

THESIS

BY

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Emission kernel of parton shower

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statement of originality
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I hereby confirm that I have written the accompanying thesis by myself, without contributions from any sources other than those cited in the text and acknowledgements. This applies also to all graphics, drawings, maps and images included in the thesis.
Karlsruhe, March 13, 2019
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0.1 Brief history of particle physics

Knowledge is a human need. For thousands of years we have been trying to understand the secrets of the universe. Such riddles fascinated even Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, as he wrote in his book Faust chapter 4; eine Tragedie, "What holds the world together in its innermost." Almost 400 years before Christ, an ancient Greek philosopher, Democritus, and his teacher Leukipp claimed that matter cannot be divided at will. Rather, there must be an Atomos (Greek: indivisible) that could no longer be subdivided. Democritus was of the opinion that there were infinitely many atoms with different geometric forms that were in contact in a certain way. He pointed out that a thing has a color, taste or even soul, based on the apparent effect of the composition of these small grains. Wilhelm Capelle: Die Vorsokratiker, Leipzig 1935, S. 399.

This statement of Democritus was first laughed at by the renowned philosopher aristotiles. It took about 2000 years for a chemist named John Dalton to deal with the subject. Based on various test series, he summarized his conclusion in his book A New System of Chemical Philosophy, that all substances consist of spherical indivisible atoms. The atoms of different elements have different masses and volumes. This was exactly the most striking difference to Democritus's atomic world. A New System of Chemical Philosophy, Band 1, Teil 1, Manchester, London 1808,

The discovery of the periodic system by D. Mendeleev and P. Meyer enabled us to arrange the atoms according to their mass in such a way that their properties occur in a certain order.

In 1897 Joseph Thompson was able to obtain a stream of particles by heating metals and deflecting them by a magnetic field. This electron beam was 200 times lighter than the lightest atom, hydrogen. His conclusion was that atoms cannot be indivisible. He suggested that each atom consists of an electrically positively charged sphere in which electrically negatively charged electrons are stored - like raisins in a cake.

furthermore, renowned scientists as well as Marie and Pierre Curie have contributed much to the development of atomic theory by discovering radioactivity, Boltzmann by kinetic gas theory and M. Plank, the founder of quantum physics. However, one of the most important steps in the atomic model was taken by the British physicist E. Rutherford. He bombarded a thin aluminium foil with a radioactive sample. If Thompson's cake model were correct, only a few alpha particles would be detected behind the aluminium foil. Surprisingly, many particles were visible, which could only be explained by the assumption that the majority of atoms consisted of empty spaces. Another miracle was that some particles could be seen above or below the target sample. Since we knew that the alpha particles were positively charged, we could assume the electric repulsive force of two positive charges. In 1911, RUTHERFORD created the planetary model of the atom, which was developed a year later by his pupil NIELS BOHR (1885-1962) into a model known as the Bohr atom model. At first, however, it remained unclear what this core should consist of. In 1912, the Austrian physicist Victor Hess discovered during his balloon flights that the ionization rate of the Earth's atmosphere increases with altitude. This result was not expected because until then the Earth's radioactivity was known as the only source of air ionization. Therefore, he postulated this new type of radiation as cosmic radiation, which must originate outside the Earth's atmosphere [?].

Further investigations two years later confirmed the thesis of a cosmic background of such radiation. After this new discovery, it was discovered that the radiation consists of charged particles. In 1932, the American physicist Carl David Anderson was able to prove the postulated particle of Dirac, the positron, as a component of an air shower through his cloud chamber. For a long time, cosmic rays were the only way to analyse such exotic particles. This changed when particle accelerators were able to generate particles in collisions. But even today, cosmic rays are the only way to study particles of the highest energies, since these energies cannot be reached by today's particle accelerators, such as the LHC. The LHC, the world's largest accelerator at CERN, produces particles with centre-of-mass energy equivalent to a cosmic particle of nearly $10^{17}eV$, with the energy spectrum of cosmic particles reaching up to $10^{20} eV$. However, we can only analyse such exotic particles in detail by increasing the luminosity and procession of the particle accelerators at the nucleus. The discovery of the neutron by Chadwick (1932) showed that atomic nuclei are made up of protons and neutrons. It was also clear that, in addition to gravitation and the electromagnetic force, there should exist two short-range forces in nature: a strong force which binds the nucleons together and a weak force which is responsible for radioactive. In the meantime it was agreed that a new theory was needed for the classification and grouping of this particle zoo. This is how the current standard model came into being.

0.2 Standard model

0.3 Quantum chromo dynamics

Nowadays, we know there are four types of interactions, see below:

Interaction	Energy scale	Range [m]	Mediators
Strong	~ 1	10^{-15}	g
Electromagnetic	$\sim 10^{-2}$	∞	γ
Weak	$\sim 10^{-6}$	10^{-18}	W^{\pm}, Z
Gravity	$\sim 10^{-38}$	∞	maybe graviton

Otherwise, it's clear meanwhile that nucleons are made up of quark and gluons. Whereby, the gluons are the exchange bosons for this short interaction. To explain the short range of strong interaction Yukawa (1934) postulated mesons as a mediator for this force by the exchange of this massive field quanta. Three years later a candidate (π meson) was found in cosmic rays. Later on it was shown that Massive gauge field quanta break the gauge symmetry though so that the mediator must consequently be massless. But if they are based on the SU(3) gauge symmetry of the QCD¹ Lagrangian massless how can the strong sector be short range? Another question came from a series experiments at SLAC. Through high-energy electron-proton scattering could make evidence of existence of quarks and their behaviour like free particles despite the energetically bound inner

¹The quantum field theory which describes this area is called Quantum chromo dynamics short QCD.

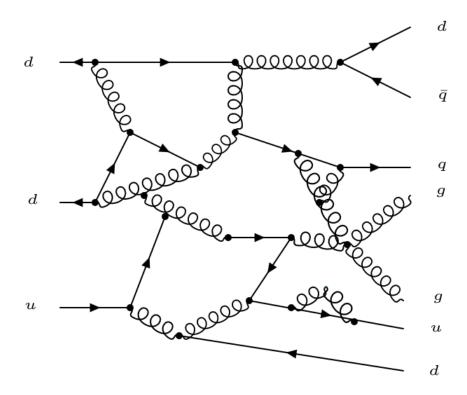


Figure 1: That's a schematic picture of neutron structure. at the left side of the diagram is the low-resolution to see. The 3 quarks picture allows us to interpretate the quantum numbers of the neutron in the valence band. We also obtain a high-resolution picture for a large Q^2 . Here we have a lot of gluons (gluon sea) and quarks pair.

The interesting thing is, it doesn't matter in which energy scale we observe the quantum number of a neutron, because it is always the same.

proton. The solution to these question was explained by Gross, Politzer and Wilczek through asymptotic freedom. This effect can be proved by the running coupling and anti screening in QCD. For the calculation the propagator loop correction in QCD we have to consider both quark loops (negative contribution \rightarrow screening) and gluon loops (positive contribution \rightarrow anti screening).



Figure 2: Running coupling compared for QED, with a positive and QCD with a negative beta function

The one loop running coupling in QCD is:

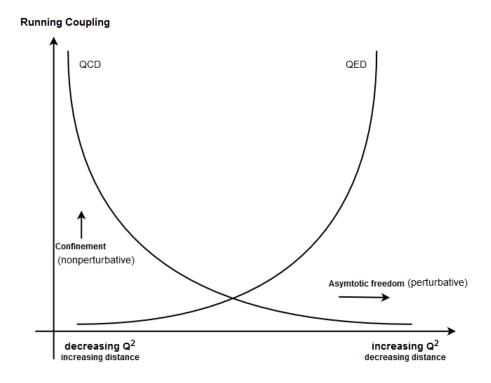
$$\alpha_s(Q^2) = \frac{\alpha_s(\mu^2)}{1 + \beta_0 \alpha_s(\mu^2) ln(\frac{Q^2}{\mu^2})}$$
 (1)

Where $\beta_0 = \frac{11N_c - 2n_f}{12\pi}$, n_f comes from the first diagram and causes screening. n_f is the number of quarks and N_c the number of colours and comes from the second diagram (anti screening).

Obviously, with $n_f = 6$ and $N_c = 3$ in standard model we will get $\beta_0 > 0$. The Beta function is defined as:

$$\beta(\alpha) = -(\beta_0 \alpha^2 + \beta_1 \alpha^3 + \beta_2 \alpha^4 + \dots) = \frac{d \alpha(Q^2)}{d \ln(Q^2)}$$
 (2)

e.g. $-(\beta_0\alpha^2) < 0$ will be negative, which is actually the opposite of QED with $\beta_0 = -\frac{\pi}{3} \rightarrow -(\beta_0\alpha^2) > 0$! That means coupling constant in QCD will increase with decreasing Q^2 (increasing distance), In QED vice versa.



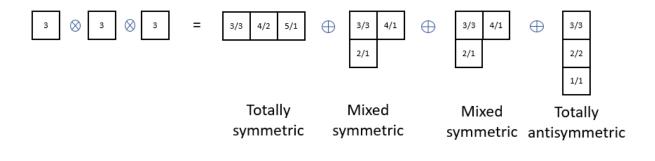
Asymptotic freedom allows us to use perturbation theory. Quarks have not yet been observed as free particles. With increasing separation it will be easier to produce quark-antiquark pair than to isolate quark because the coupling between them too strong is. This mechanism is called confinement. Confinement It has been confirmed in Lattice QCD, but not yet mathematically. It belongs to nonperturbative theory. Quarks prefer to bind into hadrons what can be classified to baryons with three quarks state and mesons with a quark-antiquark state. As we know, the wave function of fermions must be antisymmetric according to Pauli exclusion principle under the exchange of two quarks. Interestingly, there are resonance states with spin $\frac{3}{2}$ like Δ^{++} . The spins of the three up quarks are parallel to each other, have the same flavour and orbital angular momentum L=0. This

means that an exchange of flavour, spin and space (orbital angular momentum) does not lead to any change. This problem is solved with the additional degree of freedom, the so-called color charge. Each quark comes in one of three colours red, green or blue and also anticolour $\bar{r}, \bar{b}, \bar{g}$ for antiquarks. The hadrons are colour singlets in regard with the hypothesis, , they are invariant under rotations in colour space. The colour hypothesis describes the existence of mesons with $q\bar{q}$ and baryons with qqq. because if the wave function is odd in color, we have solved the spin statistical problem. The total wave function for each particle can be expressed in terms of:

$$\Psi_{3q} = \psi_{space} \times \chi_{spin} \times \theta_{colour} \times \phi_{flavour}$$

$$O(3) \quad SU(2) \quad SU(3) \quad SU(6)$$
(3)

Now we can compute all possible States in regard to colour With Young Tableaux.



$$= 10 \oplus 8 \oplus 8 \oplus 1$$

After using The same procedure for SU(2) and SU(6) for spins and flavours of the three quarks we will get:

$$2 \otimes 2 \otimes 2 = 4 \oplus 2 \oplus 2 \oplus 0$$

$$6 \otimes 6 \otimes 6 = 56 \oplus 70 \oplus 70 \oplus 20$$

$$(4)$$

As we can see, the total wave function is most complicated in the QCD area. That's the reason why the Lagrangian of QCD is always given in the short form. I'll get to the bottom of Lagrangian in QCD later.

0.4 QCD Lagrangian

QCD like QED and the weak interaction theory is described by representations of a symmetry group. From the condition that the Lagrangian must be invariant under arbitrary global and local symmetry transformations (Noether's theorem) follows the interactions terms. The Lagrangian of QCD is invariant under $U(3) = U(1) \times SU(3)$ global trafo. I'm

just going to look into SU(3). We can replace the three Pauli matrices from SU(2) in the Yang-Mills theory by the eight Gell-Mann matrices λ^a with following relation:

$$T^a = \frac{1}{2}\lambda^a$$

 $[T^a, T^b] = if^{abc}T^c$ fundamental representation (5)
 $(T^a_{adj})_b c = -if^{abc}$ adjoint representation

To quantize QCD theory is usually used the Faddeev-Popov in the path integral to fix a gauge and define a gluon propagator. The Lagrangian is given:

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{free} + \mathcal{L}_{int}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{f} \bar{\psi}_{if} (i\gamma^{\mu}\partial_{\mu} - m_{f})\psi^{if} - \frac{1}{4}F_{a}^{\mu\nu}F^{a}_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2\xi}(\partial^{\mu}A^{a}_{\mu})(\partial^{\nu}A^{a}_{\nu}) + (\partial^{\mu}\chi^{a*})(\partial_{\mu}\chi^{a})$$

$$-g_{s}\bar{\psi}_{i}T^{a}_{ij}\psi_{j}\gamma^{\mu}A^{a}_{\mu} - \frac{g_{s}}{2}f^{abc}(\partial_{\mu}A^{a}_{\nu} - \partial_{nu}A^{a}_{\mu}A_{b}^{\mu}A_{c}^{\nu}) - \frac{g_{s}^{2}}{4}f^{abc}(A_{b}^{\mu}A_{c}^{\nu}f^{ade}(A^{d}_{\mu}A^{e}_{\nu})$$

$$-g_{s}f^{abc}(\partial^{\mu}\chi^{a*})\chi^{b}A^{c}_{\mu}$$
(6)

Here i,j are color indices in the fundamental representation, a color index in the adjoint representation of SU(3) respectively. f labels the six flavours of quarks. With The field-strength tensor for QCD by:

$$F^{a}{}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}A^{a}{}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}A^{a}{}_{\mu} - g_{s}f_{abc}A^{b}{}_{\mu}A^{c}{}_{\nu} \tag{7}$$

0.5 Old parametrisation

$$q_{i}^{\mu} = zp_{i}^{\mu} + y(1-z)p_{j}^{\mu} + \sqrt{zy(1-z)}m_{\perp}$$

$$q^{\mu} = (1-z)p_{i}^{\mu} + yzp_{j}^{\mu} - \sqrt{zy(1-z)}m_{\perp}$$

$$q_{j}^{\mu} = (1-y)p_{j}^{\mu}$$

$$y = \frac{q_{i}q}{p_{i}p_{j}}$$

$$q_{i} + q = p_{i} + yp_{j}$$

$$q_{j} + q = (1-z)p_{i}^{\mu} + (1+yz-y)p_{j}^{\mu} - \sqrt{zy(1-z)}m_{\perp}$$

$$q_{i} \cdot q = y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})$$

$$q_{i} \cdot q_{j} = z(1-y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})$$

$$q_{j} \cdot q = (1-z)(1-y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})$$

$$q_{j} \cdot q = (1-z)(1-y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})$$
(8)

0.6 new kinematic

$$k_{l}^{\mu} = \alpha_{l} \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\nu} p_{i}^{\nu} + y \beta n^{\mu} + \sqrt{y \alpha_{l} \beta_{l}} n^{\mu}_{\perp,l} \qquad l = 1, ..., m$$

$$q_{i}^{\mu} = (1 - \sum_{l=1}^{m} \alpha_{l}) \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\nu} p_{i}^{\nu} + y (1 - \sum_{l=1}^{m} \beta_{l}) n^{\mu} - \sqrt{y \alpha_{l} \beta_{l}} n^{\mu}_{\perp,l} \qquad (9)$$

$$q_{k}^{\mu} = \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\nu} p_{k}^{\nu} \qquad k = 1, ..., n \qquad k \neq i$$

