Service

HiPath 4000 Troubleshooting

Service Manual

A31003-H3130-S100-4-7620

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Reference No.: A31003-H3130-S100-4-7620

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OS

IMPLAUSIBLE EVT CODE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible event code Implausible event code.

F2001 OS

DISALL EVT CODE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Wrong event code

Cause: Event code valid but not allowed.

OS

IMPLAUSIBLE STATE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible state Implausible state.

F2003 OS

UNEXP MESSAGE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Data not expected in current state.

OS

IMPLAUSIBLE MESSAGE DATA

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible data in the message.

OS

IMPLAUSIBLE PROC RET

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible return value received from a procedure.

OS

IMPLAUSIBLE PROC PARAM

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible parameter values

Cause: Implausible parameter values in procedure call.

F2007 OS

DBAR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Error in the database. Implausible data for database access. Reaction is

a soft restart.

Action: Check that the PABX completes its restart. Save error message data and

log file. contact your next level of support.

OS

STATIC DATA FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible data (static data) in memory.

Action: If this error occurs repeatedly, save the error message data and contact

your next level of support.

OS

DYNAMIC DATA FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible data (dynamic data) in memory.

F2010 OS OS CALL FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Negative exception code in operating system call. There may be

insufficient memory for executing the AMO during peak load periods, the executed AMO may contain an error or it may be damaged. This error message is also displayed when the operating system is damaged.

F2012 AM TIMEOUT FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Timer run down

Cause: Timeout for expected response.

AM

MSG HEADER FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible message header.

F2014 AM DMS CALL FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Negative acknowledgments by the data management system

Cause: Negative acknowledgments by the data management system (e.g. I/O

error).

F2016 AM ADVISORY

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Advisory message Cause: Advisory message

Action: If this error occurs repeatedly, save the error message data and contact

your next level of support.

OS

BOARD NOT READY

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Board not in operation

Cause: The operating system (OS) has detected that the MDL_READY field of a dual-port RAM (DPR) no longer contains the value READY, which means that a board (IP, DCL, CCH, MBU, IOCG) is currently not operative.

Action: Check the IP, DCL, CCH, MBU, and IOCG boards. Replace the defective board. contact your next level of support if all boards appear to be okay or if the error persists.

F2019 OS DPR NOT VALID

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Dual Port Ram

Cause: The OS has detected that the DPR_VALID field of a dual-port RAM (DPR) no longer contains the value VALID because, for instance, a container chaining error has been found by board. No hexadecimal data is output with this message.

Action: Check the IP, DCL, CCH, MBU, and IOCG boards. Replace the defective board. contact your next level of support if all boards appear to be okay or if the error persists.

OS

BUSHANDLER TIMEOUT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Bus handler (BH) reports timeout

Cause: Bus handler (BH) reports timeout error, i.e. transmission was not complete. The BH enables all the containers in the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the SP (in its own processor) has reset the block byte of the corresponding queue with ON W RESET OBLOCK.

OS

BUSHANDLER NO PARTNER

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Board failure of remote processor

Cause: BH identifies that a message could not be transmitted because, for instance, the destination processor's board had failed. The BH enables all the containers in the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the system program (in its own processor) has reset the block byte of the corresponding queue with ON_W_RESET_QBLOCK.

OS

BUSHANDLER CONTEXT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Implausible data for the BH

Cause: This means the container has been fed the wrong data for the BH by the

operating system.

OS

DESTINATION CATALOG

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Name not contained in index catalog

Cause: During processor communication, a container with an index/name that was not in the receiver's index catalog was received from a firmware processor or boot. The error is signaled at the receiving end.

OS

DESTINATION MAILBOX

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Destination mailbox no longer exists

Cause: During processor communication, it was found at the receiving end that the destination mailbox named in the container no longer exists or is wrong. The error is signaled at the receiving end.

OS

DESTINATION RESOURCES

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Not enough OS resources

Cause: Resources short for receiving messages over processor borders. Whether the message was intended for an operating system mailbox or for a user's mailbox, is of no concern as regards this error.

- 1. Source processor is the destination: Despite a wait there was neither a free buffer nor a free segment available to hold the message. The hexadecimal output contains the task batch which is to empty the mailbox, and also the address of the task currently accessing the database area.
- 2. Source processor is a node: Despite a wait there was neither a short nor a long container available for forwarding the message.

F2028 OS OS RESOURCES

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Not enough OS resources

Cause: The operating system did not have a free element in its internal buffer pool or a segment available, nor, despite a wait, a short or long container. Shortage of operating system resources when receiving messages over processor borders is, however, reported with error message F2027. No HEX data is output with this message.

Action: Check the IP and MBU firmware. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

OS

MAILBOX TIMER

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Mailbox no longer exists

Cause: When a timer runs down, the destination mailbox is found to be no longer

existing.

Action: In the HEX data, the message is output by the timer in a length of 20

bytes. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

OS

TIME / DATE NOT VALID

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Check reference clock

Cause: Error when processing the reference clock. Error only occurs in the ADS

(up to SP300-V3.2, from V3.3 see F8104).

