

## **RL78 Family**

## CTSU Module Software Integration System

## Introduction

This application note describes the CTSU Module.

## **Target Device**

RL78/G23 Group

RL78/G22 Group

RL78G16 Group

## **Related Documents**

RL78 Family TOUCH Module (R11AN0485)

## Contents

<ol> <li>Ove</li> </ol>	rview	3
1.1	Functions	3
1.1.1	1 QE for Capacitive Touch Usage	3
1.1.2	2 Measurements and Obtaining Data	3
1.1.3	Sensor ICO Correction function	3
1.1.4		4
The	measurement time changes depending on CTSUSNUM. If STCLK cannot be set to 0.5M	Hz, it will
not su	pport the table above. When setting STCLK to other than 0.5MHz because the CTSU clo	ck is not
an inte	eger, follow the hardware manual for the measurement time	4
1.1.5	Random Pulse Frequency Measurement (CTSU1)	4
1.1.6	6 Multi-frequency Measurements (CTSU2L)	5
1.1.7	7 Shield Function (CTSU2L)	6
1.1.8	8 Measurement Error Message	6
1.1.9		
1.1.1	•	
1.1.1	11 Automatic judgment measurement using SMS (CTSU2L)	7
1.1.1		
1.2	Measurement Mode	10
1.2.1	1 Self-capacitance Mode	10
1.2.2	· ·	
1.2.3		
1.2.4		
1.2.5		
1.3	Measurement Timing	
1.4	API Overview	13
	Information	
2.1	Hardware Requirements	
2.2	Software Requirements	
2.3	Supported Toolchains	
2.4	Restrictions	
2.5	Header File	
2.6	Integer Type	
2.7 2.8	Compilation Settings  Code Size	
2.0 2.9	Arguments	
2.9	Return Values	
2.10	Neturn values	22
3 API	Functions	23
3.1	R_CTSU_Open	
3.2	R_CTSU_ScanStart	
3.3	R_CTSU_DataGet	
3.4	R_CTSU_CallbackSet	
3.5	R_CTSU_SmsSet	
3.6	R_CTSU_Close	
3.7	R CTSU Diagnosis	
3.8	R_CTSU_ScanStop	
3.9	R_CTSU_SpecificDataGet	
3.10	R_CTSU_DataInsert	
3.11	R_CTSU_OffsetTuning	

#### Overview

The CTSU module is a CTSU driver for the Touch Module. The CTSU module is configured assuming access via the Touch middleware layer, but can also be accessed from the user application.

These are functionally different, so these are described in this application note as below.

- Common description for CTSU, CTSU2L -> CTSU
- Description only for CTSU -> CTSU1
- Description only for CTSU2L -> CTSU2L
- \* Without mention, it means the common description for CTSU, CTSU2L

#### 1.1 Functions

The CTSU module supports the following functions.

## 1.1.1 QE for Capacitive Touch Usage

The module provides various capacitive touch measurements based on configuration settings generated by QE for Capacitive Touch.

As a part of the configuration settings, the touch interface configuration displays the combination of terminals to be measured (referred to as TS) and the corresponding measurement mode. Multi-touch interface configurations are necessary when the development product has a combination of different measurement modes or when the active shield is used.

## 1.1.2 Measurements and Obtaining Data

Measurements can be started by a software trigger or by an external event triggered by the Event Link Controller (RL78/G23 : ELCL ,RL78/G22 : ELC). The RL/78G16 group does not have an Event Link Controller, so external events cannot be specified. Use an interval timer for external triggering.

As the measurement process is carried out by the CTSU peripheral, it does not use up main processor processing time.

The CTSU module processes INTCTSUWR and INTCTSURD if generated during a measurement. The data transfer controller (DTC) can also be used for these processes. The RL78/G16 group does not have a DTC, so DTC cannot be used.

When the measurement complete interrupt (INTCTSUFN) process is complete, the application is notified in a callback function. Make sure you obtain the measurement results before the next measurement is started as internal processes are also executed when a measurement is completed.

Start the measurement with API function R CTSU ScanStart().

Obtain the measurement results with API function R\_CTSU\_DataGet().

#### 1.1.3 Sensor ICO Correction function

The CTSU peripheral has a built-in correction circuit to handle the potential microvariations related to the manufacturing process of the sensor ICO MCU.

The module temporarily transitions to the correction process during initialization after power is turned on. In the correction process, the correction circuit is used to generate a correction coefficient (factor) to ensure accurate sensor measurement values.

When temperature correction for CTSU2L is enabled, an external resistor connected to a TS terminal is used to periodically update the correction coefficient. By using an external resistor that is not dependent on temperature, you can even correct the temperature drift of the sensor ICO.



## 1.1.4 Initial Offset Adjustment

The CTSU peripheral was designed with a built-in offset current circuit in consideration of the amount of change in current due to touch. The offset current circuit cancels enough of the parasitic capacitance for it to fit within the sensor ICO dynamic range.

This module automatically adjusts the offset current setting. As the adjustment uses the normal measurement process, R\_CTSU\_ScanStart() and R\_CTSU\_DataGet() must be repeated several times after startup. Because the ctsu\_element\_cfg\_t member "so" is the starting point for adjustments, you can set the appropriate value for "so" in order to reduce the number of times the two functions must be run to complete the adjustment. Normally, the value used for "so" is a value adjusted by QE for Capacitive Touch.

This function can be turned off in the configuration settings.

#### Default target value

Mode	Default target value
Self-capacitance	15360 (37.5%)
Self-capacitance using active shield	6144 (15%)
Mutual-capacitance	10240 (20%)

The percentage is for the CCO's input limit. 100% is the measured value 40960. The default target value is based on 256us. When the measurement time is changed, the target value is adjusted by the ratio with the base time.

## **Example of target value in combination of CTSUSNUM and CTSUSDPA**

CTSU1 (CTSU clock = 32MHz, Self-capacitance mode)

Target value	CTSUSNUM	CTSUSDPA	Measurement time
15360	0x3	0x7	526us
30720	0x7	0x7	1052us
30720	0x3	0xF	1052us
7680	0x1	0x7	263us
7680	0x3	0x3	263us

The measurement time changes depending on the combination of CTSUSNUM and CTSUSDPA. In the above table, CTSUPRRTIO is the recommended value of 3, and CSTUPRMODE is the recommended value of 2. When changing CTSUPRRATIO and CTSUPRMODE from the recommended values, follow the Hardware Manual for the measurement time.

#### CTSU2 (Self-capacitance mode)

Target value	Target value (multi frequency)	CTSUSNUM	Measurement time
7680	15360 (128us + 128us)	0x7	128us
15360	30720 (256us + 256us)	0xF	256us
3840	7680 (64us + 64us)	0x3	64us

The measurement time changes depending on CTSUSNUM. If STCLK cannot be set to 0.5MHz, it will not support the table above. When setting STCLK to other than 0.5MHz because the CTSU clock is not an integer, follow the hardware manual for the measurement time.

## 1.1.5 Random Pulse Frequency Measurement (CTSU1)

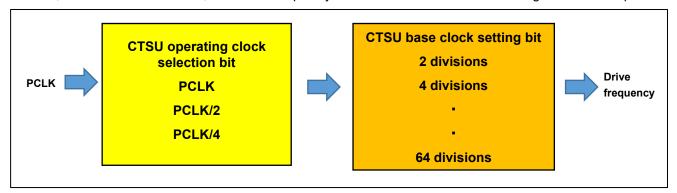
The CTSU1 peripheral measures at one drive frequency.

The drive frequency determines the amperage to the electrode and generally uses the value tuned with QE for Capacitive Touch.



The drive frequency is calculated as below.

It is determined by PCLK frequency input to CTSU, CTSU Count Source Select bit(CTSUCLK), and CTSU Sensor Drive pulse Division Control bit(CTSUSDPA). For example, If it is set PCLK =32MHz, CTSUCLK = PLCK/2, and CTSUSDPA = 1/16, then drive frequency is 0.5MHz. CTSUSDPA can change for each TS port.



**Figure 1 Drive Frequency Settings** 

The actual drive pulse is phase-shifted and frequency-spread with respect to the clock based on the drive frequency as a measure against external environmental noise. This module is fixed at initialization and sets the following.

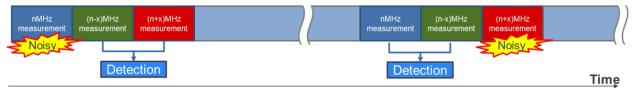
CTSUSOFF = 0, CTSUSSMOD = 0, CTSUSSCNT = 3

## 1.1.6 Multi-frequency Measurements (CTSU2L)

The CTSU2L peripheral can measure in one of four drive frequencies to avoid synchronous noise.

With the default settings, the module takes measurements at three different frequencies. After standardizing the results obtained at the three frequencies in accordance with the first frequency reference value, the measured value is determined based on majority in a process referred to as "normalization."

The user can get the data before the majority decision. The user can also use this data for your own noise filtering. If the processed data is written back to the module buffer, it can be judged by the TOUCH module. See Chapters 3.9 and 3.10 for details.