0.6.1 useful relations

$$Q^{\mu} = q_i^{\mu} + \sum_{l=1}^m k_l^{\mu} + \sum_{k=1}^m q_k^{\mu} = p_i^{\mu} + \sum_{k=1}^m p_k^{\mu} \quad \text{total momentum}$$

$$n^{\mu} = Q^{\mu} - \frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q} p_i^{\mu} \qquad n^{\mu} \text{ is the recoil}$$

$$q_i^{\mu} + \sum_{l=1}^m k_l^{\mu} = \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\ \nu} p_i^{\nu} + y n^{\mu}$$

$$\alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\ \nu} Q^{\nu} = Q^{\mu} - y n^{\mu}$$

$$n^{\mu}_{\perp,l} \Lambda^{\mu}_{\ \nu} p_i^{\nu} = n_{\perp,l} \cdot n = n_{\perp,l} \cdot Q = 0$$

$$n^{\mu}_{\perp,l} \cdot p_k \neq 0$$

$$n^2_{\perp,l} = -2\alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\ \nu} p_i^{\nu} n_{\mu}$$

$$n^2_{\perp,1} = -2p_i \cdot Q$$

$$\alpha_1 = 1 - \beta_1$$

$$\alpha = \sqrt{1 - y}$$

 ${q_i}^2={p_i}^2={q_k}^2=k_l^2=p_i^2=p_k^2=n^2=0$. All hard momenta are on-shell

Lorenz trafo

$$\alpha \Lambda^{\mu}{}_{\nu} = p_{i}{}^{\mu} p_{i\nu} \frac{-y^{2} Q^{2}}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2} (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + p_{i}{}^{\mu} Q_{\nu} \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q) (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + Q^{\mu} p_{i\nu} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q) (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} \eta^{\mu}{}_{\nu}$$

$$(11)$$

$$\hat{p}_{i}^{\mu} = \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\ \nu} p_{i}^{\ \nu} = p_{i}^{\ \mu} p_{i\nu} p_{i}^{\ \nu} \frac{-y^{2} Q^{2}}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2} (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + p_{i}^{\ \mu} Q_{\nu} p_{i}^{\ \nu} \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q) (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + Q^{\mu} p_{i\nu} p_{i}^{\ \nu} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q) (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} \eta^{\mu}_{\ \nu} p_{i}^{\ \nu}$$

$$(12)$$

$$\hat{p}_{i}^{\mu} = p_{i}^{\mu} (Q \cdot p_{i}) \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} p_{i}^{\mu}$$

$$= p_{i}^{\mu} \left[\frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{(2 + 2\sqrt{1 - y} - y)} + \sqrt{1 - y} \right] = p_{i}^{\mu}$$
(13)

$$\widehat{p_i}^{\mu} = \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\ \nu} p_i^{\ \nu} = p_i^{\ \mu}$$
(14)

$$\hat{p_k}^{\mu} = \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}{}_{\nu} p_k{}^{\nu} = p_i{}^{\mu} p_{i\nu} p_k{}^{\nu} \frac{-y^2 Q^2}{4(p_i \cdot Q)^2 (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + p_i{}^{\mu} Q_{\nu} p_k{}^{\nu} \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(p_i \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + Q^{\mu} p_{i\nu} p_k{}^{\nu} \frac{(y^2 - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(p_i \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} \eta^{\mu}{}_{\nu} p_k{}^{\nu}$$

$$\tag{15}$$

$$\hat{p_k}^{\mu} = \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}_{\nu} p_k^{\nu} = p_i^{\mu} \left[\frac{-y^2 Q^2 (p_i \cdot p_k)}{4(p_i \cdot Q)^2 (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})(Q \cdot p_k)}{2(p_i \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} \right] + Q^{\mu} \left[\frac{(y^2 - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_i \cdot p_k)}{2(p_i \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} \right] + \sqrt{1 - y} p_k^{\mu}$$
(16)

$$\begin{split} \hat{p_k}^{\mu} &= \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}{}_{\nu} p_k{}^{\nu} = p_i{}^{\mu} \left[\frac{-y^2 Q^2 (p_i \cdot p_k)}{4(p_i \cdot Q)^2 (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})(Q \cdot p_k)}{2(p_i \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} \right] \\ &+ Q^{\mu} \left[\frac{(y^2 - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_i \cdot p_k)}{2(p_i \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} \right] + \sqrt{1 - y} p_k{}^{\mu} \end{split}$$

with

$$A_{1} \equiv \frac{-y^{2}Q^{2}(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2}(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})(Q \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})}$$

$$A_{2} \equiv \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})}$$
(17)

$$\hat{p}_k^{\mu} = A_1 \, p_i^{\mu} + A_2 \, Q^{\mu} + \sqrt{1 - y} p_k^{\mu}$$
(18)

$$\hat{Q}^{\mu} = \alpha \Lambda^{\mu}{}_{\nu} Q^{\nu} = p_{i}{}^{\mu} \left[\frac{-y^{2} Q^{2} (p_{i} \cdot Q)}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2} (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y}) Q^{2}}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q) (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} \right] + Q^{\mu} \left[\frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q) (1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} \right] + \sqrt{1 - y} Q^{\mu}$$

with

$$S_{1} \equiv \frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q} \left[\frac{-y^{2}}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} \right] = \frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q} y$$

$$S_{2} \equiv \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} = 1 - y$$

$$(19)$$

$$\hat{Q}^{\mu} = \frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q} y \, p_i^{\mu} + (1 - y) \, Q^{\mu}$$
(20)

0.7 Single emission part

$$k_{1}^{\mu} = (\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\mu} + y\beta_{1}Q^{\mu} + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\mu}_{\perp,1}$$

$$q_{i}^{\mu} = (\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\mu} + y\alpha_{1}Q^{\mu} - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\mu}_{\perp,l}$$

$$q_{k}^{\mu} = \alpha\Lambda^{\mu}_{\nu}p_{k}^{\nu} \qquad k = 1, ..., n \qquad k \neq i$$
(21)

$$\begin{split} k_1{}^{\mu} &= \zeta_1 {p_i}^{\mu} + \lambda_1 Q^{\mu} + \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^{\mu}_{\perp,1} \\ q_i{}^{\mu} &= \zeta_q {p_i}^{\mu} + \lambda_q Q^{\mu} - \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^{\mu}_{\perp,l} \\ q_k{}^{\mu} &= A_1 {p_i}^{\mu} + A_2 Q^{\mu} + \sqrt{1 - y} p_k^{\mu} \end{split}$$

$$\zeta_{1}\zeta_{1} = (\alpha_{1}^{2} - 2y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) + y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})^{2})
\zeta_{1}\lambda_{1} = (y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))
\zeta_{1}\zeta_{q} = (\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) + y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})^{2})
\zeta_{1}\lambda_{q} = (y\alpha_{1}^{2} - y^{2}\beta_{1}\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))
\zeta_{q}\zeta_{q} = (\beta_{1}^{2} - 2y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) + y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})^{2})
\zeta_{q}\lambda_{1} = (y\beta_{1}^{2} - y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))
\zeta_{q}\zeta_{1} = (\beta_{1}\alpha_{1} - y(\beta_{1}^{2} + \alpha_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) + y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})^{2})
\zeta_{q}\lambda_{q} = (y\beta_{1}\alpha_{1} - y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))
\lambda_{1}\lambda_{1} = y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}
\lambda_{1}\zeta_{q} = (y\beta_{1}^{2} - y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))
\lambda_{1}\lambda_{q} = y^{2}\beta_{1}\alpha_{1}
\lambda_{1}\zeta_{1} = (y\beta_{1}\alpha_{1} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))
\lambda_{q}\lambda_{q} = y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}
\lambda_{q}\zeta_{q} = (y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))
\lambda_{q}\zeta_{1} = (y\alpha_{1}^{2} - y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))$$

0.8 Common scalar products

$$k_{1} \cdot q_{i} = (\zeta_{1}\lambda_{q} + \lambda_{1}\zeta_{q})p_{i} \cdot Q + \lambda_{1}\lambda_{q}Q^{2} - y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n^{2}_{\perp,1}$$

$$= [(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))y\alpha_{1} + y\beta_{1}(\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))] p_{i} \cdot Q$$

$$y^{2}\beta_{1}\alpha_{1} Q^{2} + 2y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} p_{i}Q$$

$$\Rightarrow k_{1} \cdot q_{i} = [y\alpha_{1}^{2} - y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) + y\beta_{1}^{2} - y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})] p_{i} \cdot Q$$

$$y^{2}\beta_{1}\alpha_{1} Q^{2} + 2y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} p_{i}Q$$

$$[k_{1} \cdot q_{i} = y(\alpha_{1} + \beta_{1})^{2} p_{i} \cdot Q = y p_{i} \cdot Q]$$

$$(24)$$

$$k_{1} \cdot q_{k} = (\zeta_{1}A_{2} + \lambda_{1}A_{1})p_{i} \cdot Q + \zeta_{1}\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k} + \lambda_{1}A_{2} Q^{2} + \lambda_{1}\sqrt{1 - y} Q \cdot p_{k} + \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)}p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1} = \{ [(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))\frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})}] + y\beta_{1} [\frac{-y^{2}Q^{2}(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2}(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})(Q \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})}] \} p_{i} \cdot Q + (\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k} + y\beta_{1} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} Q^{2} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}Q \cdot p_{k} + \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)}p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$
 (25)

$$k_{1} \cdot q_{k} = \alpha_{1} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k}) - y\beta_{1} (\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})$$

$$+ y\beta_{1} \frac{-y^{2}Q^{2}}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k}) + y\beta_{1} \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} Q \cdot p_{k}$$

$$+ \alpha_{1}\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k} - y\beta_{1} (\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1} (\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k}) + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}(Q \cdot p_{k})$$

$$+ \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)} p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$

$$(26)$$

$$k_{1} \cdot q_{k} = \left[\alpha_{1} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + y\beta_{1} \frac{-y^{2}Q^{2}}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \alpha_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}\right]$$
$$-y\beta_{1} \left(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}\right)\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k} + \left[y\beta_{1} \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}\right](Q \cdot p_{k}) + \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)}p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$
(27)

$$k_{1} \cdot q_{k} = \left\{ \alpha_{1} \left[\frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} \right] + y\beta_{1} \left(\frac{Q^{2}}{p_{i} \cdot Q} \right) \left[\frac{-y^{2}}{4(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} - \sqrt{1 - y} \right] \right\} p_{i} \cdot p_{k}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1} \left[\frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} \right] (Q \cdot p_{k})$$

$$+ \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)} p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp, 1}$$

$$(28)$$

$$k_1 \cdot q_k = \left[\alpha_1(1-y) + y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})\right] p_i \cdot p_k + y\beta_1 Q \cdot p_k + \sqrt{\alpha_1\beta_1 y(1-y)} p_k \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$
 (29)

$$q_{i} \cdot q_{k} = (\zeta_{q}A_{2} + \lambda_{q}A_{1})p_{i} \cdot Q + \zeta_{q}\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k} + \lambda_{q}A_{2} Q^{2} + \lambda_{q}\sqrt{1 - y} Q \cdot p_{k} - \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)}p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1} = \{ [(\beta_{1} - y\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))\frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})}] + y\alpha_{1} [\frac{-y^{2}Q^{2}(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2}(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})(Q \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})}] \} p_{i} \cdot Q + (\beta_{1} - y\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k} + y\alpha_{1} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})}{2(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} Q^{2} + y\alpha_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}Q \cdot p_{k} - \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)}p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$

$$(30)$$

$$q_{i} \cdot q_{k} = \beta_{1} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k}) - y\alpha_{1} (\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})$$

$$+ y\alpha_{1} \frac{-y^{2}Q^{2}}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k}) + y\alpha_{1} \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} Q \cdot p_{k}$$

$$+ \beta_{1}\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k} - y\alpha_{1} (\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})\sqrt{1 - y} p_{i} \cdot p_{k}$$

$$+ y\alpha_{1} (\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} (p_{i} \cdot p_{k}) + y\alpha_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}(Q \cdot p_{k})$$

$$- \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)} p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$

$$(31)$$

$$q_{i} \cdot q_{k} = \left[\beta_{1} \frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + y\alpha_{1} \frac{-y^{2}Q^{2}}{4(p_{i} \cdot Q)(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}\right]$$
$$-y\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})\sqrt{1 - y}] p_{i} \cdot p_{k} + \left[y\alpha_{1} \frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + y\alpha_{1}\sqrt{1 - y}\right](Q \cdot p_{k})$$
$$-\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)}p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$
(32)

$$k_{1} \cdot q_{k} = \{\beta_{1} \left[\frac{(y^{2} - y - y\sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} \right]$$

$$+ y\alpha_{1} \left(\frac{Q^{2}}{p_{i} \cdot Q} \right) \left[\frac{-y^{2}}{4(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} - \sqrt{1 - y} \right] \} p_{i} \cdot p_{k}$$

$$+ y\alpha_{1} \left[\frac{y(1 + \sqrt{1 - y})}{2(1 + \sqrt{1 - y} - \frac{y}{2})} + \sqrt{1 - y} \right] (Q \cdot p_{k})$$

$$- \sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1 - y)} p_{k} \cdot n_{\perp, 1}$$

$$(33)$$

$$q_i \cdot q_k = \left[\beta_1(1-y) + y\alpha_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})\right] p_i \cdot p_k + y\alpha_1 Q \cdot p_k - \sqrt{\alpha_1\beta_1 y(1-y)} p_k \cdot n_{\perp,1}$$
(34)

0.9 Parametrization in terms of $(k_1 \cdot q_i)(k_1 \cdot q_k)$

$$(35)$$

$$\begin{split} k_1^{\eta}k_1^{\eta'} &= [(1-\beta_1)^2 - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})^2]p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})Q^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} \\ k_1^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} &= [\beta_1(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})]p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2Q^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} \\ q_i^{\eta}k_1^{\eta'} &= [\beta_1(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})]p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} \\ q_i^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} &= \beta_1^2p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} \\ k_1^{\eta}q_k^{\eta'} &= [(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})]\sqrt{1-y}p_i^{\eta}p_k^{\eta'} - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})A_1 p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})A_2 p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} \\ &+ y\beta_1A_1 Q^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1A_2 Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\eta}p_k^{\eta'} \\ q_i^{\eta}q_k^{\eta'} &= A_1\beta_1p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + A_2\beta_1p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + \beta_1\sqrt{1-y}p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})A_1 p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})A_2 Q^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} \\ &+ y\beta_1A_1 p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1A_2 Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1\sqrt{1-y}p_k^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} \\ &+ y\beta_1A_1 p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1A_2 Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1\sqrt{1-y}p_k^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} \\ q_k^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} &= A_1\beta_1p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + A_2\beta_1Q^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + \beta_1\sqrt{1-y}p_k^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} \end{aligned}$$