Action: The exception code is output in the HEX data and may have the following

meaning:

H20 = TIME_NOT_VALID (Clock defective)

H21 = MAC_NOT_READY (MAC board defective)

H22 = BAT_OFF (Check date/time or support battery in the MAC/IOPA)

When the ADS is first booted, exception codes H20 and H21 are always output on all accounts.

F2032 OS JOTA

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Implausible data in job table

Cause: ROOT finds implausible data in the job table (JOTA). Depending on the state of the boot, the error is reported to SYSLOAD or to error analysis. It is assumed that the JOTA checksum is no longer correct.

Action: If byte 0 of the HEX data contains the value 01, the other bytes output the layer number.

If byte 0 of the HEX data contains a value >01, then byte 1 outputs the exception code (supplied by RMX in response to CREAT_JOB), the other bytes output the name of the subsystem from the job table (JOTA). Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

OS

PLAUS MAX LIMIT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Error statistics overflow

Cause: Too many plausibility errors within a certain time. The error statistics

overflow.

OS

SYSTEM EXCEPTN HANDLER

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Error when processing the OS Task

Cause: The system exception handler was activated by an error.

Action: Find the cause with further error reports. For example, stack messages with the same message ID may exist (F2016). Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

F2035 OS

INIT ERROR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Error in OS initialization

Cause: This error is reported to SYSLOAD, not to error analysis. The reaction is a hard restart. The hard disk may be faulty or the system program is not available or it is faulty. Action: Check that the PABX has restarted. contact your next level of support if

the system fails to restart.

OS

BUSHANDLER QBLOCK S

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: No free short container available

Bus handler (BH) reports that for a certain time the destination processor's dual-port RAM (DPR) did not have a short free container available to hold a message that was to be transmitted. The BH enables all the containers in the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the system program (SP) in its own processor has reset the block byte of the associated queue with ON_W_RESET_QBLOCK.

Action: Not more than the first 64 bytes of the container that has not been transmitted are output in the HEX data. Save error message data and contact your next level of support. Check MBU firmware. Note related error messages.

os

BUSHANDLER QBLOCK L

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: No free long container available

Cause:

BH reports that for a certain time the destination processor's DPR did not have along free container available to hold a message that was to be transmitted. The BH enables all the containers of the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the SP in its own processor has reset the block byte of the associated queue with ON_W_RESET_QBLOCK.

Action:

Not more than the first 64 bytes of the container that has not been transmitted are output in the HEX data. Save error message data and contact your next level of support. Check MBU firmware. Note related error messages.

OS

BROADCAST ON, NO ACK

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Broadcast not acknowledged by at least one MBU

Cause: The BROADCAST_ON order (order to all) from the active base processor (BP) to the message buffers (MBU) was not acknowledged punctually by at least one MBU. The error is reported in the active BP.

Action: Check the MBU boards and replace defective boards. In the HEX data, defective MBUs (if any) are stated first, the PIDs of such defective MBUs second. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

OS

BROADCAST OFF, NO ACK

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Broadcast not acknowledged by at least one MBU

Cause: The BROADCAST_OFF order from the active BP to the MBUs was not acknowledged punctually by at least one MBU. The error is reported in the active BP.

Action: Check the MBU boards and replace defective boards. In the HEX data,

defective MBUs (if any) are stated first, the PIDs of such defective MBUs second. Save error

message data and contact your next level of support.

F2040 OS BROADCAST LONG

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Message not retrieved by MBU

When long message was to be acknowledged by the base processor (BP) acting on behalf of the group processors (GP), it was found that this message had not yet been collected by at least one message buffer (MBU). The error is reported in the active BP.

Action:

Check the MBU boards and replace defective boards. The first 64 bytes

of the container that has not been transmitted are output in the HEX data. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

os

GP IN BROADCAST MODE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Processor communication error

Cause: During processor communication it was found at the receiving end (active BP) that the destination processor specified in the container was a GP currently affected by the load broadcast rather than the GP designated in the load broadcast. The error is reported in the active BP.

Action: The first 64 bytes of the transmitted container are output in the HEX data. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

OS

DESTINATION PROCESSOR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Destination processor not available

Cause: During processor communication it was found at the receiving end (active BP) that the destination processor named in the container according to the directory table (DIR_TBL) was not available. The sender of the message was either a firmware processor or a data processor whose DIR TBL was not consistent with the destination DIR TBL.

Action: The first 64 bytes of the transmitted container are output in the HEX data.

Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

OS

MAILBX TIMER RESOURCES

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Not enough resources

Cause: After the timer had run down, the system was able to determine that the destination mailbox exists but that the message could not be transmitted due to lack of free memory.

Action: The timer message is output in the HEX data up to a length of 20 Bytes.

Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

OS

PROCESSOR INTERRUPT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Interrupt

Cause: SYSLOAD has processed or output an interrupt.

AM

IMPLAUSIBLE EVT CODE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible event code Cause: Implausible event code.

F2051 AM DISALL EVT CODE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Wrong event code

Cause: Event code valid but not allowed.

AM

IMPLAUSIBLE STATE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible state Implausible state.

F2053 AM UNEXP MESSAGE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Data not expected in current state.

AM

IMPLAUSIBLE MESSAGE DATA

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible data in the message.

AM

IMPLAUSIBLE PROC RET

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible return value received from a procedure.

