.to_sql("customers", conn, if_exists="replace", index=False)
```

```
Out[122... 1000
```

Analysis

Convert Segments into Features

```
In [105... # Use one-hot encoding for categorical data
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [107... # Load Data
df = pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM customers", conn)
```

```
In [113... # Select Features for Recommendation Model
features = ["Preferred Channels", "Age Range", "Loan Status", "Value Segment"]
```

```
In [ ]: # One-Hot Encoding to Convert Categorical Data
encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False, drop="first")
encoded_features = encoder.fit_transform(df[features])
```

```
In [ ]: # Convert Encoded Features into a DataFrame
feature_names = encoder.get_feature_names_out(features)
df_encoded = pd.DataFrame(encoded_features, columns=feature_names)
```

```
In [ ]: # Add Customer IDs Back
df_encoded["Customer ID"] = df["Customer ID"]
```

Train a K-Means Clustering Model for Customer Segmentation

```
In [118... from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
```

```
In [ ]: # Define Number of Segments (Clusters)
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=5, random_state=42)
df_encoded["Cluster"] = kmeans.fit_predict(df_encoded.drop(columns=["Customer ID"]))
```

```
In [ ]: # Merge Cluster Labels Back to Original Data
df["Customers"] = df_encoded["Cluster"]
```

Close SQL Database

```
In [126... conn = sqlite3.connect("bank_data.db")
df.to_sql("customers", conn, if_exists="replace", index=False)
conn.close()
```