0.10 Parametrization in terms of $(k_1 \cdot q_i)(k_1 \cdot q_i)$

$$(k_1 \cdot q_i)(k_1 \cdot q_i) = y^2(p_i \cdot Q)(p_i \cdot Q)$$
(37)

$$k_{1}^{\eta}k_{1}^{\eta'} = [(1-\beta_{1})^{2} - 2y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$k_{1}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = [\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}) - y(1-\beta_{1})^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) - y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y(1-\beta_{1})^{2}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}k_{1}^{\eta'} = [\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}) - y(1-\beta_{1})^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}) - y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y(1-\beta_{1})^{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = [\beta_{1}^{2} - 2y\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$k_{1}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = (1-\beta_{1})A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + (1-\beta_{1})A_{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + (1-\beta_{1})\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{k}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = A_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + A_{2}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{k}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = A_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + A_{2}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$(38)$$

0.11 Altarelli-Parisi splitting functions

$$\langle \hat{P}_{qq} \rangle = C_F \left[\frac{1+z^2}{1-z} - \varepsilon (1-z) \right]$$

$$\langle \hat{P}_{gq} \rangle = T_R \left[1 - \frac{2z(1-z)}{1-\varepsilon} \right]$$

$$\langle \hat{P}_{qg} \rangle = C_F \left[\frac{1+(1-z)^2}{z} - \varepsilon z \right]$$

$$\langle \hat{P}_{gg} \rangle = 2C_A \left[\frac{z}{1-z} + \frac{1-z}{z} + z(1-z) \right]$$
splitting functions (39)

0.12 Colour factor calculation

fundamental representation in SU(2) and SU(3)

$$T^{a} = \tau^{a} \equiv \frac{\sigma^{2}}{2} \quad \text{with Pauli matrices } \sigma^{a}$$

$$T^{a} = \vartheta^{a} \equiv \frac{\lambda^{2}}{2} \quad \text{with Gell - Mann matrices } \lambda^{a}$$

$$(40)$$

$$\lambda^{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda^{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda^{3} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda^{4} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda^{5} = \begin{pmatrix} -i \\ i \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda^{6} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda^{7} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda^{8} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(41)$$

As we can see, λ^3 and λ^8 are diagonal. These generators satisfy:

$$[T^a, T^b] = i\epsilon^{abc}T^c \tag{42}$$

The most common convention for the normalization of the generators in physics is:

$$\sum_{c,d} f^{acd} f^{bcd} = N \delta^{ab} \tag{43}$$

The main relation we will use later for SU(N):

$$tr(T^aT^b) = T_{ij}{}^aT_{ji}{}^b = T_F\delta^{ab}$$

$$\tag{44}$$

$$\sum_{a} (T^a T^a) = C_F \delta^{ij} \tag{45}$$

$$f^{acd}f^{bcd} = C_A \delta^{ab} \tag{46}$$

With $T_F = \frac{1}{2}$, $C_A = N$ and $C_F = \frac{N^2 - 1}{2N}$.

$$f^{abc} = -2itr(T^a[T^b, T^c]) \tag{47}$$

$$d^{abc} = 2tr(T^a T^b, T^c) (48)$$

$$T^{a}T^{b} = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{N}\delta_{ab} + (d^{abc} + if^{abc})T^{c})$$
(49)

$$tr(T^a T^b T^c) = \frac{1}{4} (d^{abc} + i f^{abc}) \tag{50}$$

$$tr(T^a T^b T^a T^c) = \frac{-1}{4N} \delta_{bc} \tag{51}$$

$$f^{acd}f^{bcd} = N\delta^{ab} \tag{52}$$

$$f^{acd}d^{bcd} = 0 (53)$$

$$f^{ade}f^{bef}f^{cfd} = \frac{N}{2}f^{abc} \tag{54}$$

Fierz identity:

$$\sum_{a} T_{ij}{}^{a} T_{kl}{}^{a} = \frac{1}{2} (\delta_{il} \delta_{kj} - \frac{1}{N} \delta_{ij} \delta_{kl})$$

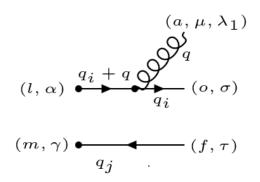
$$(55)$$

Chapter 1

Quark antiquark gluon emission kernel



$1.1~{\sf qg}$ - \bar{q}



$$M_{1} = \left[\bar{u}_{\sigma}(q_{i})(-ig_{s}\gamma^{\mu} \times [T^{a}]_{o}^{l})\frac{i(\not q_{i} + \not q)}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}}\varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}{}_{\mu}(q)\right]\left[v_{\tau}(q_{j})\right]$$
(1.1)

$$(b, \mu', \lambda_2)$$

$$q$$

$$q_i + q$$

$$(k, \beta)$$

$$(f', \tau') \xrightarrow{q_j} (n, \delta)$$

$$M_1^{\dagger} = \left[\frac{-i(\not q_i + \not q)}{(q_i + q)^2} \left(ig_s \gamma^{\mu'} \times [T^b]_{\sigma'}^{k} \right) u_{\sigma'}(q_i) \varepsilon^{\lambda_2}{}_{\mu'}(q) \right] \left[\bar{v}_{\tau'}(q_j) \right]$$
(1.2)

$$(l, \alpha) \xrightarrow{q_i + q} (o, \sigma) (o', \sigma') \xrightarrow{q_i} (h, \alpha)$$

$$(m, \gamma) \xrightarrow{q_j} (f, \tau) (f', \tau') \xrightarrow{q_j} (n, \delta)$$

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = M_{1} M_{1}^{\dagger} = [\bar{u}_{\sigma}(q_{i}) (-ig_{s}\gamma^{\mu} \times [T^{a}]_{o}^{l}) \frac{i(\not q_{i} + \not q)}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}} \varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}{}_{\mu}(q)][v_{\tau}(q_{j})]$$

$$[\frac{-i(\not q_{i} + \not q)}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}} (ig_{s}\gamma^{\mu'} \times [T^{b}]_{o'}^{k}) u_{\sigma'}(q_{i}) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{2}}{}_{\mu'}^{*}(q)][\bar{v}_{\tau'}(q_{j})]$$

$$(1.3)$$

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = \left[\frac{-i(\not q_{i} + \not q)}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}} \left(ig_{s}\gamma^{\mu'} \times [T^{b}]_{o'}^{k}\right) \bar{u}_{\sigma}(q_{i}) u_{\sigma'}(q_{i}) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{2}}_{\mu'}^{*}(q) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}_{\mu}(q) \right. \\ \left. \times \left(-ig_{s}\gamma^{\mu} \times [T^{a}]_{o}^{l}\right) \frac{i(\not q_{i} + \not q)}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}} \left[\bar{v}_{\tau'}(q_{j})v_{\tau}(q_{j})\right] \right.$$

$$(1.4)$$

and after sum over the lorenz index (σ, σ') and (τ, τ') and unsing the spin addition relation:

$$\sum_{\sigma,\sigma'} \bar{u}_{\sigma}(q_i) \ u_{\sigma'}(q_i) = \not q_i \delta^{oo'},$$

$$\sum_{\tau,\tau'} \bar{v}_{\tau}(q_j) \ v_{\tau'}(q_j) = \not q_j \delta^{ff'}$$
(1.5)

and sum over polarization index (λ_1, λ_2) :

$$\sum_{\mu,\mu'} \varepsilon^{\lambda_2^*}_{\mu'}(q) \varepsilon^{\lambda_1}_{\mu}(q) = -g_{\mu\mu'} \delta^{ab}$$
(1.6)

$$|M_1|^2 = \frac{-g_s^2 [T^a]_o^k [T^a]_o^l}{(q_i + q)^2 (q_i + q)^2} [(\not q_i + \not q) \ \gamma^{\mu'} \ \not q_i \ g_{\mu'\mu} \gamma^{\mu} (\not q_i + q)] [\not q_j]$$
(1.7)

from here and after contraction between all indices we can actually make statements about the last result.

$$|M_1|^2 = \frac{-g_s^2 [T^a]_o^{\ k} [T^a]_o^{\ l}}{(q_i + q)^2 (q_i + q)^2} [(\not q_i + \not q) \ \gamma^{\mu'} \ \not q_i \ \gamma_{\mu'} (\not q_i + q)] [\not q_j]$$
(1.8)

In other words we expect the tree level diagram from LO and a number: Which means:

$$|M^2| = \left| \begin{array}{c|c} P_i & q_i & q_i \\ \hline \\ P_j & \end{array} \right|^2 \otimes \left| \begin{array}{c|c} q_i & q_i \\ \hline \\ q_i + q & Q \\ \hline \end{array} \right|^2$$

contribution from LO

 $a\ complex\ number$

$$|M_1|^2 = \frac{-g_s^2 [T^a]_o^{\ k} [T^a]_o^{\ l}}{(q_i + q)^2 (q_i + q)^2} [P_i] [P_j] \otimes (a \ complex \ number)$$
 (1.9)

Let's calculate the contribution and compare the final result with this expectation:

$$N =: \gamma^{\mu'} \not A_i \gamma_{\mu'} = q_{i\sigma} \gamma^{\mu'} \gamma^{\sigma} \gamma_{\mu'}$$

$$= q_{i\sigma} (\{\gamma^{\mu'}, \gamma^{\sigma}\} - \gamma^{\sigma} \gamma^{\mu'}) \gamma_{\mu'}$$

$$= q_{i\sigma} 2g^{\mu'\sigma} \gamma_{\mu'} - d \gamma^{\sigma}$$

$$= (2 - d) \not A_i$$

$$(1.10)$$

$$|M_1|^2 = -(2-d) \frac{g_s^2 [T^a]_o^k [T^a]_o^l}{(q_i+q)^2 (q_i+q)^2} [(\not q_i + \not q) \quad \not q_i \quad (\not q_i+q)][\not q_j]$$
(1.11)

$$|M_1|^2 = -(2-d) \frac{g_s^2 [T^a]_o^k [T^a]_o^l}{(q_i+q)^2 (q_i+q)^2} [\not q_i \not q_i \not q_i + \not q_i \not q_i \not q_i$$
(1.12)

For the momenta are on-shell which means:

$$A_i A_i = q_i^2 = m_i^2$$

$$A_i A_j = q^2 = m^2$$

$$A_j A_j = q_j^2 = m_j^2$$
(1.13)

we can first neglect the mass of patrons and ignore each term with $\not q_i \not q_i$ and $\not q \not q$ as well.

$$|M_1|^2 = -(2-d) \frac{g_s^2 [T^a]_o^k [T^a]_o^l}{(2a_i q)(2a_i q)} [A A_i A_j] [A_j]$$
(1.14)

$$L = \not A \not A_i \not A = \not A [q_{i\sigma}q_{\mu} (\{\gamma^{\mu}, \gamma^{\sigma}\} - \gamma^{\sigma}\gamma^{\mu})]
\not A [2q_i{}^{\mu}q_{\mu} - q_{i\sigma}q_{\mu}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\sigma}
= \not A (2q_iq) - q_{\mu}q_{i\sigma}q_{\mu}[\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\sigma}]
= \not A (2q_iq) - q_{\mu}q_{i\sigma}q_{\mu}[\frac{\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\mu}}{2} + \frac{\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\mu}}{2}]\gamma^{\sigma}
= \not A (2q_iq) - q_{\mu}q_{i\sigma}q_{\mu}[g^{\mu\mu}]\gamma^{\sigma}
= \not A (2q_iq) - q_{\mu}q_{i\sigma}q^{\mu}\gamma^{\sigma}
= \not A (2q_iq) - q^2 \not A_i
= \not A (2q_iq)$$
(1.15)

After inserting the last result of L and simplify the term $(2q_iq)$ from the denominator and nominator because, we get:

$$|M_1|^2 = -(2-d) \frac{g_s^2 [T^a]_o^k [T^a]_o^l}{2y(1-2z+2z^2)(p_i \cdot p_j)} [\not q] [\not q_j]$$
(1.16)

Now we are going to use the parametrisation from equation (1) to reduce the 3-member matrix element to 2-member and take out the singularity term from the amplitude.

$$|M_1|^2 = (d-2) \frac{g_s^2 [T^a]_o^k [T^a]_o^l}{2y(1-2z+2z^2)(p_i \cdot p_j)} [(1-z) \not p_i + zy \not p_j - \sqrt{zy(1-z)} \not m_\perp] [(1-y) \not p_j]$$

$$(1.17)$$

Multiplying the both sides

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = (d-2) \frac{g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{k} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l}}{2y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [(1-z)(1-y) \not p_{i} \not p_{j}$$

$$+zy(1-y) \not p_{j} \not p_{j} + (1-y)\sqrt{zy(1-z)} \not m_{\perp} \not p_{j}]$$

$$(1.18)$$

and under consideration of the fact that p_i and p_j are the on-shell momenta of the emitter and spectator partons, we can ignore the terms with $\not p_i$ $\not p_i$ and $\not p_j$ $\not p_j$. The $p_i \cdot m_{\perp}$ and $p_j \cdot m_{\perp}$ are always 0 because the p_i and p_j are lightlike, i.e. zero transverse component. So those terms can be neglected.

$$|M_1|^2 = (d-2)(1-z)(1-y) \frac{g_s^2 [T^a]_o^k [T^a]_o^l}{2y(1-2z+2z^2)(p_i \cdot p_j)} [p_i] [p_j]$$
 (1.19)

with the new parametrisation

$$|M_1|^2 = (d-2) \frac{g_s^2 C_F}{(2k_1 \cdot q_i)} [k_1] [\not q_k]$$
(1.20)

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = (d-2) \frac{g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{2y p_{i} \cdot Q} [(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} + y\beta_{1} \not Q + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not n_{\perp,1}]$$

$$[A_{1} \not p_{i} + A_{2} \not Q + \sqrt{1-y} \not p_{k}]$$

$$(1.21)$$

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = (d-2) \frac{g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{2y p_{i} \cdot Q} [(A_{2}(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) + A_{1}y\beta_{1})p_{i} \cdot Q + (\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))\sqrt{1 - y}p_{i} \cdot p_{k} + A_{2}y\beta_{1}Q^{2} + \sqrt{1 - y}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n_{\perp,1} \cdot p_{k}]$$

$$(1.22)$$

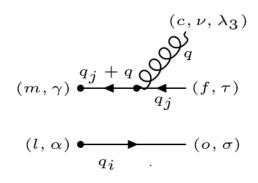
For the collinearity $y \to 0$ we'll get:

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = (d-2) \frac{g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{2y p_{i} \cdot Q} [(A_{2}(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) + A_{1}y\beta_{1}) \not p_{i} \not Q + (\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))\sqrt{1 - y} \not p_{i} \not p_{k} + A_{2}y\beta_{1}Q^{2} + \sqrt{1 - y}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not p_{\perp,1} \not p_{k}]$$

$$(1.23)$$

$$|M_1|^2 = (d-2)(1-\beta_1)\sqrt{1-y} \frac{g_s^2 C_F}{2y \ p_i \cdot Q} [p_i \ p_k]$$
(1.24)