AM

IMPLAUSIBLE PROC PARAM

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible parameter values

Cause: Implausible parameter values in procedure call.

F2057 AM DBAR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible data for database access. Reaction is a soft restart.

Action: Check that the PABX completes its restart. Save error message data and

log file. contact your next level of support.

AM

STATIC DATA FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible data (static data) in memory.

Action: If this error occurs repeatedly, save the error message data and contact

your next level of support.

AM

DYNAMIC DATA FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible data (dynamic data) in memory.

F2060 AM OS CALL FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Negative exception code in operating system call. There may be

insufficient memory for executing the AMO during peak load periods, the executed AMO may contain an error or it may be damaged. This error message is also displayed when the operating system is damaged.

F2062 AM TIMEOUT FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Timer run down

Cause: Timeout for expected response.

AM

MSG HEADER FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Implausible data

Cause: Implausible message header.

F2064 AM DMS CALL FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Negative acknowledgments by the data management system

Cause: Negative acknowledgments by the data management system (e.g. I/O

error).

AM ADVISORY

Type: Diagnosis-specific (several formats apply)

Short text: Advisory message

Cause: Advisory message from administration and maintenance.

In the case of the error message text

PFS CHECK TASK: FEATURE COUNT ERROR it was established that the number of station / trunks set up does not correspond to the station / trunks ascertained by this task (possibly due to a modified database). The task automatically corrects this discrepancy in its list.

The following features can be named under FEATURE: xx:

3D Station
3E Exchange

3F Tie

41 Voice compression46 Attendant console

AM specifies the number of stations / trunks set up
COUNTED the number of stations / trunks ascertained

In this case no other action is necessary.

Action: If this error occurs repeatedly, save the error message data and contact your next level of support.

AM

BOARD NOT READY

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Board not in operation

Cause: The operating system (OS) has detected that the MDL_READY field of a dual-port RAM (DPR) no longer contains the value READY, which means that a board (IP, DCL, CCH, MBU, IOCG) is currently not operative.

Action: Check the IP, DCL, CCH, MBU, and IOCG boards. Replace the defective board. contact your next level of support if all boards appear to be okay or if the error persists.

F2069 AM DPR NOT VALID

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Dual Port Ram

Cause: The AM has detected that the DPR_VALID field of a dual-port RAM (DPR) no longer contains the value VALID because, for instance, a container chaining error has been found by board. No hexadecimal data is output with this message.

Action: Check the IP, DCL, CCH, MBU, and IOCG boards. Replace the defective board. contact your next level of support if all boards appear to be okay or if the error persists.

AM

BUSHANDLER TIMEOUT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Bus handler (BH) reports timeout

Cause: Bus handler (BH) reports timeout error, i.e. transmission was not complete. The BH enables all the containers in the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the SP (in its own processor) has reset the block byte of the corresponding queue with ON_W_RESET_QBLOCK.

AM

BUSHANDLER NO PARTNER

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Board failure of remote processor

Cause: BH identifies that a message could not be transmitted because, for instance, the destination processor's board had failed. The BH enables all the containers in the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the system program (in its own processor) has reset the block byte of the corresponding queue with ON_W_RESET_QBLOCK.

AM

BUSHANDLER CONTEXT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Implausible data for the BH

Cause: This means the container has been fed the wrong data for the BH by the

operating system.

AM

DESTINATION CATALOG

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Name not contained in index catalog

Cause: During processor communication, a container with an index/name that was not in the receiver's index catalog was received from a firmware processor or boot. The error is signaled at the receiving end.

AM

DESTINATION MAILBOX

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Destination mailbox no longer exists

Cause: During processor communication, it was found at the receiving end that the destination mailbox named in the container no longer exists or is wrong. The error is signaled at the receiving end.

AM

DESTINATION RESOURCES

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Not enough resources

Cause: Resources short for receiving messages over processor borders. Whether the message was intended for an operating system mailbox or for a user's mailbox, is of no concern as regards this error.

- **a.** Source processor is the destination: Despite a wait there was neither a free buffer nor a free segment available to hold the message. The hexadecimal output contains the task batch which is to empty the mailbox, and also the address of the task currently accessing the database area.
- **b.** Source processor is a node: Despite a wait there was neither a short nor a long container available for forwarding the message.

F2078 AM OS RESOURCES

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Not enough resources

The operating system did not have a free element in its internal buffer pool or a segment available, nor, despite a wait, a short or long container. Shortage of operating system resources when receiving messages over processor borders is, however, reported with error message **F2027**. No HEX data is output with this message.

Action: Check the IP and MBU firmware. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

AM

MAILBOX TIMER

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Mailbox no longer exists

Cause: When a timer runs down, the destination mailbox is found to be no longer

existing.

Action: In the HEX data, the message is output by the timer in a length of 20

bytes. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

AM

TIME / DATE NOT VALID

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Check reference clock

Cause: Error when processing the reference clock. Error only occurs in the ADS. Action: The exception code is output in the HEX data and may have the following

meaning:

H20 = TIME_NOT_VALID (Clock defective)

H21 = MAC_NOT_READY (MAC board defective)

H22 = BAT_OFF (Check date/time or support battery in the MAC/IOPA)

When the ADS is first booted, exception codes H20 and H21 are always output on all accounts.