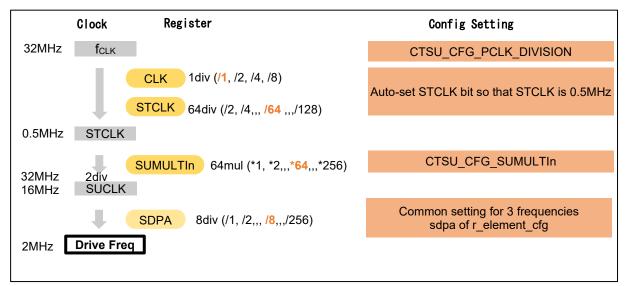
**Figure 2 Multi-frequency Measurements** 

Drive frequency is determined based on the config settings. The module sets registers according to the config settings, and sets the three drive frequencies.

Drive frequency is calculated in the following equation:

(fclk frequency / CLK / STCLK) x SUMULTIn / 2 / SDPA : n = 0, 1, 2

The figure below shows the settings for generating a 2MHz drive frequency when the f<sub>CLK</sub> frequency is 32 MHz. SDPA can be set for each touch interface configuration.



**Figure 3 Drive Frequency Settings** 

### 1.1.7 Shield Function (CTSU2L)

The CTSU2L peripheral has a built-in function that outputs a shield signal in phase with the drive pulse from the shield terminal and the non-measurement terminal in order to shield against external influences while suppressing any increase in parasitic capacitance. This function can only be used during self-capacitance measurements.

This module allows the user to set a shield for each touch interface configuration.

For example, for the electrode configuration shown in, the members of ctsu\_cfg\_t should be set as follows. Other members have been omitted for the example.

```
. txvsel = CTSU_TXVSEL_INTERNAL_POWER,
. txvsel2 = CTSU_TXVSEL_MODE,
```

.ctsuchac0 = 0x0F, .ctsuchtrc0 = 0x08,

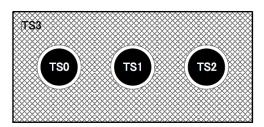


Figure 4 Example of Shield Electrode Structure

## 1.1.8 Measurement Error Message

When the CTSU peripheral detects an abnormal measurement, it sets the status register bit to 1.

In the measurement complete interrupt process, the module reads ICOMP1, ICOMP0, and SENSOVF of the status register and notifies the results in the callback function. The status register is reset after the contents are read. For more details on abnormal measurements, refer to "member event" in the ctsu\_callback\_args\_t callback function argument.

## 1.1.9 Moving Average

This function calculates the moving average of the measured results.

Set the number of times the moving average should be calculated in the config settings.

## 1.1.10 Diagnosis Function

The CTSU peripheral has a built-in function that diagnoses its own inner circuit. This diagnosis function provides the API for diagnosing the inner circuit.

The diagnostic requirements are different for CTSU1 and CTSU2L providing 5 types of diagnosis for

CTSU1 and 9 types for CTSU2L. The diagnosis function is executed by calling the API function. This is executed independently from the other measurements and does not affect them.

To enable the diagnosis function, set CTSU\_CFG\_DIAG\_SUPPORT\_ENABLE to 1.

CTSU1 and CTSU2L use ADC.

## 1.1.11 Automatic judgment measurement using SMS (CTSU2L)

This function uses SMS to operate from measurement to touch judgment without CPU operation. Since the CPU operates only in STOP mode and SNOOZE mode, it can measure with low power consumption. Only external trigger setting and DTC setting is supported. Please use 32-bit interval timer with f<sub>sxp</sub> selected for the external trigger.

For the touch interface for which you want to use this function, please call R\_CTSU\_SmsSet () and then start measurement with R\_CTSU\_ScanStart (). It is recommended to execute after the initial offset adjustment is completed.

Every time the CTSU peripheral measures with an external trigger and reads the result, SMS performs the processing equivalent to R\_CTSU\_DataGet () and the touch judgment processing.

When touch ON is determined, an INTSMSE interrupt is occurred and the same callback function as for normal measurement is called and cancel the SMS measurement setting. At that time the application can get the measurement result by calling R\_CTSU\_DataGet () as in the normal operation.

When using this function, SMS cannot be used for other processing of the system.

To enable this function, set the measurement setting by external trigger and CTSU\_CFG\_DTC\_SUPPORT\_ENABLE to 1 and CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_SUPPORT\_ENABLE to 1. Since DTC repeat transmission is used, the lower 8 bits of the variable specified in the repeat area must be 00H. Therefore, set the address of the RAM area and the address where the lower 8 bits are 00H in CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_TRANSFER\_ADDRESS and CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_CTSUWR\_ADDRESS. Variables placed in CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_TRANSFER\_ADDRESS use 544 bytes. The variable placed in CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_CTSUWR\_ADDRESS uses (4 \* number of elements \* number of multi-frequency). For example, 36 bytes are used for 3 frequency measurement with 3 self-capacity buttons.

To tuning with the QE for Capacitive Touch, set CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_TRANSFER\_ADDRESS to value other than 0xFEF00 to 0xFC800, and CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_CTSUWR\_ADDRESS to value other than 0xFF200 to 0xFCB00.

Figure 5 shows the flow of modules used for SMS measurement with RL78/G22.

Port output using DTC from CTSU2L. An interrupt signal is generated using the signal output from the port. An interrupt signal triggers the ELC to start SMS processing.

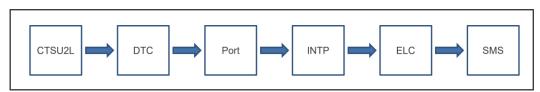


Figure 5 Module flow used for SMS measurement with RL78/G22

To perform automatic judgment measurement using SMS in the RL78/G22, set the following.

#### Setting Port

Set the port register to CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_EXTRIGGER\_PORT, and set the bit used by the register to CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_EXTRIGGER\_BIT. For example, when using P140 register, set CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_EXTRIGGER\_PORT to P14 and CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_EXTRIGGER\_BIT to 1. Also, before starting measurement, set the port to be used to output and set it to low output.

#### ii. External interrupt

Set the interrupt number to CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_ELC\_INTP. For example, when using INTP1, set CTSU\_CFG\_SMS\_ELC\_INTP to 1. Also, set the external interrupt to be used to enable interrupt before starting measurement.

Connect the port and the external interrupt on the board.

This feature does not perform with the self-capacitance to 9 elements or more and the mutual capacitance to 8 elements or more.

## 1.1.12 MEC Function (RL78/G16, RL78/G22)

The CTSU peripheral in RL78/G16 and RL78/G22 has MEC (Multiple Electrode Connection) function that connects multiple electrodes and measures them as a single electrode. This feature is only available in self-capacitance mode.

This is an example when using three electrodes. In normal times, normal measurement is performed, and 3 channels are measured to get each measured value. In power saving, MEC measurement is performed, and one channel is measured by combining three channels to acquire one measured value.

Figure 6 shows a compare of time of normal measurement and MEC measurement. Since multi channels are measured at the same time, the measurement time is shortened.

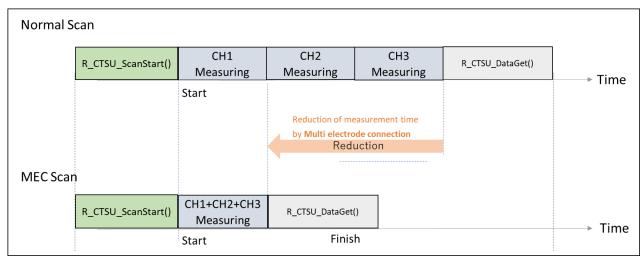


Figure 6 Compare of time between normal measurement and MEC measurement

To enable the code for the MEC feature, set CTSU\_CFG\_MULTIPLE\_ELECTRODE\_CONNECTION\_ENABLE to 1.

When using MEC, create a touch interface configuration different from the normal touch interface configuration for the same TS. The following settings are required for the touch interface configuration for MEC measurement.

To enable MEC for touch interface configurations by setting tsod in ctsu cfg t to 1.

Set mec\_ts of ctsu\_cfg\_t to one of the TS numbers to be measured.

If you want to use the shield function at the same time, set the TS number of the shield terminal in mec\_shield\_ts of ctsu\_cfg\_t. In this case, only one TS can be used as a shield terminal.

Set num\_rx of ctsu\_cfg\_t to 1.

For example, in the case of the electrode configuration shown in 7, set the members of ctsu\_cfg\_t as shown below. Other members are omitted here.

```
.tsod = 1,
.mec_ts = 0,
.mec_shield_ts = 3,
.num_rx = 1,
```

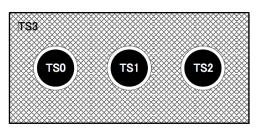


Figure 7 Example of MEC and shield electrode configuration

#### 1.2 Measurement Mode

This module supports all three modes offered by the CTSU2L peripheral: self-capacitance, mutual capacitance, and current measurement modes. The temperature correction mode is also offered as a mode for updating the correction coefficient.

## 1.2.1 Self-capacitance Mode

The self-capacitance mode is used to measure the capacitance of each terminal (TS).

The CTSU peripheral measures the terminals in ascending order according to the TS numbers, then stores the data. For example, even if you want to use TS5, TS8, TS2, TS3 and TS6 in your application in that order, they will still be measured and stored in the order of TS2, TS3, TS5, TS6, and TS8. Therefore, you will need to reference buffer indexes [2], [4], [0], [1], and [3].