$1.2 \quad \bar{q}$ g-q



$$M_{2} = \left[\frac{i(\not q_{j} + \not q)}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}} (-ig_{s}\gamma^{\nu} \times [T^{c}]_{f}^{m}) v_{\tau}(q_{j}) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{3}}{}_{\nu}(q)\right] [u_{\sigma}(q_{i})]$$
(1.25)

$$(f', \tau') \xrightarrow{q_j} (n, \delta)$$

$$(o', \sigma') \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad } (k, \beta)$$

$$M_2^{\dagger} = \left[\bar{v}_{\tau'}(q_j) \left(ig_s \gamma^{\nu'} \times [T^d]_{f'}^{n}\right) \frac{-i(\not q_j + \not q)}{(q_j + q)^2} \varepsilon^{\lambda_4}_{\nu'}(q)\right] \left[\bar{u}_{\sigma'}(q_i)\right]$$
(1.26)

$$(m, \gamma) \xrightarrow{q_j + q} (f, \tau) \xrightarrow{(c, \nu, \lambda_3)} (d, \nu', \lambda_4)$$

$$q \xrightarrow{q_j + q} (f, \tau) \xrightarrow{(f', \tau')} q_j \xrightarrow{q_j + q} (n, \delta)$$

$$(l, \alpha) \xrightarrow{q_i} (o, \sigma) (o', \sigma') \xrightarrow{q_i} (k, \beta)$$

$$|M_{2}|^{2} = M_{2} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \left[\frac{i(\not q_{j} + \not q)}{(q_{j} + q)^{2}} (-ig_{s}\gamma^{\nu} \times [T^{c}]_{f}^{m}) v_{\tau}(q_{j}) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{3}}{}_{\nu}(q)\right] [u_{\sigma}(q_{i})]$$

$$\left[\bar{v}_{\tau'}(q_{j}) (ig_{s}\gamma^{\nu'} \times [T^{d}]_{f'}^{n}) \frac{-i(\not q_{j} + \not q)}{(q_{j} + q)^{2}} \varepsilon^{\lambda_{4}}{}_{\nu'}(q)\right] [\bar{u}_{\sigma'}(q_{i})]$$
(1.27)

$$|M_{2}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} [T^{c}]_{f}^{m} [T^{d}]_{f'}^{n}}{(q_{j} + q)^{2} (q_{j} + q)^{2}} [(\not q_{j} + \not q)\gamma^{\nu} v_{\tau}(q_{j})\bar{v}_{\tau'}(q_{j}) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{3}}{}_{\nu}(q)\varepsilon^{\lambda_{4}}{}_{\nu'}(q)\gamma^{\nu'}(\not q_{j} + \not q)]$$

$$[u_{\sigma}(q_{i})] [\bar{u}_{\sigma'}(q_{i})]$$

$$(1.28)$$

and after sum over the lorenz index (σ, σ') and (τ, τ') and unsing the spin addition relation:

$$\sum_{\sigma,\sigma'} \bar{u}_{\sigma}(q_i) u_{\sigma'}(q_i) = \not q_i \delta^{oo'},$$

$$\sum_{\tau,\tau'} \bar{v}_{\tau}(q_j) v_{\tau'}(q_j) = \not q_j \delta^{ff'}$$
(1.29)

and sum over polarization index (λ_3, λ_4) :

$$\sum_{\nu,\nu'} \varepsilon^{\lambda_4}_{\nu'}^*(q) \varepsilon^{\lambda_3}_{\nu}(q) = -g_{\nu\nu'} \delta^{cd}$$
(1.30)

$$|M_2|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 [T^c]_f^m [T^c]_f^n}{(q_i + q)^2 (q_i + q)^2} [(\not q_j + \not q)\gamma^{\nu} \not q_j (-g_{\nu\nu'})\gamma^{\nu'} (\not q_j + \not q)] [\not q_i]$$
(1.31)

After the same calculation from the last part, we'll get:

$$|M_2|^2 = (d-2)\frac{g_s^2 \left[T^c\right]_f^m \left[T^c\right]_f^n}{(2qq_i)} [A] [A_i]$$
(1.32)

finally:

$$|M_2|^2 = -(d-2)yz^2 \frac{g_s^2 \left[T^c\right]_f^m \left[T^c\right]_f^n}{2(1-z)(1-y)(p_i \cdot p_j)} [p_i] [p_j]$$
(1.33)

with the new kinematic

$$|M_2|^2 = (d-2)\frac{g_s^2 \left[T^c\right]_f^m \left[T^c\right]_f^n}{2k_1 \cdot q_k} [k_1] [k_1]$$
(1.34)

$$|M_{2}|^{2} = (d-2)\frac{g_{s}^{2}C_{F}}{2k_{1} \cdot q_{k}} [(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} + y\beta_{1} \not Q + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not h_{\perp,1}]$$

$$[(\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} + y\alpha_{1} \not Q - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not h_{\perp,l}]$$
(1.35)

$$|M_{2}|^{2} = (d-2)\frac{g_{s}^{2}C_{F}}{2k_{1} \cdot q_{k}}[y\alpha_{1}(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} Q + y\beta_{1}(\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))] Q \not p_{i}$$

$$+ y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}Q^{2} - y\beta_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} Q \not p_{\perp,1} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not p_{\perp,1} Q - y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} n_{\perp,l}^{2}$$

$$+ (\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not p_{\perp,1} \not p_{i} - (\alpha_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not p_{i} \not p_{\perp,1}]$$

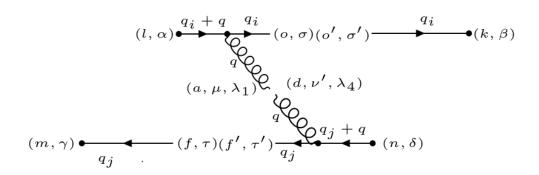
$$(1.36)$$

Which means:

$$|M_2|^2 \sim (d-2) \frac{g_s^2 C_F}{2k_1 \cdot q_k} y[...]$$

$$|M_2|^2 \to 0 \quad \text{for} \quad y \to 0$$
(1.37)

1.3 $M_1 M_2^{\dagger}$



$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \left[\bar{u}_{\sigma}(q_{i}) \left(-ig_{s}\gamma^{\mu} \times [T^{a}]_{o}^{l}\right) \frac{i(\not q_{i} + \not q)}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}} \varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}{}_{\mu}(q)\right] \left[v_{\tau}(q_{j})\right]$$

$$\left[\bar{v}_{\tau'}(q_{j}) \left(ig_{s}\gamma^{\nu'} \times [T^{d}]_{f'}^{n}\right) \frac{-i(\not q_{j} + \not q)}{(q_{j} + q)^{2}} \varepsilon^{\lambda_{4}}{}_{\nu'}(q)\right] \left[u_{\sigma'}(q_{i})\right]$$

$$(1.38)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{d}]_{f'}^{n}}{(2q_{i}q)(2q_{j}q)} [\not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu} (\not q_{i} + \not q_{i})] \varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}_{\mu}(q) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{4}}_{\nu'}(q)$$

$$[\not q_{j} \gamma^{\nu'} (\not q_{j} + \not q_{i})]$$
(1.39)

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f'}^{n}}{(2q_{i}q)(2q_{j}q)} [\not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu} (\not q_{i} + \not q)] - g_{\mu\nu'}$$

$$[\not q_{j} \gamma^{\nu'} (\not q_{j} + \not q)]$$

$$(1.40)$$

$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_s^2 [T^a]_o^l [T^a]_{f'}^n}{(2q_i q)(2q_j q)} [\not q_i \gamma^{\mu} (\not q_i + \not q)] [\not q_j \gamma_{\mu} (\not q_j + \not q)]$$
(1.41)

Expectation:

$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_s^2 [T^a]_o^{\ l} [T^a]_{f'}^n}{(2q_i q)(2q_j q)} [(\not q_i + \not q) \gamma^{\mu} \not q_i] [(\not q_j + \not q) \gamma_{\mu} \not q_j]$$
(1.42)

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f'}^{n}}{(2q_{i}q)(2q_{j}q)} [-(\not q_{i} + \not q) \not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu} + 2(\not q_{i} + \not q) q_{i}^{\mu}]$$

$$[-(\not q_{j} + \not q) \not q_{j} \gamma_{\mu} + 2(\not q_{j} + \not q) q_{j\mu}]$$

$$(1.43)$$

$$|M^2| = \left| \begin{array}{c|c} & P_i & \\ \hline & & \\$$

contribution from LO

 $a\ complex\ number$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f'}^{n}}{(2q_{i}q)(2q_{j}q)} [(\not q_{i} + \not q) \not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu}] [(\not q_{j} + \not q) \not q_{j}\gamma_{\mu}]$$

$$-2[(\not q_{i} + \not q) \not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu}] [(\not q_{j} + \not q)q_{j\mu}] -2[(\not q_{i} + \not q) q_{i}^{\mu}] [(\not q_{j} + \not q) \not q_{j}\gamma_{\mu}]$$

$$+4[(\not q_{i} + \not q) q_{i}^{\mu}] [(\not q_{j} + \not q)q_{j\mu}]$$

$$(1.44)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f'}^{n}}{(2q_{i}q)(2q_{j}q)} [(\not q_{i} + \not q) \not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu}] [(\not q_{j} + \not q) \not q_{j}\gamma_{\mu}]$$

$$-2[(\not q_{i} + \not q) \not q_{i} \not q_{j}] [\not q_{j} + \not q] -2[\not q_{i} + \not q] [(\not q_{j} + \not q) \not q_{j} \not q_{i}]$$

$$+4[(\not q_{i} + \not q) q_{i}^{\mu}] [(\not q_{j} + \not q) q_{j\mu}]$$

$$(1.45)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f'}^{n}}{(2q_{i}q)(2q_{j}q)} [(\not q_{i} + \not q) \not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu}] [(\not q_{j} + \not q) \not q_{j}\gamma_{\mu}]$$

$$+ 4[(\not q_{i} + \not q) q_{i}^{\mu}][(\not q_{j} + \not q) q_{j\mu}]$$

$$(1.46)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f'}^{n}}{4(1-z)(1-y)y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})}$$

$$[y(1-2z+2z^{2}) \not p_{i} \not p_{j} \gamma^{\mu}] [(1-z)(1-y) \not p_{i} \not p_{j} \gamma_{\mu}]$$

$$+4(q_{i}^{\mu} \cdot q_{j\mu})[(\not q_{i}+\not q)][(\not q_{j}+\not q)]$$
(1.47)

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} \left[T^{a}\right]_{o}^{l} \left[T^{a}\right]_{f'}^{n}}{4(1-z)(1-y)y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})}$$

$$\left[y(1-2z+2z^{2}) \not p_{i} \not p_{j} \gamma^{\mu}\right] \left[(1-z)(1-y) \not p_{i} \not p_{j} \gamma_{\mu}\right]$$

$$+4(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})\left[(\not p_{i}+y\not p_{j})\right]\left[(1-z) \not p_{i}+(1+yz-y) \not p_{j}-\sqrt{zy(1-z)} \not m\right]$$

$$(1.48)$$

$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_s^2 [T^a]_o^l [T^a]_{f'}^n}{(1-z)(1-y)y(1-2z+2z^2)(p_i \cdot p_i)} z(1-y)[\not p_i][\not p_j]$$
(1.49)

$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_s^2 [T^a]_o^l [T^a]_{f'}^n}{(1-z)y(1-2z+2z^2)(p_i \cdot p_i)} z[p_i] [p_j]$$
(1.50)

With the new kinematic

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f'}^{n}}{(2q_{i}k_{1})(2q_{k}k_{1})} [(\not q_{i} + \not k_{1}) \not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu}] [(\not q_{k} + \not k_{1}) \not q_{k}\gamma_{\mu}]$$

$$+ 4[(\not q_{i} + \not k_{1}) q_{i}^{\mu}] [(\not q_{k} + \not k_{1})q_{k\mu}]$$

$$(1.51)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{4y(1-\beta_{1})(1-y) (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[(A_{i} A_{i} + k_{1} A_{i}) \gamma^{\mu}][(A_{k} A_{k} + k_{1} A_{k})\gamma_{\mu}] + 4(q_{i}^{\mu}q_{k\mu})[A_{i} + k_{1}][A_{k} + k_{1}]$$
(1.52)

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{4y(1-\beta_{1})(1-y) (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[k_{1} \not q_{i} \gamma^{\mu}][k_{1} \not q_{k} \gamma_{\mu}] + 4(q_{i} \cdot q_{k})[\not q_{i} \not q_{k} + k_{1} \not q_{k} + \not q_{i} k_{1}]$$

$$(1.53)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{4y(1-\beta_{1})(1-y) (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$4(A_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i} \cdot p_{i} + A_{2}\beta_{1}p_{i} \cdot Q + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{i} \cdot p_{k})$$

$$[A_{1}\beta_{1} \not p_{i} \not p_{i} + A_{2}\beta_{1} \not p_{i} \not Q + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y} \not p_{i} \not p_{k}$$

$$+ [(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]\sqrt{1-y} \not p_{i} \not p_{k} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})A_{1} \not p_{i} \not p_{i}$$

$$- y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})A_{2} \not p_{i} \not Q + y\beta_{1}A_{1} \not Q \not p_{i} + y\beta_{1}A_{2} \not Q \not Q + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y} \not Q \not p_{k}$$

$$+ [\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})] \not p_{i} \not p_{i} + y\beta_{1}^{2} \not p_{i} \not Q]$$

$$(1.54)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{4y(1-\beta_{1})(1-y) (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$4(A_{2}\beta_{1}p_{i} \cdot Q + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{i} \cdot p_{k})[A_{2}\beta_{1} \not p_{i} \not Q + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y} \not p_{i} \not p_{k}$$

$$+ [(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]\sqrt{1-y} \not p_{i} \not p_{k} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})A_{2} \not p_{i} \not Q$$

$$+ y\beta_{1}A_{1} \not Q \not p_{i} + y\beta_{1}A_{2} \not Q \not Q + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y} \not Q \not p_{k} + y\beta_{1}^{2} \not p_{i} \not Q]$$

$$(1.55)$$

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_{s}^{2} C_{F}}{4y(1-\beta_{1})(1-y) (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$4(\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{i} \cdot p_{k})[\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y} \not p_{i} \not p_{k} + (1-\beta_{1})\sqrt{1-y} \not p_{i} \not p_{k}]$$

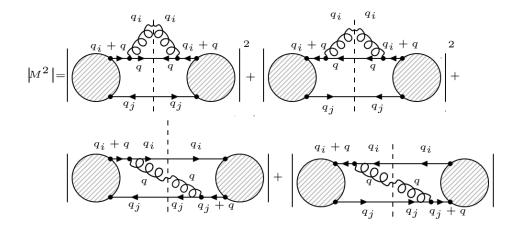
$$(1.56)$$

$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = \frac{-g_s^2 C_F}{y(1-\beta_1) (p_i \cdot p_k)(p_i \cdot Q)} \beta_1(p_i \cdot p_k) [\beta_1 \not p_i \not p_k + (1-\beta_1) \not p_i \not p_k]$$
 (1.57)