F2082 AM JOTA

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Cause: ROOT finds implausible data in the job table (JOTA). Depending on the state of the boot, the error is reported to SYSLOAD or to error analysis. It is assumed that the JOTA checksum is no longer correct.

Action: If byte 0 of the HEX data contains the value 01, the other bytes output

the layer number.

If byte 0 of the HEX data contains a value >01, then byte 1 outputs the exception code (supplied by RMX in response to CREAT_JOB), the other bytes output the name of the subsystem from the job table (JOTA). Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

AM

PLAUS MAX LIMIT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Error statistics overflow

Cause: Too many plausibility errors within a certain time. The error statistics

overflow.

AM

SYSTEM EXCEPTN HANDLER

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Error when processing the root job

Cause: The system exception handler was activated by an error.

Action: Find the cause with further error reports. Save error message data and

contact your next level of support.

F2085 AM INIT ERROR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Error in OS initialization

Cause: This error is reported to SYSLOAD, not to error analysis. The reaction is a hard restart. The hard disk may be faulty or the system program is not available or it is faulty. Action: Check that the PABX has restarted. contact your next level of support if

the system fails to restart.

AM

BUSHANDLER QBLOCK S

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: No free short container available

Bus handler (BH) reports that for a certain time the destination processor's dual-port RAM (DPR) did not have a short free container available to hold a message that was to be transmitted. The BH enables all the containers in the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the system program (SP) in its own processor has reset the block byte of the associated queue with ON W RESET OBLOCK.

Action: Not more than the first 64 bytes of the container that has not been transmitted are output in the HEX data. Save error message data and contact your next level of support. Check MBU firmware. Note related error messages.

F2087 AM BUSHANDLER QBLOCK L

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: No free long container available

BH reports that for a certain time the destination processor's DPR did not have along free container available to hold a message that was to be transmitted. The BH enables all the containers of the associated command queue and disables this queue with its block byte. Containers are only chained to the command queue again after the SP in its own processor has reset the block byte of the associated queue with ON_W_RESET_QBLOCK.

Action:

Not more than the first 64 bytes of the container that has not been transmitted are output in the HEX data. Save error message data and contact your next level of support. Check MBU firmware. Note related error messages.

AM

BROADCAST ON, NO ACK

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Broadcast not acknowledged by at least one MBU

Cause: The BROADCAST_ON order (order to all) from the active base processor (BP) to the message buffers (MBU) was not acknowledged punctually by at least one MBU. The error is reported in the active BP.

Action: Check the MBU boards and replace defective boards. In the HEX data, defective MBUs (if any) are stated first, the PIDs of such defective MBUs second. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

AM

BROADCAST OFF, NO ACK

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Broadcast not acknowledged by at least one MBU

Cause: The BROADCAST_OFF order from the active BP to the MBUs was not acknowledged punctually by at least one MBU. The error is reported in the active BP.

Action: Check the MBU boards and replace defective boards. In the HEX data, defective MBUs (if any) are stated first, the PIDs of such defective MBUs second. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

F2090 AM BROADCAST LONG

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Message not retrieved by MBU

Cause: When long message was to be acknowledged by the base processor (BP) acting on behalf of the group processors (GP), it was found that this message had not yet been collected by at least one message buffer (MBU). The error is reported in the active BP.

Action: Check the MBU boards and replace defective boards. The first 64 bytes of the container that has not been transmitted are output in the HEX data. Save error message

data and contact your next level of support.

AM

GP IN BROADCAST MODE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Processor communication error

Cause: During processor communication it was found at the receiving end (active BP) that the destination processor specified in the container was a GP currently affected by the load broadcast rather than the GP designated in the load broadcast. The error is reported in the active BP.

Action: The first 64 bytes of the transmitted container are output in the HEX data. Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

AM

DESTINATION PROCESSOR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)
Short text: Destination processor not available

Cause: During processor communication it was found at the receiving end (active BP) that the destination processor named in the container according to the directory table (DIR_TBL) was not available. The sender of the message was either a firmware processor or a data processor whose DIR TBL was not consistent with the destination DIR TBL.

Action: The first 64 bytes of the transmitted container are output in the HEX data.

AM

MAILBX TIMER RESOURCES

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Not enough resources

Cause: After the timer had run down, the system was able to determine that the destination mailbox exists but that the message could not be transmitted due to lack of free memory.

Action: The timer message is output in the HEX data up to a length of 20 Bytes.

AM

PROCESSOR INTERRUPT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 01)

Short text: Interrupt

Cause: SYSLOAD has processed or output an interrupt.

IX

MESSAGE

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)

Short text: XENIX error

Cause: The following tables contain possible error messages which are divided

into:

Panic messages

Messages with formats such as >panic: Out of swap< denote serious errors which lead to a restart of the XENIX OS.

Other messages

During XENIX operation, error messages which denote input errors or errors in the application programs may also be output.

IX

ERROR

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Total Failure of XENIX

Cause: Total failure of XENIX OS in the server. XENIX carries out a "REBOOT",

i.e. the OS is reloaded from the hard disk.