#### [CTSU1]

In default settings, the measurement period for each TS is wait-time plus approximately 526us.

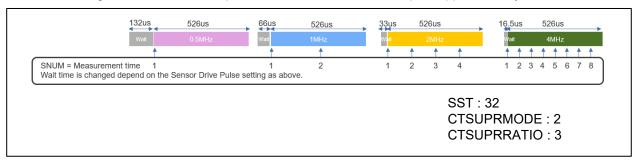


Figure 8 Self-capacitance Measurement Period (CTSU1)

## [CTSU2L]

In default settings, the measurement period for each TS is approximately 576us.

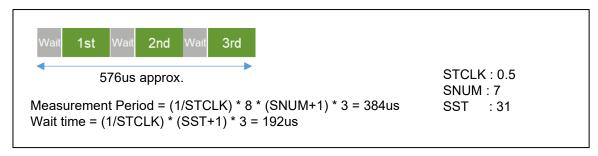


Figure 9 Self-capacitance Measurement Period

## 1.2.2 Mutual Capacitance Mode

The mutual capacitance mode is used to measure the capacitance generated between the receive TS (Rx) and transmit TS (Tx), and therefore requires at least two terminals.

The CTSU peripheral measures all specified combinations of Rx and Tx. For example, when Rx is TS1 and TS3, and Tx is TS2, TS7 and TS4, the combinations are measured in the following order and the data is stored.

TS3-TS2, TS3-TS4, TS3-TS7, TS10-TS2, TS10-TS4, TS10-TS7

To measure the mutual capacitance generated between electrodes, the CTSU peripheral performs the measurement process on the same electrode twice.

The mutual capacitance is obtained by inverting the phase relationship of the pulse output and switched capacitor in the primary and secondary measurements, and calculating the difference between the two measurements. This module does not calculate the difference, but outputs the secondary measured result.

## [CTSU1]

In default settings, the measurement period for each TS is twice of wait-time plus approximately 526us.

In default settings, the measurement period for each TS is approximately 1152us.

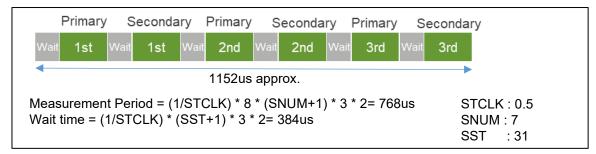


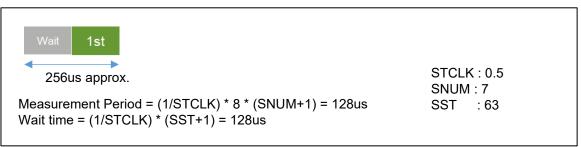
Figure 10 Mutual Capacitance Measurement Period

#### 1.2.3 Current Measurement Mode

The current measurement mode is used to measure the minute current input to the TS terminal.

The order of measurement and data storage is the same as that of the self-capacitance mode.

As this does not involve the switched capacitor operation, the measurement is only performed once. The measurement period for one TS under default settings is approximately 256us. The current measurement mode requires a longer stable wait time than the other modes, so the SST is set to 63.

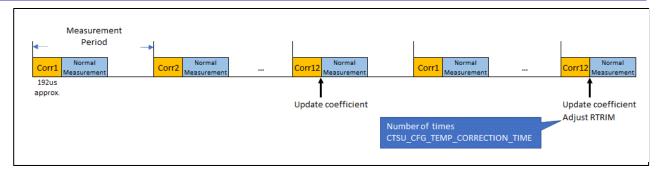


**Figure 11 Current Measurement Period** 

## 1.2.4 Temperature Correction Mode (CTSU2L)

The temperature correction mode is used to periodically update the correction coefficient using an external resistor connected to a TS terminal. This involves three processes as described below. Also refer to the timing chart in Figure 12.

- 1. Measure the correction circuit. One set comprises twelve measurements.
- 2. Measure the current when TSCAP voltage is applied to the external resistor to create a correction coefficient based on an external resistor that does not depend on temperature. Execute the next measurement after the previous measurement set is completed (as described in step 1).
- 3. Flow offset current to the external resistor and measure the voltage with the ADC. This will adjust the RTRIM register and handle the temperature drift of the internal reference resistor. In the config settings, set the number of times step 2 should be executed before carrying out this measurement.



**Figure 12 Temperature Correction Measurement Timing Chart** 

## 1.2.5 Diagnosis Mode

The diagnosis mode is a mode in which various internal measurement values are scanned by using this diagnosis function.

The details are described in 1.1.10.

## 1.3 Measurement Timing

As explained in section 1.1.2, measurements are initiated by a software trigger or an external event which is triggered by the Event Link Controller (ELCL/ELC).

The most common method is using a timer to carry out periodic measurements. Make sure to set the timer interval to allow the measurement and internal value update processes to complete before the next measurement period. The measurement period differs according to touch interface configuration and measurement mode. See section 1.2 for details.

The execution timing of software triggers and external triggers differ slightly.

Since a software trigger sets the start flag after setting the touch interface configuration with R\_CTSU\_ScanStart (), there is a slight delay after the timer event occurrence. However, as the delay is much smaller than the measurement period, a software trigger is recommended for most instances as it is easy to set.

An external trigger is recommended for applications in which this slight delay is not acceptable or that require low-power consumption operations. When using an external trigger with multiple touch interface configurations, use R\_CTSU\_ScanStart() to set another touch interface configuration after one measurement is completed.

#### 1.4 API Overview

The CTSU module includes the following functions.

Function	Description
R_CTSU_Open()	Initializes the specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_StartScan()	Starts measurement of specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_DataGet()	Gets measured values of specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_CallbackSet()	Set callback function of specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_SmsSet()	Makes settings for automatic judgment measurement using SMS of the specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_Close()	Closes specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_Diagnosis()	Executes diagnosis.
R_CTSU_StartStop()	Stops measurement of the specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_SpecificDataGet()	Read the measurements for the specified data type for the specified touch interface.
R_CTSU_DataInsert()	Inserts the specified data in buffer of touch measurement results for the specified touch interface configuration.
R_CTSU_OffsetTuning	Adjusts the offset register (SO) for the specified touch interface configuration.

#### 2. API Information

Operations of this module has been confirmed under the following conditions.

## 2.1 Hardware Requirements

The MCU used in the development must support the following function.

- CTSU
- CTSU2L

## 2.2 Software Requirements

This driver depends on the following module:

Board Support Package (r\_bsp) v1.50 or newer.

According to the configuration settings, the driver may also depend on the following modules:

Code generator DTC v1.00 or newer

This driver assumes use of the capacitive touch sensor development support tool:

QE for Capacitive Touch V3.3.0 or newer.

## 2.3 Supported Toolchains

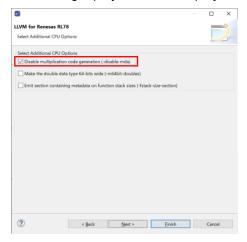
Module operations have been confirmed on the following toolchains.

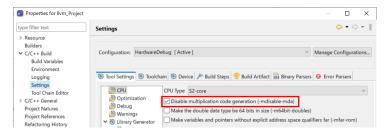
- Renesas CC-RL Toolchain v1.12.00
- IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RL78 v4.21.3
- LLVM for Renesas RL78 v10.0.202209

#### 2.4 Restrictions

The module code is non-reentrant and protects simultaneous calls for multiple function.

When using the LLVM compiler in the RL78/G16 group, it is necessary to check the following CPU Options when creating a project. After the project is created, it can be set from the project properties.





## 2.5 Header File

All interface definitions to be called and used in the API are defined in "r\_ctsu\_api.h". Select "r\_ctsu\_config.h" as the configuration option in each build.

## 2.6 Integer Type

This driver uses ANSI C99. The types are defined in "stdint.h".