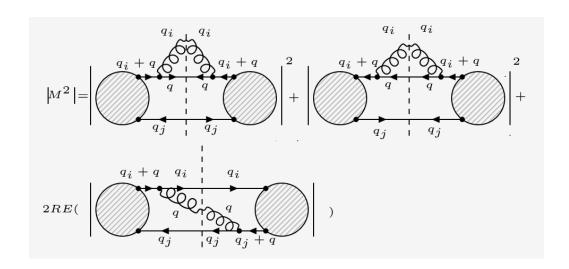
$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = \frac{\beta_1}{(1 - \beta_1)} \frac{-g_s^2 C_F}{y (p_i \cdot Q)} [\not p_i \not p_k]$$
 (1.58)

1.4 $|M^2|$

$$|M|^2 = |M_1|^2 + |M_2|^2 + M_1 M_2^{\dagger} + M_1^{\dagger} M_2$$
(1.59)



$$|M|^2 = |M_1|^2 + |M_2|^2 + \frac{2RE(M_1 M_2^{\dagger})}{}$$
(1.60)



$$|M|^{2} = (d-2)(1-z)(1-y) \frac{g_{s}^{2}[T^{a}]_{o}^{k} [T^{a}]_{o}^{l}}{2y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}][\not p_{j}]$$

$$-(d-2)yz^{2} \frac{g_{s}^{2}[T^{c}]_{f}^{m} [T^{c}]_{f}^{n}}{2(1-z)(1-y)(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}][\not p_{j}]$$

$$+2RE((\frac{-2z}{z-1})\frac{g_{s}^{2}[T^{a}]_{o}^{l} [T^{a}]_{f}^{n}}{2y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i}\cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}][\not p_{j}])$$

$$(1.61)$$

$$T^{a}{}_{ok} T^{a}{}_{lo} = \frac{1}{2} (\delta_{oo} \delta_{lk} - \frac{1}{N} \delta_{ok} \delta_{lo}) = \frac{1}{2} (N \delta_{lk} - \frac{1}{N} \delta_{lk}) = C_F \delta_{lk}$$
 (1.62)

After summation over the final colour states and averaging over initial colour states we get:

$$T^{a}{}_{ok} T^{a}{}_{lo} = C_{F} \delta_{lk} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{l=1}^{N} \delta_{lk} C_{F} = C_{F}$$
 (1.63)

The same calculation for $T^c_{mf} T^c_{fn}$ and $T^a_{ol} T^a_{fn}$ turns C_F out as the colour factor. Now we are going to compute the splitting function in the case of the colinearity, wich means, if:

$$y \longrightarrow 0 \tag{1.64}$$

$$|M|^{2} = (d-2)(1-z)(1-y) \frac{g_{s}^{2}C_{F}}{2y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$

$$-(d-2)yz^{2} \frac{g_{s}^{2}C_{F}}{2(1-z)(1-y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$

$$+2RE((\frac{-2z}{z-1}) \frac{g_{s}^{2}C_{F}}{2y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$
(1.65)

$$|M|^{2} = C_{F}((d-2)(1-z) - \frac{4z}{z-1}) \frac{g_{s}^{2}}{2y(1-2z+2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [p_{i}][p_{j}]$$
(1.66)

for

$$d = 4 - 2\epsilon \tag{1.67}$$

$$|M|^{2} = C_{F}((4 - 2\epsilon - 2)(1 - z) + \frac{4z}{1 - z}) \frac{g_{s}^{2}}{2y(1 - 2z + 2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$

$$= C_{F}(\frac{2(1 - \epsilon)(1 - z)^{2} + 4z}{1 - z}) \frac{g_{s}^{2}}{2y(1 - 2z + 2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$

$$C_{F}(\frac{2 - 4z + 2z^{2} - \epsilon(1 - z)^{2} + 4z}{1 - z}) \frac{g_{s}^{2}}{2y(1 - 2z + 2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$

$$= C_{F}(\frac{(1 + z^{2})}{1 - z} - \epsilon(1 - z)) \frac{g_{s}^{2}}{y(1 - 2z + 2z^{2})(p_{i} \cdot p_{j})} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$

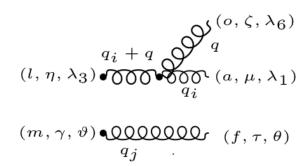
$$= \langle \hat{P}_{qq} \rangle \frac{g_{s}^{2}}{q_{i} \cdot q} [\not p_{i}] [\not p_{j}]$$

Chapter 2

Gluon gluon emission kernel



2.1 Gluon-Emitter Bubble



$$M_{1} = \left[\frac{-i}{(q+q_{i})^{2}} (-g_{s} f^{a \circ l} (g^{\mu \zeta} (q-q_{i})^{\eta} + g^{\zeta \eta} (-q - (q+q_{i}))^{\mu} + g^{\eta \mu} (q_{i} + q_{i} + q)^{\zeta})\right]$$

$$\varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}{}_{\mu}(q) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{6}}{}_{\zeta}(q) \left[\varepsilon^{\theta}{}_{\tau'}(q_{j}) \right]$$
(2.1)

$$M_{1} = \left[\frac{-i}{(q_{i} + q)^{2}} \left(-g_{s} f^{a \, o \, l} \left(g^{\mu \zeta} (q - q_{i})^{\eta} - g^{\zeta \eta} (2q + q_{i})^{\mu} + g^{\eta \mu} (2q_{i} + q)^{\zeta} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}{}_{\mu} (q_{i}) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{6}}{}_{\zeta} (q) \right] \left[\varepsilon^{\theta}{}_{\tau'} (q_{j}) \right]$$

$$(2.2)$$

$$(o', \zeta', \lambda_5)$$

$$q$$

$$q_i + q$$

$$(a', \mu', \lambda_2) \qquad q_i$$

$$(k, \eta', \lambda_4)$$

$$(f', \tau', \theta') \qquad 000000 \qquad (n, \delta, \vartheta')$$

$$q_j$$

$$M_{1}^{\dagger} = \left[\frac{i}{(q_{i}+q)^{2}}(-g_{s}f^{a'ko'}(-g^{\mu'\eta'}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta'}+g^{\eta'\zeta'}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu'}+g^{\zeta'\mu'}(q_{i}-q)^{\eta'})\right]$$

$$\varepsilon^{\lambda_{2}}_{\mu'}{}^{*}(q_{i})\varepsilon^{\lambda_{5}}_{\zeta'}{}^{*}(q_{i})\left[\varepsilon^{\theta'}_{\tau'}{}^{*}(q_{i})\right]$$
(2.3)

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = \left[\frac{-i}{(q_{i}+q)^{2}}(-g_{s}f^{a o l}(g^{\mu\zeta}(q-q_{i})^{\eta} - g^{\zeta\eta}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu} + g^{\eta\mu}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta})\right]$$

$$\varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}{}_{\mu}(q_{i}) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{2}}{}_{\mu'}{}^{*}(q_{i})\varepsilon^{\lambda_{6}}{}_{\zeta}(q) \varepsilon^{\lambda_{5}}{}_{\zeta'}{}^{*}(q) \qquad (2.4)$$

$$(-g_{s}f^{a'ko'}(-g^{\mu'\eta'}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta'} + g^{\eta'\zeta'}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu'} + g^{\zeta'\mu'}(q_{i}-q)^{\eta'})\frac{i}{(q_{i}+q)^{2}}][g^{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$N \equiv g_{\mu\mu'}g_{\zeta\zeta'}[-g^{\mu\zeta}g^{\mu'\eta'}(q-q_{i})^{\eta}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta'}+g^{\mu\zeta}g^{\eta'\zeta'}(q-q_{i})^{\eta}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu'} +g^{\mu\zeta}g^{\zeta'\mu'}(q-q_{i})^{\eta}(q_{i}-q)^{\eta'}+g^{\zeta\eta}g^{\mu'\zeta'}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta'} -g^{\zeta\eta}g^{\eta'\zeta'}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu'}-g^{\zeta\eta}g^{\zeta'\mu'}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu}(q_{i}-q)^{\eta'} -g^{\eta\mu}g^{\mu'\eta'}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta'}+g^{\eta\mu}g^{\eta'\zeta'}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu'} +g^{\eta\mu}g^{\zeta'\mu'}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta}(q_{i}-q)^{\eta'}][g^{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$(2.5)$$

$$N \equiv \left[-(q - q_i)^{\eta} (2q_i + q)^{\eta'} + (q - q_i)^{\eta} (2q + q_i)^{\eta'} + d(q - q_i)^{\eta} (q_i - q)^{\eta'} + (2q + q_i)^{\eta'} (2q_i + q)^{\eta} - g^{\eta\eta'} (2q + q_i)^{\mu} (2q + q_i)_{\mu} - (2q + q_i)^{\eta} (q_i - q)^{\eta'} \right]$$

$$-g^{\eta\eta'} (2q_i + q)^{\zeta} (2q_i + q)_{\zeta} + (2q_i + q)^{\eta'} (2q + q_i)^{\eta} + (2q_i + q)^{\eta} (q_i - q)^{\eta'} \left[g^{\gamma\delta} \right]$$

$$(2.6)$$

$$N \equiv \left[-(q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + 2q^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} - q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'} - 2q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'}) + (2q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + q^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} - 2q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'} - q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'}) + (4q^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} - 2q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'} - q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'}) + (4q^{\eta'}q_{i}^{\eta} + 2q^{\eta'}q^{\eta} + 2q_{i}^{\eta'}q_{i}^{\eta} + q_{i}^{\eta'}q^{\eta}) + (-2q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + 2q^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} - q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'}) + (2q^{\eta'}q^{\eta} + q^{\eta'}q_{i}^{\eta} + 4q_{i}^{\eta'}q^{\eta} + 2q_{i}^{\eta'}q_{i}^{\eta}) + (-q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + q^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} - 2q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + 2q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'}) - g^{\eta\eta'}(5q^{2} + 5q_{i}^{2} + 8qq_{i})\right]\left[g^{\gamma\delta}\right]$$

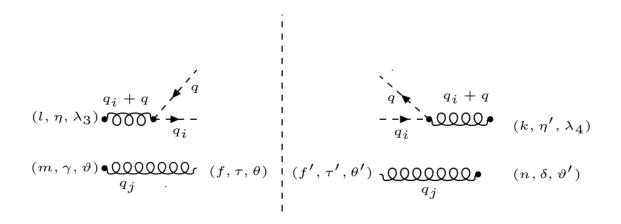
$$(2.7)$$

$$N \equiv [(6-d)q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + (d+3)q^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} + (d+3)q_i^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + (6-d)q_i^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} -g^{\eta\eta'}(5q^2 + 5q_i^2 + 8qq_i)][g^{\gamma\delta}]$$
(2.8)

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{a \circ l} f^{a k \circ o}}{(q_{i} + q)^{2} (q_{i} + q)^{2}} [(6 - d)q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + (d + 3)q^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} + (d + 3)q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + (6 - d)q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} - g^{\eta\eta'} (5q^{2} + 5q_{i}^{2} + 8qq_{i})][g^{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$(2.9)$$

2.1.1 One-loop corrections to the gluon self-energy diagram(Gluon-Emitter Bubble)



$$|M_1|_{Ghost \, loop}^2 = \frac{g_s^2 \, f^{\, a \, o \, l} \, f^{\, a \, k \, o}}{(q_i + q)^2 (q_i + q)^2} [-q_i^{\, \eta} q^{\eta'} - q^{\eta} q_i^{\, \eta'}] [g^{\gamma \delta}]$$
 (2.10)

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = |M_{1}|^{2} + |M_{1}|_{Ghost \, loop}^{2}$$

$$= \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{a \, o \, l} f^{a \, k \, o}}{(q_{i} + q)^{2} (q_{i} + q)^{2}} [(6 - d)q^{\eta} q^{\eta'} + (d + 3)q^{\eta} q_{i}^{\eta'} \qquad (2.11)$$

$$+ (d + 3)q_{i}^{\eta} q^{\eta'} + (6 - d)q_{i}^{\eta} q_{i}^{\eta'} - g^{\eta\eta'} (5q^{2} + 5q_{i}^{2} + 8qq_{i}) - q_{i}^{\eta} q^{\eta'} - q^{\eta} q_{i}^{\eta'}] [g^{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$|M_1'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{aol} f^{ako}}{(q_i + q)^2 (q_i + q)^2} [(6 - d)q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + (d + 2)q^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} + (d + 2)q^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} + (d + 2)q_i^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + (6 - d)q_i^{\eta}q_i^{\eta'} - g^{\eta\eta'}(8qq_i)][g^{\gamma\delta}]$$
(2.12)

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y^{2}(\alpha_{1} + \beta_{1})^{2} (p_{i} \cdot Q) (p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[(6 - d)(\zeta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta} + \lambda_{1}Q^{\eta} + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1})(\zeta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{1}Q^{\eta'} + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1})$$

$$+(d + 2)(\zeta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta} + \lambda_{1}Q^{\eta} + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1})(\zeta_{q}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{q}Q^{\eta'} - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1})$$

$$+(d + 2)(\zeta_{q}p_{i}^{\eta} + \lambda_{q}Q^{\eta} - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1})(\zeta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{1}Q^{\eta'} + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1})$$

$$+(6 - d)(\zeta_{q}p_{i}^{\eta} + \lambda_{q}Q^{\eta} - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1})(\zeta_{q}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{q}Q^{\eta'} - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1})$$

$$-8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q - (\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1}))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}]][g^{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{y^{2} (p_{i} \cdot Q) (p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[(6-d)[\zeta_{1}\zeta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \zeta_{1}\lambda_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + \zeta_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+\lambda_{1}\zeta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{1}\lambda_{1}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + \lambda_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+\zeta_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}Q^{\eta'} + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(d+2)[\zeta_{1}\zeta_{q}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \zeta_{1}\lambda_{q}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} - \zeta_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+\lambda_{1}\zeta_{q}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{1}\lambda_{q}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} - \lambda_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+\zeta_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}Q^{\eta'} - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$[(d+2)[\zeta_{q}\zeta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \zeta_{q}\lambda_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + \zeta_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+\lambda_{q}\zeta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{q}\lambda_{1}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + \lambda_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$-\zeta_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}p_{i}^{\eta'} - \lambda_{1}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}Q^{\eta'} - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$[(6-d)[\zeta_{q}\zeta_{q}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \zeta_{q}\lambda_{q}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} - \zeta_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+\lambda_{q}\zeta_{q}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{q}\lambda_{q}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} - \lambda_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}p_{i}^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+\lambda_{q}\zeta_{q}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \lambda_{q}\lambda_{q}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} - \lambda_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}Q^{\eta}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$-\zeta_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}p_{i}^{\eta'} - \lambda_{q}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}Q^{\eta'} + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}\sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}}n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$-\delta g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q - (\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}]][g^{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$|M_1'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y^2 (p_i, Q)} (p_i, Q)$$

$$[(6-d)[(\alpha_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}) + y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q})^2)p_i^n p_i^{n'} + (y\alpha_1\beta_1 - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} + \zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\beta_1\alpha_1 - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))Q^n p_i^{n'} + y^2\beta_1^2 Q^n Q^{n'} + \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(\zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}p_i^{n'} + \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}Q^{n'} + \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}\sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}n^{n'}_{\perp,1}]$$