F2102 IX UNIX MESSAGE

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application
UNIX advisory message

F2103 IX UNIX ERROR

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application
UNIX error message

IX

UNIX ERROR ESCAL

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application

Cause: UNIX error message (with NMC minor alarm)

IX

UNIX FATAL ERROR

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application

Cause: UNIX error message (with NMC major alarm)

IX

UNIX APPL MESSAGE

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application

Cause: UNIX application advisory message

IX

UNIX APPL ERROR

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application

Cause: UNIX application error message

IX

UNIX APPL ERROR ESCAL

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application

Cause: UNIX application error message (with NMC minor alarm)

IX

UNIX APPL FATAL ERROR

Type: Service-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in UNIX application

Cause: UNIX application error message (with NMC major alarm)

IX

SW RESET ALARM

Type: Service-specific (Format 3A)
Short text: NMC / DMS alarm level reset

Cause: The NMC alarm level for the UNIX SW will be reset in this UNIX server.

This message is sent by the UNIX loader or by the uninterruptible power supply.

F2111 IX HW MESSAGE

Type: Service-specific (Format 3A)

Short text: Hardware error

Cause: HW warning issued by the UNIX server.

F2112 IX

HW ERROR

Type: Service-specific (Format 3A)

Short text: Hardware error

Cause: The UNIX server detected a minor HW error.

IX

HW ERROR ESCAL

Type: Service-specific (Format 3A)

Short text: Hardware error

Cause: A minor error in the UNIX server has escalated to a major HW error. This

measure is taken by the uninterruptible power supply.

IX

HW FATAL ERROR

Type: Service-specific (Format 3A)

Short text: Hardware error

Cause: The UNIX server detected a major HW error.

IX

HW RESET ALARM

Type: Service-specific (Format 3A)
Short text: NMC / DMS alarm level reset

Cause: The NMC alarm level for the UNIX HW will be reset in this UNIX server.

This message is sent by the UNIX loader or by the uninterruptable power supply.

Panic Messages		Explanation
panic:	CMX: aspb == NULL after sleep (cx_send)	Error in the CMX device driver.
panic:	CMX: cc_msg == NULL after sleep (cx_wait)	Error in the CMX device driver.
panic:	CMX: msgq full (cx_disincc)	Error in the CMX device driver.
panic:	CMX: Too many wait on sluice xxxx	Error in the CMX device driver.
panic:	CMX: unknown sigc (cx_event)	Error in the CMX device driver.
panic:	CMX: Unknow sigc (cxioctl, CX_EVENT)	Error in the CMX device driver.
panic:	DNA trap in kernel mode	Error in the XENIX OS.
panic:	fpsave: no fp_task	Error in connection with the Floating Point Emulator.
panic:	fp_COPROC: coprocessor error - with no 287	Error in connection with the Floating Point Emulator.
panic:	fp_COPROC: coprocessor switched away from fp_task	Error in connection with the Floating Point Emulator.
panic:	fp_DNA: called when we have an emulator	Error in connection with the Floating Point Emulator.
panic:	fp_OVERRUN: coprocessor overrun - with no 287	Error in connection with the Floating Point Emulator.
panic:	general protection trap	Protection error.
panic:	hdintr: IOPS errorcode received	The IOPS-FW has reported an error while attempting to access the hard disk. The error code is output immediately before this message. Since no further access to the hard disk is possible, the XENIX OS terminates.
panic:	iinit: cannot copy in superblock	Error while accessing the root file system.
panic:	Invalid TSS	Task-state-segment is invalid.
panic:	IO err in swap	I/O error during swapping.
panic:	no fs	Error in the XENIX OS (no file system)
panic:	no imt	Error in the XENIX OS (file mgmt.)
panic:	no procs	Error in the XENIX OS (task mgmt.)
panic:	Out of swap	Swap area is too small; increase the area size or reduce the number of tasks to run simultaneously.
panic:	physio: bad state	Internal error during input/output.
panic:	RMX requesting shutdown	The RMX has started an emergency rundown of the XENIX OS. Reason: soft or hard restart of the ADS. XENIX writes the contents of the I/O buffers to the HD and terminates (without errors!).
panic:	sdfrcm: sdp->sd_inode not found	Error while accessing common data.
panic:	Segment Not Present	Segment not present.
panic:	Stack fault	Stack overflow.
panic:	Timeout table overflow	Internal table overflow. Can be caused by bad applications.

panic: Trap in system Processor interrupt. panic: unknown interrupt panic: <iopsinit1> panic: <iopsinit2> <fdinit1> panic: <fdinit2> panic: panic: <fdinit3> <fdinit4> panic: <hdinit1> panic: panic: <hdinit2> panic: <hdinit3> <hdinit4> panic: panic: <hdinit5>

Error in the XENIX OS (interrupt handling).

Error in the XENIX OS (I/O device driver).