## 2.7 Compilation Settings

The following table provides the names and setting values for the configuration option settings used the CTSU module.

r_ctsu_cor	nfig.h Configuration Options
CTSU_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE *Default value:  "BSP_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE"	Selects whether to include the parameter check process in the code.  Selecting "0" allows the user to omit the parameter check process from the code to shorten the code size.  "1": Omit parameter check process from code.  "2": Include parameter check process in code.  "BSP_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE": Selection depends on BSP setting.
CTSU_CFG_USE_DTC *Default value: "0"	Select "1" to use the DTC, rather than the main processor, to run the CTSU2L's CTSUWR interrupt and CTSURD interrupt processes.  Note:  If the DTC is used elsewhere in the application, it may compete with the use of this driver.
CTSU_CFG_DTC_USE_SC *Default value: "0"	When using DTC, select whether to use the DTC settings of Smart Configurator.  "0": DTC setting inside the CTSU module is used.  "1": DTC setting in Smart Configurator.  When using the DTC setting in the RL78/G23 group, assign CTSUWR to No.22 and CTSURD to No.23, and set normal mode and 16-bit transfer.  When using the DTC setting in the RL78/G22 group, assign CTSUWR to 21 and CTSURD to 22, set normal mode, 16-bit transfer, and DTC base address to 0xFFB00.
CTSU_CFG_SMS_SUPPORT_ENABLE *Default value: "0"	Select whether to enable the automatic judgment measurement function using SMS.
CTSU_CFG_SMS_TRANSFER_ADDRESS *Default value: "0xFF800" CTSU_CFG_SMS_CTSUWR_ADDRESS *Default value: "0xFFB00"	This is the address setting of the repeat area used for DTC repeat transfer. See Section 1.1.11.  This is the address setting of the repeat area used for DTC repeat transfer. See Section 1.1.11.
CTSU_CFG_INTCTSUWR_PRIORITY_LEVEL  *Default value: "2"  CTSU_CFG_INTCTSURD_PRIORITY_LEVEL	Sets the CTSUWR interrupt priority level (also necessary when using the DTC). The priority level range is from 0 (high) to 3 (low).  Sets the CTSURD interrupt priority level (also necessary when
*Default value: "2"  CTSU_CFG_INTCTSUFN_PRIORITY_LEVEL  *Default value: 2	using the DTC). The priority level range is from 0 (high) to 3 (low).  Sets the CTSUFN interrupt priority level. The priority level range is from 0 (high) to 3 (low).
CTSU_CFG_SMS_EXTRIGGER_PORT *Default value: "P14"	Set the output port for calling SMS. The range is P0 ~ P7, P12 ~ P14 that can be set as an output port.
CTSU_CFG_SMS_EXTRIGGER_BIT *Default value: "1"	Sets the output port bitmap for calling SMS.  Set the number of the interrupt input function to call SMS. The

The following configurations depend on the touch interface configuration and cannot be set using Smart Configurator. These configurations are set when using QE for Capacitive Touch. In this case, QE\_TOUCH\_CONFIGURATION is defined in the project. Although r\_ctsu\_config.h becomes invalid, qe\_touch\_define.h is defined instead.



CTSU CFG NUM SELF ELEMENTS	Sets the total number of TS for self-capacitance, current
	measurement, and temperature correction.
CTSU_CFG_NUM_MUTUAL_ELEMENTS	Sets the total number of matrixes for mutual capacitance
CTSU_CFG_LOW_VOLTAGE_MODE	Enables/disables the low voltage mode. This value is set in the CTSUCRAL register's ATUNE0 bit.
CTSU_CFG_PCLK_DIVISION	Sets the PCLK frequency division rate. This value is set in the CTSUCRAL register's CLK bit.
CTSU_CFG_TSCAP_PORT	Sets the TSCAP port.
	Example: For P30, set 0x0300.
CTSU_CFG_VCC_MV	Sets the VCC (voltage).
	Example: for 5.00V, set 5000.
CTSU_CFG_NUM_SUMULTI	Sets the number of multi-frequency measurements.
CTSU_CFG_SUMULTI0	Sets the multiplication factor for the first frequency in a multi-
	frequency measurement.
	Recommended: 0x3F
CTSU_CFG_SUMULTI1	Sets the multiplication factor for the second frequency in a multi-
	frequency measurement.
	Recommended: 0x36
CTSU_CFG_SUMULTI2	Sets the multiplication factor for the third frequency in a multi-
	frequency measurement.
	Recommended: 0x48
CTSU_CFG_TEMP_CORRECTION_SUPPORT	Enables/disables temperature correction.
CTSU_CFG_TEMP_CORRECTION_TS	Sets the temperature correction terminal number.
CTSU_CFG_TEMP_CORRECTION_TIME	Sets the update interval for the correction coefficient of the temperature correction. Assuming 13 measurements per set in the temperature correction mode, indicate the number of sets per update.
CTSU_CFG_CALIB_RTRIM_SUPPORT	Enables/disables RTRIM correction for temperature correction.
	The ADC must be selected to operate with RTRIM correction
	enabled.
CTSU_CFG_DIAG_SUPPORT_ENABLE	Enables/disables diagnosis function.

#### 2.8 Code Size

ROM (code and constants) and RAM (global data) size are determined according to the configuration options as described in "section 2.7 Compilation Setting" during a build. The values shown are reference values when the compile option is the default for the CC-RL C compiler listed in "section 2.3 Supported Toolchains". The code size varies according to the C compile version and compile options.

This is the value when one self-capacity button is set in the default setting of Smart Configurator. It also includes sample applications generated by the TOUCH module and QE for Capacitive Touch.

Depending on the application and the number of elements, your program may exceed the RAM size. Please note that the RL78/G16 group has 2KB of RAM.

[CTSU1]

ROM and RA Self-capacitand	
CTSU_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE 0	ROM: 3400 bytes
CTSU_CFG_DTC_SUPPORT_ENABLE 0	RAM: 146 bytes

ROM and RAM Usage Size of each mode, amount of increase by adding elements				
Mode and	Self-capacitance 1	+ 1 element	Mutual capacitance	+1 element
element num	element		1 element	
ROM	3400 bytes	+20 bytes	3749 bytes	+30 bytes
RAM	146 bytes	+22 bytes	156 bytes	+28 bytes

#### [CTSU2L]

ROM and RA the configuration options with	
CTSU_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE 0	ROM: 7008 bytes
CTSU_CFG_DTC_SUPPORT_ENABLE 0	RAM: 290 bytes

ROM and RAM Usage Size of each mode, amount of increase by adding elements				
Mode and	Self-capacitance 1	+ 1 element	Mutual capacitance	+1 element
element num	element		1 element	
ROM	7008 bytes	+19bytes	7312 bytes	+167 bytes
RAM	290 bytes	+34 bytes	306 bytes	+50 bytes

## 2.9 Arguments

The following are the structures and enums used as arguments of the API functions. Many of the parameters used in the API functions are defined by the enums, which provides a way to check types and reduce errors.

These structures and enums are defined in r ctsu api.h along with the prototype declaration.