$$+(\zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}p_i^{n'} + \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}Q^{n'} + \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}\sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}n^{n'}_{\perp,1}]$$

$$+(\zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}p_i^{n'} + \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}Q^{n'} - \zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\beta_1^2 - y^2\beta_1\alpha_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} - \zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\beta_1^2 - y^2\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))Q^n p_i^{n'} + y^2\beta_1\alpha_1Q^n Q^{n'}$$

$$-\lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}Q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}p_i^{n'}$$

$$+\lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}Q^{n'} - \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}\sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}p_i^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$[(d+2)[(\beta_1\alpha_1 - y(\beta_1^2 + \alpha_1^2)(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} + \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\beta_1^2 - y^2\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} + \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\alpha_1^2 - y^2\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} + \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$-\zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}p_i^{n'} - \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}Q^{n'} - \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}\sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}n^n_{\perp,1}n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$[(6-d)[(\beta_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\beta_1\alpha_1 - y^2\alpha_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\beta_1\alpha_1 - y^2\alpha_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))p_i^n Q^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\alpha_1\beta_1 - y^2\alpha_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i, Q}))Q^n p_i^{n'} + y^2\alpha_1^2Q^n Q^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1}p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1}$$

$$+(y\alpha_1\beta_1 n^n_{\perp,1}n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - 8g^{nn'}[(\alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2)p_i \cdot Q - (\beta_1(1-\beta_1))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}]][g^{n\delta}]$$

$$+(2.15)$$

$$|M_1'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 \int_{i}^{a \, ol} \int_{i}^{a \, ko}}{4y^2 (p_i \cdot Q) (p_i \cdot Q)}$$

$$[(6 - d)\{(\alpha_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^n p_i^{n'} + y\alpha_1\beta_1 p_i^n Q^{n'} + \zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + y\beta_1\alpha_1 Q^n p_i^{n'} + \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} Q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + \zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} + \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} Q^{n'} + y\alpha_1\beta_1 n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} + \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} Q^{n'} + y\alpha_1\beta_1 n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + (d+2)\{(\alpha_1\beta_1 - y(\alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2)(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^n p_i^{n'} + y\alpha_1^2 p_i^n Q^{n'} - \zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} + \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} Q^{n'} - \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} Q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} n^{n'}_{\perp,1} \}$$

$$+ (d+2)\{(\beta_1\alpha_1 - y(\beta_1^2 + \alpha_1^2)(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^n p_i^{n'} + y\beta_1^2 p_i^n Q^{n'} + \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + y\alpha_1^2 Q^n p_i^{n'} + \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} Q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - \zeta_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} - \lambda_1 \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} Q^{n'} - y\alpha_1\beta_1 n^n_{\perp,1} n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + (6 - d)\{(\beta_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^n p_i^{n'} + y\beta_1\alpha_1 p_i^n Q^{n'} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} p_i^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + y\alpha_1\beta_1 Q^n p_i^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} Q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} - \lambda_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} q^n n^{n'}_{\perp,1} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} n^n_{\perp,1} n^{n'}_{\perp,1} + \zeta_q n^n_{\perp,1} p_i^{n'} - \zeta_q \sqrt{y\alpha_1\beta_1} q^n n^n_{\perp,1} - \zeta_q n^n_{\perp,1} - \zeta$$

$$|M_1'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{aol} f^{ak}}{4y^2 (p_i \cdot Q) (p_i)}$$

$$[(6-d)\{(\alpha_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + y\alpha_1\beta_1p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1\alpha_1Q + y\alpha_1\beta_1n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'} + (d+2)\{(\alpha_1\beta_1 - y(\alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2)(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + y\alpha_1^2p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2Q + y\alpha_1\beta_1n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}\} + (d+2)\{(\beta_1\alpha_1 - y(\beta_1^2 + \alpha_1^2)(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2p_i^{\eta'} + y\alpha_1^2Q^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} - y\alpha_1\beta_1n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1}\} + (6-d)\{(\beta_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2p_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2q_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2q_i^{\eta'$$

$$\begin{split} |M_1'|^2 &= \frac{g_s^2 \, f^{aol} \, f^{ako}}{4y^2 \, (p_i \cdot Q) \, (p_i \cdot Q)} \\ &[(6-d)(\alpha_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})) + 2(d+2)(\alpha_1\beta_1 - y(\alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2)(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})) \\ &\quad + (6-d)(\beta_1^2 - 2y\alpha_1\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}))]p_i^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} \\ &\quad + [2(6-d)y\alpha_1\beta_1 + (d+2)y(\alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2)]p_i^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} \\ &\quad + [2(6-d)y\beta_1\alpha_1 + (d+2)y(\alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2)]Q^{\eta}p_i^{\eta'} \\ &\quad + [2(6-d)-2(d+2)]y\alpha_1\beta_1n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_1^2 + \beta_1^2)p_i \cdot Q - (\beta_1(1-\beta_1))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}][g^{\gamma\delta}]] \\ &\quad + (2.18) \end{split}$$

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{a o l} f^{a k o}}{4y^{2} (p_{i} \cdot Q) (p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[(6 - d)(\alpha_{1}^{2} - 2y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) + 2(d + 2)(\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))$$

$$+(6 - d)(\beta_{1}^{2} - 2y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+y[(4d - 8)\alpha_{1}^{2} + (8 - 4d)\alpha_{1} + (d + 2)]p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}$$

$$+y[(4d - 8)\alpha_{1}^{2} + (8 - 4d)\alpha_{1} + (d + 2)]Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+y[8 - 4d](\alpha_{1} - \alpha_{1}^{2})n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q - (\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1}))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}][g^{\gamma\delta}]]$$

$$(2.19)$$

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y (p_{i} \cdot Q) (p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[[8 - 4d]\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1})n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q - (\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1}))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}][g^{\gamma\delta}]]$$

$$(2.20)$$

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y (p_{i} \cdot Q) (p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[8[\epsilon - 1]\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1})n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q - (\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1}))(-2p_{i} \cdot Q)][g^{\gamma\delta}]]$$
(2.21)

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y (p_{i} \cdot Q) (p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[8[\epsilon - 1]\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1})n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q + 2\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i} \cdot Q)][g^{\gamma\delta}]]$$

$$(2.22)$$

$$|M_1'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y (p_i \cdot Q) (p_i \cdot Q)}$$

$$[8[\epsilon - 1]\beta_1 (1 - \beta_1) n^{\eta}_{\perp,1} n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 8g^{\eta\eta'} [(\alpha_1 + \beta_1)^2 p_i \cdot Q)][g^{\gamma\delta}]]$$
(2.23)

$$|M_1'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{aol} f^{ako}}{y(p_i \cdot Q)} [2[\epsilon - 1]\beta_1 (1 - \beta_1) n^{\eta}_{\perp,1} n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 2g^{\eta\eta'}] [g^{\gamma\delta}]]$$
(2.24)

Another way:

$$k_{1}^{\eta}k_{1}^{\eta'} = (\alpha_{1}^{2} - 2\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$k_{1}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = (\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}^{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}^{2}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}k_{1}^{\eta'} = (\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}^{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}^{2}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = (\beta_{1}^{2} - 2\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$(2.25)$$

$$N \equiv (6-d)(\alpha_{1}^{2} - 2\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ (d+2)(\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}^{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}^{2}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ (d+2)(\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}^{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}^{2}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ (6-d)(\beta_{1}^{2} - 2\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$- 8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q - (\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1}))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}]$$

$$(2.26)$$

$$N \equiv [(6-d)(\alpha_{1}^{2} - 2\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) + (d+2)(\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))$$

$$+ (d+2)(\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - y(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) + (6-d)(\beta_{1}^{2} - 2\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q}))]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ [(6-d)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} + (d+2)y\alpha_{1}^{2} + (d+2)y\beta_{1}^{2} + (6-d)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}]p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}$$

$$+ [(6-d)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} + (d+2)y\beta_{1}^{2} + (d+2)y\alpha_{1}^{2} + (6-d)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}]Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ [(6-d)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - (d+2)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - (d+2)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} + (6-d)y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}]n_{\perp,1}^{\eta}n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'}$$

$$- 8g^{\eta\eta'}[(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2})p_{i} \cdot Q - (\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}))n_{\perp,1} \cdot n_{\perp,1}]$$

$$(2.27)$$

$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y (p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2}} [(12 - 2d)y \alpha_{1} \beta_{1} - 2(d + 2)y \alpha_{1} \beta_{1}] n_{\perp,1}^{\eta} n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'} - 8y g^{\eta\eta'} p_{i} \cdot Q] [g_{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$\Rightarrow |M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y (p_{i} \cdot Q)^{2}} [(12 - 2d)\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} - 2(d + 2)\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}] n_{\perp,1}^{\eta} n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'} - 8g^{\eta\eta'} (\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2}) p_{i} \cdot Q] [g_{\gamma\delta}]$$

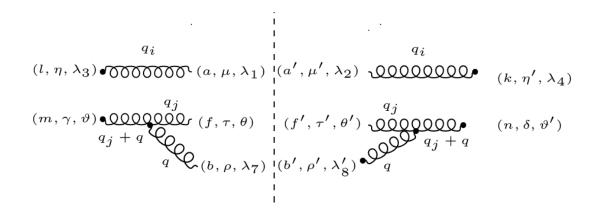
$$|M'_{1}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{aol} f^{ako}}{4y (p_{i} \cdot Q) (p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[8[\epsilon - 1]\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1})n_{\perp,1}^{\eta} n_{\perp,1}^{\eta'} - 8g^{\eta\eta'} [(\alpha_{1}^{2} + \beta_{1}^{2}) p_{i} \cdot Q - \beta_{1}\alpha_{1}(-2p_{i} \cdot Q)]] [g_{\gamma\delta}]$$

$$(2.28)$$

$$|M_1'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{aol} f^{ako}}{y (p_i \cdot Q)} [2[\epsilon - 1]\beta_1 (1 - \beta_1) n^{\eta}_{\perp, 1} n^{\eta'}_{\perp, 1} - 2g^{\eta\eta'}] [g^{\gamma\delta}]$$
 (2.29)

2.2 Gluon-Spectator Bubble



$$|M_{2}|^{2} = \left[\frac{-i}{(q_{j}+q)^{2}}(-g_{s}f^{bfm}(g^{\tau\gamma}(-2q_{j}-q)^{\rho}+g^{\gamma\rho}(2q+q_{j})^{\tau}+g^{\rho\tau}(q_{j}-q)^{\gamma})\right]$$

$$g_{\tau\tau'}g_{\rho\rho'}(-g_{s}f^{b'n}f'(g^{\rho'\delta}(-2q-q_{j})^{\tau'}+g^{\delta\tau'}(2q_{j}+q)^{\rho'}+g^{\tau'\rho'}(q-q_{j})^{\delta})\frac{i}{(q_{j}+q)^{2}}][g^{\eta\eta'}]$$

$$(2.30)$$

$$|M_{2}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{b f m} f^{b' n f'} \delta^{aa'} \delta^{f f'} \delta^{bb'}}{(q_{j} + q)^{2} (q_{j} + q)^{2}} [g_{\tau \tau'} g_{\rho \rho'} (g^{\tau \gamma} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho} g^{\rho' \delta} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau'} -g^{\tau \gamma} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho} g^{\delta \tau'} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho'} -g^{\tau \gamma} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho} g^{\tau' \rho'} (q - q_{j})^{\delta} -g^{\gamma \rho} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau} g^{\rho' \delta} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau'} +g^{\gamma \rho} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau} g^{\delta \tau'} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho'} +g^{\gamma \rho} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau} g^{\tau' \rho'} (q - q_{j})^{\delta} -g^{\rho \tau} (q_{j} - q)^{\gamma} g^{\rho' \delta} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau'} +g^{\rho \tau} (q_{j} - q)^{\gamma} g^{\delta \tau'} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho'} +g^{\rho \tau} (q_{j} - q)^{\gamma} g^{\tau' \rho'} (q - q_{j})^{\delta}] [g^{\eta \eta'}]$$

$$(2.31)$$

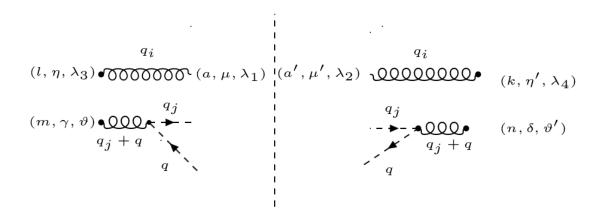
$$|M_{2}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{b f m} f^{b n f}}{(q_{j} + q)^{2} (q_{j} + q)^{2}} [(2q + q_{j})^{\gamma} (2q_{j} + q)^{\delta} - g^{\delta \gamma} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho} (2q_{j} + q)_{\rho} - (2q_{j} + q)^{\gamma} (q - q_{j})^{\delta} - g^{\delta \gamma} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau} (2q + q_{j})_{\tau} + (2q_{j} + q)^{\gamma} (2q + q_{j})^{\delta} + (2q + q_{j})^{\gamma} (q - q_{j})^{\delta} - (q_{j} - q)^{\gamma} (2q + q_{j})^{\delta} + (q_{j} - q)^{\gamma} (2q_{j} + q)^{\delta} + d(q_{j} - q)^{\gamma} (q - q_{j})^{\delta}] [g^{\eta \eta'}]$$

$$(2.32)$$

$$|M_{2}|^{2} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{bfm} f^{bnf}}{(q_{j} + q)^{2} (q_{j} + q)^{2}} [(3+d)q^{\gamma} q_{j}^{\delta} + (6-d)q^{\gamma} q^{\delta} + (6-d)q_{j}^{\gamma} q_{j}^{\delta} + (3+d)q_{j}^{\gamma} q^{\delta} - g^{\delta \gamma} (5q_{j}^{2} + 5q^{2} + 8qq_{j})$$

$$[g^{\eta \eta'}]$$
(2.33)

2.2.1 One-loop corrections to the gluon self-energy diagram (Gluon-Spectator Bubble)



$$|M_2|_{Ghost \, loop}^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{b f m} f^{b n f}}{(q_j + q)^2 (q_j + q)^2} [-q_j^{\gamma} q^{\delta} - q^{\delta} q_j^{\gamma}] [g^{\eta \eta'}]$$
(2.34)

$$|M_2'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{bfm} f^{bnf}}{(q_j + q)^2 (q_j + q)^2} [(2+d)q^{\gamma} q_j^{\delta} + (6-d)q^{\gamma} q^{\delta} + (6-d)q_j^{\gamma} q_j^{\delta} + (2+d)q_j^{\gamma} q^{\delta} - g^{\delta\gamma} (8qq_j)] [g^{\eta\eta'}]$$
(2.35)

$$|M_2'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{bfm} f^{bnf}}{4(q_j \cdot q)(q_j \cdot q)} [-8g^{\delta\gamma}(q \cdot q_j)][g^{\eta\eta'}]$$
(2.36)

$$|M_2'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{bfm} f^{bnf}}{(q_i \cdot q)} [-2g^{\delta \gamma}][g^{\eta \eta'}]$$
 (2.37)

$$|M_2'|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 f^{bfm} f^{bnf}}{(1 - \beta_1)(1 - y) (p_i \cdot p_k)} [-2g^{\delta\gamma}][g^{\eta\eta'}]$$
(2.38)