Table Panic Messages

Other messages		Explanation
messages	Console login:	The console has been activated (with "enable console"), even though no V.24 interface is present on the processor board. Since all messages which would normally be displayed at the attendant console are then output at the AMT by the dependability system, the Login request also appears here. Remedy: enter "disable console".
ct_input:	ct_input: long message is too long	Cartridge could not be opened or closed. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.
ct_input:	ct_input: no short message pointer	
ct_input:	ct_input: short message is too long	
ct_input:	ct_input: uninspected message ignored	
ct_input:	ct_input: wrong destination id	
ct_input:	ct_input: wrong source id	
ctclose:	cmd close ct failed with RMX error xxxx	The cartridge could not be closed. The error code shown was received by the device driver from RMX.
ctclose:	cmd free ct failed with RMX error xxxx	The cartridge could not be closed. The error code shown was received by the device driver from RMX.
ctclose:	hsndmp close ct failed	The cartridge could not be closed. Error in inter-task communication.
ctclose:	hsndmp free ct failed	The cartridge could not be closed. Error in inter-task communication.
ctintr:	I/O error on cardridge drive	I/O error while accessing the cartridge. The next line contains the error code and, if relevant, the sector address.
ctopen:	a second open is not allowed	The device accessed cannot be opened more than once.
ctclose:	cmd reserve ct failed with RMX error xxxx	The cartridge could not be closed. The error code shown was received by the device driver from RMX.
ctopen:	hsndmp reserve ct failed	The cartridge could not be opened. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.
ctopen:	support task mailbox not found	Cartridge could not be opened. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.

ctopen:	unable to catalog ct_input	Cartridge could not be opened. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.
ctstrategy:	cardridge is for exclusive use only	The cartridge can only be opened once.
ctstrategy:	cmd open ct failed with RMX error xxxx	The cartridge could not be opened. The error code shown was received by the device driver from RMX.
ctstrategy:	hsmdmsg open ct failed	The floppy or cartridge could not be opened. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.
fdintr:	I/O error on floppy drive	I/O error while accessing the floppy disk drive. The error code and, if relevant, the sector address are displayed in the next line.
fdintr:	timeout on cartridge drive	Connection timeout while accessing the cartridge drive. Can be caused by a defective device or cartridge.
fdintr:	timeout on floppy drive	Connection timeout while accessing the floppy disk drive. Can be caused by a defective device or floppy disk.
fdstrategy/ct- strategy:	block number out of range	Start block number does not exist on the cartridge or floppy. Input error.
fdstrategy/ct- strategy:	device open failed	The floppy or cartridge could not be opened. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.
fdstrategy/ct- strategy:	minor device number out of range	Wrong I-node for floppy or cartridge. Remedy: Correct the "minor device number" of the device accessed.
hdintr:	harddisk timeout on unit xx partition xx	Connection timeout while accessing the hard disk. Can be caused by a defective device.
hdintr:	I/O error on hard disk xx partition xx	I/O error while accessing the hard disk. The error code and, if relevant, the sector address, is displayed in the next line.
hdopen:	minor device numer out of range	Wrong I-node for the hard disk. Remedy: Correct the "minor device number" of the accessed device.
hdstrategy:	b_blkno xxxx is too high	The start block number does not exist on the hard disk area. Input error.
NMI-routine:	a multibus timeout occurred	An NMI has occurred. Instead of the message "a multibus timeout occurred", a different cause may be output. If the NMI was not caused by XENIX (i.e. any causes apart from the multibus timeout), then the NMI is reported to the dependability system of the RMX, and output at the AMT.
tdopen:	catalog device driver failed	The terminal could not be opened. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.
tdopen:	lookup object name filed	The terminal could not be opened. Error in communication between RMX and XENIX.

Table Other error messages

F2200 PROC INT REGISTER

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2B)

Short text: Interrupt message

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links.

Action: See SW Systems Service. Save error message data and contact your next

level of support.

F2201 PROC INT STACK

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 14)

Short text: Interrupt message

Cause: Output of stack at time of interrupt. This message is output before the

actual message (F2200).

Action: See SW Systems Service. Save error message data and contact your next

level of support.

F2202 PROC INT ESCALATION

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Escalation error following multiple INT13 in Call Processing

This message only applies to US Rel.6.4. If a predefined number of protection errors is exceeded by Call Processing, Sysload requests a soft restart instead of the usual TOP stack clean-up. The usual register values are output, as is a stack list (see also error messages F2205 - F2218).

F2203 PROC INT TASK ADDRESS

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 14)
Short text: Output of Running Task Address

Cause: Interrupt caused by task. The user address and stack pointer are

indicated in the main part of the message. The auxiliary data contains the start address of the running task at the time of the interrupt.

Action: No action necessary.

Interpretation of auxiliary data: These always consist of a double word. The first word contains the selector and the second word the offset of the running task start address.

F2204 PROC INT INFO TEMPORARY SUSY

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 17)
Short text: Error in temporary subsystem

Cause: Interrupt caused by temporary subsystem. The auxiliary data indicates

the selector and limit of the data and code segments of the subsystem concerned.

Action:

Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

Interpretation of auxiliary data:

The first line under the format output contains the name of the temporary subsystem. This is followed by max. two additional lines consisting of 4-byte blocks. The first word contains the selector of the code or data segment concerned, and the second word contains the appropriate limit. The subsystem mapping function allows you to search for the module which wrote the segment at the time of the error, since the selectors are uniquely assigned to the module names.

F2205 PROC INT DIVIDE ERROR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Divide Error (INT 0)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

subevent, this message is identical with F2200. It is assigned the interrupt name.