The following is the control structure for the touch interface configuration. This does not need to be set in the application. Using QE for Capacitive Touch allows the variables corresponding to the touch interface configuration to be output by qe\_touch\_config.c. Make sure to set qe\_touch\_config.c in the module's first API argument.



```
typedef struct st ctsu instance ctrl
                                                    ///< Whether or not driver is open.
      uint32 t
                                onen:
                                                    ///< CTSU run state.
      volatile ctsu_state_t
                                state:
                                                    ///< CTSU Measurement Mode Select(copy from cfg)
      ctsu md t
                                md:
      ctsu_tuning_t
                                tuning;
                                                    ///< CTSU Initial offset tuning status.
      uint16_t
                                num_elements;
                                                    ///< Number of elements to scan
                                wr_index;
                                                    ///< Word index into ctsuwr register array.
      uint16 t
      uint16_t
                                rd_index;
                                                    ///< Word index into scan data buffer.
                              * p_element_complete_flag; ///< Pointer to complete flag of each element.
      uint8 t
g_ctsu_element_complete flag[] is set by Open API
  \#if (BSP\_FEATURE\_CTSU\_VERSION == 2)
      uint8_t * p_frequency_complete_flag;
                                                    ///< Pointer to complete flag of each frequency.
{\tt g\_ctsu\_frequency\_complete\_flag[]} \ \ {\tt is \ set \ by \ Open \ API}.
  #endif
      int32_t
                              * p_tuning_diff;
                                                    ///< Pointer to difference from base value of each element.
g_ctsu_tuning_diff[] is set by Open API.
      uint16_t
                                                    ///< CTSU Moving average counter.
                                num_moving_average; ///< Copy from config by Open API.
      uint16 t
                                                    ///< Copy from (atune1 << 3, md << 6) by Open API. CLK, ATUNEO, CSW,
      uint8_t
                                ctsucr1;
and PON is set by HAL driver.
      ctsu_ctsuwr_t
                                                    ///< CTSUWR write register value. g_ctsu_ctsuwr[] is set by Open API.
                             * p ctsuwr;
      ctsu_self_buf_t
                              * p_self_raw;
                                                    ///< Pointer to Self raw data. g_ctsu_self_raw[] is set by Open API.
      uint16_t
                              * p_self_corr;
                                                    ///< Pointer to Self correction data. g_ctsu_self_corr[] is set by
Open API.
                              * p_self_data;
                                                    ///< Pointer to Self moving average data. g_ctsu_self_data[] is set
      ctsu data t
by Open API.
                              * p_mutual_raw;
                                                    ///< Pointer to Mutual raw data. g_ctsu_mutual_raw[] is set by Open
      ctsu_mutual_buf_t
      uint16 t
                              * p_mutual_pri_corr; ///< Pointer to Mutual primary correction data.
g_ctsu_mutual_pri_corr[] is set by Open API.
                              * p_mutual_snd_corr; ///< Pointer to Mutual secondary correction data.
      uint16 t
g_ctsu_mutual_snd_corr[] is set by Open API.
                             * p_mutual_pri_data; ///< Pointer to Mutual primary moving average data.
      ctsu_data_t
g_ctsu_mutual_pri_data[] is set by Open API.
      ctsu_data_t
                             * p_mutual_snd_data; ///< Pointer to Mutual secondary moving average data.
g_ctsu_mutual_snd_data[] is set by Open API.g_ctsu_mutual_snd_data[] is set by Open API.
      ctsu_correction_info_t * p_correction_info; ///< Pointer to correction info
      ctsu_txvsel_t
                                txvsel:
                                                    ///< CTSU Transmission Power Supply Select
      ctsu txvsel2 t
                                                    ///< CTSU Transmission Power Supply Select 2 (CTSU2 Only)
                                txvsel2;
      uint8_t
                                ctsuchac0;
                                                    ///< TS00-TS07 enable mask
                                                    ///< TS08-TS15 enable mask
      uint8_t
                                ctsuchac1:
      uint8_t
                                                    ///< TS16-TS23 enable mask
                                ctsuchac2;
      uint8_t
                                ctsuchac3;
                                                    ///< TS24-TS31 enable mask
      uint8_t
                                ctsuchac4;
                                                    ///< TS32-TS39 enable mask
                                                    ///< TS00-TS07 mutual-tx mask
      uint8_t
                                ctsuchtrc0;
      uint8 t
                                ctsuchtrc1;
                                                    ///< TS08-TS15 mutual-tx mask
      uint8_t
                                ctsuchtrc2;
                                                    ///< TS16-TS23 mutual-tx mask
                                                    ///< TS24-TS31 mutual-tx mask
      uint8_t
                                ctsuchtrc3:
      uint8 t
                                ctsuchtrc4;
                                                    ///< TS32-TS39 mutual-tx mask
      uint16_t
                                self_elem_index;
                                                    ///< Self element index
                                mutual_elem_index: ///< Mutual element index</pre>
      uint16_t
                                                    ///< CTSU element index
      uint16 t
                                ctsu_elem_index;
  #if (BSP_FEATURE_CTSU_VERSION == 2)
      uint8_t * p_selected_freq_self;
                                                    ///< Frequency selected by self-capacity
      uint8_t * p_selected_freq_mutual;
                                                    ///< Frequency selected by mutual-capacity
  #if (BSP FEATURE CTSU VERSION == 1)
   #if (CTSU_CFG_DIAG_SUPPORT_ENABLE == 1)
                                                    ///< pointer to diagnosis info
      ctsu_diag_info_t * p_diag_info;
  #endif
  #if (BSP FEATURE CTSU VERSION == 2)
                                                    ///< According to atune12. (20uA : 0, 40uA : 1, 80uA : 2, 160uA : 3)
      ctsu_range_t
                                range;
                                                    ///< Copy from (posel, atune1, md) by Open API. FCMODE and SDPSEL and
      uint8 t
                                ctsucr2:
LOAD is set by HAL driver.
                                                    ///< Whether or not SMS use.
      uint8 t
                                sms:
  #if (CTSU_CFG_DIAG_SUPPORT_ENABLE == 1)
      ctsu_diag_info_t
                              * p_diag_info;
                                                    ///< pointer to diagnosis info
```

```
#endif
#endif
                                                                          ///< Pointer to initial configurations.
     ctsu cfg t const
                                        * p ctsu cfg;
      void (* p_callback) (ctsu_callback_args_t *); ///< Callback provided when a CTSUFN occurs.
                                           error_status; ///< Error status variable.
     ctsu_event_t
                                                                       ///< Placeholder for user data.
     void const
                                         * p_context;
                                                                       ///< Flag of serial tuning status.
///< Word index into ctsuwr register array.
                   serial_tuning_enable;
     bool
     bool serial_tuning_enable; ///< Flag of serial tuning status.
uint16_t serial_tuning_mutual_cnt; ///< Word index into ctsuwr register array.
uint16_t tuning_self_target_value; ///< Target self value for initial offset tuning
uint16_t tuning_mutual_target_value; ///< Target mutual value for initial offset tuning
uint8_t tsod; ///< Copy from tsod by Open API.
uint8_t mec_ts; ///< Copy from mec_ts by Open API.
                                                                           ///< Copy from mec_ts by Open API.
     uint8 t
                                              mec ts;
                                               mec_shield_ts;
     uint8_t
                                                                            ///< Copy from mec_shield_ts by Open API.
} ctsu_instance_ctrl_t;
```

The following is the configuration setting structure for the touch interface configuration.

Using QE for Capacitive Touch allows the variables and initialization values corresponding to the touch interface configuration to be output by qe\_touch\_config.c. Make sure to set qe\_touch\_config.c in the second argument of R CTSU Open().

```
typedef struct st_ctsu_cfg
      ctsu_cap_t
                                  cap;
                                                            ///< CTSU Scan Start Trigger Select
                                                            ///< CTSU Transmission Power Supply Select
      ctsu txvsel t
                                  txvsel:
                                                           ///< CTSU Transmission Power Supply Select 2 (CTSU2 Only)
      ctsu_txvsel2_t
                                  txvsel2;
      ctsu_atune1_t
                                  atune1;
                                                          ///< CTSU Power Supply Capacity Adjustment (CTSU Only)
                                                          ///< CTSU Power Supply Capacity Adjustment (CTSU2 Only)
      ctsu_atune12_t
                                  atune12;
      ctsu_md_t
                                  md;
                                                           ///< CTSU Measurement Mode Select
                                                           ///< CTSU Non-Measured Channel Output Select (CTSU2 Only)
      ctsu_posel_t
                                  posel;
                                                          ///< TS all terminal output control for multi electrode scan
      uint8 t
                                  tsod:
                                                          ///< TS number used when using the MEC function
      uint8_t
                                  mec ts;
                                                        ///< TS number of active shield used when using MEC function ///< TS00-TS07 enable mask ///< TS08-TS15 enable mask
                                  mec_shield_ts;
      uint8_t
      uint8_t
                                  ctsuchac0:
      uint8 t
                                  ctsuchac1;
      uint8_t
                                  ctsuchac2;
                                                          ///< TS16-TS23 enable mask
                                  ctsuchac3;
                                                          ///< TS24-TS31 enable mask
      uint8 t
                                                         ///< TS32-TS39 enable mask
///< TS00-TS07 mutual-tx mask
///< TS08-TS15 mutual-tx mask
      uint8_t
                                  ctsuchac4;
                                  ctsuchtrc0;
      uint8 t
      uint8_t
                                  ctsuchtrc1;
                                  ctsuchtrc2;
                                                          ///< TS16-TS23 mutual-tx mask
      uint8_t
                                                          ///< TS24-TS31 mutual-tx mask
      uint8_t
                                  ctsuchtrc3;
                                                          ///< TS32-TS39 mutual-tx mask
///< Pointer to elements configuration array
      uint8_t
                                  ctsuchtrc4;
      ctsu_element_cfg_t const * p_elements;
                                                           ///< Number of receive terminals
                                  num rx;
                                                           ///< Number of transmit terminals
      uint8 t
                                  num tx;
                                  num_moving_average;
      uint16_t
                                                           ///< Number of moving average for measurement data
                                                            ///< Initial offset tuning flag
      uint8 t
                                  tunning enable;
                                  judge multifreq disable; ///< Disable to judge multi frequency
      uint8 t
      void (* p_callback) (ctsu_callback_args_t * p_args); ///< Callback provided when CTSUFN ISR occurs.
      void const * p_context;
                                                            ///< User defined context passed into callback function.
      void const * p_extend;
                                                            ///< Pointer to extended configuration by instance of
interface
      uint16_t
                   tuning_self_target_value;
                                                            ///< Target self value for initial offset tuning
      uint16 t
                   tuning_mutual_target_value;
                                                            ///< Target mutual value for initial offset tuning
 } ctsu_cfg_t;
```