2.3 Interference term $M_1 M_2^{\dagger}$

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = \left[\frac{-i}{(q_{i}+q)^{2}}(-g_{s}f^{lao}(g^{\eta\mu}(2q_{i}+q)^{\zeta}+g^{\mu\zeta}(q-q_{i})^{\eta}-g^{\zeta\eta}(2q+q_{i})^{\mu})\varepsilon^{\lambda_{1}}{}_{\mu}(q_{i})\varepsilon^{\lambda_{6}}{}_{\zeta}(q)\right] \\ \left[\varepsilon^{\theta}{}_{\tau}^{*}(q_{j})\right] \\ \left[\frac{i}{(q+q_{j})^{2}}(-g_{s}f^{f'b'n}(g^{\tau'\rho'}(q_{j}-q)^{\delta}+g^{\rho'\delta}(2q+q_{j})^{\tau'}-g^{\delta\tau'}(2q_{j}+q)^{\rho'})\varepsilon^{\theta'}{}_{\tau'}^{*}(q_{j})\varepsilon^{\lambda_{8}}{}_{\rho'}^{*}(q)\right] \\ \left[\varepsilon^{\lambda_{2}}{}_{\mu'}^{*}(q_{i})\right]$$

$$(2.39)$$

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{l a o} f^{f' b' n} \delta^{aa'} \delta^{ob'} \delta^{ff'}}{(q_{i} + q)^{2} (q_{j} + q)^{2}} [g_{\mu}^{\eta'} g_{\tau\tau'} (g^{\eta\mu} (2q_{i} + q)^{\zeta} + g^{\mu\zeta} (q - q_{i})^{\eta} - g^{\zeta\eta} (2q + q_{i})^{\mu})$$

$$g_{\zeta\rho'} (g^{\tau'\rho'} (q_{j} - q)^{\delta} + g^{\rho'\delta} (2q + q_{j})^{\tau'} - g^{\delta\tau'} (2q_{j} + q)^{\rho'}]$$
(2.40)

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{lao} f^{f'b'n} \delta^{aa'} \delta^{ob'} \delta^{ff'}}{(q_{i}+q)^{2} (q_{j}+q)^{2}}$$

$$[g^{\eta\eta'} (2q_{i}+q)^{\gamma} (q_{j}-q)^{\delta} + g^{\eta\eta'} (2q+q_{j})^{\gamma} (2q_{i}+q)^{\delta} - g^{\eta\eta'} g^{\gamma\delta} (2q_{i}+q) \cdot (2q_{j}+q)$$

$$+ g^{\gamma\eta'} (q-q_{i})^{\eta} (q_{j}-q)^{\delta} + g^{\eta'\delta} (q-q_{i})^{\eta} (2q+q_{j})^{\gamma} - g^{\gamma\delta} (q-q_{i})^{\eta} (2q_{j}+q)^{\eta'}$$

$$- g^{\gamma\eta} (2q+q_{i})^{\eta'} (q_{j}-q)^{\delta} - g^{\eta\delta} (2q+q_{i})^{\eta'} (2q+q_{j})^{\gamma} + g^{\gamma\delta} (2q_{j}+q)^{\eta} (2q+q_{i})^{\eta'}]$$

$$(2.41)$$

$$\begin{split} M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} &= \frac{g_{s}^{2}f^{lao}f^{fon}}{4(q\cdot q_{i})(q\cdot q_{j})} \\ \{g^{\eta\eta'}[2q_{i}^{\gamma}q_{j}^{\delta} + 2q_{i}^{\gamma}q^{\delta} + q^{\gamma}q_{j}^{\delta} + q^{\gamma}q^{\delta} + 4q^{\gamma}q_{i}^{\delta} + 2q^{\gamma}q^{\delta} + 2q_{j}^{\gamma}q_{i}^{\delta} + q_{j}^{\gamma}q^{\delta}] \\ &- g^{\eta\eta'}g^{\gamma\delta}(2q\cdot q_{j} + q\cdot q + 4q_{i}\cdot q_{j} + 2q_{i}\cdot q) + g^{\gamma\eta'}[q^{\eta}q_{j}^{\delta} - q^{\eta}q^{\delta} - q_{i}^{\eta}q_{j}^{\delta} + q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\delta}] \\ &+ g^{\eta'\delta}[2q^{\eta}q^{\gamma} + q^{\eta}q_{j}^{\gamma} + q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\gamma} + q_{i}^{\eta}q_{j}^{\gamma}] - g^{\gamma\delta}[2q^{\eta}q_{j}^{\eta'} + q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} - 2q_{i}^{\eta}q_{j}^{\eta'} - q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'}] \\ &- g^{\gamma\eta}[2q^{\eta'}q_{j}^{\delta} - 2q^{\eta'}q^{\delta} + q_{i}^{\eta'}q_{j}^{\delta} - q_{i}^{\eta'}q^{\delta}] - g^{\eta\delta}[4q^{\eta'}q^{\gamma} + 2q^{\eta'}q_{j}^{\gamma} + 2q_{i}^{\eta'}q^{\gamma} + q_{i}^{\eta'}q_{j}^{\gamma}] \\ &+ q^{\gamma\delta}[4q_{i}^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + 2q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} + q^{\eta}q^{\eta'} + q^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'}] \} \end{split}$$

$$k_{1}^{\eta}k_{1}^{\eta'} = [(1-\beta_{1})^{2} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})^{2}]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$k_{1}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = [\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}^{2}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}k_{1}^{\eta'} = [\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}^{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}q_{i}^{\eta'} = \beta_{1}^{2}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$k_{1}^{\eta}q_{k}^{\eta'} = [(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{k}^{\eta'} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})A_{2}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1}A_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\eta}p_{k}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{i}^{\eta}q_{k}^{\eta'} = A_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + A_{2}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{k}^{\eta'}$$

$$q_{k}^{\eta}k_{1}^{\eta'} = [(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})]\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})A_{2}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1}A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1}A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1}A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + A_{2}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1}A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + A_{2}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$+ y\beta_{1}A_{1}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + A_{2}\beta_{1}Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

Calculation of the first Term

$$g^{\eta\eta'}[2\{A_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} + A_{2}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{k}^{\delta}\}$$

$$+2\{[\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} + y\beta_{1}^{2}p_{i}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta}\}$$

$$+\{[(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{k}^{\delta} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{1}p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{2}p_{i}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta}$$

$$+y\beta_{1}A_{1}Q^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} + y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\gamma}Q^{\delta} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\gamma}p_{k}^{\delta}\}$$

$$+3\{[(1-\beta_{1})^{2} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})^{2}]p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})p_{i}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta} - y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})Q^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta}\}$$

$$+4\{[\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} + y\beta_{1}^{2}Q^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta}\}$$

$$+2\{A_{1}\beta_{1}p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} + A_{2}\beta_{1}Q^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} + \beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta}\}$$

$$+\{[(1-\beta_{1}) - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{1}p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{2}Q^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta}$$

$$+y\beta_{1}A_{1}p_{i}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta} + y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\gamma}Q^{\delta} + y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta}\}]$$

$$(2.44)$$

$$g^{\eta\eta'}\{[2A_{1}\beta_{1}+2[\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})] + 4[\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})] + 3[(1-\beta_{1})^{2}-y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})^{2}]$$

$$+2A_{1}\beta_{1}-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{1}-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{1}]p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta}$$

$$+[2A_{2}\beta_{1}+2y\beta_{1}^{2}-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{2}-3y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})+y\beta_{1}A_{1}]p_{i}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta}$$

$$+[2\beta_{1}+[(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]]\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\gamma}p_{k}^{\delta}$$

$$+[y\beta_{1}A_{1}+4y\beta_{1}^{2}+2A_{2}\beta_{1}-3y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{2}]Q^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta}$$

$$+[y\beta_{1}A_{2}+y\beta_{1}A_{2}]Q^{\gamma}Q^{\delta}+y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\gamma}p_{k}^{\delta}$$

$$+[y\beta_{1}A_{2}+y\beta_{1}A_{2}]Q^{\gamma}Q^{\delta}+y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\gamma}p_{k}^{\delta}$$

$$+[2\beta_{1}+[(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]]\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\gamma}p_{i}^{\delta}+y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}p_{k}^{\gamma}Q^{\delta}\}$$

Calculation of the second term

$$-g^{\eta\eta'}g^{\gamma\delta}(2q\cdot q_j + q\cdot q + 4q_i\cdot q_j + 2q_i\cdot q) \tag{2.46}$$

$$-g^{\eta\eta'}g^{\gamma\delta}[2([\alpha_{1}(1-y)+y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\beta_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}+\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

$$4([\beta_{1}(1-y)+y\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\alpha_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}-\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

$$+2(yp_{i}\cdot Q)]$$
(2.47)

Calculation of the third term

$$+ g^{\gamma\eta'} \{ [(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})] \sqrt{1-y} p_i^{\eta} p_k^{\delta} - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) A_1 p_i^{\eta} p_i^{\delta} - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) A_2 p_i^{\eta} Q^{\eta'} + y\beta_1 A_1 Q^{\eta} p_i^{\delta} + y\beta_1 A_2 Q^{\eta} Q^{\delta} + y\beta_1 \sqrt{1-y} Q^{\eta} p_k^{\delta}$$

$$- [[(1-\beta_1)^2 - y^2 \beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})^2] p_i^{\eta} p_i^{\delta} - y^2 \beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) p_i^{\eta} Q^{\delta} - y^2 \beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) Q^{\eta} p_i^{\delta}]$$

$$- [A_1 \beta_1 p_i^{\eta} p_i^{\delta} + A_2 \beta_1 p_i^{\eta} Q^{\delta} + \beta_1 \sqrt{1-y} p_i^{\eta} p_k^{\delta}]$$

$$+ [\beta_1 (1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})] p_i^{\eta} p_i^{\eta'} + y\beta_1^2 p_i^{\eta} Q^{\eta'} \}$$

$$(2.48)$$

Calculation of the fourth term

$$+ g^{\eta'\delta} \{ [(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) - \beta_1] \sqrt{1-y} p_i^{\eta} p_k^{\gamma}$$

$$+ [2[(1-\beta_1)^2 - y^2 \beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})^2] - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) A_1 + A_1 \beta_1 +$$

$$[\beta_1(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})] p_i^{\eta} p_i^{\gamma}$$

$$+ [-2y^2 \beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) A_2 + A_2 \beta_1 + y\beta_1^2] p_i^{\eta} Q^{\gamma}$$

$$+ [y\beta_1 A_1 + 2y^2 \beta_1^2 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})] Q^{\eta} p_i^{\gamma} + y\beta_1 A_2 Q^{\eta} Q^{\gamma} + y\beta_1 \sqrt{1-y} Q^{\eta} p_k^{\gamma} \}$$

$$(2.49)$$

Calculation of the fifth term

$$-g^{\gamma\delta}\{[2[(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]-2\beta_{1}]\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\eta}p_{k}^{\eta'}$$

$$[-2y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{1}+[(1-\beta_{1})^{2}-y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})^{2}]-2A_{1}\beta_{1}$$

$$-[\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]]p_{i}^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}$$

$$[-2y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{2}-y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})-y\beta_{1}^{2}-2A_{2}\beta_{1}]p_{i}^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}$$

$$+[2y\beta_{1}A_{1}-y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}+2y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}+2y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\eta}p_{k}^{\eta'}\}$$

Calculation of the sixth term

$$-g^{\gamma\eta}\{[2[(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]+\beta_{1}]\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\eta'}p_{k}^{\delta}$$

$$[-2y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{1}-2[(1-\beta_{1})^{2}-y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})^{2}]$$

$$-[\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]+A_{1}\beta_{1}]p_{i}^{\eta'}p_{i}^{\delta}$$

$$[-2y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{2}+2y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})+A_{2}\beta_{1}-y\beta_{1}^{2}]p_{i}^{\eta'}Q^{\delta}$$

$$+[2y\beta_{1}A_{1}+2y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]Q^{\eta'}p_{i}^{\delta}+2y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\eta'}Q^{\delta}+2y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\eta'}p_{k}^{\delta}\}$$

$$(2.51)$$

Calculation of the seventh term

$$-g^{\eta\delta}\{[2[(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]+\beta_{1}]\sqrt{1-y}p_{i}^{\eta'}p_{k}^{\gamma}$$

$$[4[(1-\beta_{1})^{2}-y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})^{2}]-2y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{1}+A_{1}\beta_{1}$$

$$+2[\beta_{1}(1-\beta_{1})-y\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]]p_{i}^{\eta'}p_{i}^{\gamma}$$

$$+[-4y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})-2y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})A_{2}+2y\beta_{1}^{2}+A_{2}\beta_{1}]p_{i}^{\eta'}Q^{\gamma}$$

$$+[-4y^{2}\beta_{1}^{2}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})+2y\beta_{1}A_{1}]Q^{\eta}p_{i}^{\eta'}+2y\beta_{1}A_{2}Q^{\eta}Q^{\eta'}+2y\beta_{1}\sqrt{1-y}Q^{\eta'}p_{k}^{\gamma}\}$$

Calculation of the eighth term

$$+ g^{\gamma\delta} \{ [4[(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})] + 2\beta_1] \sqrt{1 - y} p_k^{\eta} p_i^{\eta'}$$

$$+ [-4y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) A_1 + 2A_1\beta_1 + [\beta_1(1-\beta_1) - y\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})]$$

$$+ [(1-\beta_1)^2 - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})^2]] p_i^{\eta} p_i^{\eta'}$$

$$+ [4y\beta_1 A_1 - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})] p_i^{\eta} Q^{\eta'} + 4y\beta_1 A_2 Q^{\eta} Q^{\eta'} + 4y\beta_1 \sqrt{1 - y} p_k^{\eta} Q^{\eta'}$$

$$+ [2A_2\beta_1 - 4y\beta_1(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) A_2 - y^2\beta_1^2(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q}) + y\beta_1^2] Q^{\eta} p_i^{\eta'} \}$$

$$(2.53)$$

Final result

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2}C_{A}}{4y(1-\beta_{1})(1-y)(p_{i}\cdot p_{k})(p_{i}\cdot Q)}g^{\eta\eta'}g^{\gamma\delta}$$

$$[2([\alpha_{1}(1-y)+y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\beta_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}+\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

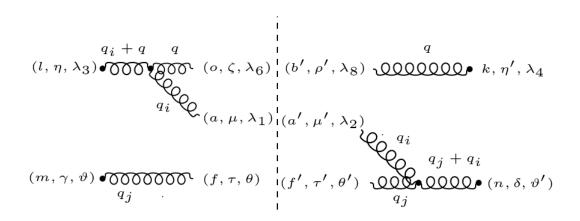
$$4([\beta_{1}(1-y)+y\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\alpha_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}-\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

$$+2(y p_{i}\cdot Q)]$$
(2.54)