Action: Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

F2206 PROC INT DEBUG ERROR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Debugger call (INT 1)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2207 PROC INT NMI

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)
Short text: Processor interrupt: NMI (INT 2)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2208 PROC INT BREAKPOINT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Breakpoint (INT 3)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2209 PROC INT OVERFLOW

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: INTO-Detected Overflow (INT 4)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2210 PROC INT BOUND ERROR

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Bound Range Exceeded (INT 5)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2211 PROC INT INVALID OPCODE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Invalid Opcode (INT 6)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2212 PROC INT COPROC NOT AVAILABLE

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C

Short text: Processor interrupt: Coprocessor Not Available (INT 7)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2213 PROC INT DOUBLE FAULT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Double Fault (INT 8)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2214 PROC INT COPROC SEG OVERRUN

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Coprocessor Segment Overrun (INT 9)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2215 PROC INT INVALID TSS

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Invalid Task State Segment (INT 10)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2216 PROC INT SEGMENT NOT PRESENT

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Segment Not Present (INT 11)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2217 PROC INT STACK EXCEPTION

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: Stack Exception (INT 12)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2218 PROC INT GENERAL PROTECTION

Type: Diagnosis-specific (Format 2C)

Short text: Processor interrupt: General Protection (INT 13)

Cause: Interrupt message with output of registers and stack links. Except for the

F2219 PROC INT

MULTIBUS TIMEOUT

Type: Service-relevant (Format 27)

Short text: Multibus timeout, bus cycle canceled due to time overflow.

Cause: Sporadic defective components at the multibus or SW addressing error.

System reaction: Soft restart

Action: Save error message data and contact your next level of support.

F2224

OS

MAINTENANCE

Type: Service-relevant (several formats relevant)

Short text: Maintenance note, triggered by the alarm CENTRAL:029 MAINTENANCE

NOTE.

Cause: This message contains a transparent text in the rule that is either self-

explanatory or refers to another chapter in the service manual.

Action: In general, the above-mentioned alarm must be deleted with an AMO

after fault removal: in SWU: DEL-GRA:BP,29; in ADP: DEL-GRA:A1,29; in server V1: DEL-GRA:V1,29;

If no solution is available, save the error messages associated with this alarm. Contact your

next level of support.

Message texts (e.g.):

HW TIMER DEFECTIVE

A HW timer defect was detected at the processor board that is required for time measurement. Subsequent values supplied by processor load measurement are invalid. Processor load management is thus deactivated. The invalid values are marked with a * in the process load output (see also F4464).

The processor board should be replaced if operating in a monoprocessing architecture. If the error continues to occur after board replacement, save error message data and contact your next level of support.

When using the processor board as ADP, processor board replacement is only advisable after the error has occurred several times. If the error continues to occur after board replacement, save error message data and notify the product specialist.

HW TIMER BACK IN SERVICE

The HW timer is working again. Processor load management is reactivated.

F2244

AM

MAINTENANCE

Type: Service-specific

Short text: Service advisory message, initiated by the alarm CENTRAL:029

MAINTENANCE NOTE.

Cause: This message usually consists of plain text, which is either self-

explanatory or refers to a specific section of the Service Manual.

Action: The MAINTENANCE NOTE alarm must always be reset (deleted) via AMO.

SWU: **DEL-GRA:BP,29**; ADP: **DEL-GRA:AI,29**; VI server: **DEL-GRA:VI,29**;

If this does not work, save the error messages associated with this alarm and contact your next

level of support.

Interpretation of auxiliary data:

Message Text: ERROR: SWU-AMOS HAVE BEEN BLOCKED

Routine database verification during configuration of additional station lines / exchange lines / tie-lines etc. shows that purchased feature quantities are already exceeded. This error is due to a manipulation of the database.

Action: Use DIS-CODEW to determine which values have been exceeded.

Transfer these values to your system specialist for evaluation.

The following AMOs are not blocked:

BSSU, DSSU, FUNSU, PETRA, PSTAT, REST, SDSU, USSU, ZAUSL.

F2250 PROC INT COMMON MEMORY ALARM

Type: Service-relevant (Format 27)
Short text: Common memory alarm.

Cause: Sporadic defective memory components or SW addressing error.

System reaction: Reload.

Action: If this error occurs repeatedly, replace the Pentium processor board.

F2251 PROC INT NMI PCI ERROR

Type: Service-relevant (Format 47)

Short text: Non Maskable Interrupt at the peripheral computer interface bus (PCI

BUS)

Cause: The Pentium CPU and the connected units, such as memory or hard disk,

LAN controller, etc. are connected via the peripheral computer interface bus (PCI BUS). The PCI NMI error (non maskable interrupt) occurs in the event of component or bus communication faults.

The error with format 47 only occurs in the case of Pentium boards.

System reaction: Soft restart

Action: If this error occurs repeatedly, replace the Pentium processor board.

Interpretation of auxiliary data: see new error message F3176.

F2252 PROC INT

LOCAL MEMORY ERROR

Type: Service-relevant (Format 47)

Short text: Local memory error.

Cause: Sporadic defective memory components or SW addressing error.

System reaction: Reload.

Action: If this error occurs repeatedly, replace the Pentium processor board.

Interpretation of auxiliary data: see new error message F3176.

F2450 SD Q OFL

******** (no subevent exists)

Type: Diagnosis-specific (no format)
Short text: Loss of error messages.