The following are the enums used for the above listed structures.

```
CTSU EVENT ICOMP1
                               = 0x04
                                          ///< Abnormal sensor current (CTSUSR. ICOMP1 set)
  } ctsu_event_t;
  /** CTSU Scan Start Trigger Select */
  typedef enum e_ctsu_cap
      CTSU_CAP_SOFTWARE,
                                          ///< Scan start by software trigger
      CTSU_CAP_EXTERNAL
                                          ///< Scan start by external trigger
  } ctsu_cap_t;
  /** CTSU Transmission Power Supply Select */
  typedef enum e_ctsu_txvsel
      CTSU_TXVSEL_VCC,
                                         ///< VCC selected
      CTSU_TXVSEL_INTERNAL_POWER
                                         ///< Internal logic power supply selected
  } ctsu_txvsel_t;
  /** CTSU Transmission Power Supply Select 2 (CTSU2 Only) */
  typedef enum e_ctsu_txvsel2
      CTSU_TXVSEL_MODE,
                                          ///< Follow TXVSEL setting
      CTSU TXVSEL VCC PRIVATE.
                                          ///< VCC private selected
  } ctsu_txvsel2_t;
  /** CTSU Power Supply Capacity Adjustment (CTSU Only) */
  typedef enum e_ctsu_atune1
      CTSU_ATUNE1_NORMAL,
                                         ///< Normal output (40uA)
      CTSU_ATUNE1_HIGH
                                         ///< High-current output (80uA)
  } ctsu_atune1_t;
  /** CTSU Power Supply Capacity Adjustment (CTSU2 Only) */
  typedef enum e_ctsu_atune12
                                         ///< High-current output(80uA)
      CTSU ATUNE12 80UA,
      CTSU_ATUNE12_40UA,
                                         ///< Normal output (40uA)
      CTSU\_ATUNE12\_20UA,
                                         ///< Low-current output (20uA)
      CTSU_ATUNE12_160UA
                                         ///< Very high-current output(160uA)
  } ctsu_atune12_t;
  /** CTSU Measurement Mode Select */
  typedef\ enum\ e\_ctsu\_mode
      CTSU_MODE_SELF_MULTI_SCAN = 1,
                                         ///< Self-capacitance multi scan mode
      CTSU_MODE_MUTUAL_FULL_SCAN = 3,
                                         ///< Mutual capacitance full scan mode
      CTSU_MODE_CURRENT_SCAN = 9,
                                          ///< Current scan mode
      CTSU_MODE_CORRECTION_SCAN = 17
                                         ///< Correction scan mode
  } ctsu_md_t;
  /** CTSU Non-Measured Channel Output Select (CTSU2 Only) */
  typedef enum e_ctsu_posel
      CTSU_POSEL_LOW_GPIO,
                                         ///< Output low through GPIO
      CTSU_POSEL_HI_Z,
                                         ///< Hi-Z
      CTSU_POSEL_LOW,
                                         ///< Output low through the power setting by the TXVSEL[1:0] bits
      CTSU POSEL SAME PULSE
                                         ///< Same phase pulse output as transmission channel through the power setting
by the TXVSEL[1:0] bits
  } ctsu_posel_t;
  /** CTSU Spectrum Diffusion Frequency Division Setting (CTSU Only) */
  typedef enum e_ctsu_ssdiv
      CTSU_SSDIV_4000,
                                          ///< 4.00 <= Base clock frequency (MHz)
      CTSU_SSDIV_2000,
                                          ///< 2.00 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 4.00
      CTSU SSDIV 1330.
                                          ///< 1.33 <= Base clock frequency (MHz) < 2.00
      CTSU_SSDIV_1000,
                                         ///< 1.00 <= Base clock frequency (MHz) < 1.33
      CTSU_SSDIV_0800,
                                          ///< 0.80 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 1.00
      CTSU_SSDIV_0670,
                                          ///< 0.67 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.80
      CTSU_SSDIV_0570,
                                          ///< 0.57 <= Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.67
      CTSU_SSDIV_0500,
                                          ///< 0.50 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.57
                                          ///< 0.44 <= Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.50
      CTSU_SSDIV_0440,
```

```
CTSU SSDIV 0400,
                                         ///< 0.40 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.44
      CTSU_SSDIV_0360,
                                         ///< 0.36 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.40
      CTSU_SSDIV_0330,
                                         ///< 0.33 \leq Base clock frequency (MHz) \leq 0.36
      CTSU_SSDIV_0310,
                                          ///< 0.31 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.33
     CTSU_SSDIV_0290,
                                         ///< 0.29 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.31
                                         ///< 0.27 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.29
      CTSU_SSDIV_0270,
                                          ///< 0.00 \le Base clock frequency (MHz) < 0.27
      CTSU_SSDIV_0000
 } ctsu ssdiv t;
  /** Callback function parameter data */
  typedef struct st_ctsu_callback_args
      ctsu_event_t event;
                                          ///< The event can be used to identify what caused the callback.
                                         ///< Placeholder for user data. Set in CTSU_api_t∷open function
      void const * p_context;
in ∷ctsu_cfg_t.
 } ctsu_callback_args_t;
  /** Element Configuration */
  typedef struct st_ctsu_element
                                         ///< CTSU Spectrum Diffusion Frequency Division Setting (CTSU Only)
      ctsu_ssdiv_t ssdiv;
     uint16 t
                   so;
                                         ///< CTSU Sensor Offset Adjustment
                                         ///< CTSU Measurement Count Setting
     uint8 t
                   snum;
     uint8_t
                   sdpa;
                                         ///< CTSU Base Clock Setting
  } ctsu_element_cfg_t;
```

## 2.10 Return Values

The following provides return values for the API functions. The enum is defined in fsp\_common\_api.h, along with the API function prototype declaration.

```
/** Common error codes */
typedef enum e_fsp_err
   FSP\_SUCCESS = 0,
   FSP_ERR_ASSERTION
                                                            ///< A critical assertion has failed
   FSP ERR INVALID POINTER
                                                            ///< Pointer points to invalid memory location
   FSP_ERR_INVALID_ARGUMENT
                                                            ///< Invalid input parameter
                                 = 4,
                                                            ///< Selected channel does not exist
   FSP_ERR_INVALID_CHANNEL
   FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE
                                                            ///< Unsupported or incorrect mode
                                  = 5.
   FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED
                                                            ///< Selected mode not supported by this API
                                 = 6.
   FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN
                                  = 7
                                                            ///< Requested channel is not configured or API not open
                                                            ///< An operation was aborted
   FSP_ERR_ABORTED
    /* Start of CTSU Driver specific */
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_SCANNING
                                       = 6000.
                                                     ///< Scanning.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_NOT_GET_DATA
                                                     ///< Not processed previous scan data.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_INCOMPLETE_TUNING
                                       = 6002,
                                                     ///< Incomplete initial offset tuning.
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of data collected no yet.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_NOT_YET
                                       = 6003,
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_LDO_OVER_VOLTAGE = 6004,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of LDO over voltage failed.
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of CCO into 19.2uA failed.
   FSP ERR CTSU DIAG CCO HIGH
                                    = 6005.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CCO_LOW
                                       = 6006,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of CCO into 2.4uA failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_SSCG
                                       = 6007.
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of SSCG frequency failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_DAC
                                       = 6008,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of non-touch count value failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_OUTPUT_VOLTAGE = 6009,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of LDO output voltage failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_OVER_VOLTAGE
                                       = 6010.
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of over voltage detection circuit failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_OVER_CURRENT
                                       = 6011,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of over current detection circuit failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_LOAD_RESISTANCE = 6012,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of LDO internal resistance value failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CURRENT_SOURCE = 6013,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of Current source value failed.
   FSP ERR CTSU DIAG SENSCLK GAIN
                                       = 6014.
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of SENSCLK frequency gain failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_SUCLK_GAIN
                                       = 6015,
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of SUCLK frequency gain failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CLOCK_RECOVERY
                                      = 6016.
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of SUCLK clock recovery function failed.
   FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CFC_GAIN
                                       = 6017.
                                                     ///< Diagnosis of CFC oscillator gain failed.
} fsp_err_t
```

## 3. API Functions

## 3.1 R\_CTSU\_Open

This function initializes the module and must be executed before using any of the other API functions. Please execute this function for each touch interface.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

p\_ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

p\_cfg Pointer to the config structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

#### **Return Values**

FSP\_SUCCESS /\* Successfully completed \*/

FSP\_ERR\_ASSERTION /\* Argument pointer not specified \*/

FSP\_ERR\_ALREADY\_OPEN /\* Open() is called without calling Close() \*/
FSP\_ERR\_INVALID\_ARGUMENT /\* Configuration parameters are invalid \*/

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r\_ctsu\_api.h

## **Description**

This function enables control structure initialization, register initialization, and interrupt setting according to the argument p\_cfg.

Also, the correction coefficient generation process is executed while processing the first touch interface structure. The process takes approximately 120ms.

The DTC is initialized if CTSU\_CFG\_USE\_DTC is enabled when the first touch interface configuration is processed.

## Example

## **Special Notes:**

The port must be initialized before calling this function. We recommend using the R\_CTSU\_PinSetInit() function generated by SmartConfigurator as the port initialization function

## 3.2 R CTSU ScanStart

This function starts measurement of the specified touch interface configuration.

#### **Format**

```
fsp_err_t R_CTSU_ScanStart (ctsu_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl)
```

#### **Parameters**

p ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

#### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Successfully completed */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_SCANNING /* Now scanning */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_NOT_GET_DATA /* Did not obtain previous results */
```

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r ctsu api.h.

## **Description**

When a software trigger occurs, this function sets and starts the measurement based on the touch interface configuration. With an external trigger, the function sets the measurement and goes to the trigger wait state.

If CTSU CFG USE DTC is enabled, the function also sets the DTC.

The resulting value is notified in the callback generated from the INTCTSUFN interrupt handler.

## Example

```
fsp_err_t err;

/* Initiate a sensor scan by software trigger */
err = R_CTSU_ScanStart(&g_ctsu_ctrl);

/* Check for errors. */
if (err != FSP_SUCCESS)
{
    . . .
}
```

#### **Special Notes:**

## 3.3 R CTSU DataGet

This function reads all the values previously measured in the specified touch interface configuration.

#### **Format**

```
fsp_err_t R_CTSU_DataGet (ctsu_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl, uint16_t * p_data)
```

#### **Parameters**

p\_ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

p\_data Pointer to the buffer that stores the measured value.

#### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* CTSU initialization successfully completed */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_SCANNING /* scanning */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_INCOMPLETE_TUNING /*Tuning initial offset */
```

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r ctsu api.h.