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = g_{s}^{2} C_{A} g^{\eta \eta'} g^{\gamma \delta} \left[\frac{1}{2y(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})}{2y(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y) (p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{\beta_{1} Q \cdot p_{k}}{2y(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y) (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{\beta_{1}}{y(1 - \beta_{1})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{1}{2(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})} \right]$$

$$(2.55)$$

2.4 Interference term of inverse $M_1 {M_2}^{\dagger'}$



$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{l o a} f^{f' a' n} \delta^{aa'} \delta^{ob'} \delta^{ff'}}{(q_{i} + q)^{2} (q_{j} + q_{i})^{2}} [g_{\zeta}^{\eta'} g^{\gamma}_{\tau'} (g^{\eta \zeta} (2q + q_{i})^{\mu} + g^{\zeta \mu} (q_{i} - q)^{\eta} - g^{\mu \eta} (2q_{i} + q)^{\zeta})$$

$$g_{\mu \mu'} (g^{\tau' \mu'} (q_{j} - q_{i})^{\delta} + g^{\mu' \delta} (2q_{i} + q_{j})^{\tau'} - g^{\delta \tau'} (2q_{j} + q_{i})^{\mu'}]$$
(2.56)

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2} f^{l \circ a} f^{f a n}}{4(q \cdot q_{i})(q_{i} \cdot q_{j})}$$

$$[g^{\eta \eta'}(2q + q_{i})^{\gamma}(q_{j} - q_{i})^{\delta} + g^{\eta \eta'}(2q_{i} + q_{j})^{\gamma}(2q + q_{i})^{\delta} - g^{\eta \eta'} g^{\gamma \delta}(2q + q_{i}) \cdot (2q_{j} + q_{i}) \quad (2.57)$$

$$+ g^{\gamma \eta'}(q_{i} - q)^{\eta}(q_{j} + q_{i})^{\delta} + g^{\eta' \delta}(q_{i} - q)^{\eta}(2q_{i} + q_{j})^{\gamma} - g^{\gamma \delta}(q_{i} - q)^{\eta}(2q_{j} + q_{i})^{\eta'}$$

$$- g^{\gamma \eta}(2q_{i} + q)^{\eta'}(q_{j} - q_{i})^{\delta} - g^{\eta \delta}(2q_{i} + q)^{\eta'}(2q_{i} + q_{j})^{\gamma} + g^{\gamma \delta}(2q_{j} + q_{i})^{\eta}(2q_{i} + q)^{\eta'}]$$

2.5 Parametrization in terms of $(k_1 \cdot q_i)(q_i \cdot q_k)$

$$(2.58)$$

Calculation of the third term

$$-g^{\eta\eta'}g^{\gamma\delta}\{4k_1\cdot q_j + 2k_1\cdot q_i + 2q_i\cdot q_k\}$$
(2.59)

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = \frac{g_{s}^{2}C_{A}}{4y\beta_{1}(1-y)(p_{i}\cdot p_{k})(p_{i}\cdot Q)}g^{\eta\eta'}g^{\gamma\delta}$$

$$[4([\alpha_{1}(1-y)+y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\beta_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}+\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

$$2([\beta_{1}(1-y)+y\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\alpha_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}-\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

$$+2(y p_{i}\cdot Q)]$$
(2.60)

$$-g^{\eta\eta'}g^{\gamma\delta}[4([\alpha_{1}(1-y)+y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\beta_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}+\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

$$2([\beta_{1}(1-y)+y\alpha_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})]p_{i}\cdot p_{k}+y\alpha_{1}Q\cdot p_{k}-\sqrt{\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}y(1-y)}p_{k}\cdot n_{\perp,1})$$

$$+2(yp_{i}\cdot Q)]$$
(2.61)

$$M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} = g_{s}^{2} C_{A} g^{\eta \eta'} g^{\gamma \delta} \left[\frac{1 - \beta_{1}}{y \beta_{1}(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{1}{2y(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{(1 - \beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})}{2y \beta_{1}(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{(1 - \beta_{1}) Q \cdot p_{k}}{2y \beta_{1}(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{1}{2(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})} \right]$$

$$(2.62)$$

2.6 $|M^2|$

$$\begin{split} |M|^2 &= |M'_2|^2 + |M'_1|^2 + 2RE(M_1M_2^{\dagger} + M_1M_2^{\dagger'}) \\ |M|^2 &= \frac{g_s^2 C_A}{y (p_i \cdot Q)} [2[\epsilon - 1]\beta_1 (1 - \beta_1) n^{\eta}_{\perp,1} n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} - 2g^{\eta\eta'}] [g^{\gamma\delta}] \\ &+ \frac{g_s^2 C_A}{(1 - \beta_1)(1 - y) (p_i \cdot p_k)} [-2g^{\delta\gamma}] [g^{\eta\eta'}] \\ &+ 2Re(g_s^2 C_A g^{\eta\eta'} g^{\gamma\delta} [\frac{1}{2y(p_i \cdot Q)} + \frac{\beta_1 (\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})}{2y(1 - \beta_1)(1 - y) (p_i \cdot Q)} \\ &+ \frac{\beta_1 Q \cdot p_k}{2y(1 - \beta_1)(1 - y) (p_i \cdot p_k)(p_i \cdot Q)} + \frac{\beta_1}{y(1 - \beta_1)(p_i \cdot Q)} + \frac{1}{2(1 - \beta_1)(1 - y)(p_i \cdot p_k)}] \\ &+ g_s^2 C_A g^{\eta\eta'} g^{\gamma\delta} [\frac{1 - \beta_1}{y\beta_1(p_i \cdot Q)} + \frac{1}{2y(p_i \cdot Q)} + \frac{(1 - \beta_1)(\frac{Q^2}{2p_i \cdot Q})}{2y\beta_1(1 - y) (p_i \cdot Q)} \\ &+ \frac{(1 - \beta_1) Q \cdot p_k}{2y\beta_1(1 - y) (p_i \cdot p_k)(p_i \cdot Q)} + \frac{1}{2(1 - \beta_1)(1 - y)(p_i \cdot p_k)}]) \end{split}$$

$$|M|^{2} = |M'_{2}|^{2} + |M'_{1}|^{2} + 2RE(M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger} + M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger'})$$

$$|M|^{2} = g_{s}^{2} C_{A} g^{\eta\eta'} g^{\gamma\delta} [2[\epsilon - 1]\beta_{1}(1 - \beta_{1})n^{\eta}_{\perp,1}n^{\eta'}_{\perp,1} + \frac{\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})}{y(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{\beta_{1} Q \cdot p_{k}}{y(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{2\beta_{1}}{y(1 - \beta_{1})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{2\beta_{1}}{y(1 - \beta_{1})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{(1 - \beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})}{y\beta_{1}(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{(1 - \beta_{1})(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i}\cdot Q})}{y\beta_{1}(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{y_{k}}{y\beta_{1}(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}]$$

$$|M|^{2} = g_{s}^{2} C_{A} g^{\eta \eta'} g^{\gamma \delta} \left[2\beta_{1} (1 - \beta_{1}) + \frac{2\beta_{1}}{y(1 - \beta_{1})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{2(1 - \beta_{1})}{y\beta_{1}(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})}{y\beta_{1}(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot Q)} + \frac{Q \cdot p_{k}}{y\beta_{1}(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} \right]$$

$$(2.65)$$

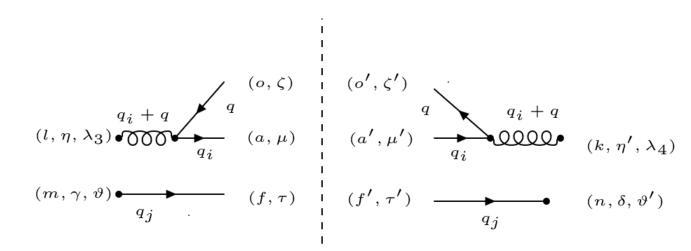
$$|M|^2 = 2\frac{g_s^2 C_A}{y(p_i \cdot Q)} g^{\eta \eta'} g^{\gamma \delta} \left[\beta_1 (1 - \beta_1) + \frac{\beta_1}{1 - \beta_1} + \frac{1 - \beta_1}{\beta_1}\right]$$
(2.66)

Chapter 3

Quark gluon quark emission kernel



3.1 Quark loop



$$|M_1|^2 = \left[\frac{-i}{(q_i + q)^2} \not q_i (-ig_s \gamma^{\eta} \times [T^l]_a^o) \not q (ig_s \gamma^{\eta'} \times [T^k]_{o'}^{a'}) \frac{i}{(q_i + q)^2}\right] [\not q_j]$$
(3.1)

$$|M_1|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a^{\ o} [T^k]_{o'}^{\ o}}{4(k_1 \cdot q_i)(k_1 \cdot q_i)} [\not q_i \gamma^{\eta} \not k_1 \gamma^{\eta'}] [\not q_k]$$
(3.2)

$$|M_1|^2 = -\frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a{}^o [T^k]_{o'}{}^{a'}}{4y^2 (p_i \cdot Q)(p_i \cdot Q)} [\not A_i \not k_1 \gamma^\eta \gamma^{\eta'}] [\not A_k]$$
(3.3)

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = -\frac{g_{s}^{2}[T^{l}]_{a}^{o}[T^{k}]_{o'}^{a'}}{4y^{2}(p_{i} \cdot Q)(p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[((\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} + y\alpha_{1} \not Q - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not h_{\perp,l})$$

$$((\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} + y\beta_{1} \not Q + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not h_{\perp,1}) \gamma^{\eta}\gamma^{\eta'}]$$

$$[A_{1} \not p_{i} + A_{2} \not Q + \sqrt{1 - y} \not p_{k}]$$

$$(3.4)$$

$$|M_{1}|^{2} = -\frac{g_{s}^{2}[T^{l}]_{a}^{o}[T^{k}]_{o'}^{a'}}{4y^{2}(p_{i} \cdot Q)(p_{i} \cdot Q)}$$

$$[(y\beta_{1}(\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} \not Q + y\alpha_{1}(\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} \not Q + y^{2}\alpha_{1}\beta_{1} \not Q \not Q)g^{\eta\eta'}]$$

$$[A_{1} \not p_{i} + A_{2} \not Q + \sqrt{1 - y} \not p_{k}]$$

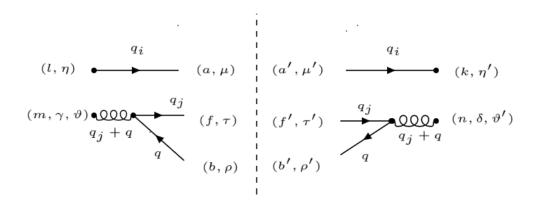
$$(3.5)$$

$$|M_1|^2 = -\frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a^{\ o} [T^k]_{o'}^{\ o'}}{4y^2 (p_i \cdot Q)(p_i \cdot Q)} [(y\beta_1^2 \not p_i \not Q + y\alpha_1^2 \not Q \not p_i)g^{\eta\eta'}] [A_1 \not p_i + A_2 \not Q + \sqrt{1-y} \not p_k]$$
(3.6)

$$|M_1|^2 = -\frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a^{\ o} [T^k]_{o'}^{\ o'}}{4y^2 (p_i \cdot Q)(p_i \cdot Q)} [y(\beta_1^2 - \alpha_1^2) \not p_i \not Q g^{\eta \eta'}] [A_1 \not p_i + A_2 \not Q + \sqrt{1 - y} \not p_k]$$
(3.7)

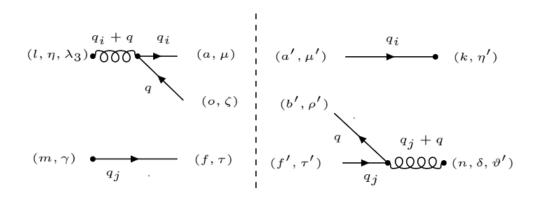
$$|M_1|^2 = -\frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a^{\ o} [T^k]_{o'}^{\ o'}}{4y(p_i \cdot Q)(p_i \cdot Q)} [g^{\eta \eta'}] [\sqrt{1-y}(\beta_1^2 - \alpha_1^2) \not p_i \not Q \not p_k]$$
(3.8)

3.2 Spectator Quark loop



$$|M_2|^2 = \frac{g_s^2 [T^m]_f^b [T^n]_f^b}{4(k_1 \cdot q_k)(k_1 \cdot q_k)} [\not q_k \gamma^\gamma \not k_1 \gamma^\delta] [\not q_i]$$
(3.9)

3.3 Interference term



$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = \frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a^{\ o} [T^n]_f^{\ o}}{4(qq_i)(qq_j)} [\not q_i \gamma^{\eta} \not q \gamma^{\delta} \not q_j]$$
(3.10)

$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = -\frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a{}^o [T^n]_f{}^o}{4(k_1 \cdot q_i)(k_1 \cdot q_k)} [\not q_i \not k_1 \not q_k] [g^{\eta \delta}]$$
(3.11)

$$M_{1} M_{2}^{\dagger} = -\frac{g_{s}^{2} [T^{l}]_{a}^{o} [T^{n}]_{f}^{o}}{4y(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y) (p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)} [g^{\eta \delta}]$$

$$[((\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}y(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} + y\alpha_{1} Q - \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not h_{\perp,l})$$

$$((\alpha_{1} - y\beta_{1}(\frac{Q^{2}}{2p_{i} \cdot Q})) \not p_{i} + y\beta_{1} Q + \sqrt{y\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}} \not h_{\perp,l})$$

$$(A_{1} \not p_{i} + A_{2} Q + \sqrt{1 - y} \not p_{k})]$$

$$(3.12)$$

$$M_1 M_2^{\dagger} = -\frac{g_s^2 [T^l]_a^{\ o} [T^n]_f^{\ o}}{4y(1-\beta_1)(1-y) (p_i \cdot p_k)(p_i \cdot Q)} [g^{\eta \delta}] [\beta_1 \sqrt{1-y} \not p_i \not Q \not p_k]$$
(3.13)

3.4 $|M^2|$

$$|M|^{2} = |M_{2}|^{2} + |M_{1}|^{2} + 2RE(M_{1}M_{2}^{\dagger})$$

$$- \frac{g_{s}^{2}[T^{l}]_{a}^{o}[T^{k}]_{o'}^{a'}}{4y(p_{i} \cdot Q)(p_{i} \cdot Q)}[g^{\eta\eta'}][\sqrt{1 - y}(\beta_{1}^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2}) \not p_{i} \not Q \not p_{k}]$$

$$+ 2RE(-\frac{g_{s}^{2}[T^{l}]_{a}^{o}[T^{n}]_{f}^{o}}{4y(1 - \beta_{1})(1 - y)(p_{i} \cdot p_{k})(p_{i} \cdot Q)}[g^{\eta\delta}][\beta_{1}\sqrt{1 - y} \not p_{i} \not Q \not p_{k}])$$
(3.14)

Chapter 4

Gluon quark quark emission kernel



4.1 M_1



4.2 M_2



4.3 $M1M_2^{\dagger}$