Cause: The SIT of the ADP is unable to accept further error messages from SYSDEP (SIT mailbox overflow). SYSDEP will queue the error messages until the SIT is able to receive messages again. If this buffer queue overflows, this is indicated by SYSDEP with this error message. This message also means that SYSDEP has begun overwriting error messages in the queue. Priority error messages such as restart messages etc. are not overwritten.

Action: Save the error message data and contact your next level of support.

F2750 CP-MSG MC TRACE

Type: Service-specific (Format 02)

Short text: Call number traced

Cause: This message outputs the tracing station (in message field f1) and the

traced station or number (in message field f2).

Action: Save error message data. Interpret contents of fields f1 and f2.

F2751 CP-MSG CO TRACE

Type: (Format 2E)
Short text: Trace job

Cause: For INCOMING connections:

A trace job printout is started by an internal user. The source exchange is prohibited from carrying out a forward release. The circuit is either released by A&M (deactivation/reactivation) or by the destination exchange. The port number of the circuit is specified in the message.

For OUTGOING connections:

A trace job printout is started by an external user. The line is held until it is either released by A&M (deactivation/ re-activation or by the destination exchange. The port number of the circuit is specified in the message.

Action: Save error message data. Determine the reason for the trace job. Only release the line for call processing if not released by the destination exchange.

Interpretation of auxiliary data:

INCOMING/OUTGOING = Direction of seizure of line (or trace job internal (INCOMING) or external (OUTGOING))

STNO INTERN = Internal number STNO EXTERN = External number

F2752 CP-MSG

RELEASE DESPITE TRACE REQUEST

Type: Service-specific (Format 2E)
Short text: Release from trace hold status

A line which is being held during tracing can be released by means of an AMO or by the destination exchange. If the destination exchange releases the line within the tracing time (approx. 1 minute), this message is output.

Action: Save error message data. Determine the reason for the trace job.

Interpretation of auxiliary data: see F2751.

F2753

CP-MSG

TRANSIT-/SATELLITE-COUNTER

Type: Service-specific (Format 2E)
Short text: Connection setup interrupted

Cause: In order to avoid network loops or limit the number of paths in

connections which are routed via satellite PABXs, the ISDN service maintains transit counters, which are incremented with each transit line seizure or satellite PABX path. If the counters reach a specified threshold, the connection setup is terminated.

Action: Check the network generating data for possible loops. If no loops exist, check that the counter threshold values are not set too low, i.e. that they actually allow connections to be set up (AMO TDCSU / COT). contact your next level of support.

Interpretation of auxiliary data: The advisory message contains the following:

Address of the originating line circuit

Transit counter level Satellite counter level

Permitted satellite connection

Length of A-number/calling line number (source)

A-number

Length of B-number/called line number (source)

B-number

F2754 CP-MSG PIN TRACE

Type: Service-specific (Format 34)
Short text: Unauthorized PIN use detected

Cause: This message allows unauthorized PIN users to be traced. This message is output if an invalid manual PIN is entered repeatedly at the same station. The maximum number of wrong PIN entry attempts has been exceeded (see AMO PERSI).

Action: Save error message data and contact your next level of support. Notify

customer of unauthorized PIN usage. *Interpretation of auxiliary data:*

STNO INTERN Internal station number of the telephone at which the PIN entry was at-

tempted (may also be the number of the home station, if a PIN has already

been activated).

PIN Invalid PIN number last entered.

F2755 CP-MSG

MSG WAIT CLR BY AMO

Type: Service-specific (Format 31)
Short text: "Message Waiting" data deleted

Cause: The administrator deleted the message waiting data via AMO SUBFT

(message waiting is a R6.3 restart feature).

A message is sent to Dependability via the call trace mechanism. This results in this message being output along with the measures taken by the administrator. Only one F2755 message is output per administrator query, even if more than one device was specified in a range or chained call of AMO SUBFT.

Please note that this message (F2755) is generated immediately after the message waiting data are deleted, and not after the message waiting LED(s) are switched off.

The LED(s) cannot be switched off immediately because this is a background task.

Action: Check that the LEDs are actually switched off.

F2756 CPMSG TRACE

Type: Diagnosis-relevant (Format 31)

Short text: MCID or malicious call tracing of a PIN hacker.

Cause: Malicious call tracing is a feature that can be activated with classes of service. It is used to log a malicious caller. Logging can be initiated automatically via AMO, for example, when a line is released in ringing state or by some activity of the called party during a call or after release.

MCID (Malicious Call Identification) is a feature enhancement introduced after malicious call tracing. MCID introduced a number of network-wide features (delayed activation) and extended the logged output (output with forwarding information).

Action: Save log data. The control parameters can be set for stations with the AMO COSSU and for trunks with the AMO COT.

Interpretation of auxiliary data:

 $DB_RS_E_CP_FANGEN = 0$

DB RS E CP FANGEN AMT = 1

 $DB_RS_E_CP_AUSL_BEI_FANGEN = 2$

 $DB_RS_E_CP_FANGEN_PIN = 3$

DB_RS_E_CP_WP_MAX_ATTEMPTS is issued when the maximum number of API sessions allowed has been reached (configured with ZAND:TYPE=CIT,APIMAX=...) and an attempt is made to start another session.