## **Description**

This function reads all previously measured values into the specified buffer. The required buffer size varies depending on the measurement mode. Prepare twice the number of TS for the self-capacitance and current measurement modes, and twice the number of matrixes for the mutual-capacitance mode. If normalization (majority frequency) is turned off, prepare multiple CTSU\_CFG\_NUM\_SUMULTI terminals for each mode. The value measured in the temperature correction mode is not stored. When RTRIM adjustment is performed, the RTRIM value is stored. At this time, the ADC settings have been changed in this function, so perform the process to return to the ADC settings you are using. Otherwise, store 0xFFFF.

When initial offset adjustment is on, FSP\_ERR\_INCOMPLETE\_TUNING is returned several times until the adjustment is complete. Measured values are not stored in the buffer at this time. For more details on initial offset adjustment, refer to section 1.1.6. The measured value is the value resulting from the sensor ICO correction, normalization (when on), and moving average processes executed in this function.

## **Example:**

```
fsp_err_t err;
uint16_t buf[CTSU_CFG_NUM_SELF_ELEMENTS];

/* Get all sensor values */
err = R_CTSU_DataGet(&g_ctsu_ctrl, buf);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## 3.4 R CTSU CallbackSet

This function sets the function specified for the measurement completion callback function.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

```
    p_api_ctrl
    p_callback
    p_context
    p_callback_memory
    Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)
    p_callback function
    p_callback_memory
    Pointer to send to callback function
```

#### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Successfully completed */

FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */

FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
```

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r\_ctsu\_api.h.

## **Description**

This function sets the function specified for the measurement completion callback function. By default, the callback function is set to the function of member p\_callback of ctsu\_cfg\_t, so use it when you want to change to another function during operation.

You can also set the context pointer. If not used, set p\_context to NULL. Set p\_callback\_memory to NULL.

## **Example:**

```
fsp_err_t err;

/* Set callback function */
err = R CTSU CallbackSet(&g ctsu ctrl, ctsu callback, NULL, NULL);
```

#### **Special Notes:**

## 3.5 R\_CTSU\_SmsSet

This function makes settings for automatic judgment measurement using SMS of the specified touch interface configuration.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

```
    p_ctrl
    p_threshold
    p_context
    count_filter
    Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)
    Pointer to the touch judgement threshold
    Pointer to the touch judgement hysteresis
    Touch count match filter value (upper 8 bits are for OFF, lower 8 bits are for ON)
```

#### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Successfully completed */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
```

#### **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r\_ctsu\_api.h.

#### **Description**

This function sets the following: Use the argument setting for touch judgment processing.

- Disable CTSUFN interrupts
- Enable SMS module
- SMS settings
- ELCL setting (when using RL78/G23 group)
- ELC settings (when using the RL78/G23 group)
- Start SMS

To start automatic judgment measurement, call R\_CTSU\_ScanStart () for the same touch interface after calling this function. When touch ON is determined, INTSMSE occurs, and the following settings are made in the interrupt handler of the CTSU module.

- Set the measurement status as an argument of the callback function
- Set the measured value as a variable
- Callback function call
- Allow CTSUFN interrupts
- Disable SMS module

## Example:

```
fsp_err_t err;
uint16_t threshold[3] = {1000, 1500, 2000};
uint16_t hysteresis[3] = {50, 75, 100};
uint16_t buf[3];

/* Start SMS measurement */
err = R_CTSU_SmsSet(&g_ctsu_ctrl, threshold, hysteresis[3], 0x0303);
err = R_CTSU_ScanStart(&g_ctsu_ctrl);

__stop();

err = R_CTSU_DataGet(&g_ctsu_ctrl, buf);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## 3.6 R CTSU Close

This function closes the specified touch interface configuration.

## **Format**

```
fsp_err_t R_CTSU_Close (ctsu_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl)
```

#### **Parameters**

p\_ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

## **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Successfully completed */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
```

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r\_ctsu\_api.h.

## **Description**

This function closes the specified touch interface configuration.

## **Example:**

```
fsp_err_t err;

/* Shut down peripheral and close driver */
err = R_CTSU_Close(&g_ctsu_ctrl);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## 3.7 R\_CTSU\_Diagnosis

This is the API function providing the function for diagnosis of the CTSU inner circuit.

#### **Format**

```
fsp_err_t R_CTSU_Diagnosis (ctsu_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl)
```

#### **Parameters**

p\_ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally, generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

## **Return Values**

FSP_SUCCESS	/* All diagnoses are normal */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION	/* Missing argument pointer */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN	/* Called without calling Open() */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_NOT_GET_DATA	/*Not processed previous scan data. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_LDO_OVER_VOLTAGE	/*Diagnosis of LDO over voltage failed. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CCO_HIGH	/*Diagnosis of CCO into 19.2uA failed. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CCO_LOW	/*Diagnosis of CCO into 2.4uA failed. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_SSCG	/*Diagnosis of SSCG frequency failed. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_DAC	/*Diagnosis of non-touch count value failed. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_OUTPUT_VOLTAGE	/*Diagnosis of LDO output voltage failed. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_OVER_VOLTAGE	/*Diagnosis of over voltage detection circuit failed.*/
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_OVER_CURRENT	/*Diagnosis of over current detection circuit failed. */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_LOAD_RESISTANCE	/*Diagnosis of LDO internal resistance value
failed.*/	
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CURRENT_SOURCE	/*Diagnosis of Current source value failed.*/
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_SENSCLK_GAIN	/*Diagnosis of SENSCLK frequency gain failed.*/
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_SUCLK_GAIN	/*Diagnosis of SUCLK frequency gain failed.
FSP_ERR_CTSU_DIAG_CLOCK_RECOVERY	/*Diagnosis of SUCLK clock recovery function
failed.*/	

## **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_ctsu\_qe.h

## **Description**

This is the API function providing the function for diagnosis of the CTSU inner circuit Call when the return value of the function R\_CTSU\_DataGet is FSP\_SUCCESS.

## Example:

```
fsp_err_t err;
uint16_t dummy;

/* Open Diagnosis function */
R_CTSU_Open(g_qe_ctsu_instance_diagnosis.p_ctrl,
g_qe_ctsu_instance_diagnosis.p_cfg);

/* Scan Diagnosis function */
R_CTSU_ScanStart(g_qe_ctsu_instance_diagnosis.p_ctrl);
while (0 == g_qe_touch_flag) {}
g_qe_touch_flag = 0;

err = R_CTSU_DataGet(g_qe_ctsu_instance_diagnosis.p_ctrl,&dummy);
if (FSP_SUCCESS == err)
{
    err = R_CTSU_Diagnosis(g_qe_ctsu_instance_diagnosis.p_ctrl);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS == err)
    {
        /* Diagnosis was successed. */
    }
}
```

## **Special Notes:**

## 3.8 R CTSU ScanStop

This function stops measuring the specified touch interface configuration.

#### **Format**

```
fsp_err_t R_CTSU_ScanStop (ctsu_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl)
```

#### **Parameters**

p\_ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally, generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Successfully completed */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
```

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r\_ctsu\_api.h.

## **Description**

This function stops measuring the specified touch interface configuration.

## **Example:**

```
fsp_err_t err;

/* Stop CTSU module */
err = R_CTSU_ScanStop(&g_ctsu_ctrl);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## 3.9 R CTSU SpecificDataGet

This function reads the measurements for the specified data type for the specified touch interface configuration.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

p\_ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

p\_specific\_data Pointer to specific data array.
specific\_data\_type Specific data type to get

#### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* CTSU initialization successfully completed */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_SCANNING /* Scanning */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_INCOMPLETE_TUNING /* Tuning initial offset */
FSP_ERR_NOT_ENABLED /* CTSU_SPECIFIC_SELECTED_FREQ for CTSU1 */
```

#### **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r\_ctsu\_api.h.

#### **Description**

When CTSU\_SPECIFIC\_RAW\_DATA is set for specific\_data\_type, RAW data will be stored in p specific data. These are the data before the calculation of the sensor ICO correction in 1.1.3.

When CTSU\_SPECIFIC\_CORRECTION\_DATA is set for specific\_data\_type, the corrected data is stored in p\_specific\_data. These are the data after the calculation of the sensor ICO correction in 1.1.3.

In CTSU2, these store the number of data obtained by multiplying the number of channels by the number of multi-frequency.

When CTSU\_SPECIFIC\_SELECTED\_DATA is set for specific\_data\_type, p\_specific\_data stores the bitmap of the frequency used by the majority vote. Only valid for CTSU2. For example, store 0x05 if the 1st and 3rd frequencies were used.

#### Example:

```
fsp_err_t err;
uint16_t specific_data[CTSU_CFG_NUM_SELF_ELEMENTS * CTSU_CFG_NUM_SUMULTI]

/* Get Specific Data */
err = R_CTSU_SpecificDataGet(&g_ctsu_ctrl, &specific_data[0],
CTSU_SPECIFIC_CORRECTION_DATA);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## 3.10 R CTSU DataInsert

This function inserts the specified data in buffer of touch measurement results for the specified touch interface configuration.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

p\_ctrl Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

p\_insert\_data Pointer to insert data array.

#### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* CTSU initialization successfully completed */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_SCANNING /* scanning */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_INCOMPLETE_TUNING /*Tuning initial offset */
```

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r ctsu api.h.

## **Description**

This function is supposed to process the data acquired by R\_CTSU\_SpecificDataGet () in the user application, such as noise suppression, and store the data in this function. Set the start address of the data array to be stored in p\_insert\_data. For self-capacity mode, store in p\_ctrl-> p\_self\_data. For mutual capacity, store in p\_ctrl-> p\_mutual pri\_data and p\_ctrl-> p\_mutual snd\_data.

#### **Example:**

```
fsp_err_t err;
uint16_t specific_data[CTSU_CFG_NUM_SELF_ELEMENTS * CTSU_CFG_NUM_SUMULTI]

/* Get Specific Data */
err = R_CTSU_DataGet(&g_ctsu_ctrl, &specific_data[0],
CTSU_SPECIFIC_CORRECTION_DATA);

/* Noise filter process */

/* Insert data */
err = R_CTSU_DataInsert(&g_ctsu_ctrl, &specific_data[0]);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## 3.11 R\_CTSU\_OffsetTuning

This function adjusts the offset register (SO) for the specified touch interface configuration.

#### **Format**

```
fsp_err_t R_CTSU_OffsetTuning (ctsu_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl);
```

#### **Parameters**

```
p_ctrl
```

Pointer to the control structure (normally generated by QE for Capacitive Touch)

#### **Return Values**

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* CTSU successfully configured */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* Argument pointer not specified */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* Called without calling Open() */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_SCANNING /* scanning */
FSP_ERR_CTSU_INCOMPLETE_TUNING /*Tuning initial offset */
```

## **Properties**

Prototype is declared in r\_ctsu\_api.h.

## **Description**

This function adjusts the offset using all the previously measured values. Call this function after the measurement is complete. Execute this function once, it returns FSP\_ERR\_CTSU\_INCOMPLETE\_TUNING until the offset adjustment is completed. Return FSP\_SUCCESS when the offset adjustment is complete. Repeat the measurement and this function call until the offset adjustment is completed. See Chapter 1.1.4 for offset adjustment. If automatic judgement is enabled, set the baseline initialization bit flag after offset adjustment is complete.

#### **Example:**

```
fsp_err_t err;
err = R_CTSU_ScanStart (g_qe_ctsu_instance_config01.p_ctrl);
while (0 == g_qe_touch_flag) {}
g_qe_touch_flag = 0;
err = R_CTSU_OffsetTuning (g_qe_ctsu_instance_config01.p_ctrl);
```

## **Special Notes:**

## **Revision History**

Davi	D-4-	De	Description
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary  First addition included
1.00	Apr.13.21	-	First edition issued
1.10	Aug.31.21	5	Added 1.1.9 Diagnosis Function
		5 8	Added 1.1.10 Automatic judgment measurement using SMS Added 1.2.5 Diagnosis Mode
		9	Updated 1.4 API overview
		11	Updated 2.7 Compilation settings
		13	Updated 2.8 Code size
		13	Updated 2.9 Arguments
		16	Updated 2.10 Return Values
		-	Deleted R CTSU VersionGet
		24	Added 3.5 R CTSU SmsSet
		27	Added 3.7 R_CTSU_Diagnosis
		29	Added 3.8 R_CTSU_ScanStop
1.11	Jan.18.22	3,4	Added 1.1.4 Initial offset adjustment
		5	Added 1.1.6 multi-measurement frequency (CTSU2L)
		9	Updated 1.4 API overview
		10	Updated 2.2 Software Requirements
			Updated 2.3 Supported Toolchains
		13	Updated 2.8 Code size
		13-14	Updated 2.9 Arguments
		30-31	Added 3.8 R_CTSU_SpecificDataGet
4.00	A == 00 00	31-32	Added 3.9 R_CTSU_DataInsert
1.20	Apr.20.22	6	Added 1.1.10 Automatic judgment measurement using SMS Fixed PCLKB to f <sub>CLK</sub>
		4,5 9	Updated 1.4 API overview
		33	Added 3.11 R_CTSU_OffsetTuning
		24	Fixed Example: in 3.5 R_CTSU_SmsSet
1.30	Feb.14.23	1	Added RL78/G22 to Target Device
		6	Updated 1.1.11 Automatic judgment measurement using SMS
		7	Added 1.1.12 MEC Function (RL78/G16, RL78/G22)
		12	Updated 2.2 Software Requirements
		12	Updated 2.3 Supported Toolchains
		13,14	Updated 2.7 Compilation Settings
		13	Updated 2.8 Code Size
		15,16	Updated 2.9 Arguments
		18	Updated 2.10 Return Values
		24	Updated 3.5 R_CTSU_SmsSet
1.40	Jun.14.23	1	Added RL78/G16 group to Target Device
		3	Added CTSU description to 1 Overview
		3	Updated 1.1.2 Measurements and Obtaining Data
		4	Added CTSU1 function description to 1.1.4 Initial Offset Adustment

RENESAS

	4	Added 1.1.5 Random Pulse Frequency Measurement (CTSU1)
	7	Added CTSU1 function description to 1.1.10 Diagnosis Function
	10,11	Added CTSU1 function description to 1.2 Measurement Mode
	14	Updated 2.1 Hardware Requirements
	14	Updated 2.2 Software Requirements
	14	Updated 2.4 Restrictions
	18	Updated 2.8 Code Size
	18	Updated 2.9 Arguments
	31	Updated 3.7 R_CTSU_Diagnosis

# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

- 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
  - A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.
- 2. Processing at power-on
  - The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.
- 3. Input of signal during power-off state
  - Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.
- 4. Handling of unused pins
  - Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.
- 5. Clock signals
  - After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
- 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin
  - Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).
- 7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses
  - Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not quaranteed.
- 8. Differences between products
  - Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

#### **Notice**

- 1. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation or any other use of the circuits, software, and information in the design of your product or system. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses and damages incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- 2. Renesas Electronics hereby expressly disclaims any warranties against and liability for infringement or any other claims involving patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties, by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document, including but not limited to, the product data, drawings, charts, programs, algorithms, and application examples.
- 3. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 4. You shall be responsible for determining what licenses are required from any third parties, and obtaining such licenses for the lawful import, export, manufacture, sales, utilization, distribution or other disposal of any products incorporating Renesas Electronics products, if required.
- 5. You shall not alter, modify, copy, or reverse engineer any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses or damages incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copying or reverse engineering.
- 6. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The intended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.
  - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; industrial robots; etc.
  - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control (traffic lights); large-scale communication equipment; key financial terminal systems; safety control equipment; etc.

Unless expressly designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not intended or authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems; surgical implantations; etc.), or may cause serious property damage (space system; undersea repeaters; nuclear power control systems; aircraft control systems; key plant systems; military equipment; etc.). Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any damages or losses incurred by you or any third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product that is inconsistent with any Renesas Electronics data sheet, user's manual or other Renesas Electronics document.

- 7. No semiconductor product is absolutely secure. Notwithstanding any security measures or features that may be implemented in Renesas Electronics hardware or software products, Renesas Electronics shall have absolutely no liability arising out of any vulnerability or security breach, including but not limited to any unauthorized access to or use of a Renesas Electronics product or a system that uses a Renesas Electronics product. RENESAS ELECTRONICS DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THAT RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS, OR ANY SYSTEMS CREATED USING RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS WILL BE INVULNERABLE OR FREE FROM CORRUPTION, ATTACK, VIRUSES, INTERFERENCE, HACKING, DATA LOSS OR THEFT, OR OTHER SECURITY INTRUSION ("Vulnerability Issues"). RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY ARISING FROM OR RELATED TO ANY VULNERABILITY ISSUES. FURTHERMORE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS DOCUMENT AND ANY RELATED OR ACCOMPANYING SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- 8. When using Renesas Electronics products, refer to the latest product information (data sheets, user's manuals, application notes, "General Notes for Handling and Using Semiconductor Devices" in the reliability handbook, etc.), and ensure that usage conditions are within the ranges specified by Renesas Electronics with respect to maximum ratings, operating power supply voltage range, heat dissipation characteristics, installation, etc. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any malfunctions, failure or accident arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products outside of such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of Renesas Electronics products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics, such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Unless designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. You are responsible for implementing safety measures to guard against the possibility of bodily injury, injury or damage caused by fire, and/or danger to the public in the event of a failure or malfunction of Renesas Electronics products, such as safety design for hardware and software, including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult and impractical, you are responsible for evaluating the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. You are responsible for carefully and sufficiently investigating applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive, and using Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all these applicable laws and regulations. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. Renesas Electronics products and technologies shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You shall comply with any applicable export control laws and regulations promulgated and administered by the governments of any countries asserting jurisdiction over the parties or transactions.
- 12. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, or any other party who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise sells or transfers the product to a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document.
- 13. This document shall not be reprinted, reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
- 14. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products.
- (Note1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its directly or indirectly controlled subsidiaries.
- (Note2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

## **Corporate Headquarters**

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan www.renesas.com

#### **Trademarks**

Renesas and the Renesas logo are trademarks of Renesas Electronics Corporation. All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### Contact information

For further information on a product, technology, the most up-to-date version of a document, or your nearest sales office, please visit: <a href="https://www.renesas.com/contact/">www.renesas.com/contact/</a>.